

# Open Budget Survey 2023

Questionnaire

**Bangladesh**

May 2024

# Country Questionnaire: Bangladesh

## PBS-1. What is the fiscal year of the PBS evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

### Answer:

FY 2022-23 FY 2022-23

### Source:

Budget documents, Ministry of Finance

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

### Comment:

Bangladesh does not produce any pre-budget statement. However, budget proposal is placed in the parliament in first week of June of each year (which is one month prior to the commencement of financial year).

### Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: The budget is usually placed in the first Thursday of June.

### Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

## PBS-2. When is the PBS made available to the public?

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for a PBS to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is submitted to the legislature for consideration. If the PBS is not released to the public at least one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is submitted to the legislature for consideration, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the PBS.

### Answer:

d. The PBS is not released to the public, or is released less than one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is introduced to the legislature

### Source:

Budget documents, Ministry of Finance

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

### Comment:

Bangladesh does not produce any pre-budget statement. However, budget proposal is placed in the parliament in first week of June of each year (which is one month prior to the commencement of financial year).

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**PBS-3a. If the PBS is published, what is the date of publication of the PBS?**

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The PBS is not released to the public in Bangladesh.

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**PBS-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the PBS.**

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**PBS-4. If the PBS is published, what is the URL or weblink of the PBS?**

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

**Source:**

**Comment:**

No PBS is published.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**PBS-5. If the PBS is published, are the numerical data contained in the PBS available in a machine readable format?**

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) or HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the PBS is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

**Answer:**

d. Not applicable

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The PBS is not released to the public in Bangladesh.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**PBS-6a. If the PBS is not publicly available, is it still produced?**

*If the PBS is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question PBS-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question PBS-2)*

Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

**Answer:**

c. Produced for internal purposes/use only

**Source:**

As per the information obtained from the Ministry of Finance (MoF), MoF still produce document as a PBS for internal purpose/use only,

**Comment:**

Finance division produces a Working Paper outlining summary of the possible contents of EBP for internal use only during pre-budget coordination meeting organized by Ministry of Finance.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**PBS-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question PBS-6a, please specify how you determined whether the PBS was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.**

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question PBS-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

The officials from the Ministry of Finance informed that the PBS documents were produced for internal purposes only.

**Source:**

Interview with the Ministry of Finance officials.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**PBS-7. If the PBS is produced, please write the full title of the PBS.**

*For example, a title for the Pre-Budget Statement could be "Proposed 2023 State Budget" or "Guidelines for the Preparation of Annual Plan and Budget for 2022/23."*

If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**PBS-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the PBS?**

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

**Answer:**

b. No

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The PBS is not released to the public in Bangladesh.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-1a. What is the fiscal year of the EBP evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?**

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

**Answer:**

FY 2022-23

**Source:**

Ministry of Finance Website:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-1b. When is the EBP submitted to the legislature for consideration?**

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

9/6/2022

**Source:**

Budget Speech, FY 2022-23

**MoF Website:**

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Comment:**

1. <https://thefinancialexpress.com.bd/economy/bangladesh/kamal-places-budget-of-tk-678-trillion-for-fy23-1654765899>
2. <https://www.thedailystar.net/business/economy/national-budget/news/finance-minister-briefcase-reaches-parliament-unveil-budget-3043131>

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** June 9, 2022. It was submitted to the Parliament in the second week of June, which was the second Thursday. The first Thursday in June 2022 was a public holiday.

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-2. When is the EBP made available to the public?**

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for an EBP to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public while the legislature is still considering it and before the legislature approves (enacts) it. If the EBP is not released to the public before the legislature approves it, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the EBP.*

The OBS definition of an Executive's Budget Proposal is a document(s) that (i) the executive submits to the legislature as a formal part of the budget approval process and (ii) the legislature either approves or on which it approves proposed amendments.

The OBS will treat the Executive's Budget Proposal as "Not Produced," in the following cases:

- The executive does not submit the draft budget to the legislature; or
- The legislature receives the draft budget but does not approve it or does not approve recommendations on the draft budget;
- The legislature rejects the draft budget submitted by the executive, but the executive implements it without legislative approval; or
- There is no legislature, or the legislature has been dissolved.

**Answer:**

c. Less than two months in advance of the budget year, but at least in advance of the budget being approved by the legislature

**Source:**

Budget documents from MoF website

**Budget Speech:**

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Comment:**

The finance minister placed the national budget proposal on 9 June 2022. The budget documents were published on the same date. The budget was enacted on 30th June for the fiscal year starting on 1st July 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-3a. If the EBP is published, what is the date of publication of the EBP?**

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

*In the comment boxes below, researchers should also list any supporting documents to the EBP and their date of publication.*

**Answer:**

9/6/2022

**Source:**

Ministry of Finance Website

**Comment:**

Budget documents from MoF website

**Budget Speech:**

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Budget Documents:**

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)



**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** Date of publication: June 9, 2022 Source of EBP Budget Speech:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/BG%20Press\\_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/BG%20Press_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf) Budget Documents: <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/bf32942f-9090-49b7-b4e3-7eb0e3f5c7b2>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the EBP.**

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

Date is mentioned in the cover page of the Executive Budget Proposal.

**Source:**

Budget Speech 2022-23, Ministry of Finance

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Comment:**

Date is also included in the timestamp of individual budget documents under the tab "Budget Documents (22-23)" on the website of the Ministry of Finance.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** Web source:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/BG%20Press\\_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/BG%20Press_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf)

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-4. If the EBP is published, what is the URL or weblink of the EBP?**

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

*In the comment boxes below, researchers should also list any supporting documents to the EBP and their URL or weblink.*

**Answer:**

Ministry of Finance, Bangladesh <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Source:**

Budget Speech and other EBP documents are published on MoF website.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Comment:**

EBP documents can be found from following link of MoF website:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** The correct web link of the EBP are as follows:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/BG%20Press\\_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/BG%20Press_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf) <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce> <https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/bf32942f-9090-49b7-b4e3-7eb0e3f5c7b2>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-5. If the EBP is published, are the numerical data contained in the EBP or its supporting documents available in a machine readable format?**

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>.*

*Option "d" applies if the EBP is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

**Answer:**

c. No

**Source:**

n/a

**Comment:**

EBP documents are published in PDF format.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-6a. If the EBP is not publicly available, is it still produced?**

*If the EBP is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question EBP-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question EBP-2).*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

**Answer:**

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

**Source:**

Budget Speech 2022-23, MoF Website  
<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Comment:**

EBP is made publicly available on 9 June 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**EBP-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question EBP-6a, please specify how you determined whether the EBP was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.**

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question EBP-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**EBP-7. If the EBP is produced, please write the full title of the EBP.**

*For example, a title for the Executive's Budget Proposal could be "Draft Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure for BY 2022-23, produced by the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development."*

*If there are any supporting documents to the EBP, please enter their full titles in the comment box below.*

If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

**Answer:**

Return to the Path of Development Leaving the COVID-19 Behind National Budget Speech 2022-2023

**Source:**

Budget Speech 2022-23, MoF Website  
<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Comment:**

The title mentioned above is for the budget speech which can be found on the cover page of budget speech. (Link shared above)

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/BG%20Press\\_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/BG%20Press_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf)

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EBP-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the EBP?**

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see:*

<https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>

**Answer:**

a. Yes

**Source:**

The Budget in Brief 2022-23 documents can be considered as Citizen Budget for Bangladesh. which includes a summary of the EBP, and some relevant charts and tables

**Link:**

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

However, this document is not developed for the general public, or citizens and is just a summarized version of the EBP.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EB-1a. What is the fiscal year of the EB evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?**

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

**Answer:**

FY 2022-23

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EB-1b. When was the EB approved (enacted) by the legislature?**

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

30/6/2022

**Source:**

Source: <https://www.thedailystar.net/business/economy/national-budget/news/tk-678064cr-national-budget-fy-2022-23-passed-parliament-3060621>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:**

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EB-2. When is the EB made available to the public?**

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

The OBS methodology requires that for an EB to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public three months after the budget is approved by the legislature. If the EB is not released to the public at least three months after the budget is approved by the legislature, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the EB.

**Answer:**

a. Two weeks or less after the budget has been enacted

**Source:**

Finance Act, 2022

[https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance\\_Act,\\_2022.pdf](https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance_Act,_2022.pdf)

Appropriation Act, 2022

<http://www.parliament.gov.bd/images/pdf/Acts-of-11th-Parliament/18th-session/14-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

National budget for FY 2022-23 was passed on 30 June 2022 which was placed before the parliament on 9 June 2022 for approval.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** a. Two weeks or less after the budget has been enacted

**Comments:** In Bangladesh context, when an act is passed by Parliament, then the Constitution of Bangladesh requires that it must be consented by the Hon'ble President of the Republic. Once the act is consented by the president, it is then published for public and it is readily available in the concerned website. In Bangladesh, Any Act, rules, regulations, circulars etc are published for peoples notification and this notification is circulated by the name of "Bangladesh Gazette". This gazette is published and made public by Bangladesh Government Press (Please see the sources below). In both of the gazette, about Finance Act, 2022 and Appropriation Act,2022 it has been said that both of the said acts are consented by the Hon'ble President of the Republic on the same day The parliament enacted the said laws. So, the official gazettes were published on the same day the Parliament enacted the 2 laws for make it public. Furthermore, The Bangladesh Gazette clearly printed the date when it was made public i.e. Thursday, 30th June 2022. So, the answer should be a. [https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload\\_file/gazettes/45026\\_26037.pdf](https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload_file/gazettes/45026_26037.pdf)  
[https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload\\_file/gazettes/45027\\_51669.pdf](https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload_file/gazettes/45027_51669.pdf)

**IBP Comment**

Many thanks to GR. IBP worked with researcher to revise to answer choice A from B.

**EB-3a. If the EB is published, what is the date of publication of the EB?**

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

30/6/2022

**Source:**

Finance Act, 2022

[https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance\\_Act,\\_2022.pdf](https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance_Act,_2022.pdf)

Appropriation Act, 2022

<http://www.parliament.gov.bd/images/pdf/Acts-of-11th-Parliament/18th-session/14-2022.pdf>

Comment:

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**EB-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the EB.**

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

Date is mentioned in the cover page of the Gazettes published. Please see the links shared below.

**Source:**

Finance Act, 2022

[https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance\\_Act,\\_2022.pdf](https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance_Act,_2022.pdf)

Appropriation Act, 2022

<http://www.parliament.gov.bd/images/pdf/Acts-of-11th-Parliament/18th-session/14-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

JavaScript check confirms the publication date as 17th July 2022 and 3rd July 2022 for the acts respectively.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Both the gazette notifications are in Bengali.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** Date is mentioned in the cover page of the Gazettes published. Please see the links shared below.

**Comments:** I differ with the Researcher's comment, because once the Finance Act and Appropriation Act get passed by the Parliament and get consent from the President, The gazette is published on the same or the day after (if holiday is there). In 22-23FY, both the acts are published on Bangladesh Gazette on the same date (ie Thursday, 30 June 2022). Please see the links shared below.

[https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload\\_file/gazettes/45026\\_26037.pdf](https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload_file/gazettes/45026_26037.pdf) [https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload\\_file/gazettes/45027\\_51669.pdf](https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload_file/gazettes/45027_51669.pdf)

**IBP Comment**

See researchers response to EB-2..

**EB-4. If the EB is published, what is the URL or weblink of the EB?**

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

[https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance\\_Act,\\_2022.pdf](https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance_Act,_2022.pdf)

**Source:**

Finance Act, 2022

[https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance\\_Act,\\_2022.pdf](https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance_Act,_2022.pdf)

Appropriation Act, 2022

<http://www.parliament.gov.bd/images/pdf/Acts-of-11th-Parliament/18th-session/14-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** Also, available in the following website: [https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload\\_file/gazettes/45026\\_26037.pdf](https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload_file/gazettes/45026_26037.pdf)

[https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload\\_file/gazettes/45027\\_51669.pdf](https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload_file/gazettes/45027_51669.pdf)

**EB-5. If the EB is published, are the numerical data contained in the EB available in a machine readable format?**

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the EB is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

**Answer:**

c. No

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The documents are available in PDF format only.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**EB-6a. If the EB is not publicly available, is it still produced?**

*If the EB is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question EB-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question EB-2)*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*



If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

**Answer:**

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The Enacted Budget was published on MoF's website in a timely manner.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

EB-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question EB-6a, please specify how you determined whether the EB was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question EB-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

EB-7. If the EB is produced, please write the full title of the EB.

For example, a title for the Enacted Budget could be "Appropriation Act n. 10 of 2023."

If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

**Answer:**

Finance Act, 2022; Appropriation Act, 2022

**Source:**

Finance Act, 2022

[https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance\\_Act,\\_2022.pdf](https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance_Act,_2022.pdf)

Appropriation Act, 2022  
<http://www.parliament.gov.bd/images/pdf/Acts-of-11th-Parliament/18th-session/14-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

Two acts were published in Bangla.  
Finance Act, 2022 [Act No. 13 of the year 2022]  
Appropriation Act, 2022 [Act No. 14 of the year 2022]

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** Also available in the following website: [https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload\\_file/gazettes/45026\\_26037.pdf](https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload_file/gazettes/45026_26037.pdf)  
[https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload\\_file/gazettes/45027\\_51669.pdf](https://www.dpp.gov.bd/upload_file/gazettes/45027_51669.pdf)

**EB-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the EB?**

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

**Answer:**

b. No

**Source:**

No CB produced for the EB

**Comment:**

Finance Act, 2022  
[https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance\\_Act,\\_2022.pdf](https://nbr.gov.bd/uploads/acts/Finance_Act,_2022.pdf)

Appropriation Act, 2022  
<http://www.parliament.gov.bd/images/pdf/Acts-of-11th-Parliament/18th-session/14-2022.pdf>

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**CB-1. What is the fiscal year of the CB evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?**

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

*If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, for each CB please indicate the document the CB simplifies/refers to, and the fiscal year.*

**Answer:**  
FY 2022-23

**Source:**

Budget in Brief documents contain some graphical representation of the EBP. From the link below, see Graph I, Graph II, Graph IIA, Graph III, Graph IV, Graph IV. These documents provide graphics to simplify budget information and it is a shorter version of the entire budget documents. For that reason, following a change in assessment in OBS 2019, the Budget in Brief is considered a Citizens Version of the EBP.

Link: [http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**CB-2a. For the fiscal year indicated in CB-1, what is the public availability status of the CB?**

*If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document (Executive's Budget Proposal or Enacted Budget) you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its public availability status.*

*Remember that publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology  
Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

**Answer:**

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

**Source:**

As stated in response CB-1, the Budget in Brief is considered a Citizens Version of the EBP. Budget in Brief document is released at the same time as EBP documents on 9 June 2022.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**CB-2b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question CB-2a, please specify how you determined whether the CB was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.**

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question CB-2a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**CB-3a. If the CB is published, what is the date of publication of the CB?**

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

*If more than one Citizens Budget is published, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its dates of publication.*

**Answer:**

9/6/2022

**Source:**

As stated in response CB-1, the Budget in Brief is considered a Citizens Version of the EBP. Budget in Brief document is released at the same time as EBP documents on 9 June 2022.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**CB-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the CB.**

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

As stated in response CB-1, the Budget in Brief is considered a Citizens Version of the EBP. Budget in Brief document is released at the same time as EBP documents on 9 June 2022. The documents were uploaded on the same day when the EBP was placed at the parliament.

Publication date is mentioned in the cover of the budget speech. See: <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

Budget in brief:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**CB-4. If the CB is published, what is the URL or weblink of the CB?**

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

*If more than one Citizens Budget is published, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its URL or weblink.*

**Answer:**

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Source:**

Budget in Brief documents contain some graphical representation of the EBP. From the given link, see Graph I, Graph II, Graph IIA, Graph III, Graph IV, Graph IV. These documents provide graphics to simplify budget information and it is a shorter version of the entire budget documents.

Documents can be found here:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

Comment:

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**CB-5. If the CB is produced, please write the full title of the CB.**

*For example, a title for the Citizens Budget could be "Budget 2022 People's Guide" or "2023 Proposed Budget in Brief: A People's Budget Publication."*

*If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

*If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, for the other CB, indicate the document the CB refers to and, next to it, its full title.*

**Answer:**

Budget in Brief

**Source:**

Budget in Brief documents contain some graphical representation of the EBP. From the link below, see Graph I, Graph II, Graph IIA, Graph III, Graph IV, Graph IV. These documents provide graphics to simplify budget information and it is a shorter version of the entire budget documents. For that reason, in OBS 2019 the Budget in Brief is considered a Citizens Version of the EBP.

Documents can be found here:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**CB-6. If the CB is produced, please indicate which budget document it corresponds to.**

*If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and which budget document it simplifies.*

**Answer:**

EBP

**Source:**

Budget in Brief documents contain some graphical representation of the EBP. These are released at the same time as EBP documents on 9 June

2022.

From the link below, see Graph I, Graph II, Graph IIA, Graph III, Graph IV, Graph IV. These documents provide graphics to simplify budget information and it is a shorter version of the entire budget documents. For that reason, in OBS 2019 the Budget in Brief is considered a Citizens Version of the EBP.

Documents can be found here:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The correct web link is <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IYRs-1. What is the fiscal year of the IYRs evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?**

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

**Answer:**

FY 2021-22

**Source:**

Monthly Fiscal Report

See reports for Fiscal year 2021-22 and Fiscal year 2022-23

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

and Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0e1c86ef-7d35-44ac-bb2d-7a79e454ad1b>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IYRs-2. When are the IYRs made available to the public?**

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

The OBS methodology requires that for IYRs to be considered publicly available, IYRs must be made available to the public no later than three months after the reporting period ends. If at least seven of the last 12 monthly IYRs, or at least three of the last four quarterly IYRs are not released to the public at least three months after the reporting period ends, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the IYRs.

**Answer:**

d. The IYRs are not released to the public, or are released more than three months after the period covered

**Source:**

Monthly Fiscal Reports are published at least every quarter as per MoF website.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

**Comment:**

JavaScript check confirms that all 'Monthly report on macro-fiscal position' are published late. See dates below:

October report - published on March 14 2023

September - Feb 14, 2023

August - Dec 30, 2022

July - Dec 30 2022

June - Dec 12, 2022

May - Oct 9, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

Same with Monthly Fiscal reports. Below are the dates

October report - published on Feb 11, 2023

September - Jan14, 2023

August - Dec 2, 2022

July - Nov 11, 2022

June - Nov 27, 2022

May - Oct 3, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

They are all published after more than three months. So, as per OBS methodology, these reports are considered to be published late.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IYRs-3a. If the IYRs are published, what are the dates of publication of the IYRs?**

*Specifically: if quarterly In-Year Reports are published, indicate the dates of publication of at least three of the last four IYRs that were publicly available. If monthly IYRs are published, indicate the dates of publication of at least seven of the last 12 IYRs that were publicly available.*

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD Month YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05 September 2022. If the document is not published or not produced, please mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

Dates of publication of the Monthly Report on Fiscal Position are assessed through Javascript

**Source:**



Monthly Fiscal Report are known as Monthly Report on Fiscal Position, published by MoF.

All reports can be found here.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

June 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf)

May 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_2022\\_05.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_2022_05.pdf)

April 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%202022.pdf)

March 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report\\_MARCH\\_2022\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report_MARCH_2022_Final.pdf)

February 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf)

January 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf)

December 2021 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

**Comment:**

JavaScript check confirms that all 'Monthly report on macro-fiscal position' are published late. See dates below:

October report - published on March 14 2023

September - Feb 14, 2023

August - Dec 30, 2022

July - Dec 30 2022

June - Dec 12, 2022

May - Oct 9, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

Same with Monthly Fiscal reports. Below are the dates

October report - published on Feb 11, 2023

September - Jan14, 2023

August - Dec 2, 2022

July - Nov 11, 2022

June - Nov 27, 2022

May - Oct 3, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

They are all published after more than three months. So, as per OBS methodology, these reports are considered to be published late.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**IYRs-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the IYRs.**

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

**Answer:**

Dates are usually indicated either on the website or within the first few pages of the reports. The cover page includes the month of publication (e.g June 2022). Additionally, dates verified through Javascript are mentioned below.

**Source:**

All reports can be found here.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

June 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf)

May 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_2022\\_05.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_2022_05.pdf)

April 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%202022.pdf)

March 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report\\_MARCH\\_2022\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report_MARCH_2022_Final.pdf)

February 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf)

January 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf)

December 2021 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

**Comment:**

JavaScript check confirms that at least seven 'Monthly report on macro-fiscal position' are published late. See dates below:

October report - published on March 14 2023

September - Feb 14, 2023

August - Dec 30, 2022

July - Dec 30 2022

June - Dec 12, 2022

May - Oct 9, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

Same with Monthly Fiscal reports. Below are the dates

October report - published on Feb 11, 2023

September - Jan14, 2023

August - Dec 2, 2022

July - Nov 11, 2022

June - Nov 27, 2022

May - Oct 3, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

They are all published after more than three months. So, as per OBS methodology, these reports are considered to be published late.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**IYRs-4. If the IYRs are published, what is the URL or weblink of the IYRs?**

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Researchers should provide the weblink to the most recent In-Year Report in the space below, and – in the comment box underneath – the weblinks to older IYRs.*

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf)

**Source:**

All reports can be found here.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

June 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf)

May 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_2022\\_05.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_2022_05.pdf)

April 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%2022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%2022.pdf)

March 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report\\_MARCH\\_2022\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report_MARCH_2022_Final.pdf)

February 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf)

January 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf)

December 2021 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

**Comment:**

It is also worth noting that MoF has also published the IYRs of FY 2022-23

December 2022:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202022.pdf)

November 2022:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20November%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20November%202022.pdf)

October 2022:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20October%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20October%202022.pdf)

September 2022:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20September%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20September%202022.pdf)

August 2022:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20August%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20August%202022.pdf)

July 2022:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Final%20Report%20July%202022%20.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Final%20Report%20July%202022%20.pdf)

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IYRs-5. If the IYRs are published, are the numerical data contained in the IYRs available in a machine readable format?**

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the IYRs are not publicly available, therefore their machine readability cannot be assessed.*

**Answer:**

d. Not applicable

**Source:**

All reports can be found here.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

June 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf)

May 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_2022\\_05.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_2022_05.pdf)

April 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%2022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%2022.pdf)

March 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report\\_MARCH\\_2022\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report_MARCH_2022_Final.pdf)

February 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf)

January 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf)

December 2021 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

**Comment:**

The documents available are in PDF only.

JavaScript check confirms that all 'Monthly report on macro-fiscal position' are published late. See dates below:

October report - published on March 14 2023

September - Feb 14, 2023

August - Dec 30, 2022

July - Dec 30 2022

June - Dec 12, 2022

May - Oct 9, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

Same with Monthly Fiscal reports. Below are the dates

October report - published on Feb 11, 2023

September - Jan14, 2023

August - Dec 2, 2022

July - Nov 11, 2022

June - Nov 27, 2022

May - Oct 3, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

They are all published after more than three months. So, as per OBS methodology, these reports are considered to be published late.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** c. No

**Comments:** The correct answer will be (c) as the the numerical data contained in the report available only on PDF format

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** c. No

**Comments:** Though the reports are published late and data or information are in pdf form, according to the sense of the above question, answer will be c. Answer d will be applicable only if reports are not publicly available. But reports are publicly available for all time.

**IYRs-6a. If the IYRs are not publicly available, are they still produced?**

*If the IYRs are not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question IYRs-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question IYRs-2).*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*

**Answer:**

a. Produced but made available online to the public too late (published after the acceptable time frame)

**Source:**

All reports can be found here.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

June 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf)

May 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_2022\\_05.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_2022_05.pdf)

April 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%202022.pdf)

March 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report\\_MARCH\\_2022\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report_MARCH_2022_Final.pdf)

February 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf)

January 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf)

December 2021 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

**Comment:**

JavaScript check confirms that all 'Monthly report on macro-fiscal position' are published late. See dates below:

October report - published on March 14 2023

September - Feb 14, 2023

August - Dec 30, 2022

July - Dec 30 2022

June - Dec 12, 2022

May - Oct 9, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

Same with Monthly Fiscal reports. Below are the dates

October report - published on Feb 11, 2023

September - Jan14, 2023

August - Dec 2, 2022

July - Nov 11, 2022

June - Nov 27, 2022

May - Oct 3, 2022

April - Oct 3, 2022

They are all published after more than three months. So, as per OBS methodology, these reports are considered to be published late.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**IYRs-6b.** If you selected option "c" or "d" in question IYRs-6a, please specify how you determined whether the IYRs were produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question IYRs-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:**

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:**

**IYRs-7. If the IYRs are produced, please write the full title of the IYRs.**

*For example, a title for the In-Year Report could be "Budget Monitoring Report, Quarter 1" or "Budget Execution Report January-March 2022."*

*If In-Year Reports are not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

*Researchers should provide the full title of the most recent In-Year Report in the space below, and – in the comment box underneath – the full titles of older IYRs.*

**Answer:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: June 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: June 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)

**Source:**

All reports can be found here.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

June 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf)

May 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_2022\\_05.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_2022_05.pdf)

April 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%2022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%2022.pdf)

March 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report\\_MARCH\\_2022\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report_MARCH_2022_Final.pdf)

February 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf)

January 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf)

December 2021 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position can be found here:  
<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0e1c86ef-7d35-44ac-bb2d-7a79e454ad1b>

**Comment:**

The titles of the report are written in the following format  
Report name: Month Year (Fiscal Year)

Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: June 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: May 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: April 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: March 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: February 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: January 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: December 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)

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Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: June 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: June 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: May 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: April 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: March 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: February 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: January 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)  
Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: December 2022 (Fiscal Year 2021-22)

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IYRs-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the IYRs?**

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

**Answer:**

b. No

**Source:**

All IYRs can be found here.  
<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

June 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June%202022.pdf)

May 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_2022\\_05.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_2022_05.pdf)

April 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20April%202022.pdf)



22.pdf

March 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report\\_MARCH\\_2022\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Final%20Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report_MARCH_2022_Final.pdf)

February 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20February%202022a.pdf)

January 2022 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20January%202022%20corrected.pdf)

December 2021 Monthly Report on Fiscal Position:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**MYR-1. What is the fiscal year of the MYR evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?**

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

**Answer:**

FY 2021-22

**Source:**

MoF publishes the Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro position and Monthly Report on Fiscal Position. The reports for December 2021 can be considered as the Mid-year report for FY 2021-22

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: December 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021_Final.pdf)

Monthly Report on Fiscal Position: December 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

Many thanks to researcher. As noted in subsequent indicators, the half year monthly reports do not present any revised expenditure or revenue

estimates for the remainder of the fiscal year. Neither do they present updated macro-fiscal forecasts. As such, the reports differ from OBS methodology's definition of the Mid-Year Review.

**MYR-2. When is the MYR made available to the public?**

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for an MYR to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public no later than three months after the reporting period ends (i.e., three months after the midpoint of the fiscal year). If the MYR is not released to the public at least three months after the reporting period ends, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the MYR.*

**Answer:**

d. The MYR is not released to the public, or is released more than three months after the midpoint

**Source:**

**Comment:**

MoF publishes the Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro position which outlines the movements of various indicators across: Fiscal, Monetary, External, and Real Sector. This report also includes GDP growth outlook.

However, the report does NOT have revised estimates for expenditures or revenues for the remainder of the year. As such, as per OBS methodology it will not be considered as a Mid-year report.

Sample can be seen here:

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: June 2022

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7fbf4bbae8e7/Fiscal-Macro\\_June\\_2022\\_Provisional\\_2.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7fbf4bbae8e7/Fiscal-Macro_June_2022_Provisional_2.pdf)

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**MYR-3a. If the MYR is published, what is the date of publication of the MYR?**

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

**Source:**

Specific dates are not found on the Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro position which outlines the movements of various indicators across: Fiscal, Monetary, External, and Real Sector. This report also includes GDP growth outlook. Only the name of specific month is mentioned in the cover page.

As December is the usually the last month of Mid Year, the December 2021 report can be considered as Mid-year report.

Link:

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: December 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021_Final.pdf)

Comment:

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**MYR-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the MYR.**

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

N/A

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Specific dates are not found on the Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro position which outlines the movements of various indicators across: Fiscal, Monetary, External, and Real Sector. This report also includes GDP growth outlook. Only the name of specific month is mentioned in the cover page.

As December is the usually the last month of Mid-Year, the December 2021 report can be considered as Mid-year report.

Link: Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: December 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021_Final.pdf)

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**IBP Comment**

Many thanks to researcher. The half year monthly reports do not present any revised expenditure or revenue estimates for the remainder of the fiscal year. Neither do they present updated macro-fiscal forecasts. As such, the reports differ from OBS methodology's definition of the Mid-Year Review. Hence, the response is "Not Applicable".

**MYR-4. If the MYR is published, what is the URL or weblink of the MYR?**

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.

**Answer:**

https://mof.portal.gov.bd/

**Source:**

Specific dates are not found on the Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro position which outlines the movements of various indicators across: Fiscal, Monetary, External, and Real Sector. This report also includes GDP growth outlook. Only the name of specific month is mentioned in the cover page.

As December is the usually the last month of Mid Year, the December 2021 report can be considered as Mid-year report.

**Link:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: December 2021

https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\_37c2\_41c6\_b9e2\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\_Final.pdf

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

Many thanks to researcher. As noted in previous indicators, the half year monthly reports do not present any revised expenditure or revenue estimates for the remainder of the fiscal year. Neither do they present updated macro-fiscal forecasts. As such, the reports differ from OBS methodology's definition of the Mid-Year Review.

**MYR-5. If the MYR is published, are the numerical data contained in the MYR available in a machine readable format?**

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>.*

*Option "d" applies if the MYR is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

**Answer:**

d. Not applicable

**Source:**

https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\_37c2\_41c6\_b9e2\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\_Final.pdf

**Comment:**

Available only on PDF format.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** c. No

**Comments:** The correct answer will be (c) as the the numerical data contained in the report available only on PDF format

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** c. No

**Comments:** I am fully agreed with the researcher that the December, 2021 report on Macro-Fiscal position or Fiscal report is the MYR in case of Bangladesh. As the reports are published though not in a machine readable format but they are publicly available and according to the sense of the above question i think answer will be c.

**IBP Comment**

As noted in previous indicators, the December report cannot be considered the Mid-year review. As such, answer choice D is the correct selection.

**MYR-6a. If the MYR is not publicly available, is it still produced?**

*If the MYR is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question MYR-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question MYR-2).*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*

**Answer:**

d. Not produced at all

**Source:**

MoF publishes the Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro position which outlines the movements of various indicators across: Fiscal, Monetary, External, and Real Sector. This report also includes GDP growth outlook.

However, the report does NOT have revised estimates for expenditures or revenues for the remainder of the year. As such, as per OBS methodology it will not be considered as a Mid-year report.

**Link:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: December 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021_Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**MYR-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question MYR-6a, please specify how you determined whether the MYR was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.**

If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question MYR-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Researcher Response**

There is no mention of the Mid-year review in the finance bill.

**MYR-7. If the MYR is produced, please write the full title of the MYR.**

*For example, a title for the Mid-Year Review could be "Semi-annual Budget Performance Report, FY 2021/22" or "Mid-Year Report on the 2022 National Budget."*

*If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

As December is the usually the last month of Mid-Year, the Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position for December 2021 can be considered as Mid-year report. This report outlines the movements of various indicators across: Fiscal, Monetary, External, and Real Sector. This report also includes GDP growth outlook.

However, the report does NOT have revised estimates for expenditures or revenues for the remainder of the year. As such, as per OBS methodology it will not be considered as a Mid-year report.

**Link:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: December 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021_Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**MYR-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the MYR?**

While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.

**Answer:**

b. No

**Source:**

As December is the usually the last month of Mid-Year, the Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position for December 2021 can be considered as Mid-year report. This report outlines the movements of various indicators across: Fiscal, Monetary, External, and Real Sector. This report also includes GDP growth outlook.

**Link:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position: December 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7fbf4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7fbf4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021_Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

No citizen version is available.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**YER-1. What is the fiscal year of the YER evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?**

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

**Answer:**

FY 2020-21

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (See Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendices: Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

Based on the interview with MoF official, please see the following:

Rather than a standalone document, the contents of YER are included in the Chapter VI and Chapter XII of Budget Speech (FY 2021-22) which provides the year-end information of outgoing fiscal year.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-macro Position of June also includes some required information and estimates.

Further information is provided on Yearly Budget Report:

Statement 1 & 2 (2020-21)

1. [https://mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/reports/0a8079a6\\_98c7\\_49f1\\_a99f\\_57db8d74b011/Statement\\_1\\_Y\\_2020-21.pdf](https://mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/reports/0a8079a6_98c7_49f1_a99f_57db8d74b011/Statement_1_Y_2020-21.pdf)

2. [https://mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/reports/0a8079a6\\_98c7\\_49f1\\_a99f\\_57db8d74b011/Statement\\_2\\_Y\\_2020-21.pdf](https://mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/reports/0a8079a6_98c7_49f1_a99f_57db8d74b011/Statement_2_Y_2020-21.pdf)

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One reason to cite all these reports is that the Budget speech includes a narrative description which is important. However, such details are not found in other reports.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

Please see YER-2 for the final assessment of YER.

**YER-2. When is the YER made available to the public?**

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for an YER to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public no later than one year after the fiscal year to which it corresponds. If the YER is not released to the public within one year after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the YER.*

**Answer:**

d. The YER is not released to the public, or is released more than 12 months after the end of the budget year

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (See Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendices: Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

Based on the interview with MoF official, please see the following:

Rather than a standalone document, the contents of YER are included in the Chapter VI and Chapter XII of Budget Speech (FY 2021-22) which provides the year-end information of outgoing fiscal year.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-macro Position of June also includes some required information and estimates.

Further information is provided on Annual Financial Statement.

**Peer Reviewer**



**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP revised response to D, implying Year-end report is not publicly available in Bangladesh. While IBO acknowledges that some of the reporting on previous year is available, it is not comprehensively presented in one place. The Annual Financial Report has information on implementation of budget, up until March of 2022, not for the full year and with limited analysis of deviations. And the two yearly statements have minimal information and mere statements. The June monthly reports compare with previous year and provides just updates on actuals, comparing with previous years, again with no accompanying narrative to give a full picture of the budget year 2020-21's overall performance. Moreover, there are no trends, explanation or presentation of deviations, trends or macro-fiscal external impacts as there have been in previous years Year-end report. For this reason, and to be consistent with OBS methodology across all 125 countries, the status of Year-end report is considered "Internal Use".

**YER-3a. If the YER is published, what is the date of publication of the YER?**

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (See Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendices: Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

Based on the interview with MoF official, please see the following:

Rather than a standalone document, the contents of YER are included in the Chapter VI and Chapter XII of Budget Speech (FY 2021-22) which provides the year-end information of outgoing fiscal year.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-macro Position of June also includes some required information and estimates.

Further information is provided on Annual Financial Statement.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**YER-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the YER.**

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

Budget Speech for FY 2021-22 (Page 29-30):

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/21\\_22\\_en.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/21_22_en.pdf)

Chapter VI: The Supplementary Budget

This chapter includes the Supplementary Budget for FY 2020-2021; Revised Revenue Income and Revised Expenditure; Revised Budget Deficit and its Financing

Budget Speech for FY 2021-22 (Page 140-143):

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/21\\_22\\_en.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/21_22_en.pdf)

Chapter Twelve: Progress in Implementation of Commitments Made in the Budget

This chapter includes the progress of commitments, review of nonfinancial performance information and other important policy areas.

In addition, Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position (June 2021) provides some necessary details that are important for Year End Reporting.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position (June 2021)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7fb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021\\_06.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7fb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021_06.pdf)

Furthermore, some information is also provided on Annual Financial Statement for FY 2020-21

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A7-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%95%20%E0%A6%86%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A5%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%95%20%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AC%E0%A7%83%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%BF](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A7-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%95%20%E0%A6%86%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A5%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%95%20%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AC%E0%A7%83%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%BF)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**YER-4. If the YER is published, what is the URL or weblink of the YER?**

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

<https://mof.portal.gov.bd>

**Source:**

Please note that EBP of upcoming fiscal year includes year end information of outgoing fiscal year.

Based on the interview with MoF official, please see the following:

Rather than a standalone document, the contents of YER are included in the Chapter VI and Chapter XII of Budget Speech (FY 2021-22) which provides the year-end information of outgoing fiscal year.

Budget Speech for FY 2021-22 (which is part of the Executive's Budget Proposal) includes two dedicated chapters that serves the purpose of information required for Year End Reporting.

Budget Speech for FY 2021-22 (Page 29-30):

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/21\\_22\\_en.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/21_22_en.pdf)

Chapter VI: The Supplementary Budget

This chapter includes the Supplementary Budget for FY 2020-2021; Revised Revenue Income and Revised Expenditure; Revised Budget Deficit and its Financing

Budget Speech for FY 2021-22 (Page 140-143):

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/21\\_22\\_en.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/21_22_en.pdf)

Chapter XII: Progress in Implementation of Commitments Made in the Budget

This chapter includes the progress of commitments, review of nonfinancial performance information and other important policy areas.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**YER-5. If the YER is published, are the numerical data contained in the YER available in a machine readable format?**

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the YER is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

**Answer:**

d. Not applicable

**Source:**

Please note that EBP of upcoming fiscal year includes year end information of outgoing fiscal year.

Based on the interview with MoF official, please see the following:

Rather than a standalone document, the contents of YER are included in the Chapter VI and Chapter XII of Budget Speech (FY 2021-22) which provides the year-end information of outgoing fiscal year.

Budget Speech for FY 2021-22 (which is part of the Executive's Budget Proposal) includes two dedicated chapters that serves the purpose of information required for Year End Reporting.

Budget Speech for FY 2021-22 (Page 29-30):

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/21\\_22\\_en.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/21_22_en.pdf)

Chapter VI: The Supplementary Budget

This chapter includes the Supplementary Budget for FY 2020-2021; Revised Revenue Income and Revised Expenditure; Revised Budget Deficit and its Financing

Budget Speech for FY 2021-22 (Page 140-143):

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7\\_7fe3\\_4e9a\\_afd4\\_5eb7dc7c0477/21\\_22\\_en.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ca4218f7_7fe3_4e9a_afd4_5eb7dc7c0477/21_22_en.pdf)

Chapter XII: Progress in Implementation of Commitments Made in the Budget

This chapter includes the progress of commitments, review of nonfinancial performance information and other important policy areas.

**Comment:**

Available only on PDF format.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**YER-6a. If the YER is not publicly available, is it still produced?**

*If the YER is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question YER-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question YER-2)*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*

**Answer:**

c. Produced for internal purposes/use only

**Source:**

Based on the interview with MoF official, 12 month report has sufficient information. please see the following:

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (See Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendices: Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:****Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**YER-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question YER-6a, please specify how you determined whether the YER was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.**

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question YER-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP understands that there is information generated on budget executed, however, no comprehensive analysis or data is published online.

**YER-7. If the YER is produced, please write the full title of the YER.**

*For example, a title for the Year-End Report could be "Consolidated Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2022" or "Annual Report 2021 Published by the Ministry of Finance and Planning." If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

Macro-fiscal report

**Source:**

Based on the interview with MoF official, please see the following:

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (See Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendices: Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position

**Comments:** The monthly report produced in June contains the YER.

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**YER-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the YER?**

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

**Answer:**

b. No

**Source:**

**Comment:**

No citizen version is published.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-1. What is the fiscal year of the AR evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?**

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

**Answer:**

FY 2020-21

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The Audit Report for fiscal year 2020-21 should have been released by 31 December 2022. However this report is yet to be posted on the website of Comptroller and Auditor General of Bangladesh (Supreme Audit Institution of Bangladesh) or on the website of Ministry of Finance.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-2. When is the AR made available to the public?**

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for an AR to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public no later than 18 months after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds. If the AR is not released to the public at least 18 months after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the AR.

**Answer:**

d. Does not release to the public, or is released more than 18 months after the end of the budget year

**Source:**

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/compliance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/performance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/special-issue-based-audit-report>

**Comment:**

ARs are not publicly available as per the website of the Comptroller and Auditor General of Bangladesh (Supreme Audit Institution of Bangladesh).

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-3a. If the AR is published, what is the date of publication of the AR?**

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document. Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

**Source:**

As per the information obtained from official of CAG office, ARs are published too late (after 18 months of the end of fiscal year).

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/compliance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/performance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/special-issue-based-audit-report>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** The date is not mentioned in the report

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the AR.**

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

As per the information obtained from official of CAG office, ARs are published too late (after 18 months of the end of fiscal year).

**Source:**

As per the information obtained from official of CAG office, ARs are published too late (after 18 months of the end of fiscal year).

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/compliance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/performance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/special-issue-based-audit-report>

**Comment:**

The reports for 2020-21 are not published. And past years reports are published after more than 18 months on CAG's website.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-4. If the AR is published, what is the URL or weblink of the AR?**

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

**Answer:**

<https://cag.org.bd>

**Source:**

As per the information obtained from official of CAG office, ARs are published too late (after 18 months of the end of fiscal year).

**Comment:**

As per the information obtained from official of CAG office, ARs are published too late (after 18 months of the end of fiscal year).

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/compliance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/performance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/special-issue-based-audit-report>



**Peer Reviewer**  
**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-5. If the AR is published, are the numerical data contained in the AR available in a machine readable format?**

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the AR is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

**Answer:**

d. Not applicable

**Source:**

**Comment:**

As per the information obtained from official of CAG office, ARs are published too late (after 18 months of the end of fiscal year).

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/compliance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/performance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/special-issue-based-audit-report>

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:** c. No

**Comments:** The correct answer will be (c) as the the numerical data contained in the report available only on PDF format

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-6a. If the AR is not publicly available, is it still produced?**

*If the AR is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question AR-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question AR-2).*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or*

"d" applies.

**Answer:**

c. Produced for internal purposes/use only

**Source:**

**Comment:**

As per the information obtained from official of CAG office, ARs are published too late (after 18 months of the end of fiscal year). Researcher discussed with Comptroller and Auditor General. They are trying but difficult to complete within 18 months after the reporting period. To fit within OBS timeline, the reports are considered for internal use.

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/compliance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/performance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/special-issue-based-audit-report>

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question AR-6a, please specify how you determined whether the AR was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.**

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question AR-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

In an interview with an official from CAG office, it has been found that ARs are not published within the OBS-specified timeframe of 18months after the completion of fiscal year. Researcher discussed with Comptroller and Auditor General. They are trying but difficult to complete within 18 months after the reporting period. To fit within OBS timeline, the reports are considered for internal use.

Website of the Comptroller and Auditor General of Bangladesh (Supreme Audit Institution of Bangladesh):

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/compliance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/performance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/special-issue-based-audit-report>

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**AR-7. If the AR is produced, please write the full title of the AR.**

*For example, a title for the Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

**Answer:**

n/a

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The OBS researchers will get in touch with CAG official to know the title of the report.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Researcher Response**

The full title of the latest report could not be confirmed as per the documents available from the website.

**AR-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the AR?**

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

**Answer:**

b. No

**Source:**

As per the information obtained from official of CAG office, ARs are published too late (after 18 months of the end of fiscal year). There is no Citizen version of AR.

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/compliance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/performance-audit-report>

<https://cag.org.bd/audit/special-issue-based-audit-report>

**Comment:**

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**GQ-1a. Are there one or more websites or web portals for disseminating government fiscal information? If yes, please provide the necessary links in the comment/citation.**

*GQ-1a asks the researcher to list any government websites or portals where fiscal information can be found. For example, in New Zealand the Treasury website (<http://www.treasury.govt.nz/>) hosts important budget-related information, including the Pre-Budget Statement, the Executive's Budget Proposal, the Citizens Budget, In-Year Reports, the Mid-Year Review, and the Year-End Report. In addition, New Zealand's Parliamentary Counsel Office (<http://www.legislation.govt.nz/>) posts the Enacted Budget while the Controller and Auditor-General website (<http://www.oag.govt.nz/>) publishes the annual Audit Report. The New Zealand researcher would provide the links to each of these sites. Other countries have developed portals that include fiscal information, though not in the "documents" format. For example, these portals have been created by Mexico (<https://www.transparenciapresupuestaria.gob.mx/>) and Brazil (<http://www.portaltransparencia.gov.br/>). Some countries have both a website and a portal. The Brazilian government, for example, apart from the Transparency Portal, has a dedicated website for the federal budget, where all key documents and other information can be found (<https://www.gov.br/economia/pt-br/assuntos/planejamento-e-orcamento/orcamento>). Researchers should include details about all of the relevant websites and/or portals that can be used to access budget information.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes

**Source:**

Ministry of Finance, Bangladesh

<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/>

Ministry of Planning, Bangladesh

<https://plandiv.gov.bd/>

National Board of Revenue

<http://nbr.gov.bd/>

Bangladesh Bank

<https://www.bb.org.bd/>

Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General

<http://www.cagbd.org/>

**Comment:**

Budget-related documents are available in various websites or web portals of respective government bodies for disseminating government fiscal information.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**GQ-1b. On these websites/portals, can revenue and/or expenditure data for the current fiscal year be downloaded as a consolidated, machine readable file (or set of files)? If yes, please provide the necessary links in the comment/citation. For more information on machine readability, see:**

<http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>.

*GQ-1b, GQ-1c, and GQ-1d ask about whether governments publish specific types of content on their websites/portals: (a) consolidated files that contain*

*disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure information for the current fiscal year; (b) consolidated files that contain disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure information for multiple years in consistent formats; and (c) infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access and analysis. Researchers should provide the links to relevant webpages and some explanations of what they contain.*

**Answer:**

d. No, neither expenditure or revenue data can be downloaded as a consolidated file

**Source:**

Consolidated data in machine readable format is unavailable.

Ministry of Finance, Bangladesh  
<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/>

Ministry of Planning, Bangladesh  
<https://plandiv.gov.bd/>

National Board of Revenue  
<http://nbr.gov.bd/>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**GQ-1c.** On these websites/portals, can disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure data in consolidated, machine readable files be downloaded for multiple years in consistent formats? If yes, please provide the necessary links and details in the comment/citation. For more information on machine readability, see: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>.

**Answer:**

d. No, neither expenditure or revenue data can be downloaded for multiple years in consistent formats

**Source:**

Consolidated data in machine readable format is unavailable.

Ministry of Finance, Bangladesh  
<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/>

Ministry of Planning, Bangladesh  
<https://plandiv.gov.bd/>

National Board of Revenue  
<http://nbr.gov.bd/>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**GQ-1d. On these websites/portals, are infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access and analysis? If yes, please provide the necessary links and details in the comment/citation.**

*GQ-1d asks the researcher to list any government websites or portals where infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access and analysis are present. For example, in South Africa the Vulekamali portal (<https://vulekamali.gov.za>) is a project by the National Treasury which contains visualizations of the Consolidated Budget Summary, by departments budget, by division of revenue and by infrastructure budget distribution. (See for example <https://vulekamali.gov.za/2022-23/national/departments/basic-education/>). Other countries that have developed portals that include fiscal visualization and graphics include: Brazil's Transparency Portal (<https://portaldatransparencia.gov.br/>), which presents line graphs, bar graphs, pie charts, and visual maps of electronic invoices, public expenditure, public revenue, annual budget, transferred resources, resources transferred by location of beneficiary, among other information. (<https://portaldatransparencia.gov.br/orcamento> and <https://portaldatransparencia.gov.br/transferencias>). Additionally, United States Department of the Treasury, Fiscal Data portal (<https://fiscaldata.treasury.gov/>) is a one-stop shop for federal financial data that uses charts, exhibits, and figures.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes

**Source:**

Ministry of Finance publishes few graphs to simplify budget related data. Please see Graph I, Graph II, Graph IIA, Graph III, Graph IV, Graph V from the link below:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0/Budget-in-Brief)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**GQ-2. Are there laws in place guiding public financial management and/or auditing? If yes, please provide the necessary details and links in the comment/citation, and specify whether and where the law(s) contains specific provisions for budget transparency and/or participation.**

*GQ-2 asks about the existence of any national laws governing public financial management and auditing. These may include a public finance act, a section of the constitution, or an organic budget law. In some countries, fiscal responsibility legislation may also be relevant. For example, the Kenya researcher may include the link to its Public Finance Management Act, 2012 (<http://kenyalaw.org:8181/exist/kenyalex/actview.xql?actid=No.%2018%20of%202012>), and the Macedonian researcher may include a link to its State Audit Law (<https://finance.gov.mk/wp-content/uploads/2009/05/Audit-law.pdf>). Researchers should provide links to websites where such laws are published, if possible, or an electronic copy of the law itself. They should also indicate if and where (e.g. which article) these laws include specific provisions for budget transparency and citizen participation in budget processes.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes

**Source:**

Public Money & Budget Management Act, 2009

This is published in Bangla.

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e\\_4ad0\\_4c97\\_8a7e\\_e727707db410/11.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e_4ad0_4c97_8a7e_e727707db410/11.pdf)

Comment:

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Comments:** Also, The Constitution of Bangladesh, please see: <http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/act-details-367.html> (English and Bangla) Rules of Parliamentary Procedure, please see: <http://parliament.gov.bd/index.php/en/parliamentary-business/business-of-the-house/budget/budget-procedure>

**GQ-3. Is there at least one additional law regulating: (1) access to information; (2) government transparency; or (3) citizens participation? If yes, please provide the necessary details and links in the comment/citation, and specify whether and where these laws contain specific provisions for budget transparency and/or participation.**

*The third and last question asks researchers to list any additional laws regulating access to information, transparency, or citizens' participation that are relevant for the promotion of budget transparency and citizen participation in budget processes. These might include legislation related to access to information, to planning processes, or to public administration more generally. India's Right to Information Act of 2005 (<https://www.ncess.gov.in/facilities/central-public-information-officer/rti-act-details.html>) is an example of this type of law. For more information on access to information legislation (constitutional provisions, laws, and regulations), including examples of model laws, see: <https://www.rti-rating.org/country-data/> and <https://www.constituteproject.org/>.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes

**Source:**

Right to Information Act, 2009

<https://moi.portal.gov.bd/site/files/761c4f51-7a2e-4465-9272-e76d052495f5/%E0%A6%86%E0%A6%87%E0%A6%A8-%E0%A6%87%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%80>

Fund Release Procedure 2018

<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/7b8dc0d3-78b2-4212-9962-8fabfdd5100a/Fund-Release-Procedure-2018>

**Comment:**

Neither the Act nor the Procedure regulate citizens' participation in the budget processes. The circular on Fund Release Procedure 2018 categorically mentions that the Procedure has been prepared to ensure "transparency and accountability in spending money of the development project". However, it does not necessarily indicate that it aims to ensure transparency and accountability of expenditure to citizens through their participation in project formulation/implementation processes.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Comments:** However, it needs to be mentioned that in the local government institutions like the most grass-root level tier of local government institutions are Union Council in Bangladesh. Every Council consists of 9 Ward Committee. In the Union Council Act, 2009, Section 57(2), Chapter 10 makes it mandatory for the Council that its annual budget must be present in presence of the citizen. In the same Act, section 6(2), chapter 2 elaborates that every development works budget detail, estimate, amount of money spent everything should be written and must hang on in an open space for peoples information.

**1. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year that are classified by**

**administrative unit (that is, by ministry, department, or agency)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 1 addresses the presentation of expenditure by administrative unit. This information indicates which government entity (ministry, department, or agency, or MDAs) will be responsible for spending the funds and, ultimately, held accountable for their use.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all administrative units, accounting for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the administrative units shown individually, in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation, must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures in the budget year. In other words, the sum of the expenditures assigned to the individual MDAs (education, health, infrastructure, interior, defense, etc.) must account for at least two-thirds of the total expenditure budgeted for that particular year. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents administrative units that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by administrative unit.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, administrative units accounting for all expenditures are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides all expenditures for the budget year 2022-23 classified by administrative unit.

Statement II: Operating and Development Expenditure, 2022-23

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/468463a2\\_e4e1\\_4cf3\\_b3fe\\_b82b9daed2fc/e\\_St\\_02.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/468463a2_e4e1_4cf3_b3fe_b82b9daed2fc/e_St_02.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**2. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year by functional classification?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 2 addresses the presentation of expenditure by functional classification. This classification indicates the programmatic purpose, sector, or objective for which the funds will be used, such as health, education, or defense. Administrative units are not necessarily aligned with functional classifications. For instance, in one country all functions connected with water supply (which fall into the "Housing" function) may be undertaken by a single government agency, while in another country they may be distributed across the Ministries of Environment, Housing, and Industrial Development. In the latter case, three ministries have programs addressing water supply, so three ministries contribute to one function. Similarly, some administrative units may conduct activities that cut across more than one function. For instance, in the example above, some programs of the Ministry of Environment would also be classified in the "environmental protection" function.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for the budget year organized by functional classification.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, expenditures are presented by functional classification.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents all expenditures for the budget year 2022-23 by functional classification.

Statement II: Operating and Development Expenditure

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/468463a2\\_e4e1\\_4cf3\\_b3fe\\_b82b9daed2fc/e\\_St\\_02.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/468463a2_e4e1_4cf3_b3fe_b82b9daed2fc/e_St_02.pdf)

Statement IIA : Operating and Development Budget - Use of Resources



[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/145c9cf3\\_565f\\_40cc\\_8fb7\\_3cd327979ead/e\\_St\\_02A.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/145c9cf3_565f_40cc_8fb7_3cd327979ead/e_St_02A.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**3. If the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation presents expenditures for the budget year by functional classification, is the functional classification compatible with international standards?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 3 asks whether a country's functional classification meets international standards. To answer "a," a country's functional classification must be aligned with the OECD and the UN's Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG), or provide a cross-walk between the national functional presentation and COFOG.*

*The OECD Best Practices for Budget Transparency can be viewed at <http://www.oecd.org/gov/budgeting/Best%20Practices%20Budget%20Transparency%20-%20complete%20with%20cover%20page.pdf>*

*COFOG can be viewed at [https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/SeriesM/SeriesM\\_84E.pdf](https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/SeriesM/SeriesM_84E.pdf) or at <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/ch6ann.pdf>.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, the functional classification is compatible with international standards.

**Source:**

The functional classification is compatible with international standards (OECD and the UN's Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG).

Statement IIA : Operating and Development Budget

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/145c9cf3\\_565f\\_40cc\\_8fb7\\_3cd327979ead/e\\_St\\_02A.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/145c9cf3_565f_40cc_8fb7_3cd327979ead/e_St_02A.pdf)

Graph II : Operating and Development Budget : 2022-23 Use of Resources

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/468463a2\\_e4e1\\_4cf3\\_b3fe\\_b82b9daed2fc/e\\_St\\_02.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/468463a2_e4e1_4cf3_b3fe_b82b9daed2fc/e_St_02.pdf)

**Comment:**

All first-level COFOG headers are presented, with the exception of Environmental Protection.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**4. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year by economic classification?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 4 asks whether the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents expenditures for the budget year organized by economic classification. Economic classification provides information on the nature of the expenditure, such as whether funds are being used to pay for wages and salaries, capital projects, or social assistance benefits. Please note that a presentation of expenditures by current and capital expenditures without additional disaggregation or detail will not qualify as an economic classification.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for the budget year organized by economic classification.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, expenditures are presented by economic classification.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents all expenditures for the budget year 2022-23 classified by economic classification.

Statement IIB : Economic Analysis of Operating & Development Expenditure

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/04235e73\\_d3c1\\_4721\\_b90a\\_c4b57c527347/St\\_02B%20\(1\).pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/04235e73_d3c1_4721_b90a_c4b57c527347/St_02B%20(1).pdf)

Graph IV: Operating Budget 2022-23 Economic Analysis

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/948eec09\\_2e46\\_49cf\\_9811\\_1bd195d9f3d1/chart4\\_Eng.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/948eec09_2e46_49cf_9811_1bd195d9f3d1/chart4_Eng.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**5. If the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation presents expenditures for the budget year by economic classification, is the economic classification compatible with international standards?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 5 asks whether a country's economic classification meets international standards. To answer "a," a country's economic classification must be consistent with the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) 2001 Government Finance Statistics (GFS). The GFS economic classification is presented here: <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/app4.pdf>. To learn more about Government Finance Statistics also refer to the entire IMF 2001 GFS manual (<http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/all.pdf>).

**Answer:**

a. Yes, the economic classification is compatible with international standards.

**Source:**

The economic classification presented for the budget year 2020-21 is compatible with international standards - IMF Government Finance Statistics (GFS).

Statement IIB : Economic Analysis of Operating & Development Expenditure

[https://mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/4ab585cc\\_7e6d\\_477a\\_b4c1\\_31341672876c/BB\\_08\\_Statement02B\\_Eng.pdf](https://mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/4ab585cc_7e6d_477a_b4c1_31341672876c/BB_08_Statement02B_Eng.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**6. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for the budget year?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 6 asks whether expenditures are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should treat the term "program" as meaning any level of detail below an administrative unit – that is, any programmatic grouping that is below the ministry, department, or agency level. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures in the budget year. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.*

*Budget decisions for the upcoming year can also affect the parameters of future budgets. It is therefore useful to estimate revenues and expenditures for multi-year periods, understanding that these estimates might be revised as circumstances change. Sometimes referred to as a Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF), a three-year period – that is, the budget year plus two more years – is generally considered an appropriate horizon for budgeting and planning.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, programs accounting for all expenditures are presented.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

MTBF is published in Bangla.

**Please see:**

[https://mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A7-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB](https://mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A7-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB)

All program level information is published in the Medium Term Budgetary Framework, for each ministry.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**7. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditure estimates for a multi-year period (at least two-years**

beyond the budget year) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 7 asks if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on.

To answer “a,” the Executive’s Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications for at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer “b,” multi-year expenditure estimates must be presented by two of these three classifications. A “c” answer applies if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer “d” applies if multi-year expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

**Source:**

EBP documentation does contain multi-year expenditure estimates by all three expenditure classifications - administrative, economic and functional classifications.

Medium Term Budgetary Framework (MTBF) shows classification by administrative unit:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB)

Classification by economic group can be found under each administrative unit:  
for example, see table 4.2.2 of page 3 of this document (102- National Parliament)

Expenditures on functional classifications are provided in the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (2022-23 to 2024-25). Chapter Three presents government’s spending framework and sectoral priorities with projection through FY 25.

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

7b. Based on the response to Question 7, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications have estimates for a multi-year period in the Executive’s Budget Proposal?

**Answer:**

Administrative classification  
Economic classification  
Functional classification

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

8. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditure estimates for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year) by program?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 8 asks if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.

**A note for francophone countries:** "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as *le plan comptable* or *le plan comptable detaillé*. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures over the multi-year period. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents multi-year estimates for programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if multi-year estimates are not presented by program.

Revenues generally are separated into two major categories: "tax" and "non-tax" revenues. Taxes are compulsory transfers that result from government exercising its sovereign power. The largest sources of tax revenue in some countries are taxes on personal and business income and taxes on goods and services, such as sales or value-added taxes. The category of non-tax revenues is more diverse, ranging from grants from international institutions and foreign governments to funds raised through the sale of government-provided goods and services. Note that some forms of revenue, such as contributions to social security funds, can be considered either a tax or non-tax revenue depending on the nature of the approach to these contributions. Particularly because different revenues have different characteristics, including who bears the burden of paying the tax and how collections are affected by economic conditions, it is helpful when estimates for revenues are disaggregated and displayed based on their sources.

For more information, please refer to the 2001 GFS manual, in particular Appendix 4 (<http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/app4.pdf>).

**Answer:**

a. Yes, multi-year estimates for programs accounting for all expenditures are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents program-specific information accounting for all expenditures. All program-level information is provided in documentation for each administrative unit as part of the Medium-Term Budgetary Framework (MTBF) 2022-23 to 2024-25.

The following link provides the MTBF for 2022-23 to 2024-25 (BY+2):

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB/MTBF](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB/MTBF)

Please note that the document is published in Bangla.

**Comment:**

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**9. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present the individual sources of tax revenue (such as income tax or VAT) for the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 9 assesses the degree to which the individual sources of "tax" revenue are disaggregated in the budget. The largest sources of tax revenue in some countries are taxes on personal and business income and taxes on goods and services, such as sales or value-added taxes.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all individual sources of tax revenue for the budget year, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all tax revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present individual sources of tax revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all tax revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents individual sources of tax revenue that account for less than two-thirds of tax revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of tax revenue are not presented.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, individual sources of tax revenue accounting for all tax revenue are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents Individual sources of tax revenue accounting for all tax revenue. The "other" is around 3%.

See Statement I : Broad Details of Revenue Receipts

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/901a9831\\_63b4\\_4fea\\_89c3\\_206baa24cf59/e\\_St\\_01.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/901a9831_63b4_4fea_89c3_206baa24cf59/e_St_01.pdf)

Also, see Graph I :Operating and Development Budget 2022-23: Resources Coming From

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/210641a5\\_dbbb\\_4aee\\_9d60\\_8af8ba44f882/chart1\\_Eng.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/210641a5_dbbb_4aee_9d60_8af8ba44f882/chart1_Eng.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**10. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present the individual sources of non-tax revenue (such as grants, property income, and sales of government-produced goods and services) for the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 10 assesses the degree to which the individual sources of "non-tax" revenue are disaggregated in the budget. The category of non-tax revenues is diverse, and can include revenue ranging from grants from international institutions and foreign governments to funds raised through the sale of government-provided goods and services.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all individual sources of non-tax revenue for the budget year, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all non-tax revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present individual sources of non-tax revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all non-tax revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents individual sources of non-tax revenue that account for less than two-thirds of non-tax revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of non-tax revenue are not presented.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, individual sources of non-tax revenue accounting for all non-tax revenue are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents Individual sources of non-tax revenue accounting for all non-tax revenues.

See Statement I: Broad Details of Revenue Receipts

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/901a9831\\_63b4\\_4fea\\_89c3\\_206baa24cf59/e\\_St\\_01.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/901a9831_63b4_4fea_89c3_206baa24cf59/e_St_01.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**11. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax) for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 11 evaluates whether revenue estimates are presented for a multi-year period (at least two years beyond the budget year) by "category;" that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of revenues classified by category for at least two years following the budget year in question.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, multi-year estimates of revenue are presented by category.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents multi-year for revenues by broad category. The medium term estimates of revenues cover BY+1 (FY2023-24) and BY+2 (FY2024-25).

See page 95 (Table 4.8: Revenue Projection in the Medium Term) of The Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (2022-23 to 2024-25)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**12. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates for individual sources of revenue presented for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 12 evaluates whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented for a multi-year period (at least two years beyond the budget year). The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.*

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents multi-year estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented for a multi-year period.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, multi-year estimates for individual sources of revenue accounting for less than two-thirds of revenue are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents multi-year for revenues estimates for individual sources of revenue for BY+1 (FY2023-24) and BY+2 (FY2024-25).

See page 95 (Table 4.8: Revenue Projection in the Medium Term) of The Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (2022-23 to 2024-25)  
[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

The individual sources are aggregated for multi-year estimates - only for broad categories of revenue such as Tax Revenue, NBR Tax (including breakdown of Income and Profit, Customs Duties), VAT and Suppl. Duties, Non-NBR Tax and Non-tax revenue.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**13. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 13 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt that the budget should include:

- the amount of net new borrowing required during the entire budget year;
- the central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the entire budget year.

Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens and banks and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the IMF.

Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented for the entire budget year.



**Answer:**

a. Yes, all three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents estimates for all three core elements related to government borrowing and debt for the budget year. See the following from the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS):

Table 4.9 Fiscal Deficit and Debt (Page 97)

Table 4.10 Deficit Financing (FY15 - FY21) (Page 97)

Table 4.11 Medium Term Financing Outlook (Page 101)

Table 4.12 Cost of Financing (Page 103)

Table 4.13 Debt Profile (FY12 - FY21) (Page 106)

Table 4.14 Medium Term Outlook of Debt Stock (Page 108)

link:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

13b. Based on the response to Question 13, check the box(es) below to identify which estimates of government borrowing and debt are presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

**Answer:**

The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year

The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year

The interest payments on outstanding debt for the budget year

**Source:**

See the following from the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS):

Table 4.9 Fiscal Deficit and Debt (Page 97)

Table 4.10 Deficit Financing (FY15 - FY21) (Page 97)

Table 4.11 Medium Term Financing Outlook (Page 101)

Table 4.12 Cost of Financing (Page 103)

Table 4.13 Debt Profile (FY12 - FY21) (Page 106)

Table 4.14 Medium Term Outlook of Debt Stock (Page 108)

link:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

14. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information related to the composition of the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year?"

(The core information must include interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)"

GUIDELINES:

Question 14 focuses on the composition of government debt at the end of the budget year, asking whether "core" information related to its composition is presented. These core components include:

- interest rates on the debt;
- maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether the debt is domestic or external.

The interest rates affect the amount of interest that must be paid to creditors. The maturity profile indicates the final payment date of the loan, at which point the principal (and all remaining interest) is due to be paid; government borrowing typically includes a mix of short-term and long-term debt. As discussed in Question 13, domestic debt is held by a country's citizens, banks, and businesses, while external debt is held by foreigners. These factors related to the composition of the debt give an indication of the potential vulnerability of the country's debt position, and ultimately whether the cost of servicing the accumulated debt is affordable.

Beyond these core elements, a government may also provide additional information related to the composition of its debt, including for instance: whether interest rates are fixed or variable; whether debt is callable; the currency of the debt; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); an analysis of the risk associated with the debt; and where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to the composition of government debt at the end of the budget year as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the composition of government debt is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the composition of the debt outstanding at the end of the budget year.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, information is presented for the composition of the total debt outstanding, but it excludes some core elements.

**Source:**

See the following from the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS):

Table 4.9 Fiscal Deficit and Debt (Page 97)

Table 4.10 Deficit Financing (FY15 - FY21) (Page 97)

Table 4.12 Cost of Financing (Page 103)

Table 4.13 Debt Profile (FY12 - FY21) (Page 106)

Figure 4.9: (page 103) This figure shows interest rates on debt

link:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

Figure 4.9 provides new information on interest rates on debt. (compared to previous OBS rounds). Therefore score is revised to C. The additional information on debt in addition to two core elements. There is a lot of 'beyond the core' information. Please see -

Table 4.11 Medium Term Financing Outlook (Page 101)

Table 4.14 Medium Term Outlook of Debt Stock (Page 108)

Debt sustainability (Page 109)

Peer Reviewer

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**14b. Based on the response to Question 14, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the composition of the total debt outstanding are presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal:**

**Answer:**

Whether the debt is domestic or external  
Information beyond the core elements (please specify)

**Source:**

Data for the amount of domestic and external stock of debt (as well as interest payments) is presented in the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement.

See the following from the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS):

Table 4.9 Fiscal Deficit and Debt (Page 97)

Table 4.10 Deficit Financing (FY15 - FY21) (Page 97)

Table 4.12 Cost of Financing (Page 103)

Table 4.13 Debt Profile (FY12 - FY21) (Page 106)

Beyond the core elements:

Table 4.11 Medium Term Financing Outlook (Page 101)

Table 4.14 Medium Term Outlook of Debt Stock (Page 108)

link:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**15. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget projections are based?"**

**(The core information must include a discussion of the economic outlook with estimates of nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)"**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 15 focuses on the macroeconomic forecast that underlies the budget's revenue and expenditure estimates, asking whether "core" information related to the economic assumptions is presented. These core components include a discussion of the economic outlook as well as estimates of the following:*

- *nominal GDP level;*
- *inflation rate;*
- *real GDP growth; and*
- *interest rates.*

While the core macroeconomic information should be a standard feature of the Executive's Budget Proposal, the importance of some types of macroeconomic assumptions may vary from country to country. For example, the budget estimates of some countries are particularly affected by changes in the price of oil and other commodities.

Beyond these core elements, some governments also provide additional information related to the economic outlook, including for instance: short and long-term interest rates; rate of employment and unemployment; GDP deflator; price of oil and other commodities; current account; exchange rate; and composition of GDP growth.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to the macroeconomic forecast as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the macroeconomic forecast is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the macroeconomic forecast is presented.

**Answer:**

b. Yes, the core information is presented for the macroeconomic forecast.

**Source:**

See the following from the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS):

Table 2.4: Medium Term Macroeconomic Framework (Page 40)

**link:**

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

EBP documentation includes the required information for the budget year estimates (data) for 3 of the 4 core elements related to macroeconomic forecasts (nominal GDP, inflation and real GDP growth), with the only missing core element being projection for interest rates. There is a lot of 'beyond the core' information. Please see

Table 4.11 Medium Term Financing Outlook (Page 101)

Table 4.14 Medium Term Outlook of Debt Stock (Page 108)

Debt sustainability (Page 109)

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**15b. Based on the response to Question 15, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the macroeconomic forecast are included in the Executive's Budget Proposal:**

**Answer:**

Nominal GDP level

Inflation rate

Real GDP growth

Information beyond the core elements (please specify)

**Source:**

Medium Term Macroeconomic Framework (Page 40) includes three core elements (nominal GDP, GDP growth, Inflation), and additional forecast elements such as Export and Import Growth, Monetary Supply Growth and Credit Supply Growth. These elements count as 'beyond the core' elements.

See the following from the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS):

Table 2.4: Medium Term Macroeconomic Framework (Page 40)  
Figure 4.9: Implicit Interest Rate Movement (Figure 4.9, Page 103)

link:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**16. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation show the impact of different macroeconomic assumptions (i.e., sensitivity analysis) on the budget?"**

**(The core information must include estimates of the impact on expenditures, revenue, and debt of different assumptions for the inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)"**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 16 focuses on the issue of whether the Executive's Budget Proposal shows how different macroeconomic assumptions affect the budget estimates (known as a "sensitivity analysis"). It asks whether "core" information related to a sensitivity analysis is presented, estimating the impact on expenditures, revenue, and debt of different assumptions for:*

- *inflation rate;*
- *real GDP growth; and*
- *interest rates.*

*A sensitivity analysis shows the effect on the budget of possible changes in some macroeconomic assumptions, and is important for understanding the impact of the economy on the budget; for instance, what would happen to revenue collections if GDP growth were slower than what is assumed in the budget proposal? Or what would happen to expenditure if inflation were higher than estimated? Or how will revenue be affected by a decrease in the price of oil?*

*As noted for Question 15, changes in certain macroeconomic assumptions, such as the price of oil and other commodities, can have a significant impact on the budget estimates. As a result, some sensitivity analyses may also examine the impact on the budget estimates of changes in assumptions such as the price of oil that are beyond the core elements of the inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.*

*For an example of how a sensitivity analysis may be presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal, see the following:*

- *The United States in its 2021 Budget Analytical Perspectives includes a section titled Sensitivity of the Budget to Economic Assumptions along with a table that shows the impact of each economic scenario on revenues, spending, and the deficit. (see pages 16 – 17, <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/BUDGET-2021-PER/pdf/BUDGET-2021-PER.pdf>).*
- *The Philippines in its 2021 Budget of Expenditures and Sources of Financing (BESF) presents the impact of different macroeconomic assumptions on expenditures, revenue, and debt (see page 131, Table A.6 titled "Budget Sensitivity to Macroeconomic Parameters, 2021," <https://www.dbm.gov.ph/wp-content/uploads/BESF/BESF2021/A6.pdf>); pages 12-13, Technical Notes on the 2021 Proposed National Budget <https://www.dbm.gov.ph/images/pdf/Technical-Notes-on-the-2021-Proposed-National-Budget.pdf>).*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to a "sensitivity analysis" as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to a "sensitivity analysis" is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on "sensitivity analysis" is presented.*

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to different macroeconomic assumptions is not presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does present some information about the sensitivity of baseline macroeconomic and fiscal forecasts to alternative macroeconomic assumptions or developments. However, the documentation lacks a formal sensitivity analysis and/or presentation of alternative forecast scenarios around the baseline forecasts based on alternative macroeconomic assumptions/outcomes for the 5 core elements.

While there is extensive discussion of the macroeconomic forecast in the budget documents, the discussion does not show how changes in the forecast would affect revenues, expenditures, or debt.

See Chapter Two and Three of MTMPS

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**17. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information for at least the budget year that shows how new policy proposals, as distinct from existing policies, affect expenditures?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Questions 17 and 18 ask about new policy proposals in the budget. In any given year, most of the expenditures and revenues in the budget reflect the continuation of existing policies. However, much of the attention during the budget debate is focused on new proposals – whether they call for eliminating an existing program, introducing a new one, or changing an existing program at the margins. Typically, these new proposals are accompanied by an increase, a decrease, or a shift in expenditures or revenues. Because these changes may have different impacts on people's lives, the budget proposal should present sufficient detail about new policies and their budgetary impact.*

*Question 17 asks about new expenditure policies, and Question 18 asks about new revenue policies. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how all new policy proposals affect expenditures (for Question 17) or revenues (for Question 18) and a narrative discussion of the impact of these new policies. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show the impact of all new policy proposals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion of the impact of the new policies, or if it includes estimates that show the impact of only some, but not all, policy proposals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the impact of new policy proposals.*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, information that shows how some but not all new policy proposals affect expenditure is presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation includes limited discussions of distinguishing new versus existing policies (and their respective fiscal impacts). A thorough narrative discussion of budget policy initiatives and their linkage to the Government's broad policy priorities is presented, but it is difficult to assess with any certainty that the coverage of this narrative discussion in EBP documents (the Budget Speech and the Medium-Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement) is complete in its coverage of all new policy proposals.

Please note that some of the expenditure priorities are accompanied with a budget estimate.

1. See Chapter VII (Sectoral Strategies, Action Plans and Resource Mobilization) and VIII (Reforms and Good Governance) of Budget Speech.

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/b29661b6\\_927f\\_4012\\_9f83\\_5ac47dbd6ebd/BG%20Press\\_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/b29661b6_927f_4012_9f83_5ac47dbd6ebd/BG%20Press_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf)

2. See Chapter Three and Four of MTMPS.

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**18. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information for at least the budget year that shows how new policy proposals, as distinct from existing policies, affect revenues?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Questions 17 and 18 ask about new policy proposals in the budget. In any given year, most of the expenditures and revenues in the budget reflect the continuation of existing policies. However, much of the attention during the budget debate is focused on new proposals – whether they call for eliminating an existing program, introducing a new one, or changing an existing program at the margins. Typically, these new proposals are accompanied by an increase, a decrease, or a shift in expenditures or revenues. Because these changes may have different impacts on people's lives, the budget proposal should present sufficient detail about new policies and their budgetary impact.*

*Question 17 asks about new expenditure policies, and Question 18 asks about new revenue policies. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how all new policy proposals affect expenditures (for Question 17) or revenues (for Question 18) and a narrative discussion of the impact of these new policies. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show the impact of all new policy proposals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion of the impact of the new policies, or if it includes estimates that show the impact of only some, but not all, policy proposals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the impact of new policy proposals.*

*Prior-year information constitutes an important benchmark for assessing the proposals for the upcoming budget year. Estimates of prior years should be presented in the same formats (in terms of classification) as the budget year to ensure that year-to-year comparisons are meaningful. For example, if the budget proposes shifting responsibility for a particular program from one administrative unit to another – such as shifting responsibility for the training of nurses from the health department to the education department – the prior-year figures must be adjusted before year-to-year comparisons of administrative budgets can be made.*

*Typically, when the budget proposal is submitted, the year prior to the budget year (BY-1), also known as the current year, has not ended, so the executive will provide estimates of the anticipated outcome for BY-1. The soundness of these estimates is directly related to the degree to which they have been updated to reflect actual expenditures to date, legislative changes that have occurred, and anticipated changes in macroeconomic, caseload, and other relevant factors for the remainder of the year.*

*The first year that can reflect actual outcomes, therefore, is generally two years before the budget year (BY-2). Thus the OECD recommends that data covering at least two years before the budget year (along with two years of projections beyond the budget year) are provided in order to assess fully the trends in the budget.*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, information that shows how some but not all new policy proposals affect revenues are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation includes information showing how some but not all new policy proposals affect revenues. EBP documentation includes estimates of individual revenue sources for the budget year, but with no comprehensive listing to distinguish the fiscal impacts of new versus existing revenue policies. EBP documentation does provide an extensive narrative discussion of revenue policy initiatives, with some explanation for how specific initiatives reflect the Government's broad policy priorities. The scope of narrative discussion describing individual policy measures is particularly extensive and detailed in one chapter of the Budget Speech, while a chapter in the Medium-Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS) provide some limited measurement of expected revenue impacts from policy changes.

1. See Chapter 7 (Sectoral Strategies, Action Plans and Resource Mobilization), Chapter 9 (Revenue Collection Activities) of Budget Speech, Chapter 10 (Income Tax, Value Added Tax and Import-Export Duty) of Budget Speech  
[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/b29661b6\\_927f\\_4012\\_9f83\\_5ac47dbd6ebd/BG%20Press\\_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/b29661b6_927f_4012_9f83_5ac47dbd6ebd/BG%20Press_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf)

2. See Chapter Three (Government Spending and Sectoral Priorities) and Chapter Four (Revenue Mobilization and Debt Strategy) of MTMPS  
[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**19. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 19 asks if expenditure estimates for the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) are presented by one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. (See Questions 1-5 above.)*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates for BY-1 by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates for BY-1 must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates for BY-1 are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates for BY-1 are not presented by any of the three classifications.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-1 are presented by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents estimates for BY-1 for all three expenditure classifications - administrative, economic, and functional classification.

1. Administrative classification in Statement II : Operating and Development Expenditure

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/145c9cf3\\_565f\\_40cc\\_8fb7\\_3cd327979ead/e\\_St\\_02A.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/145c9cf3_565f_40cc_8fb7_3cd327979ead/e_St_02A.pdf)

2. Economic classification in Statement IIB : Economic Analysis of Operating & Development Expenditure

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/budget\\_mof/b3be8b81-2bc5-460e-a1c6-b145c66cca3a/Statement-IIB-Economic-Analysis-of-Operating-Development-Expenditure](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/budget_mof/b3be8b81-2bc5-460e-a1c6-b145c66cca3a/Statement-IIB-Economic-Analysis-of-Operating-Development-Expenditure)

3. Functional classification in Chapter Three (Government Spending and Sectoral Priorities ) of MTMPS

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**



Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**20. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 20 asks if expenditure estimates for the year before the budget year (BY-1) are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.

**A note for francophone countries:** "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as *le plan comptable* or *le plan comptable detaillé*. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for BY-1. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures for BY-1. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, programs accounting for all expenditures are presented for BY-1.

**Source:**

Estimates presented in the MTBF include expenditure for BY-1 by programs.

MTBF 2022-23 is published in Bangla.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB)

**Comment:**

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**21. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, have expenditure estimates of the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) been updated from the original enacted levels to reflect actual expenditures?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 21 asks whether the expenditure estimates for the year before the budget year (BY-1) have been updated from the original enacted levels. Updates can reflect actual experience to date; revised estimates due to shifting of funds by the executive, as permitted under the law; enactment of supplemental budgets; and revised assumptions regarding macroeconomic conditions, caseload, and other relevant factors for the remainder of the year.

Answer "a" applies if the estimates have been updated; answer "b" applies if the original estimates are still being used.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-1 have been updated from the original enacted levels.

**Source:**

EBP documentation expenditure estimates for BY-1 have been updated from the original enacted levels. For example, see BUDGET AT A GLANCE:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/27af2662\\_21fb\\_493a\\_a7f2\\_ac3e8f652bd5/e\\_St\\_00.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/27af2662_21fb_493a_a7f2_ac3e8f652bd5/e_St_00.pdf)

Both 'Budget' and 'Revised' figures are provided for FY 2021-2022

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**22. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of expenditure for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 22 asks if expenditure estimates for more than one year prior to the budget year (BY-2 and prior years) are presented by any of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. (See Questions 1-5 above.)*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are not presented by any of the three classifications*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents estimates for BY-2 for all three expenditure classifications - administrative, economic, and functional classification. Please refer to the column with 'Actual' for BY-2 figures.

1. Administrative classification in Statement 2: Operating and Development Expenditure

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/468463a2\\_e4e1\\_4cf3\\_b3fe\\_b82b9daed2fc/e\\_St\\_02.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/468463a2_e4e1_4cf3_b3fe_b82b9daed2fc/e_St_02.pdf)

2. Economic classification in Statement IIB: Economic Analysis of Operating & Development Expenditure:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/04235e73\\_d3c1\\_4721\\_b90a\\_c4b57c527347/St\\_02B%20\(1\).pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/04235e73_d3c1_4721_b90a_c4b57c527347/St_02B%20(1).pdf)

3. Functional classification in Chapter Three (Government Spending and Sectoral Priorities )and of MTMPS.

MTMPS:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
**Opinion:** Agree

22b. Based on the response to Question 22, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications have estimates for more than one year prior to the budget year in the Executive Budget Proposal:

**Answer:**

Administrative classification  
Economic classification  
Functional classification

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents estimates for BY-2 for all three expenditure classifications - administrative, economic, and functional classification. Please refer to the column with 'Actual' for BY-2 figures.

1. Administrative classification in Statement 2: Operating and Development Expenditure

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/468463a2\\_e4e1\\_4cf3\\_b3fe\\_b82b9daed2fc/e\\_St\\_02.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/468463a2_e4e1_4cf3_b3fe_b82b9daed2fc/e_St_02.pdf)

2. Economic classification in Statement IIB: Economic Analysis of Operating & Development Expenditure:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/04235e73\\_d3c1\\_4721\\_b90a\\_c4b57c527347/St\\_02B%20\(1\).pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/04235e73_d3c1_4721_b90a_c4b57c527347/St_02B%20(1).pdf)

3. Functional classification in Chapter Three (Government Spending and Sectoral Priorities )and of MTMPS.

MTMPS:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
**Opinion:** Agree

23. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for more than one year preceding the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 23 asks if expenditure estimates for more than one year before the budget year (BY-2 and prior years) are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.

**A note for francophone countries:** "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as *le plan comptable* or *le plan comptable detaillé*. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for BY-2 and prior years. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures for BY-2 and prior years. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.

**Answer:**

b. Yes, programs accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, expenditures are presented for BY-2 and prior years.

**Source:**

MTBF presents expenditure for BY-2 by programs.

Please note that: MTBF is published in Bangla.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AE-%E0%A6%9F%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF-%E0%A6%8F%E0%A6%AB)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**24. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which all expenditures reflect actual outcomes?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 24 asks for which year the actual outcomes for expenditures are shown. In most cases, the most recent year for which budget data on actual outcomes are available will be BY-2, as BY-1 is generally not yet finished when the budget proposal is drafted. So a government that has updated all its expenditure data for BY-2 to reflect what actually occurred, as opposed to estimating the outcome for that year, shows good public financial management practice.

For an "a" answer, a country must meet the good practice of having the figures for BY-2 reflect actual outcomes.

**Answer:**

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents estimates for BY-2 for all three expenditure classifications - administrative, economic, and functional classification. Please refer to the column with 'Actual' for BY-2 figures.

1. Administrative classification in Statement 2: Operating and Development Expenditure

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/468463a2\\_e4e1\\_4cf3\\_b3fe\\_b82b9daed2fc/e\\_St\\_02.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/468463a2_e4e1_4cf3_b3fe_b82b9daed2fc/e_St_02.pdf)

2. Economic classification in Statement IIB: Economic Analysis of Operating & Development Expenditure:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/04235e73\\_d3c1\\_4721\\_b90a\\_c4b57c527347/St\\_02B%20\(1\).pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/04235e73_d3c1_4721_b90a_c4b57c527347/St_02B%20(1).pdf)

3. Functional classification in Chapter Three (Government Spending and Sectoral Priorities )and of MTMPS.

MTMPS:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**25. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue by category (such as tax and non-tax) for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-1 are presented by category.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does present revenue estimates for BY-1 by broad category (e.g. tax and non-tax revenues)

Statement I: Broad Details of Revenue Receipts

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/901a9831\\_63b4\\_4fea\\_89c3\\_206baa24cf59/e\\_St\\_01.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/901a9831_63b4_4fea_89c3_206baa24cf59/e_St_01.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**26. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present individual sources of revenue for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue are presented for BY-1.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does present revenue estimates for BY-1 by broad category (e.g. tax and non-tax revenues)

Statement I: Broad Details of Revenue Receipts

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/901a9831\\_63b4\\_4fea\\_89c3\\_206baa24cf59/e\\_St\\_01.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/901a9831_63b4_4fea_89c3_206baa24cf59/e_St_01.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**27. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, have the original estimates of revenue for the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) been updated to reflect actual revenue collections?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-1 have been updated from the original enacted levels.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does present updated revenue estimates. For example, see Statement I: Broad Details of Revenue Receipts:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/901a9831\\_63b4\\_4fea\\_89c3\\_206baa24cf59/e\\_St\\_01.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/901a9831_63b4_4fea_89c3_206baa24cf59/e_St_01.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**28. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax) for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by category.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does present revenue estimates for BY-2 by category (e.g. tax and non-tax revenues)

Statement I: Broad Details of Revenue Receipts

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/901a9831\\_63b4\\_4fea\\_89c3\\_206baa24cf59/e\\_St\\_01.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/901a9831_63b4_4fea_89c3_206baa24cf59/e_St_01.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**29. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present individual sources of revenue for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.*

**Answer:**

b. Yes, individual sources of revenue accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, revenue are presented for BY-2 and prior years.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does present revenue estimates for BY-2 by broad category (e.g. tax and non-tax revenues)

Statement I: Broad Details of Revenue Receipts

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/901a9831\\_63b4\\_4fea\\_89c3\\_206baa24cf59/e\\_St\\_01.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/901a9831_63b4_4fea_89c3_206baa24cf59/e_St_01.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**30. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which all revenues reflect actual outcomes?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.*

**Answer:**

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

**Source:**

EBP documentation present actual revenue estimates for BY-2

Statement I: Broad Details of Revenue Receipts

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/901a9831\\_63b4\\_4fea\\_89c3\\_206baa24cf59/e\\_St\\_01.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/901a9831_63b4_4fea_89c3_206baa24cf59/e_St_01.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

31. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?"

(The core information must include the total debt outstanding at the end of BY-1; the amount of net new borrowing required during BY-1; interest payments on the debt; interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)"

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 31 focuses on prior-year debt information, rather than on prior-year expenditures or revenues, asking whether "core" information is provided on government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1).

The "core" information includes:

- total debt outstanding at the end of BY-1;
- amount of net new borrowing required during BY-1;
- interest payments on the debt;
- interest rates on the debt instruments;
- maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether it is domestic or external debt.

This core information for BY-1 is consistent with the budget year information for borrowing and debt, which is examined in Questions 13 and 14. Please note that for the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

In addition, some governments provide information beyond the core elements, such as gross new borrowing required during BY-1; currency of the debt; whether the debt carries a fixed or variable interest rate; whether it is callable; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for BY-1 as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to government borrowing and debt, including its composition, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on government borrowing and debt for BY-1.

**Answer:**

b. Yes, the core information is presented for government debt.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents core information for government borrowing and debt for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1), i.e. 2021-22.

Tables presented in the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement provide BY-1 data for some but not all core elements. But there is no information on maturity profile.

See the following from the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS):

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS\\_2020-21\\_English.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS_2020-21_English.pdf)

1. New borrowing: Table 4.11: Medium-Term Financing Outlook, P. 101

2. Total stock of outstanding debt: Table 4.14: Medium-Term Outlook of Debt Stock, P. 108, including whether the debt is domestic or external

3. Interest payments: Table 3.10: Interest Payment on Government Borrowings (% of budget), P.54

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**



Opinion: Agree

**32. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which the debt figures reflect actual outcomes?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 32 asks for which year the actual outcome for total debt outstanding is shown. In most cases, the most recent year for which budget data on actual outcomes are available will be BY-2, as BY-1 is generally not yet finished when the budget proposal is drafted. So a government that has updated its debt data for BY-2 to reflect what actually occurred, as opposed to estimating the outcome for that year, shows good public financial management practice.*

*For an "a" answer, a country must meet the good practice of having the figures for BY-2 reflect actual outcomes.*

*It is essential that all government activities that may have an impact on the budget – in the current budget year or in future budget years – be fully disclosed to the legislature and the public in budget documents. In some countries, for instance, entities outside central government (such as public corporations) undertake fiscal activities that could affect current and future budgets. Similarly, activities that can have a significant impact on the budget, such as payment arrears and contingent liabilities, sometimes are not properly captured by the regular presentations of expenditure, revenue, and debt.*

**Answer:**

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

**Source:**

EBP documentation includes actual data for debt-related indicators for BY-2 (FY2020-21).

See the following from the Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS):

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS\\_2020-21\\_English.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS_2020-21_English.pdf)

1. New borrowing: Table 4.11: Medium-Term Financing Outlook, P. 101
2. Total stock of outstanding debt: Table 4.14: Medium-Term Outlook of Debt Stock, P. 108, including whether the debt is domestic or external

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**33. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on extra-budgetary funds for at least the budget year?**

**(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the extra-budgetary fund; and complete income, expenditure, and financing data on a gross basis.)"**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 33 focuses on extra-budgetary funds, asking whether "core" information related to these funds, which exist outside the budget, are presented. These core components include:*

- *a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the extra-budgetary fund (i.e., why was a particular fund set up? what is it used for?); and*
- *estimates of its income, expenditure, and financing. (These estimates should be presented on a gross basis so that it is possible to tell how much money flows through each extra-budgetary fund.)*

*In most countries, governments engage in certain budgetary activities that are not included in the central government's budget. Known as extra-budgetary funds, they can range in size and scope. For example, countries frequently set up pension and social security programs as extra-budgetary funds, where the revenues collected and the benefits paid are recorded in a separate fund outside the budget. Another example of an extra-budgetary fund can be found in countries dependent on hydrocarbon/mineral resources, where revenues from producing and selling those resources are channeled through systems outside the annual budget.*

*In some cases, the separation engendered by an extra-budgetary fund serves a legitimate political purpose, and the finances and activities of these funds are well documented. In other cases, however, this structure is used for obfuscation, and little or nothing is known about a fund's finances and activities.*

*The availability of information related to extra-budgetary funds is essential for a comprehensive understanding of the government's true fiscal position. In addition to the core information, other information about extra-budgetary funds is also desirable. Such information includes a discussion of the risks associated with the extra-budgetary fund; expenditures classified by economic, functional, or administrative unit; and the rules and procedures that govern the operations and management of the extra-budgetary fund.*

*For more information about extra-budgetary funds, see the Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>) and Principle 2.1.1 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>).*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to extra-budgetary funds as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. A "b" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation presents all of the core information. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to extra-budgetary funds is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on extra-budgetary funds.*

*Please provide in the comments a list of all known extra-budgetary funds.*

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to extra-budgetary funds is not presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does not provide information on extra-budgetary funds.

**Comment:**

2016 PEFA report:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/2cb25ee7\\_d82c\\_4a1f\\_81ae\\_bacc4a03374e/Bangladesh%20-%20PEFA%20Report%202016.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/2cb25ee7_d82c_4a1f_81ae_bacc4a03374e/Bangladesh%20-%20PEFA%20Report%202016.pdf)

P. 26: "In Bangladesh, there are various kinds of extra-budgetary funds existing in the budget. Some are investment in nature and some are by contribution such as endowment funds and grants. These latter funds primarily exist for social welfare to disadvantaged segments of society such as provided by Climate Change Trust Fund, Bangladesh NGO Foundation Endowment Fund, Gas Development Fund/Renewable Energy Development Fund, Bangladesh Municipal Development Fund, Prime Minister's Discretionary Grant/Fund, and others. The Institute of Public Finance has an endowment fund used to run its operations, including training classes. Information on these funds is not readily available, and they are not included in central government accounts."

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**34. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present central government finances (both budgetary and extra-budgetary) on a consolidated basis for at least the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 34 asks whether the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documents present the finances of the central government on a consolidated basis, showing both its budgetary and extra-budgetary activities. Virtually all of the questions in the OBS questionnaire focus on budgetary central government – the activities of the ministries, departments, or agencies of central government. In addition, Question 33 asks about extra-budgetary funds, such as social security*

funds that are not included in the budget.

Coverage is an important aspect of fiscal reporting. Budget documents should cover the full scope of government's financial activity. In many countries, extra-budgetary activities are substantial, and can represent a sizable share of the central government's activities. To get a full picture of the central government's finances, therefore, it is necessary to examine both activities that are included in the budget and those that are extra-budgetary. This question asks whether such a consolidated presentation of central government finances, including both revenues and expenditures, is provided.

The central government is only one component of the overall public sector. The public sector also includes other levels of government, such as state and local government, and public corporations. (See Box 2.1 under Principle 1.1.1 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018):

<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml> For the purpose of answering this question, please consider only the central government level.

In order to answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present central government finances (both budgetary and extra-budgetary) on a consolidated basis for at least the budget year.

**Answer:**

b. No, central government finances are not presented on a consolidated basis.

**Source:**

Although there are tables referring to "Consolidated Funds", it appears that there are also EBFs that are not fully captured by these "consolidated" reports. Table 1 of Annual Financial Statement (Summary of Budget Estimates) shows Consolidated Fund - Receipts and Consolidated Fund - Expenditure as well as other items previously cited as aggregate EBF receipts and payments (Public Accounts). However, other indications suggest that not all EBFs are included within this accounting.

See Annual Financial Statement 2022-23

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/74b73170\\_f44f\\_4618\\_9a13\\_5f333ae23749/SUMMARY%20OF%20BUDGET%20ESTIMATES.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/74b73170_f44f_4618_9a13_5f333ae23749/SUMMARY%20OF%20BUDGET%20ESTIMATES.pdf)

Consolidated Fund Receipts 2022-23

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/a17a0b17\\_5e0f\\_488a\\_9a87\\_ac04ac9b3f4b/Summary%20By%20MinistryDivision.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/a17a0b17_5e0f_488a_9a87_ac04ac9b3f4b/Summary%20By%20MinistryDivision.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**35. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of intergovernmental transfers for at least the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 35 asks about intergovernmental transfers. In many cases, the central government supports the provision of a good or service by a lower level of government through an intergovernmental transfer of funds. This is necessary because, independent from the level of administrative decentralization that exists in a given country, the capacity for revenue collection of a local government is unlikely to be sufficient to pay for all its expenses. However, because the activity is not being undertaken by an administrative unit of the central government, it is unlikely to receive the same level of review in the budget. Thus it is important to include in the budget proposal a statement that explicitly indicates the amount and purposes of these transfers.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all intergovernmental transfers and a narrative discussing these transfers. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all intergovernmental transfers are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, intergovernmental transfers (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of intergovernmental transfers are presented.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all intergovernmental transfers are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation includes an estimate of all intergovernmental transfers, but with no narrative discussion. However, as the estimate is presented as an aggregate figure, answer choice "c" is selected.

"Grants to Other General Government Units"

Block Allocations, Statement IV: Economic Analysis of Operating Expenditure.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**36. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present alternative displays of expenditures (such as by gender, by age, by income, or by region) to illustrate the financial impact of budget policies on different groups of citizens, for at least the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 36 asks about "alternative displays" of expenditures that highlight the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens. As discussed above, expenditures are typically presented by at least one of three classifications – administrative, functional, and economic classifications (see Questions 1-5) – and by individual program (Question 6). In addition, governments can provide alternative displays to emphasize different aspects of expenditure policies and to show who benefits from these expenditures.*

*For the purpose of answering this question, the alternative presentation must differ from the presentations (such as administrative, functional, or economic classifications or presentation by program) used to answer other questions. The alternative display can cover all expenditures or only a portion of expenditures. For instance, it can show how all expenditures are distributed according to geographic region or it can show how selected expenditures (such as the health budget or the agriculture budget) are distributed to different regions. But such a geographic display must be something different than the presentation of intergovernmental transfers used to answer question 35. One exception is when a country includes a special presentation of all policies intended to benefit the most impoverished populations (and is used to answer Question 52) then that can be considered an alternative display for purposes of answering this question as well. Finally, brief fact sheets showing how proposals in the budget benefit particular groups would be insufficient; only more detailed presentations would be considered.*

*The IBP Budget Brief, "How Transparent are Governments When it Comes to Their Budget's Impact on Poverty and Inequality?"*

*(<https://www.internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/government-transparency-of-budgets-impact-on-poverty-inequality-ibp-2019.pdf>) includes a discussion of the importance of alternative displays of budget information and provides a number of examples. For instance,*

- *Bangladesh in its 2017-18 Budget included a detailed supplementary Gender Budgeting Report, which presents the spending dedicated to advancing women across various departments. (<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/3bb14732-b5b1-44df-9921-efedf1496295>).*
- *The UK's 2017 budget included a supplementary analysis that provided a distributional analysis of the budget by households in different income groups (see [https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/661465/distributional\\_analysis\\_autumn\\_budget\\_2017.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/661465/distributional_analysis_autumn_budget_2017.pdf))*
- *South Africa's 2017 Budget Review goes beyond the standard presentation of intergovernmental transfers, discussing the redistribution that results from national revenue flowing to the provinces and municipalities and presenting the allocations on a per capita basis (see chapter 6, <http://www.treasury.gov.za/documents/national%20budget/2017/review/FullBR.pdf>).*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must include at least three different presentations that illustrate the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens for at least the budget year. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must include at least two different alternative displays of expenditures. A "c" applies if only one type of alternative display of expenditure is presented. Answer "d" applies if no alternative display of expenditure is presented.*

**Answer:**

b. Yes, two alternative displays of expenditures are presented to illustrate the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens.

**Source:**

The Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (MTMPS) document mentions the policy impacts on poverty and gender (page 1-12, 72-74), social security and welfare (page 62-64), climate change (page 20-21), amongst others.

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

Also, please see the Poverty and Gender budget for 2022-23  
<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/90f1a603-079b-4859-9035-491e44b5d8ef>

Climate change and child budget reports were not published in 2022-23.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**36b. Based on the response to Question 36, select the box(es) below to identify which types of alternative displays are included in the Executive's Budget Proposal:**

**Answer:**

Impacts of budget policies by income  
Impacts of budget policies by gender

**Source:**

Also, please see the Poverty and Gender budget for 2022-23  
<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/90f1a603-079b-4859-9035-491e44b5d8ef>

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**37. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of transfers to public corporations for at least the budget year?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 37 asks about transfers to public corporations. It is often the case that governments have a stake in enterprises that manage resources that are*

particularly relevant for the public good (such as electricity, water, and oil). While these public corporations can operate independently, in some cases the government will provide direct support by making transfers to these corporations, including to subsidize capital investment and operating expenses.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all transfers to public corporations and a narrative discussing the purposes of these transfers. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all transfers to public corporations are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, transfers to public corporations (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "c" also applies if estimates of transfers to public corporations are presented as a single line item. Answer "d" applies if no estimates of transfers to public corporations are presented.

Please provide in the comments a list of all known public corporations.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, estimates of all transfers to public corporations are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents estimates of all transfers to public corporations in a separate document with a narrative discussion.

See, Budget for State owned Enterprises (SoE) 2022-23

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof\\_sow/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof_sow/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**38. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on quasi-fiscal activities for at least the budget year?**

**(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the quasi-fiscal activity and the intended beneficiaries.)**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 38 focuses on quasi-fiscal activities, asking whether "core" information related to such activities is presented. These core components include:

- A statement of purpose or policy rationale for the quasi-fiscal activity (i.e., what is the reason for engaging in this activity?);
- The identification of intended beneficiaries of the quasi-fiscal activity.

The term "quasi-fiscal activities" refers to a broad range of activities that are fiscal in character and could be carried out through the regular budget process but are not. For example, a quasi-fiscal activity could take place if, instead of providing a direct subsidy through the budget for a particular activity, a public financial institution provides an indirect subsidy by offering loans at below-market rates for that activity. Similarly, it is a quasi-fiscal activity when an enterprise provides goods or services at prices below commercial rates to certain individuals or groups to support the government's policy goals.

The above examples are policy choices that may be approved by the government and legislature. However, quasi-fiscal activities can also involve activities that violate or circumvent a country's budget process laws or are not subject to the regular legislative approval process for expenditures. For example, the executive may issue an informal order to a government entity, such as a public commercial enterprise, to provide the executive with goods and services that normally would have to be purchased with funding authorized by the legislature. All quasi-fiscal activities should be disclosed to the public and subject to public scrutiny.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about quasi-fiscal activities, including for example: the anticipated duration of the quasi-fiscal activity; a quantification of the activity and the assumptions that support these estimates; and a discussion of the fiscal significance and potential risks associated with the activity, including the impact on the entity carrying out the activity. Principle 3.3.2 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>) provides examples of quasi-fiscal activities that can be consulted as needed. And more details on quasi-fiscal activities can be found in the Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to all quasi-fiscal activities for at

least the budget year as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to quasi-fiscal activities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on quasi-fiscal activities.

If quasi-fiscal activities do not represent a significant problem in your country, please mark "e." However, please exercise caution in answering this question.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements or some quasi-fiscal activities.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents some information about QFAs.

Please see Budget Speech 2022-23 (Page 17):

Various credit support programs under the COVID-19 stimulus packages still continuing. These are not fiscal activities so appear to be quasi-fiscal in nature.

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/b29661b6\\_927f\\_4012\\_9f83\\_5ac47dbd6ebd/BG%20Press\\_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/b29661b6_927f_4012_9f83_5ac47dbd6ebd/BG%20Press_Speech%202022-23%20English%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**39. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on financial assets held by the government for at least the budget year?**

**(The core information must include a listing of the assets, and an estimate of their value.)**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 39 focuses on financial assets held by the government, asking whether "core" information related to these assets is presented. These core components include:

- A listing of the financial assets; and
- An estimate of their value.

Governments own financial assets such as cash, bonds, or equities. Unlike private sector businesses, however, few governments maintain balance sheets that show the value of their assets and liabilities.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about financial assets, including for example: a discussion of their purpose; historical information on defaults; differences between reported values and market values; and a summary of financial assets as part of the government's balance sheet.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year all of the core information related to all financial assets held by the government as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to financial assets is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on financial assets held by the government.

**Answer:**

b. Yes, the core information is presented for all financial assets.

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides information about financial assets held by the government. Please see the Page 7 (Financial Assets part)

Economic Analysis Summary, Consolidated Fund Receipts 2022-23.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/134e0e1e\\_023e\\_4399\\_bcc0\\_98dc1725037c/Economic%20Analysis%20Summary.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/134e0e1e_023e_4399_bcc0_98dc1725037c/Economic%20Analysis%20Summary.pdf)

**Comment:****Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**40. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on nonfinancial assets held by the government for at least the budget year?**

**(The core information must include a listing of the assets by category.)**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 40 focuses on nonfinancial assets held by the government, asking whether "core" information related to these assets is presented. The core information is a listing of nonfinancial assets, grouped by the type (or category) of asset.*

*Nonfinancial assets are things of value that the government owns or controls (excluding financial assets) such as land, buildings, and machinery. The valuation of public nonfinancial assets can be problematic, particularly in cases where the asset is not typically available on the open market (such as a government monument). In these cases, it is considered acceptable to provide summary information in budget documents from a country's register of assets. But, in some cases, governments are able to value their nonfinancial assets; some present a summary of nonfinancial assets as part of their balance sheets. For an example of how nonfinancial assets are presented in one of the many supporting documents to the New Zealand Executive's Budget Proposal, see the Forecast Financial Statement 2011, Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued), Note 14, accessible here: <https://treasury.govt.nz/sites/default/files/2011-05/befu11-pt6of8.pdf>.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year a listing by category of all nonfinancial assets held by the government as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to nonfinancial assets is presented, but some nonfinancial assets are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on nonfinancial assets held by the government.*

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to nonfinancial assets is not presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides some information about non-financial assets held by the government, but core elements are excluded.

See Sale of non-financial assets, Consolidated Fund Receipts, Economic Analysis Summary, 2022-23

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/134e0e1e\\_023e\\_4399\\_bcc0\\_98dc1725037c/Economic%20Analysis%20Summary.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/134e0e1e_023e_4399_bcc0_98dc1725037c/Economic%20Analysis%20Summary.pdf)

**Comment:**

Only the sale/ acquisition of non-financial assets is mentioned in the Consolidated statement. As per OBS guidelines, this indicator is looking for a stock, not flow (sales) of non-financial assets.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**



Opinion: Agree

**41. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of expenditure arrears for at least the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 41 asks about estimates of expenditure arrears, which arise when government has entered into a commitment to spend funds but has not made the payment when it is due. (For more information see sections 3.49-3.50 of the IMF's GFS Manual 2001, <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/all.pdf> (page 29)). Though equivalent to borrowing, this liability is often not recorded in the budget, making it difficult to assess fully a government's financial position. Moreover, the obligation to repay this debt affects the government's ability to pay for other activities.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all expenditure arrears and a narrative discussing the arrears. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all expenditure arrears are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, expenditure arrears (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of expenditure arrears are presented. Answer "d" also applies if information is only available for the changes in arrears, and not the stock or balance of arrears.

If expenditure arrears do not represent a significant problem in your country, please mark "e." However, please exercise caution in answering this question. Public expenditure management laws and regulations often will allow for reasonable delays, perhaps 30 or 60 days, in the routine payment of invoices due. Expenditure arrears impacting a small percentage of expenditure that are due to contractual disputes should not be considered a significant problem for the purpose of answering this question.

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of expenditure arrears are not presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does not present any estimates for payments of expenditure arrears for the budget year.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**42. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on contingent liabilities, such as government loan guarantees or insurance programs, for at least the budget year?**

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each contingent liability; the new guarantees or insurance commitments proposed for the budget year; and the total amount of outstanding guarantees or insurance commitments (the gross exposure) at the end of the budget year.)

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 42 focuses on contingent liabilities, asking whether "core" information related to these liabilities is presented. These core components include:

- a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each contingent liability;
- the new contingent liabilities for the budget year, such as new guarantees or insurance commitments proposed for the budget year; and
- the total amount of outstanding guarantees or insurance commitments at the end of the budget year. This reflects the gross exposure of the government in the case that all guarantees or commitments come due (even though that may be unlikely to occur).

Contingent liabilities are recognized under a cash accounting method only when the contingent event occurs and the payment is made. An example of such

liabilities is the case of loans guaranteed by the central government, which can include loans to state-owned banks and other state-owned commercial enterprises, subnational governments, or private enterprises. Under such guarantees, government will only make a payment if the borrower defaults. Thus a key issue for making quantitative estimates of these liabilities is assessing the likelihood of the contingency occurring.

In the budget, according to the OECD, "[w]here feasible, the total amount of contingent liabilities should be disclosed and classified by major category reflecting their nature; historical information on defaults for each category should be disclosed where available. In cases where contingent liabilities cannot be quantified, they should be listed and described."

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about contingent liabilities, including for example: historical default rates for each program, and likely default rates in the future; the maximum guarantee that is authorized by law; any special financing associated with the guarantee (e.g., whether fees are charged, whether a reserve fund exists for the purpose of paying off guarantees, etc.); the duration of each guarantee; and an estimate of the fiscal significance and potential risks associated with the guarantees.

For more details on contingent liabilities, see *Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget* (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>) and page 59 (Box 11) and Principle 3.2.3 of the IMF's *Fiscal Transparency Handbook* (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year all of the core information related to contingent liabilities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to contingent liabilities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on contingent liabilities.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements or some contingent liabilities.

**Source:**

EBP documentation presents some information about contingent liabilities for the budget year, but some core elements are not provided.

Some discussions but no information on the new contingent liabilities for the budget year, such as new guarantees or insurance commitments proposed for the budget year;

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Disagree

**Suggested Answer:**

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements or some contingent liabilities.

**Comments:** Every year in the Budget in Brief, Government publishes the contingent liabilities or guarantee list. Please see Budget in Brief, 2022-23 and after downloading it see the contingent liabilities list (ST-6A1\_Bank Guarantee\_E) which states the purpose of guarantee, the total outstanding and the issue date. Please note that by seeing the issue date we can identify which one is the new guarantee given by the Government in favor of a bank. <https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/f9aab5cd-f644-47bb-bb94-a70cb64c15ce>

**Researcher Response**

Thank you. Agreed with government reviewer and revised to C.

43. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present projections that assess the government's future liabilities and the sustainability of its finances over the longer term?

(The core information must cover a period of at least 10 years and include the macroeconomic and demographic assumptions used and a discussion of the fiscal implications and risks highlighted by the projections.)

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 43 focuses on government's future liabilities and the sustainability of its finances over the longer-term, asking whether "core" information related to these issues is presented. These core components must include:

- Projections that cover a period of at least 10 years.
- The macroeconomic and demographic assumptions used in making the projections.
- A discussion of the fiscal implications and risks highlighted by the projections. Good public financial management calls for budgets to include fiscal sustainability analyses.

The IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) ([https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml](https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml)) recommends that governments regularly publish the projected evolution of the public finances over the longer term (see Principle 3.1.3.). Future liabilities are a particularly important element when assessing the sustainability of public finances over the long term. Future liabilities are the result of government commitments that, unlike contingent liabilities, are virtually certain to occur at some future point and result in an expenditure. A typical example consists of government obligations to pay pension benefits or cover health care costs of future retirees. Under a cash accounting system, only current payments associated with such obligations are recognized in the budget. To capture the future impact on the budget of these liabilities, a separate statement is required.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about the sustainability of their finances, including for example: projections that cover 20 or 30 years; multiple scenarios with different sets of assumptions; assumptions about other factors (such as the depletion of natural resources) that go beyond just the core macroeconomic and demographic data; and a detailed presentation of particular programs that have long time horizons, such as civil service pensions.

For more details on future liabilities, see Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to future liabilities and the sustainability of government finances over the longer term as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to future liabilities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on future liabilities and the sustainability of government's finances

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to future liabilities and the sustainability of finances over the longer term is not presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does not provide long-term projections of fiscal sustainability (covering a period of at least 10 years) based on a stated set of macroeconomic and demographic assumptions nor a statement of the fiscal implications and risks highlighted by the such long-term projections.

There is only a general reference in the MTMPS document (P.109) to a Debt Sustainability Analysis (DSA) conducted as part of the Government's medium and long-term planning for borrowing.

See Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement (P.109)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS\\_2020-21\\_English.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS_2020-21_English.pdf)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**44. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of the sources of donor assistance, both financial and in-kind, for at least the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 44 asks about estimates of donor assistance, both financial and in-kind assistance. Such assistance is considered non-tax revenue, and the sources of this assistance should be explicitly identified. In terms of in-kind assistance, the concern is primarily with the provision of goods (particularly those for which there is a market that would allow goods received as in-kind aid to be sold, thereby converting them into cash) rather than with in-kind aid like advisors from a donor country providing technical assistance.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all donor assistance and a narrative discussing the assistance. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all donor assistance are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, donor assistance (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "c" also applies if the sources of donor assistance are not presented, but the total amount of donor assistance is presented as a single line item. Answer "d" applies if no estimates of donor assistance are presented. Select answer "e" if your country does not receive donor assistance.*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all sources of donor assistance are presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does provide estimates of donor assistance, but the available data is not complete in that it does not provide sufficient detail about the specific sources of assistance. Nor does EBP documentation provide any narrative discussion about the sources, types or uses for donor assistance.

The Budget in Brief document provides an aggregate statement of the value of different broad categories of foreign assistance, Statement V: Foreign Assistance

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/34da1a1f\\_c8d3\\_4d31\\_a80d\\_aed4d72fccad/e\\_St\\_05.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/34da1a1f_c8d3_4d31_a80d_aed4d72fccad/e_St_05.pdf)

Statement IX: Resources for ADP, P. 50 (noting this includes aggregate figure for the amount of "project aid")

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/ddad5f29\\_e81e\\_4045\\_a1ab\\_9ae10c689047/e\\_St\\_09.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/ddad5f29_e81e_4045_a1ab_9ae10c689047/e_St_09.pdf)

ADP document is considered as part of EBP. Ministry of Planning prepares ADP. Budget consists of Operating and Development Budget. Ministry of Finance prepares operating budget while Ministry of Planning prepares development budget. Both ADP and EBP are released at the same time when budget is presented in the parliament

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:**

a. Yes, estimates of all sources of donor assistance are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

**Comments:** The distinguished researcher rightly pointed out that development budget is prepared by the Planning Division under Planning Commission in Bangladesh. Like Finance Division, Planning Division also publishes a detailed book on annual development projects/programs every year and it is submitted to the parliament. This book is published in Bangla. It details the source of project assistance or loan and narratives are given in the tables for example, how much resources are allocated for recurrent or capital expenditures. Please see the URL below [https://plandiv.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/plandiv.portal.gov.bd/notices/75c9d61c\\_f200\\_41e6\\_936d\\_592928478bbf/2022-2023-ADP-BOOK%20\(1\).pdf](https://plandiv.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/plandiv.portal.gov.bd/notices/75c9d61c_f200_41e6_936d_592928478bbf/2022-2023-ADP-BOOK%20(1).pdf) An example: Please see page no 62, Serial no 15, in the column 2, it is mentioned 9in Bangla) that the project assistance source is from World Bank.

**Researcher Response**

Thank you. However, from Javascript it is seen that it is published online on 3rd July 2022, after budget has been enacted. As such, this can be considered as per the OBS methodology.

45. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on tax expenditures for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each tax expenditure, the intended beneficiaries, and an estimate of the revenue foregone.)

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 45 focuses on tax expenditures, asking whether "core" information related to these tax preferences is presented. These core components must include for both new and existing tax expenditures:

- a statement of purpose or policy rationale;
- a listing of the intended beneficiaries; and
- an estimate of the revenue foregone.

Tax expenditures arise as a result of exceptions or other preferences in the tax code provided for specified entities, individuals, or activities. Tax expenditures often have the same impact on public policy and budgets as providing direct subsidies, benefits, or goods and services. For example, encouraging a company to engage in more research through a special tax break can have the same effect as subsidizing it directly through the expenditure side of the budget, as it still constitutes a cost in terms of foregone revenues. However, expenditure items that require annual authorization are likely to receive more scrutiny than tax breaks that are a permanent feature of the tax code.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about tax expenditures, including for example: the intended beneficiaries by sector and income class (distributional impact); a statement of the estimating assumptions, including the definition of the benchmark against which the foregone revenue is measured; and a discussion of tax expenditures as part of a general discussion of expenditures for those program areas that receive both types of government support (in order to better inform policy choices). For more details on tax expenditures, see Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>) and Principle 1.1.4 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, all of the core information related to tax expenditures as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to tax expenditures is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on tax expenditures.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements or some tax expenditures.

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides some limited information about tax expenditures through selective identification and discussions of selected specific tax-related concessions, but there is no comprehensive purpose-specific statement of tax expenditures and no estimates of revenue foregone for the tax concessions that are mentioned. The source of the information about selected tax concessions is the Budget Speech 2022-23.

Chapter VI: Revenue Collection Activities (132-137) and Chapter VII  
Income Tax, Value Added Tax and Import-Export Duty (P. 138-180)

These sections of the Budget Speech highlights some specific tax concessions including in some cases a brief explanation of their respective policy rationale and the concessionary rates.

The MTMPS document provides an estimate of the impacts on Government revenues (i.e. foregone revenue). See page 87 of MTMPS: Tax Exemptions and its Impact on Revenue Collection

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

46. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of earmarked revenues for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 46 asks about estimates of earmarked revenues, which are revenues that may only be used for a specific purpose (for example, revenues from a tax on fuel that can only be used for building roads). This information is important in determining which revenues are available to fund the government's general expenses, and which revenues are reserved for particular purposes.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all individual earmarked revenues and a narrative discussing the earmarks. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all individual earmarked revenues are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, earmarked revenues (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of earmarked revenues are presented. An "e" response applies if revenue is not earmarked or the practice is disallowed by law or regulation.

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of earmarked revenues are not presented.

**Source:**

EBP documentation does not provide estimates for earmarked revenues.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**47. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on how the proposed budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Questions 47 and 48 ask about information that shows how the budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to the government's policy goals. The budget is the executive's main policy document, the culmination of the executive's planning and budgeting processes. Therefore, it should include a clear description of the link between policy goals and the budget – that is, an explicit explanation of how the government's policy goals are reflected in its budget choices. For an example of a discussion of a government's policy goals in the budget, see pages 13-18 of New Zealand's 2011 Statement of Intent (<http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/abouttreasury/soi/2011-16>), one of the many documents supporting its budget.

In some countries the government prepares strategic/development plans. These plans include all the policies the government is planning to implement for the budget year and very often cover a multi-year perspective. In some cases, these plans do not match the budget documentation, and it is possible that they are completely disconnected from the Executive's Budget Proposal. So the question is examining whether government policy plans are "translated" into revenue and expenditure figures in the actual budget documents.

Question 47 asks about the information covering the budget year, and Question 48 asks about the period at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how the budget is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year (for Question 47) or for a multi-year period beyond the budget year (for Question 48) and a narrative discussion of how these policy goals are reflected in the budget. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show how the budget is linked to government's policy goals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion, or if it includes estimates that show how the budget is linked to some, but not all, of the government's policy goals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on how the budget is linked to government's policy goals.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, estimates that show how the proposed budget is linked to all the government's policy goals for the budget year are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides estimates showing how the proposed budget is linked to all the Government's policy goals for the budget year, along with a narrative discussion. Multiple EBP documents contribute to a comprehensive presentation of how budget proposals are linked to the Government's policy priorities.

1. Budget Speech 2022-23: The Budget Speech articulates many of the linkages between specific budget policy initiatives and the Government's stated policy goals, including data for proposed allocations for specific policies within the narrative discussion. See Chapter VII: Sectoral Strategies, Action Plans and Resource Mobilization (p. 37-116)

2. MTMPS or Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement: The MTMPS document also includes both data and narrative discussion linking the budget year (and medium-term) estimates to the Government's broad and sector-specific strategic objectives and policy goals. This can be found in Chapter One: Return of Growth Momentum through Resilient Economic Recovery, pp. 2-22. Link: [https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**48. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on how the proposed budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to government's policy goals for a multi-year period (for at least two years beyond the budget year)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Questions 47 and 48 ask about information that shows how the budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to the government's policy goals. The budget is the executive's main policy document, the culmination of the executive's planning and budgeting processes. Therefore, it should include a clear description of the link between policy goals and the budget – that is, an explicit explanation of how the government's policy goals are reflected in its budget choices. For an example of a discussion of a government's policy goals in the budget, see pages 13-18 of New Zealand's 2011 Statement of Intent (<http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/abouttreasury/soi/2011-16>), one of the many documents supporting its budget.*

*In some countries the government prepares strategic/development plans. These plans include all the policies the government is planning to implement for the budget year and very often cover a multi-year perspective. In some cases, these plans do not match the budget documentation, and it is possible that they are completely disconnected from the Executive's Budget Proposal. So the question is examining whether government policy plans are "translated" into revenue and expenditure figures in the actual budget documents.*

*Question 47 asks about the information covering the budget year, and Question 48 asks about the period at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how the budget is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year (for Question 47) or for a multi-year period beyond the budget year (for Question 48) and a narrative discussion of how these policy goals are reflected in the budget. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show how the budget is linked to government's policy goals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion, or if it includes estimates that show how the budget is linked to some, but not all, of the government's policy goals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on how the budget is linked to government's policy goals.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, estimates that show how the proposed budget is linked to all the government's policy goals for a multi-year period are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides estimates showing how the proposed budget is linked to all the Government's policy goals for a medium-term horizon, along with a narrative discussion. Multiple EBP documents contribute to a comprehensive presentation of how budget proposals and estimates over a medium term horizon are linked to the Government's policy priorities. See below:

1. Budget Speech 2022-23: The Budget Speech articulates many of the linkages between specific budget policy initiatives and the Government's stated policy goals, including data for proposed allocations for specific policies within the narrative discussion. See Chapter VII: Sectoral Strategies, Action Plans and Resource Mobilization (p. 37-116)

2. MTMPS or Medium Term Macroeconomic Policy Statement: The MTMPS document also includes both data and narrative discussion linking the budget year (and medium-term) estimates to the Government's broad and sector-specific strategic objectives and policy goals. This can be found in Chapter One: Return of Growth Momentum through Resilient Economic Recovery, pp. 2-22. Link: [https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

23%20%281%29.pdf

3. MTBF provides the most detailed account of information on how proposed budget is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year 2022-23 and the projected year 2023-24 and 2024-25. Please note MTBF is published in Bangla.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/cf0e8278\\_31b0\\_43d8\\_897f\\_ec8d37a47c78/001\\_Introduction\\_Bangla.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/cf0e8278_31b0_43d8_897f_ec8d37a47c78/001_Introduction_Bangla.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**49. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present nonfinancial data on inputs to be acquired for at least the budget year?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 49 asks about the availability of nonfinancial data on inputs for the budget year. (Nonfinancial data on outputs and outcomes are addressed in Question 50.)*

*The budget should disclose not only the amount of money that is being allocated on a program but also any information needed to analyze that expenditure. Nonfinancial data and performance targets associated with budget proposals are used to assess the success of a given policy. For example, even when allocated funds are spent according to plan, there remains the question of whether the policy delivered the results that it aimed to achieve.*

*Nonfinancial data can include information on:*

*Inputs - These are the resources assigned to achieve results. For example, in regards to education, nonfinancial data on inputs could include the number of books to be provided to each school or the materials to be used to build or refurbish a school.*

*Outputs - These are products and services delivered as a result of inputs. For example, the number of pupils taught every year; the number of children that received vaccines; or the number of beneficiaries of a social security program.*

*Outcomes - These are the intended impact or policy goals achieved. For example, an increase in literacy rates among children under 10, or a reduction in rates of maternal mortality.*

*In addition, governments that set performance targets must use nonfinancial data for outputs and outcomes to determine if these targets have been met.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, nonfinancial data on inputs for each individual program within all administrative units (ministries, departments, and agencies). It is also acceptable if nonfinancial data on inputs for each individual program is organized by functions. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present nonfinancial data on inputs for all administrative units or all functions, but not for each individual program (or even for any programs) within those administrative units or functions. A "c" response applies if nonfinancial data on inputs are presented only for some programs and/or some administrative units or some functions. Answer "d" applies if no nonfinancial data on inputs is presented.*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, nonfinancial data on inputs are presented for some programs and/or some administrative units (or functions).

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides non-financial data on inputs to be acquired for some programs and/or some administrative units (or functions). Multiple EBP documents contribute to the non-financial data/information provided about inputs for some programs and administrative units/functions.

Budget Speech 2022-23:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)



MTBF provides non-financial data on core inputs for all administrative units (by MDA) but not for each program. Link: [http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/cf0e8278\\_31b0\\_43d8\\_897f\\_ec8d37a47c78/001\\_Introduction\\_Bangla.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/cf0e8278_31b0_43d8_897f_ec8d37a47c78/001_Introduction_Bangla.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**50. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present nonfinancial data on results (in terms of outputs or outcomes) for at least the budget year?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 50 asks about the availability of nonfinancial data on results for the budget year. Nonfinancial data on results can include data on both outputs and outcomes, but not on inputs (which are addressed in Question 49).*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, nonfinancial data on results for each individual program within all administrative units (ministries, departments, and agencies). It is also acceptable if nonfinancial data on results for each individual program is organized by functional classification. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present nonfinancial data on results for all administrative units or all functional classifications, but not for each individual program (or even for any programs) within those administrative units or functions. A "c" response applies if nonfinancial data on results are presented only for some programs and/or some administrative units or some functions. Answer "d" applies if no nonfinancial data on results is presented.*

**Answer:**

b. Yes, nonfinancial data on results are presented for all administrative units (or functions) but not for all (or any) programs.

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides non-financial data on results for all functions but not for all programs. Multiple EBP documents contribute to the extensive non-financial data/information provided for result across all functions (and many individual administrative units and programs). For example, Budget Speech 2022-23 (P 88-94) focuses on non-financial data such as, number of beneficiaries under different social safety net programs, P.50-59 focuses Health and Family Welfare issues.

Budget Speech 2022-23:

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19\\_ccba\\_4cca\\_94b1\\_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/ed9e8b19_ccba_4cca_94b1_c40013f7a760/MTMPS%20English%202022-23%20%281%29.pdf)

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EBP documentation includes performance targets for all non-financial data on results. The Medium- Term Budget Framework documents for each individual administrative unit provide a comprehensive set of performance targets assigned to non-financial data on results at both an organizational level and a program level. - Key Performance Indicator (KPIs) for each overarching administrative unit - Activities, Output Indicators and Targets aligned to specific programs for each administrative subdivision. See Medium-Term Budgetary Framework:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/cf0e8278\\_31b0\\_43d8\\_897f\\_ec8d37a47c78/001\\_Introduction\\_Bangla.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/cf0e8278_31b0_43d8_897f_ec8d37a47c78/001_Introduction_Bangla.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**51. Are performance targets assigned to nonfinancial data on results in the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 51 asks about performance targets assigned to nonfinancial data on results for the budget year. The question applies to those nonfinancial results shown in the budget, and that were identified for purposes of Question 50.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must assign performance targets to all nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget for at least the budget year. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must assign performance targets to a majority (but not all) of the nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget. A "c" response applies performance targets are assigned only to less than half of the nonfinancial data on results. Answer "d" applies if no performance targets are assigned to nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget, or the budget does not present nonfinancial results.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, performance targets are assigned to all nonfinancial data on results.

**Source:**

EBP documentation includes performance targets for all non-financial data on results. The Medium- Term Budget Framework documents for each individual administrative unit provide a comprehensive set of performance targets assigned to non-financial data on results at both an organizational level and a program level. - Key Performance Indicator (KPIs) for each overarching administrative unit - Activities, Output Indicators and Targets aligned to specific programs for each administrative subdivision. See Medium-Term Budgetary Framework:

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/cf0e8278\\_31b0\\_43d8\\_897f\\_ec8d37a47c78/001\\_Introduction\\_Bangla.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/cf0e8278_31b0_43d8_897f_ec8d37a47c78/001_Introduction_Bangla.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**52. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of policies (both new proposals and existing policies) that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations in at least the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 52 asks whether the budget highlight policies, both new and existing, that benefit the poorest segments of society. This question is intended to assess only those programs that directly address the immediate needs of the poor, such as through cash assistance programs or the provision of housing, rather than indirectly, such as through a stronger national defense. This information is of particular interest to those seeking to bolster government's commitment to anti-poverty efforts. For purposes of answering this question, a departmental budget (such for the Department of Social Welfare) would not be considered acceptable. In general, this question is asking whether the EBP includes a special presentation that pulls together estimates of all the relevant policies in one place. However, if the country uses "program budgeting," where programs are presented as expenditure categories with specific and identified objectives, and it identifies anti-poverty programs within each administrative unit, then that is also acceptable for this question.

The IBP Budget Brief, "How Transparent are Governments When it Comes to Their Budget's Impact on Poverty and Inequality?"

(<https://www.internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/government-transparency-of-budgets-impact-on-poverty-inequality-ibp-2019.pdf>) includes a discussion of countries that have provided information on how its policies affect the poor.

For instance, Pakistan provides a detailed breakdown of pro-poor expenditure as part of its 2017-18 budget proposal. In one document, the government sets out policy priorities, expected outputs, and estimates of past and future spending for several programs aimed at poverty alleviation. Another supporting document provides a comprehensive overview of ongoing policies, including a chapter on social safety nets, covering both financial and performance information of poverty alleviation schemes over a period of eight years. ([http://www.finance.gov.pk/budget/mtbf\\_2018\\_21.pdf](http://www.finance.gov.pk/budget/mtbf_2018_21.pdf) and

[http://www.finance.gov.pk/survey\\_1718.html](http://www.finance.gov.pk/survey_1718.html)).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must for at least the budget year both present estimates covering all policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations and include a narrative discussion that specifically addresses these policies. (For countries using program budgeting that breaks out individual anti-poverty programs, there should be a separate narrative associated with each such program.) Answer "b" if a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations are presented. Answer "c" if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" if no estimates of policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations are presented.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, estimates of all policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

**Source:**

EBP documentation provides estimates for all policies intended to benefit the country's impoverished, disadvantaged and at-risk population, together with a narrative discussion. Multiple EBP documents contribute to a comprehensive presentation of how annual budget proposals (and medium-term estimates) are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished, disadvantaged and at-risk population groups.

"Medium-term Budget Framework" documents for each individual administrative unit provide concise, comprehensive and detailed descriptions of individual spending programs and a complete set of program-level estimates for budget year and for a medium-term horizon inclusive of BY+1 (FY2023-24) and BY+2 (FY2024-25). These documents for each of the main administrative units (with a breakdown in each document for the component divisions within each main administrative unit) provide the required complete estimates data for all programs intended to benefit disadvantaged groups, along with a well-articulated narrative description of each program's objectives, outputs, performance targets and how the spending programs relate to the administrative unit's overall "mission" and objectives. One can view this comprehensive information for program-level estimates, activities, outputs, performance target and policy objectives for all programs targeting support to disadvantaged or vulnerable population groups in the MTBF documentation for any of the key administrative units responsible for such programs, including (but not limited to): Ministry of Social Welfare  
[http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget\\_mof/8f33ca97\\_4539\\_48e6\\_99cb\\_e59585c38e1e/129\\_Social%20Welfare\\_Bangla.pdf](http://www.mof.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/budget_mof/8f33ca97_4539_48e6_99cb_e59585c38e1e/129_Social%20Welfare_Bangla.pdf)

**Comment:**

Also see 'Poverty at a glance'  
<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/90f1a603-079b-4859-9035-491e44b5d8ef>

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**53. Does the executive release to the public its timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal (that is, a document setting deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 53 asks about the budget timetable. An internal timetable is particularly important for the executive's management of the budget preparation process, in order to ensure that the executive accounts for the views of the different departments and agencies in the proposed budget. The timetable would, for instance, set deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation. So that civil society is aware of the various steps in the budget formulation process, and when opportunities may exist to engage the executive, it is essential that this timetable be made available to the public.

To answer "a," the executive must prepare a detailed budget timetable and release it to the public. A "b" answer applies if the timetable is made public, but some details are not included. A "c" response applies if the timetable is made public, but many important details are excluded, reducing its value for those outside government. Answer "d" applies if no timetable is made available to the public. As long as a timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal is released, answer "a," "b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Executive's Budget Proposal is not made publicly available.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, a detailed timetable is released to the public.

**Source:**

A detailed timetable of budget preparation process is released to the public.

**Budget Call for Circular 1:**

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/3b2a4ae5\\_98c8\\_4b37\\_a084\\_541843bde1aa/BC-1\\_2023-24.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/3b2a4ae5_98c8_4b37_a084_541843bde1aa/BC-1_2023-24.pdf)

**Budget Call for Circular 2:**

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5b52f176\\_99a3\\_4847\\_839f\\_18032492a9d3/BC-2%20%283%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5b52f176_99a3_4847_839f_18032492a9d3/BC-2%20%283%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**54. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget projections are based?**

(The core information must include a discussion of the economic outlook with estimates of nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 54 focuses on the macroeconomic forecast that underlies the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to the economic assumptions is presented. These core components include a discussion of the economic outlook as well as estimates of the following:*

- *nominal GDP level;*
- *inflation rate;*
- *real GDP growth; and*
- *interest rates.*

*Beyond these core elements, some governments also provide additional information related to the economic outlook, including for instance: short- and long-term interest rates; the rate of employment and unemployment; GDP deflator; price of oil and other commodities; current account; exchange rate; and composition of GDP growth.*

*To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core information related to the macroeconomic forecast as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the macroeconomic forecast is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the macroeconomic forecast is presented.*

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to the macroeconomic forecast is not presented.

**Source:**

No Pre-Budget Statement is released to public.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

55. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the government's expenditure policies and priorities that will guide the development of detailed estimates for the upcoming budget?

(The core information must include a discussion of expenditure policies and priorities and an estimate of total expenditures.)

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 55 focuses on the government's expenditure policies and priorities in the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to these policies is presented. These core components include:*

- *a discussion of expenditure policies and priorities; and*
- *an estimate of total expenditures.*

*Although a Pre-Budget Statement is unlikely to include detailed programmatic proposals (such detailed information is typically only presented in the budget itself), it should include a discussion of broad policy priorities and a projection of at least total expenditures associated with these policies for the budget year. The Pre-Budget Statement can include some detail, for instance, estimates provided by any of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications.*

*To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present for the upcoming budget year all of the core information related to the government's expenditure policies and priorities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above for the upcoming budget year. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the government's expenditure policies and priorities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the government's expenditure policies and priorities is presented.*

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to the government's expenditure policies and priorities is not presented.

**Source:**

The PBS is not released to the public in Bangladesh.

**Comment:**

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

56. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the government's revenue policies and priorities that will guide the development of detailed estimates for the upcoming budget?

(The core information must include a discussion of revenue policies and priorities and an estimate of total revenues.)

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 56 focuses on the government's revenue policies and priorities in the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to these policies is presented. These core components include:*

- *a discussion of revenue policies and priorities; and*

- an estimate of total revenue.

Although a Pre-Budget Statement is unlikely to include detailed revenue proposals, it should include a discussion of broad policy priorities and a projection of at least the total revenue associated with these policies for the budget year. The Pre-Budget Statement can also include more detail, for instance, with estimates provided by revenue category – tax and non-tax – or some of the major individual sources of revenue, such as the Value Added Tax or the income tax.

To answer “a,” the Pre-Budget Statement must present for the upcoming budget year all of the core information related to the government’s revenue policies and priorities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer “b,” the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above for the upcoming budget year. Answer “b” is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A “c” answer applies if some information related to the government’s revenue policies and priorities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer “d” applies if no information on the government’s revenue policies and priorities is presented.

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to the government’s revenue policies and priorities is not presented.

**Source:**

The PBS is not released to the public in Bangladesh.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**57. Does Pre-Budget Statement present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 57 asks whether the Pre-Budget Statement includes three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:

- the amount of net new borrowing needed in the upcoming budget year;
- the central government’s total debt burden at the end of the upcoming budget year; and
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the upcoming budget year.

Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens, banks, and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.

Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.

To answer “a,” the Pre-Budget Statement must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt for at least the upcoming budget year. For a “b” answer, the Pre-Budget Statement must present two of those three estimates. For a “c” answer, the PBS must present one of the three estimates. Answer “d” applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in the PBS.

**Answer:**

d. No, none of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are not presented.

**Source:**

The PBS is not released to the public in Bangladesh.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**58. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present estimates of total expenditures for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 58 asks about multi-year expenditure estimates in the Pre-Budget Statement.*

*To answer "a," expenditure estimates for at least two years beyond the upcoming budget year must be presented. The estimates must be for at least total expenditures, but could include more detail than just the aggregate total.*

**Answer:**

b. No, multi-year expenditure estimates are not presented.

**Source:**

The PBS is not released to the public in Bangladesh.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**59. Does the Enacted Budget present expenditure estimates by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 59 asks if expenditure estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.*

*To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates must be presented by two of the three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer*

*"d" applies if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications.*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents expenditure estimates by only one of the three expenditure classifications.

**Source:**

Detailed ministry wise enacted budget can be found at Appropriation Act 2022. The Act is published in Bangla.

**Link:**

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/upload/act/2022-07-04-13-54-59-Act-14-of-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

59b. Based on the response to Question 59, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Enacted Budget:

**Answer:**

Administrative classification

**Source:**

Enacted budget is known as the Appropriation Act 2022. It presents expenditure estimates by administrative classification. The Act is published in Bangla.

**Link:**

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/upload/act/2022-07-04-13-54-59-Act-14-of-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

60. Does the Enacted Budget present expenditure estimates for individual programs?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 60 asks if expenditure estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*



To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all programs, which account for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the Enacted Budget must present expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if the Enacted Budget presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program in the Enacted Budget.

**Answer:**

d. No, the Enacted Budget does not present expenditure estimates by program.

**Source:**

Enacted budget is known as the Appropriation Act 2022. It presents expenditure estimates by administrative classification. The Act is published in Bangla.

**Link:**

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/upload/act/2022-07-04-13-54-59-Act-14-of-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**61. Does the Enacted Budget present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 61 asks whether revenue estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by "category" – that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.*

*To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present revenue estimates classified by category.*

**Answer:**

b. No, the Enacted Budget does not present revenue estimates by category.

**Source:**

Enacted budget is known as the Appropriation Act 2022. It presents expenditure estimates by administrative classification. The Act is published in Bangla.

**Link:**

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/upload/act/2022-07-04-13-54-59-Act-14-of-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**62. Does the Enacted Budget present individual sources of revenue?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 62 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented in the Enacted Budget. The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.

To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all individual sources of revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Enacted Budget must present individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Enacted Budget presents individual sources of revenue that account for less than two-thirds of revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented.

**Answer:**

d. No, the Enacted Budget does not present individual sources of revenue.

**Source:**

Enacted budget is known as the Appropriation Act 2022. It presents expenditure estimates by administrative classification but does not present individual sources of revenue. The Act is published in Bangla.

**Link:**

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/upload/act/2022-07-04-13-54-59-Act-14-of-2022.pdf>

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**63. Does the Enacted Budget present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 63 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:

- the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;
- the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year;
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.

Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens, banks, and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.

Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.

To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, the Enacted Budget must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, the Enacted Budget must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in the Enacted Budget.

**Answer:**

d. No, none of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are not presented.

**Source:**

Enacted budget is known as the Appropriation Act 2022. It presents expenditure estimates by administrative classification but none of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented. The Act is published in Bangla.

**Link:**

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/upload/act/2022-07-04-13-54-59-Act-14-of-2022.pdf>

**Comment:****Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:**

b. Yes, two of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

**Comments:** Yes, the distinguished researcher is rightly opined that Appropriation Act is considered as Enacted Budget in Bangladesh. In the Appropriation Act, both of the new borrowing and interest payment is presented. It can be mentioned that new borrowing and interest payment is considered as a liabilities on Consolidated Fund in Bangladesh. Here, Finance Division (FD) is entrusted with to borrow domestically and pay the interest, similarly, Economic Relations Division (ERD) under Ministry of Finance is bestowed with the duties of bringing loan or grant from outside of the country (from foreign donor agencies or countries). The amount of borrowing whether from inside or outside of the country is shown in the expenditures of FD or ERD respectively in the Appropriation Act. Please see row no 11 (for FD) and row no 15 (for ERD) in the column no 3 on the said Act below: <http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/upload/act/2022-07-04-13-54-59-Act-14-of-2022.pdf>

**IBP Comment**

Many thanks to GR. IBP worked with researcher to confirm answer choice D. Only aggregate amounts for respective government ministries/departments/agencies are presented.

**64. What information is provided in the Citizens Budget?**

(The core information must include expenditure and revenue totals, the main policy initiatives in the budget, the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget is based, and contact information for follow-up by citizens.)

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 64 focuses on the content of the Citizens Budget, asking whether "core" information is presented. These core components include:

- expenditure and revenue totals;
- the main policy initiatives in the budget;
- the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget is based; and
- contact information for follow-up by citizens.

To answer "a," the Citizens Budget or supporting documentation must present all of the above core information as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Citizens Budget must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if the Citizens Budget includes some of the core components above, but other core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if a Citizens Budget is not published.

**Answer:**

c. The Citizens Budget provides information, but it excludes some core elements.

**Source:**

Budget in Brief documents contain some graphical representation of the EBP.

Expenditure and Revenue Totals - See Graph I and Graph II under Budget in Brief documents.  
Main Policy Initiatives - Not provided  
Macroeconomic forecast - Not provided  
Contact information for follow-up - Not provided

From the link below, see Graph I, Graph II, Graph IIA, Graph III, Graph IV, Graph IV. These documents provide graphics to simplify budget information and it is a shorter version of the entire budget documents.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

#### 65. How is the Citizens Budget disseminated to the public?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 65 asks how the Citizens Budget is disseminated to the public. Citizens Budgets should be made available to a variety of audiences. Therefore paper versions and an Internet posting of a document might not be sufficient.

To answer "a," the executive must use three or more different types of creative media tools to reach the largest possible share of the population, including those who otherwise would not normally have access to budget documents or information. Dissemination would also be pursued at the very local level, so that the coverage is targeted both by geographic area and population group (e.g., women, elderly, low income, urban, rural, etc.). Option "b" applies if significant dissemination efforts are made through a combination of two means of communications, for instance, both posting the Citizens Budget on the executive's official website and distributing printed copies of it. Option "c" applies if the Citizens Budget is disseminated through only posting on the executive's official website. Option "d" applies when the executive does not publish a Citizens Budget.

**Answer:**

b. A Citizens Budget is published by using at least two, but less than three, means of dissemination, but no other dissemination efforts are undertaken by the executive.

**Source:**

Budget in Brief documents, which are considered as CB as per response to CB-1, are published in the website of the Ministry of Finance.

From the link below, see Graph I, Graph II, Graph IIA, Graph III, Graph IV, Graph IV. These documents provide graphics to simplify budget information and it is a shorter version of the entire budget documents.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%20%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:**

b. A Citizens Budget is published by using at least two, but less than three, means of dissemination, but no other dissemination efforts are

undertaken by the executive.

**Comments:** Budget in Brief recognized as CB in Bangladesh is not only available through websites of the Finance Ministry, a large numbers of printed copies are distributed to the parliamentarians, journalists, academia, embassies and high commissions, offices of the donor agencies, government offices (national and local level), libraries etc for wider circulation.

**Researcher Response**

Thank you. The journalists make use of the budget in brief documents. As the respected government reviewer has mentioned the dissemination process, the score has been revised to B.

**66. Has the executive established mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information prior to publishing the Citizens Budget?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 66 asks whether the executive has established mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information before publishing a Citizens Budget. What the public wants to know about the budget might differ from the information the executive includes in technical documents that comprise the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget; similarly, different perspectives might exist on how the budget should be presented, and this may vary depending on the context. For this reason the executive should consult with the public on the content and presentation of the Citizens Budget.*

*To answer "a," the executive must have established mechanisms to consult with the public, and these mechanisms for consultation are both accessible and widely used by the public. Such mechanisms can include focus groups, social networks, surveys, hotlines, and meetings/events in universities or other locations where people gather to discuss public issues. In countries where Citizens Budgets are consistently produced and released, it may be sufficient for the government to provide the public with contact information and feedback opportunities, and subsequently use the feedback to improve its management of public resources.*

*Option "b" applies if the executive has established mechanisms for consultation that are accessible to the public, but that the public nonetheless does not use frequently. That is, the public does not typically engage with the executive on the content of the Citizens Budget, even though the executive has created opportunities for such consultation. Option "c" applies if the executive has established mechanism for consultation with the public, but they are poorly designed and thus not accessible to the public. Option "d" applies if the executive has not created any mechanisms to seek feedback from the public on the content of the Citizens Budget.*

**Answer:**

d. No, the executive has not established any mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information in the Citizen's Budget.

**Source:**

There was no engagement to determine the priorities for a Citizens Budget as of the end of 2022. It has been a practice of the National Board of Revenue to hold pre-budget consultations with various stakeholders prior to the budget.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**67. Are "citizens" versions of budget documents published throughout the budget process?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 67 asks if "citizens" versions of budget documents are published throughout the budget process. While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle.*

*To answer "a," a citizens version of at least one budget document is published for each of the four stages of the budget process (budget formulation, enactment, execution, and audit) – for a total of at least four citizens budget documents throughout the process. Option "b" applies if a citizens version of a*

*budget document is published for at least two of the four stages of the budget process. Option "c" applies if a citizens version of a budget document is published for at least one of the four stages of the budget process. Select option "d" if no "citizens" version of budget documents is published.*

**Answer:**

c. A citizens version of budget documents is published for at least one stage of the budget process.

**Source:**

Budget in Brief: document relates to the EBP. No other CBs are produced.

From the link below, see Graph I, Graph II, Graph IIA, Graph III, Graph IV, Graph IV. These documents provide graphics to simplify budget information and it is a shorter version of the entire budget documents.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%9C%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%9F%E0%A7%87%E0%A6%B0%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%82%E0%A6%95%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AA%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%B8%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**68. Do the In-Year Reports present actual expenditures by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 68 asks if expenditure estimates in In-Year Reports are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above.*

*Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," actual expenditures must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if actual expenditures are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if actual expenditures are not presented by any of the three classifications in In-Year Reports.*

**Answer:**

d. No, the In-Year Reports do not present actual expenditures by any expenditure classification.

**Source:**

MoF publishes Monthly Report on Fiscal Position and Monthly Report on Fiscal-macro position. These reports can be considered as in-year reports. Please see

Monthly Report on Fiscal Position, July 2021 Please see Appendices (Page 16-22)  
[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf)

1. Administrative: Appendix 2: Ministry Wise Operating Expenditure and Appendix 4: Development expenditure: Ministry-wise expenditure pattern
2. Economic: Appendix 3: Operating Expenditure by Economic Classification
3. Functional: Appendix 1: Sector-Wise Resource Utilization Pattern of Operating Expenditure

All reports for FY 2021-22 can be seen here:  
<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

**Comment:**

All monthly reports were published late during calendar year 2022. As it is considered published late, the methodology requires that all corresponding indicators are scored D

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**68b. Based on the response to Question 68, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the In-Year Reports:**

**Answer:**

None of the above

**Source:**

The Ministry of Finance publishes Monthly Report on Fiscal Position. These reports present actual expenditures by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification). For example, see Monthly Report on Fiscal Position for July 2021. Please see Appendices (Page 16-22)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf)

1. Administrative: Appendix 2: Ministry Wise Operating Expenditure and Appendix 4: Development expenditure: Ministry-wise expenditure pattern
2. Economic: Appendix 3: Operating Expenditure by Economic Classification
3. Functional: Appendix 1: Sector-Wise Resource Utilization Pattern of Operating Expenditure

All reports for FY 2021-22 can be seen here:  
<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/0f0724a1-73e5-47f5-b65f-a0c3f84381f7>

**Comment:**

All In-year Reports are published late.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**69. Do the In-Year Reports present actual expenditures for individual programs?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 69 asks if expenditure estimates in In-Year Reports are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.*

**A note for francophone countries:** "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as *le plan comptable* or *le plan comptable detaillé*. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if In-Year Reports present actual expenditures for programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if actual expenditures are not presented by program in In-Year Reports.

**Answer:**

d. No, the In-Year Reports do not present actual expenditures by program.

**Source:**

The Ministry of Finance publishes Monthly Report on Fiscal Position. These reports present actual expenditures by three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification). But not for programs.

**Comment:**

All monthly reports were published late during calendar year 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**70. Do the In-Year Reports compare actual year-to-date expenditures with either the original estimate for that period (based on the enacted budget) or the same period in the previous year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 70 asks whether In-Year Reports compare actual expenditures to-date with either the enacted levels or actual expenditures for the same period in the previous year.

The OECD recommends that the reports contain the total year-to-date expenditures in a format that allows for a comparison with the budget's forecast expenditures (based on enacted levels) for the same period.

To answer "a," comparisons must be made for expenditures presented in the In-Year Reports

**Answer:**

b. No, comparisons are not made for expenditures presented in the In-Year Reports.

**Source:**

The Ministry of Finance publishes Monthly Report on Fiscal Position. These reports present actual expenditures by three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification). But not for programs.

For example, see Monthly Report on Fiscal Position for July 2021.

Please see Appendices (Page 16-22)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

All monthly reports were published late during calendar year 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**



**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**71. Do In-Year Reports present actual revenue by category (such as tax and non-tax)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Questions 71 asks whether In-Year Reports present actual revenues by "category"— that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present revenue estimates classified by category.*

**Answer:**

b. No, In-Year Reports do not present actual revenue by category.

**Source:**

For example, see Monthly Report on Fiscal Position for July 2021. (Appendix 5-6, Page 20-21)

**Link-**

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

All monthly reports were published late during calendar year 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**72. Do In-Year Reports present the individual sources of revenue for actual revenues collected?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 72 asks whether In-Year Reports present actual collections of individual sources of revenue (such as income taxes, VAT, etc.). The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual collections for all individual sources of revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present actual collections for individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue collected, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if In-Year Reports present individual sources of actual revenue that account for less than two-thirds of all revenue collected. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of actual revenue are not presented.*

**Answer:**

d. No, In-Year Reports do not present individual sources of actual revenue.

**Source:**

For example, see Monthly Report on Fiscal Position for July 2021. (Appendix 5-6, Page 20-21)

**Link-**

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

All monthly reports were published late during calendar year 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**73. Do the In-Year Reports compare actual year-to-date revenues with either the original estimate for that period (based on the enacted budget) or the same period in the previous year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 73 asks whether In-Year Reports compare actual revenues to-date with either the enacted levels or actual revenues for the same period in the previous year.*

*The OECD recommends that the reports contain the total year-to-date revenues in a format that allows for a comparison with the budget's forecast revenues (based on enacted levels) for the same period.*

*To answer "a," comparisons must be made for revenues presented in the In-Year Reports.*

**Answer:**

b. No, comparisons are not made for revenues presented in the In-Year Reports.

**Source:**

For example, see Monthly Report on Fiscal Position for July 2021. (Appendix 5-6, Page 20-21)

**Link-**

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/1.Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20of%20July%202021%20%28FY2021-22%29.pdf)

**Comment:**

All monthly reports were published late during calendar year 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**74. Do In-Year Reports present three estimates related to actual government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing; the total debt outstanding; and interest payments?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 74 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:*

- *the amount of net new borrowing so far during the year;*
- *the central government's total debt burden at that point in the year; and*
- *the interest payments to-date on the outstanding debt.*

*Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens and banks and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.*

*Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.*

*Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, In-Year Reports must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, IYRs must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in In-Year Reports.*

**Answer:**

d. No, none of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are not presented.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal Position present the following:

the amount of net new borrowing so far during the year (domestic and external)  
the central government's total debt burden at that point in the year; and  
the interest payments to-date on the outstanding debt.

For example, see Monthly Report on Fiscal Position for July 2021. (Page 12-13)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/Fiscal-Macro%20July\\_22\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/Fiscal-Macro%20July_22_Final.pdf)

For the interest payments to-date on the outstanding debt:

See, Monthly Report on Macro-Fiscal Position, July 2021, (Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/Fiscal-Macro%20July\\_22\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/Fiscal-Macro%20July_22_Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

All monthly reports were published late during calendar year 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**75. Do In-Year Reports present information related to the composition of the total actual debt outstanding?**

**(The core information must include interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 75 focuses on the composition of government debt, asking whether "core" information related to its composition is presented. These core components include:*

- *interest rates on the debt;*
- *maturity profile of the debt; and*
- *whether the debt is domestic or external.*

The interest rates affect the amount of interest that must be paid to creditors. The maturity profile indicates the final payment date of the loan, at which point the principal (and all remaining interest) is due to be paid; government borrowing typically includes a mix of short-term and long-term debt. As discussed in Question 74, domestic debt is held by a country's citizens and banks and businesses, while external debt is held by foreigners. These factors related to the composition of the debt give an indication of the potential vulnerability of the country's debt position, and ultimately whether the cost of servicing the accumulated debt is affordable.

Beyond these core elements, a government may also provide additional information related to the composition of its debt, including for instance: whether interest rates are fixed or variable; whether debt is callable; the currency of the debt; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); an analysis of the risk associated with the debt; and where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.

To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present all of the core information related to the composition of government debt to-date as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the composition of government debt is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the composition of the debt outstanding in In-Year Reports.

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to composition of total actual debt outstanding is not presented.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal Position which present the following:  
the amount of net new borrowing so far during the year (domestic and external)  
the central government's total debt burden at that point in the year

For example, see Monthly Report on Fiscal Position for July 2021. (Page 12-13)  
[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/Fiscal-Macro%20July\\_22\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/Fiscal-Macro%20July_22_Final.pdf)

Interest rates on the debt and maturity profile of the debt are not found.

**Comment:**

All monthly reports were published late during calendar year 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**76. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include an updated macroeconomic forecast for the budget year underway?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 76 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes an updated macroeconomic forecast for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update.

Refer to Question 15 for the components of the macroeconomic forecast presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include an updated macroeconomic forecast and explain all of the differences between the initial forecast presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal and the updated forecast. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the macroeconomic forecast must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated forecasts are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes an updated macroeconomic forecast, but does not provide an explanation for the revisions. A "d" response applies if the macroeconomic forecast has not been updated.

**Answer:**

d. No, the estimates for macroeconomic forecast have not been updated.

**Source:**

The Monthly Report of December 2021 can be considered as Mid-Year Review of the Fiscal Year 2021-22.

**Link:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-macro Position, December 2021

2021:[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021_Final.pdf)

External Sector: Page 9-12

Real Sector: Page 13-16

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Monthly Report of Fiscal Position, December 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

Budget Deficit: Page 12

**Comment:**

While there are reporting on the first six months, there are no revised estimates for the remainder of the year. As such there is no Mid-year review.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**77. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway?****GUIDELINES:**

Question 77 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of expenditure for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include updated expenditure estimates and explain all of the differences between the initial levels presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or the Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. The expenditure estimates must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated expenditure estimates, but does not provide an explanation for the revisions. A "d" response applies if the expenditure estimates have not been updated.

**Answer:**

d. No, expenditure estimates have not been updated.

**Source:**

The Monthly Report of December 2021 can be considered as Mid-Year Review of the Fiscal Year 2021-12. While there are reporting on the first six months, there are no revised estimates for the remainder of the year.

**Link:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-macro Position, December 2021 (See Table 1.2, Page 6)

2021:[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021\\_Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/11%20Fiscal-Macro%20December%202021_Final.pdf)

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Monthly Report of Fiscal Position, December 2021 (See Appendices, Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

1. Administrative: Appendix 2: Ministry Wise Operating Expenditure and Appendix 4: Development expenditure: Ministry-wise expenditure pattern

2. Economic: Appendix 3: Operating Expenditure by Economic Classification

3. Functional: Appendix 1: Sector-Wise Resource Utilization Pattern of Operating Expenditure

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:**

c. Yes, expenditure estimates have been updated, but an explanation of the differences between the original and updated expenditure estimates is not presented.

**Comments:** Table 1.2: Government Expenditure (p.6) of the report provides the updated expenditure of the government that includes recurrent and capital expenditures in broad sub-heads, such as Pay and Allowances, Interest Payment, Subsidies and Transfer, Development Expenditure, etc. However, it does not separately present the planned and actual spending with explanations.

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

Many thanks to peer reviewer. As established in Mid-Year Review, Section 1, that it is not produced (and half-yearly reports do not qualify). As per OBS methodology, if a budget document is considered not publicly available, all corresponding indicators are scored as D. Researcher's original response D is maintained.

**78. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 78 asks if expenditure estimates for the budget year underway in the Mid-Year Review are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.*

*Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications in the Mid-Year Review.*

**Answer:**

d. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present expenditure estimates by any expenditure classification.

**Source:**

The Monthly Fiscal Report of December 2021 cannot be considered as Mid-Year Review of the budget. These reports present actual expenditures by three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

Monthly Report of Fiscal Position, December 2021 (See Appendices, Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

1. Administrative: Appendix 2: Ministry Wise Operating Expenditure and Appendix 4: Development expenditure: Ministry-wise expenditure pattern
2. Economic: Appendix 3: Operating Expenditure by Economic Classification
3. Functional: Appendix 1: Sector-Wise Resource Utilization Pattern of Operating Expenditure

**Comment:**

While there are reporting on the first six months, there are no revised estimates for the remainder of the year. As such, there is MYR.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**78b. Based on the response to Question 78, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Mid-Year Review:**

**Answer:**

None of the above

**Source:**

The Monthly Fiscal Report of December 2021 can be considered as Mid-Year Review of the budget. These reports present actual expenditures by three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

Monthly Report of Fiscal Position, December 2021 (See Appendices, Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

1. Administrative: Appendix 2: Ministry Wise Operating Expenditure and Appendix 4: Development expenditure: Ministry-wise expenditure pattern
2. Economic: Appendix 3: Operating Expenditure by Economic Classification
3. Functional: Appendix 1: Sector-Wise Resource Utilization Pattern of Operating Expenditure

**Comment:**

While there are reporting on the first six months, there are no revised estimates for the remainder of the year.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**79. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway for individual programs?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 79 asks if expenditure estimates in the Mid-Year Review are presented by program for the budget year underway. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.

**A note for francophone countries:** "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as *le plan comptable* or *le plan comptable detaillé*. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. To answer "b," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if the Mid-Year Review presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program in the Mid-Year Review.

**Answer:**

d. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present expenditure estimates by program.

**Source:**

The Monthly Fiscal Report of December can be considered as Mid-Year Review of the budget. These reports present actual expenditures by three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification) but not by programs.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**80. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated revenue estimates for the budget year underway?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 80 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of revenue for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include updated revenue estimates and explain all of the differences between the initial levels presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or the Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the revenue estimates must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated revenue estimates, but no explanation for the revisions is provided. A "d" response applies if the revenue estimates have not been updated.

**Answer:**

d. No, revenue estimates have not been updated.

**Source:**

The Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position of December can be considered as Mid-Year Review of the budget. This report include updated revenue estimates for the budget year underway.

For example, Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, December 2022 (See Table 1.1, Page 3)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/Macro\\_fiscal\\_Dec\\_2022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/Macro_fiscal_Dec_2022.pdf)

**Comment:**

While there are reporting on the first six months, there are no revised estimates for the remainder of the year. As such, there is no MYR.



**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:**

c. Yes, revenue estimates have been updated, but an explanation of the differences between the original and updated revenue estimates is not presented.

**Comments:** "Table 1.1: Revenue Earnings" (p.5) of the report provides the updated revenue earning of the government that includes NBR and Non-NBR tax revenue, and non-tax revenue. However, it does not separately present the originally estimated and actual revenue with explanations.

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

Many thanks to peer reviewer. As established in Mid-Year Review, Section 1, that it is not produced (and half-yearly reports do not qualify). As per OBS methodology, if a budget document is considered not publicly available, all corresponding indicators are scored as D. Researcher's original response D is maintained.

**81. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated revenue estimates for the budget year underway by category (such as tax and non-tax)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 81 asks whether revenue estimates for the budget year underway in the Mid-Year Review are presented by "category"— that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present revenue estimates classified by category.*

**Answer:**

b. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present revenue estimates by category.

**Source:**

The Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position of December can be considered as Mid-Year Review of the budget. This report include updated revenue estimates for the budget year underway.

For example, Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, December 2022 (See Table 1.1, Page 3)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7fbf4bbae8e7/Macro\\_fiscal\\_Dec\\_2022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7fbf4bbae8e7/Macro_fiscal_Dec_2022.pdf)

**Comment:**

While there are reporting on the first six months, there are no revised estimates for the remainder of the year. There is no MYR.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:**

a. Yes, the Mid-Year Review presents revenue estimates by category.

**Comments:** "Table 1.1: Revenue Earnings" (p.5) of the report provides the updated revenue earning of the government that includes NBR and Non-NBR tax revenue, and non-tax revenue. However, it does not separately present the originally estimated and actual revenue with explanations.

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

Many thanks to peer reviewer. As established in Mid-Year Review, Section 1, that it is not produced (and half-yearly reports do not qualify). As per OBS methodology, if a budget document is considered not publicly available, all corresponding indicators are scored as B. Researcher's original response is maintained.

**82. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated individual sources of revenue for the budget year underway?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 82 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue for the budget year underway are presented in the Mid-Year Review. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenues, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Mid-Year Review must present individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Mid-Year Review presents estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented in the Mid-Year Review.*

**Answer:**

d. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present individual sources of revenue.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal Position of December 2022 can be considered as Mid-year review of budget.

See, Table 4: Revenue Collection Position (Page 10)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202022.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202022.pdf)

**Comment:**

While there are reporting on the first six months, there are no revised estimates for the remainder of the year.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**83. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the budget year underway?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 83 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update.*

*Refer to Question 13 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal of borrowing and debt. Key estimates related to borrowing and debt include:*

- *The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;*
- *The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and*
- *The interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.*

*Refer to Question 14 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the composition of the debt. Core information related to the composition of government debt include:*

- *interest rates on the debt;*
- *maturity profile of the debt; and*
- *whether the debt is domestic or external.*

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include an updated estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, and explain all of the differences between the initial estimates presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the estimates of borrowing and debt must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates, but no explanation for the revisions is provided. A "d" response applies if the estimates of borrowing and debt have not been updated.

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of government borrowing and debt have not been updated.

**Source:**

Monthly Fiscal Report of December 2021 include the information on updated estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition,

See Table 6: Page 13

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021\\_revised%20Final1.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Fiscal%20Report%20December%202021_revised%20Final1.pdf)

**Comment:**

While there are reporting on the first six months, there are no revised estimates for the remainder of the year. As such, there is no MYR.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**84. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted levels (including in-year changes approved by the legislature) and the actual outcome for expenditures?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 84 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and actual expenditures for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all expenditures, along with a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if estimates of the differences for all expenditures are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences are presented for some, but not all expenditures, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. Answer "d" if no estimates of the differences are presented in the Year-End Report

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for expenditures are not presented.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21.

A narrative explanation is not provided for the differences.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (See Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/Monthly%20Fiscal%20Report%20June)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendices: Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Researcher Response**

As per the OBS methodology, the 12 th month report just does not have enough details to qualify as Year-end report (for example: Narrative explanation explaining the deviations, performance information). Hence, the response has been revised to D.

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**85. Does the Year-End Report present expenditure estimates by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 85 asks if expenditure estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. Answer "b" if expenditure estimates are presented by two of these three classifications. Answer "c" if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications in the Year-End Report.*

**Answer:**

d. No, the Year-End Report does not present expenditure estimates by any expenditure classification.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21.

See Monthly Report on Fiscal Position, June 2021 (See Appendices: Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

1. Administrative: Appendix 2: Ministry Wise Operating Expenditure and Appendix 4: Development expenditure: Ministry-wise expenditure pattern
2. Economic: Appendix 3: Operating Expenditure by Economic Classification
3. Functional: Appendix 1: Sector-Wise Resource Utilization Pattern of Operating Expenditure

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Researcher Response**

As per the OBS methodology, the 12 th month report just does not have enough details to qualify as Year-end report (for example: Narrative

explanation explaining the deviations, performance information). Hence, the response has been revised to D.

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**85b. Based on the response to Question 85, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Year-End Report:**

**Answer:**

None of the above

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21.

See Monthly Report on Fiscal Position, June 2021 (See Appendices: Page 14-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

1. Administrative: Appendix 2: Ministry Wise Operating Expenditure and Appendix 4: Development expenditure: Ministry-wise expenditure pattern
2. Economic: Appendix 3: Operating Expenditure by Economic Classification
3. Functional: Appendix 1: Sector-Wise Resource Utilization Pattern of Operating Expenditure

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**86. Does the Year-End Report present expenditure estimates for individual programs?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 86 asks if expenditure estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.*

***A note for francophone countries:*** "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as *le plan comptable* or *le plan comptable detaille*. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present expenditure estimates for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. Answer "c" if the Year-End Report presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" if expenditures are not presented by program in the Year-End Report.*

**Answer:**

d. No, the Year-End Report does not present expenditure estimates by program.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21. But expenditure estimates for individual programs are not presented.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**87. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted levels (including in-year changes approved by the legislature) and the actual outcome for revenues?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 87 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and actual revenues for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all revenues, along with a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if estimates of the differences for all revenues are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences are presented for some, but not all revenues, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. Answer "d" if no estimates of the differences are presented in the Year-End Report.*

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for revenues are not presented.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21.

A narrative explanation is not provided for the differences mentioned in the question.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (Table 1.1, Page 5)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021\\_06.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021_06.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP revised answer to D. Please Year-end report Section 1 (YER-2) to see why YER is assessed as not publicly available. Therefore, all corresponding indicators are scored as 0.

**88. Does the Year-End Report present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 88 asks whether revenue estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by "category" – that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present revenue estimates classified by category.

**Answer:**

b. No, the Year-End Report does not present revenue estimates by category.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21.

A narrative explanation is not provided for the differences mentioned in the question.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (Table 1.1, Page 5)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7fb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021\\_06.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7fb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021_06.pdf)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendix 6, Page 21-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP revised answer to B. Please Year-end report Section 1 (YER-2) to see why YER is assessed as not publicly available. Therefore, all corresponding indicators are scored as 0.

**89. Does the Year-End Report present individual sources of revenue?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 89 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented in the Year-End Report. The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. Answer "c" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" if individual sources of revenue are not presented in the Year-End Report.

**Answer:**

d. No, the Year-End Report does not present individual sources of revenue.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (Table 1.1, Page 5)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7fb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021\\_06.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7fb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021_06.pdf)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendix 6, Page 20-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP revised answer to D. Please Year-end report Section 1 (YER-2) to see why YER is assessed as not publicly available. Therefore, all corresponding indicators are scored as 0.

**90. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 90 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates and the actual outcome for the fiscal year for borrowing and debt, including its composition, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*Refer to Question 13 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal of borrowing and debt. Key estimates related to borrowing and debt include:*

- *the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;*
- *the central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and*
- *the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.*

*Refer to Question 14 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the composition of the debt. Core information related to the composition of government debt include:*

- *interest rates on the debt;*
- *maturity profile of the debt; and*
- *whether the debt is domestic or external.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.*

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original estimates of government borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year is not presented.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21.

A narrative explanation is not provided for the differences mentioned in the question.

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (Table 1.1, Page 5)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7fb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021\\_06.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7fb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021_06.pdf)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (See Appendix 6, Page 21-21)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)



%20Final.pdf

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP revised answer to D. Please Year-end report Section 1 to see why YER is assessed as not publicly available. Therefore, all corresponding indicators are scored as 0.

**90b. Based on the response to Question 90, check the box(es) to identify which estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, have the differences between the original forecast and the actual outcome for the year presented in the Year-End Report:**

**Answer:**

None of the above

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21. It presents the differences between the original forecast and the actual outcome for the year for the following:

The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year  
The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year  
The interest payments on outstanding debt for the budget year  
Whether the debt is domestic or external

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021\\_06.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021_06.pdf)

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (Table 6, Page 13)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

See YER-2a for final assessment.

**91. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 91 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

Refer to Question 15 for the components of the macroeconomic forecast in the Executive's Budget Proposal. Core components include estimates of the nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates, although the importance of other macroeconomic assumptions, such as the price of oil, can vary from country to country.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year is not presented.

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21. It presents the differences between the original forecast and the actual outcome for the year for the following:

inflation, GDP growth, export, import, forex reserve, exchange rate movements

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021\\_06.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021_06.pdf)

External Sector: Page 9-12

Real Sector: Page 13-16

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021 (Table 6, Page 13)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

Budget Deficit: Page 12

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP revised answer to D. Please Year-end report Section 1 to see why YER is assessed as not publicly available. Therefore, all corresponding indicators are scored as 0.

**91b. Based on the response to Question 91, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the macroeconomic forecast have the differences between the original forecast and the outcome for the year presented in the Year-End Report:**

**Answer:**

None of the above

**Source:**

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position and Monthly Fiscal Report of June 2021 can be considered as Year-End Report for Fiscal 2020-21. It presents the differences between the original forecast and the actual outcome for the year for the following:

inflation, GDP growth, export, import, forex reserve, exchange rate movements

Monthly Report on Fiscal-Macro Position, June 2021 (Table 1.2, Page 6)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106\\_37c2\\_41c6\\_b9e2\\_7bfb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021\\_06.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/5e10d106_37c2_41c6_b9e2_7bfb4bbae8e7/MFMP-2021_06.pdf)

External Sector (Pages 9-12): Exports, Imports (C & F), Remittances, Balance of Payments (BOP), External Reserve, Exchange Rate Movements  
Real Sector (CPI inflation, GDP growth Outlook): Page 13-16

Monthly Fiscal Report, June 2021

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5\\_96d9\\_411b\\_bb44\\_42d6681075c4/MFR\\_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/d9daf6f5_96d9_411b_bb44_42d6681075c4/MFR_June%2021%20-%20Final.pdf)

Budget Deficit: Page 12

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**92. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 92 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*Refer to Question 49 for the nonfinancial data on inputs included in the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.*

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome are not presented.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP revised answer to D. Please Year-end report Section 1 to see why YER is assessed as not publicly available. Therefore, all corresponding indicators are scored as 0.

**93. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 93 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion. Nonfinancial data on results can include data on both outputs and outcomes, but not on inputs (which are addressed in Question 92).*

*Refer to Question 50 for the nonfinancial data on results included in the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.*

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome are not presented.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**94. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted level of funds for policies (both new proposals and existing policies) that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 94 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted level of funds for policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*Refer to Question 52 for assistance to the most impoverished populations in the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted level for all policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between the enacted level for all policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between the enacted level for some but not all of the policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.*

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the enacted level for policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome are not presented.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**95. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 95 asks whether the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*Refer to Question 33 for estimates of extra-budgetary funds in the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented*

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome is not presented.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**96. Is a financial statement included as part of the Year-End Report or released as a separate report?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 96 asks whether a financial statement is included as part of the Year-End Report, or whether it is released as a separate report. The financial statement can include some or all of the following elements: a cash flow statement, an operating statement, a balance sheet, and notes on accounting. For purposes of responding to this question, the financial statement in question does not need to be audited. For an example of a financial statement, see the document "Financial Statements of the Government of New Zealand 2013" (<https://treasury.govt.nz/sites/default/files/2013-10/fsgnz-year-jun13.pdf>)*

*To answer "a," a financial statement must either be included in the Year-End Report or must be released as a separate report. Answer "a" applies if a financial statement is released as a separate report, even if the Year-End Report is not publicly available. Answer "b" applies if no financial statement is released either as part of the Year-End Report or as a separate report.*

**Answer:**

b. No, a financial statement is neither part of the Year-End Report nor released as a separate report.

**Source:**

Annual Financial Statement is released as a separate report and published during the Executive Budget Proposal for the upcoming fiscal year.

[http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget\\_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%95%20%E0%A6%86%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A5%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%95%20%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AC%E0%A7%83%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%BF](http://www.mof.gov.bd/site/view/budget_mof/%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A6%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A8-%E0%A7%A8%E0%A7%A9/%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BE%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%B7%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%95%20%E0%A6%86%E0%A6%B0%E0%A7%8D%E0%A6%A5%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%95%20%E0%A6%AC%E0%A6%BF%E0%A6%AC%E0%A7%83%E0%A6%A4%E0%A6%BF)

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

IBP revised this to B. See YER-2a for final assessment.

**97. What type of audits (compliance, financial, or performance) has the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) conducted and made available to the public?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 97 asks about the types of audits conducted by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). There are three basic types of audits:*

- *Financial audits are intended to determine if an entity's financial information is accurate (free from errors or fraud) and presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting and regulatory framework. See ISSAI 200 (<https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-100-fundamental-principles-of-public-sector-auditing/>) for more detail.*
- *Compliance audits look at the extent to which the relevant regulations and procedures have been followed. See ISSAI 400 (<https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-400-compliance-audit-principles/>) for more details.*
- *Performance audits assess whether activities are adhering to the principles of economy, efficiency, and effectiveness. See ISSAI 300 (<https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-300-performance-audit-principles/>) for more details.*

*Financial and compliance audits are more common than performance audits, which usually occur only once a performance framework has been agreed upon. In some countries, the SAI's mandate limits the type of audit it can conduct.*

*To answer "a," the SAI must have conducted all three types of audit – financial, compliance, and performance – and made all of them available to the public. A "b" response applies if the SAI has conducted two of the three audit types, and a "c" applies if it has conducted only one type of audit. Answers "b" and "c" may be selected even if the Audit Report is not publicly available, as long as the SAI has conducted compliance or performance audits and made them available to the public. A "d" response applies if the SAI has not conducted any of the three types of audits, or has not made them available to the public.*

**Answer:**

d. The SAI has not conducted any of the three types of audits, or has not made them available to the public.

**Source:**

The audit reports are published late beyond the cut-off date mentioned.

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**98. What percentage of expenditures within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 98 focuses on the coverage of audits by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI), asking what percentage of expenditures within the SAI's mandate has been audited.*

*The SAI's mandate is typically defined in statute. Only expenditures related to budgetary central government (ministries, departments, and agencies) that are within the SAI's mandate should be considered for this question. (Question 99 addresses audits of extra-budgetary funds.) Further, the question does not apply to "secret programs" (for example, security-related expenditures that are confidential). Further, if the mandate gives the SAI the authority to outsource some audits, then those audits count for purposes of this question.*

*Only the Audit Report identified in Section 1 should be used to answer this question. Financial audits and compliance audits, or a hybrid of the two, can be taken into account to answer this question. Performance audits should not be considered for this question.*

*To answer "a," all expenditures within the SAI's mandate must be audited. A "b" response applies if at least two-thirds, but not all, expenditures within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "c" response is appropriate when less than two-thirds of expenditures within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "d" response applies when no expenditures have been audited.*

**Answer:**

d. No expenditures have been audited.

**Source:**

The audit reports are published late beyond the OBS cut-off date. Therefore this question is scored as "D".

**Comment:**

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**99. What percentage of extra-budgetary funds within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 99 focuses on audits of extra-budgetary funds, asking what percentage of extra-budgetary funds within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited. These funds, although technically outside the budget, are governmental in nature and thus should be subject to the same audit requirement as other government programs.*

*The SAI's mandate is typically defined in statute. Only expenditures related to extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate should be considered for this question. (Question 98 addresses audits of budgetary central government.) Further, if the mandate gives the SAI the authority to outsource some audits, then those audits count for purposes of this question.*

*To answer "a," all extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate must be audited. A "b" response applies if extra-budgetary funds accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, expenditures associated with extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "c" response applies if extra-budgetary funds accounting for less than two-thirds of expenditures associated with extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "d" response applies if extra-budgetary funds have not been audited.*

**Answer:**

d. No extra-budgetary funds have been audited.

**Source:**

The audit reports are published late beyond the OBS cut-off date. Therefore this question is scored as "D".

Comment:

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**100. Does the annual Audit Report(s) prepared by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) include an executive summary?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 100 asks whether the annual Audit Report includes an executive summary. Only the Audit Report identified in Section 1 should be used to answer this question. The Audit Report can be a fairly technical document, and an executive summary of the report's findings can help make it more accessible to the media and the public.*

*To answer "a," the Audit Report must include at least one executive summary summarizing the report's content. Answer "b" applies if the Audit Report does not include an executive summary, or the Audit Report is not made publicly available.*

Answer:

b. No, the annual Audit Report(s) does not include an executive summary.

Source:

The audit reports are published late beyond the OBS cut-off date. Therefore this question is scored as "D".

Comment:

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**101. Does the executive make available to the public a report on what steps it has taken to address audit recommendations or findings that indicate a need for remedial action?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 101 asks whether the executive reports to the public on the steps it has taken to address audit recommendations made by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). The ultimate purpose of audits is to verify that the budget was executed in a manner consistent with existing law, and to hold the government accountable for this execution and its future improvement. The extent to which audits achieve the latter depends on whether there is adequate and timely follow-up on the recommendations provided in the SAI's audit reports.*

*To answer "a," the executive must report publicly on the steps it has taken to address all audit findings. A "b" response applies if the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address most, but not all, audit findings. A "c" response applies if the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address only some audit findings. As long as the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address audit finding, answer "a," "b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Audit Report is not made publicly available. A "d" response applies if the executive does not report at all on its steps to address audit findings.*

Answer:

d. No, the executive does not report on steps it has taken to address audit findings.



**Source:**

SAI conducted audits (compliance, financial, or performance) but has not made them available to the public within time-frame (within 18 months after end of the financial year). The Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General (OCAG), the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) of Bangladesh  
<http://www.cagbd.org/>

All audit findings must be replied by the offices concerned. And all ministries, divisions and other institutions must answer all audit observations made by the SAIs. All concerned must answer within the stipulated time, otherwise it might go to the Public Accounts Committee (PAC). However, these are not available to the public.

Parliamentary Standing Committee on Public Accounts discusses on audit recommendations or findings and take initiative for remedial action.

**Comment:****Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**102. Does either the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) or legislature release to the public a report that tracks actions taken by the executive to address audit recommendations?****GUIDELINES:**

*Question 102 asks whether the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) or the legislature track actions by the executive to address audit recommendations. After audit results and recommendations are discussed and validated by the legislature, the executive is normally asked to take certain actions to address the audit findings. For accountability purposes, the public needs to be informed about the status of those actions, and steps the executive has taken to address audit recommendations. In addition to the executive reporting on its actions (see Question 101), the SAI and legislature – as the key oversight institutions – have a responsibility to keep the public informed by tracking the executive's progress in addressing audit recommendations.*

*To answer "a," the SAI or legislature must report publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address all audit findings. A "b" response applies if the SAI or legislature reports publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address most, but not all, audit findings. A "c" response applies if the SAI or legislature reports publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address only some audit findings. As long as the SAI or legislature reports publicly on the steps the executive has taken, answer "a," "b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Audit Report is not made publicly available. A "d" response applies if neither the SAI nor the legislature reports on the executive's steps to address audit findings.*

**Answer:**

d. No, neither the SAI nor legislature reports on steps the executive has taken to address audit recommendations.

**Source:**

Public Accounts Committee (PAC) reports publicly on most audit recommendations. Hard copies of Annual Report by Public Accounts Committee (PAC) are available upon request, but the report is not available online. Public Accounts Committee (PAC) make available to the public a report on what steps it has taken to address audit recommendations or findings that indicate a need for remedial action.

The Public Accounts Committee (PAC) of Bangladesh Parliament derives its mandate from the Article- 76 of the Constitution of the People's Republic of Bangladesh and the Rule-233 of the Rules of Procedure of Parliament of the People's Republic of Bangladesh. The functions of PAC are to examine reports prepared by the Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG) with an aim to identifying financial issues to be resolved as well as making recommendations on how to improve performance in the future.

SAI has conducted audits (compliance, financial, or performance) but has not made them available to the public within time-frame (within 18 months after end of the financial year). Neither the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General (OCAG) (the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) of Bangladesh) nor the legislature reports on steps the executive has taken to address audit recommendations.

<http://www.cagbd.org/>

**Comment:**

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**103. Is there an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) that conducts budget analyses for the budget formulation and/or approval process?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 103 examines whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) exists that contributes budget analyses to the budget formulation and/or approval process. According to the Principles for Independent Fiscal Institutions, adopted by the OECD Council in 2014, "independent fiscal institutions are publicly funded, independent bodies under the statutory authority of the executive or the legislature which provide non-partisan oversight and analysis of, and in some cases advice on, fiscal policy and performance", and with "a forward-looking ex ante diagnostic task". In practice, they come in two main forms:

- Parliamentary budget offices (also known as PBOs) such as the Congressional Budget Office in the United States (<https://www.cbo.gov/>), the Parliamentary Budget Office in South Africa (<https://www.parliament.gov.za/parliamentary-budget-office>), and the Center for Public Finance Studies in Mexico (Centro de Estudios de las Finanzas Públicas, <http://www.cefp.gob.mx/>); or
- Fiscal councils such as the Office for Budget Responsibility in the United Kingdom (<https://obr.uk/>) and the High Council for Public Finances in France (Haut Conseil des finances publiques, <https://www.hcfp.fr/>).

For more information, see von Trapp et al. 'Principles for Independent Fiscal Institutions and Case Studies', OECD Journal on Budgeting 15:2 (special issue, 2016), <https://doi.org/10.1787/budget-15-5jm2795tv625>.

To answer "a," there must be an IFI, and its independence must be set in law. In addition, it must have sufficient staffing and resources, including funding, to carry out its tasks. Answer "b" applies if an IFI exists, but either its independence is not set in law or its staffing and resources are insufficient to carry out its tasks. Answer "c" applies if an IFI exists, but its independence is not set in law and it lacks sufficient staffing and resources. Answer "d" applies if no IFI exists.

If the answer is "a," "b," or "c," please specify in the comments the name and type of IFI that exists (e.g., parliamentary budget office or fiscal council). If the answer is "a" or "b," identify the law that guarantees its independence, and provide evidence in support of the assessment of the adequacy of its staffing and resources. This can include the IFI's total budget allocation over recent years, any press reports that discuss perceived funding shortfalls, assessments by international organizations, and/or information from interviews with staff of the IFI.

**Answer:**

d. No, there is no IFI.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Please note the following:

There is a Budget Analysis and Monitoring Unit (BAMU) in Bangladesh National Parliament. It is being operated under the Parliament Secretariat. BAMU plays a role in supporting Members of Parliament (MPs) on budget analysis so that the MPs can learn and discuss about the budget. However, because there is no separate law or a part of any law dedicated to BAMU, and it is more of a project to support the MPs, for this reason it is not considered an IFI for this question. IFIs have more institutional and administrative autonomy, which the BAMU does not have in its role supporting MPs.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**104. Does the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) publish macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 104 assesses whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) has a role in producing the macroeconomic forecast (e.g., GDP growth, inflation, interest rates, etc.) and/or the fiscal forecast (revenues, expenditure, deficits, and debt), and if so, what kind of role it has. Macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasting is a typical core function across IFIs, but their role in forecasting takes several forms (von Trapp et al. 2016, p. 17 and Table 2). Some IFIs produce just a macroeconomic forecast, while others produce a complete fiscal forecast (which also typically requires an underlying macroeconomic forecast). In some cases, the fiscal forecast reflects continuation of current budget policies; such forecasts can be used by the legislature, the media, or the public to assess the projections in the executive's budget reflecting the government's policy proposals.

Some IFIs produce the official macroeconomic and fiscal forecasts used in the executive's budget. In other cases, IFIs do not prepare their own independent forecasts, but rather produce an assessment of the official estimates, or provide an opinion on, or endorsement of, the government's forecasts. Some others have no role at all in forecasting.

To answer "a", there must be an IFI that publishes both its own macroeconomic AND fiscal forecasts. Answer "b" applies if an IFI publishes its own macroeconomic OR fiscal forecast (but not both). Answer "c" applies if the IFI does not publish a macroeconomic or fiscal forecast, but rather publishes an assessment of the official forecasts produced by the executive and used in the budget. Choose option "d" if there is no IFI; or if there is an IFI that neither publishes its own macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts, nor a commentary on the official forecasts for the budget.

Macroeconomic forecasts may include indicators relating to economic output and economic growth, inflation, and the labor market, amongst others. Fiscal forecasts may include estimates of revenues, expenditures, the budget balance, and debt. If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify which indicators and estimates are included in the forecasts and whether the forecast is used by government as the official forecast. If the answer is "c," please describe the nature and depth of the assessment (e.g., the length of the commentary, or whether it covers both economic and fiscal issues).

**Answer:**

d. No, there is no IFI; or the IFI neither publishes its own macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts, nor a commentary on the official forecasts produced by the executive.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

There is no IFI in Bangladesh

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Disagree

**Suggested Answer:**

c. No, the IFI does not publish its own macroeconomic or fiscal forecast, but it does publish an assessment of the official macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts produced by the executive.

**Comments:** Budget Analysis and Monitoring Unit (BAMU) under Bangladesh Parliament Secretariat can be considered as an IFI. It prepares analytical reports and briefing papers on macroeconomic indicators and EBP including presentation of the forecasts produced by Finance Division and other agencies of the government. It aims to help the Members of Parliament (MPs) discuss the EBP in the Parliament during the budget session. It establishes 'Budget Help Desk' in the parliament during the budget session. It also prepares analytical notes and information for the MPs, especially parliamentary committee members depending on their request. Please see: <https://www.tbsnews.net/bangladesh/jatiya-sangsad-speaker-launches-budget-help-desk-2022-433686>

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**IBP Comment**

In response to PR comments - please see researchers comments to Q103 for why BAMU cannot be considered an IFI.

**105. Does the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) publish its own costings of new policy proposals, to assess their impact on the budget?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 105 assesses whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) has a costing function that involves assessing the budgetary implications of new policy proposals for both revenues and expenditures, and if so, what kind of role it has. Many IFIs have a costing role, but with substantial diversity in the nature and extent of this work (von Trapp et al 2016, pp. 17-18 and Table 2). Some assess virtually all new policy proposals, while others cost only a selection of new policy proposals. Others only publish opinions on, or scrutinize the costings of, budget measures produced by the executive.

To answer "a," the IFI must publish its own costings of all (or virtually all) new policy proposals. Answer "b" applies if the IFI publishes its own costings, but only for major new policy proposals – for instance, only those proposals that cost or save above a certain amount. Answer "c" applies if the IFI publishes its own costings, but only on a limited number of proposals. This could occur, for instance, if the IFI lacked the capacity to assess proposals dealing with certain sectors. Instead of producing a cost estimate, it can also publish an assessment of the estimates produced by the executive. Answer "d" applies if there is no IFI; or if the IFI does not publish its own costings of new policy proposals or provide an assessment of the official costings of new policy proposals.

**Answer:**

d. No, there is no IFI; or the IFI does not publish its own costings of new policy proposals.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

There is no IFI in Bangladesh

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Comments:** Budget Analysis and Monitoring Unit (BAMU) under Bangladesh Parliament Secretariat can be considered as an IFI. However, does not publish its own costings of new policy proposals.

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

106. In the past 12 months, how frequently did the head or a senior staff member of the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) take part and testify in hearings of a committee of the legislature?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 106 concerns the interaction between two important oversight actors and assesses how frequently the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) made high-level inputs to the work of legislative committees. Almost all IFIs interact with the legislature in some form (von Trapp et al 2016, p. 18), but the intensity of the interaction varies. This question assesses this aspect by asking, with reference to the past 12 months, how frequently the head or a senior staff member of the IFI took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature. The intent is to assess the extent to which the IFI staff member in question was not only present at a meeting of a legislative committee, but was an active participant (as opposed to a passive observer, serving only as a resource when called upon). As evidence to support your answer, you can refer to official records of legislative committees, websites and annual reports of the IFI, press releases and media coverage, for example. Choose answer "a" if this occurred five times or more; "b" for three times or more, but less than five times; and "c" for once or twice. Answer "d" should be selected if the head or a senior staff member of the IFI never took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature, or if there is no IFI.

**Answer:**

d. Never, or there is no IFI.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

There is no IFI in Bangladesh.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**107. Does the full legislature and/or a legislative committee debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 107 asks whether the legislature debated budget policies prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal for the most recent budget year before the research cut-off date. In general, prior to discussing the Executive's Budget Proposal for the coming year, the legislature should have an opportunity to review the government's broad budget priorities and fiscal parameters. Often times this information is laid out in a Pre-Budget Statement, which the executive presents to the legislature for debate. (See Questions 54-58.)*

*A number of countries conduct a pre-budget debate in the legislature around six months before the start of the budget year. In some cases, they adopt laws that guide the upcoming budget, for example the Budget Guidelines Law in Brazil and the Spring Fiscal Policy Bill in Sweden. A pre-budget debate can serve two main purposes: 1) to allow the executive to inform the legislature of its fiscal policy intentions by presenting updated reports on its annual and medium-term budget strategy and policy priorities; and 2) to establish "hard" multi-year fiscal targets or spending ceilings, which the government must adhere to when preparing its detailed spending estimates for the upcoming budget year.*

*To answer "a," the full legislature must debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal and approve recommendations for the upcoming budget.*

*Answer "b" applies if a legislative committee (but not the full legislature) debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal, and approves recommendations for the budget. Option "b" also applies if, in addition to the action by the committee, the full legislature also debates budget policy in advance of the budget, but does not approve recommendations.*

*Answer "c" applies if the full legislature and/or a legislative committee debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal, but does not approve recommendations for the budget. Answer "d" applies if neither the full legislature nor any legislative committee debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*In your comment, please indicate the dates of the budget debate, and if both the full legislature and a legislative committee held a debate. Note that a debate does not need to be open to the public, but a public record of the meeting or a public notice that the meeting occurred is required. In addition, please indicate whether the budget debate was focused on a Pre-Budget Statement published by the Executive. If the Executive did not publish a Pre-Budget Statement, then please indicate what served as the focus of the legislature's debate (for instance, a report released by an IFI or some other institution).*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, the full legislature and/or a legislative committee debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal, but it does not approve recommendations for the upcoming budget.

**Source:**

The following information was collected after interviewing a parliamentarian.

There is a pre-budget discussion meeting organized by the Ministry of Finance with four parliamentary standing Committee each year in the mid-March.

The dates of the meetings with the Ministry of Finance were shared in a calendar about their meetings with all stakeholders from February to April - which includes meetings with members of each of the four Parliamentary committees. This calendar is not available online, it is an internal document that was not published.

**Comment:**

Yes, Ministry of Finance of the Government of Bangladesh organizes series of pre-budget discussions during March to May every year with various stakeholders including four parliamentary standing committee on Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Planning, Public Accounts and Public Undertakings. The chairpersons and members of these four committee and all chairpersons of the parliamentary standing committee of various ministries debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive Budget Proposal and make recommendations for the upcoming budget, but no report is published.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**108. How far in advance of the start of the budget year does the legislature receive the Executive's Budget Proposal?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 108 examines how far in advance of the start of the most recent budget year the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal. International good practice recommends that the Executive's Budget Proposal should be submitted to the legislature far enough in advance to allow the legislature time to review it properly, or at least three months prior to the start of the fiscal year. (See, for instance, Principle 2.2.2 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>)).*

*For the purposes of responding to this question, if – and only if – the most recent budget submission occurred later than usual as a result of a particular event, such as an election, please use a more normal year as the basis for the response. If, however, delays have been observed for more than one budget year, and the legislature has not received the Executive's Budget Proposal in a timely manner on more than one occasion in the last three years, then "d" will be the appropriate answer.*

*To answer "a," the legislature must receive the Executive's Budget Proposal at least three months in advance of the start of the budget year. Answer "b" applies if the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal at least two months, but less than three months, before the start of the budget year. Answer "c" applies if the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month, but less than two months, before the start of the budget year. Answer "d" applies if the legislature does not receive the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month prior to the start of the budget year, or does not receive it at all.*

**Answer:**

d. The legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal less than one month before the start of the budget year, or does not receive it all.

**Source:**

Budget Speech 2022-23, 9 June 2022.

<https://mof.gov.bd/site/page/9ea7529b-c8ef-49b5-8b8e-87ef72a2b3ec>

**Comment:**

The legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal less than one month before the start of the budget year. They receive the budget documents at the same time when it is placed before the parliament. For example, Budget 2022-23 was placed before the parliament on 9 June 2022 and financial year started on 1 July 2022.

**News link here:**

1. <https://thefinancialexpress.com.bd/economy/bangladesh/kamal-places-budget-of-tk-678-trillion-for-fy23-1654765899>
2. <https://www.thedailystar.net/business/economy/national-budget/news/finance-minister-briefcase-reaches-parliament-unveil-budget-3043131>

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**109. When does the legislature approve the Executive's Budget Proposal?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 109 examines when the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal. International good practice recommends that the Executive's Budget Proposal should be approved by the legislature before the start of the fiscal year the budget proposal refers to. This gives the executive time to implement the budget in its entirety, particularly new programs and policies.*

In some countries, the expenditure and revenue estimates of the Executive's Budget Proposal are approved separately; for purposes of this question, at least the expenditure estimates must be approved. Further, approval of the budget implies approval of the full-year budget, not just a short-term continuation of spending and revenue authority.

To answer "a," the legislature must approve the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month before the start of the budget year. Answer "b" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal less than one month in advance of the start of the budget year, but at least by the start of the budget year. Answer "c" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal less than one month after the start of the budget year. Answer "d" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal more than one month after the start of the budget year, or does not approve the budget.

**Answer:**

b. The legislature approves the budget less than one month in advance of the start of the budget year, but at least by the start of the budget year.

**Source:**

<https://www.thedailystar.net/business/economy/national-budget/news/tk-678064cr-national-budget-fy-2022-23-passed-parliament-3060621>

**Comment:**

The legislature approves the budget by 30th June every year before start of the financial year on 1st July.

For FY 2022-23, the budget was approved on 30 June 2022.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**110. Does the legislature have the authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 110 examines the legislature's power to amend—as opposed to simply accept or reject—the budget proposal presented by the executive. This question is about legal authority rather than actions the legislature takes in practice. The legislature's powers to amend the budget can vary substantially across countries.

The "a" response is appropriate only if there are no restrictions on the right of the legislature to modify the Executive's Budget Proposal, including its right to change the size of the proposed deficit or surplus. The "b" response would be appropriate if, for instance, the legislature is restricted from changing the deficit or surplus, but it still has the power to increase or decrease funding and revenue levels. The more limited "c" response would apply if, for instance, the legislature can only re-allocate spending within the totals set in the Executive's Budget Proposal or can only decrease funding levels or increase revenues. Finally, response "d" would apply if the legislature may not make any changes (or only small technical changes), or if amendments must first be approved by the executive. In these cases, the legislature is essentially only able to approve or reject the budget as a whole. If the answer is "b" or "c", please indicate the nature of the amendment powers available to the Parliament and how they are limited.

**Answer:**

b. Yes, the legislature has authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, with some limitations.

**Source:**

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/act-367.html>

**Comment:**

Article 89 of the constitution of the Government of Bangladesh regarding procedure relating to Annual Financial Statement (the EBP):

- 1) "So much of the Annual Financial Statement as relates to expenditure charged upon the Consolidated Fund may be discussed in, but shall not be submitted to vote of, Parliament".
- 2) "So much of the Annual Financial Statement as relates to other expenditure shall be submitted to Parliament in the form of demands for grants, and Parliament shall have power to assent to or to refuse to assent to any demand, or to assent to it just to a reduction of the amount specified

therein."

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**111. During the most recent budget approval process, did the legislature use its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 111 assesses whether any formal authority of the legislature to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal is used in practice. The responses to this question should be determined based on action by the legislature related to the Enacted Budget used in the OBS. Choose answer "a" if the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal during the most recent budget approval process, and amendments were adopted (all, or at least some of them). Answer "a" also applies if the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, but the amendments were rejected by executive veto. Answer "b" applies if the legislature used its authority in law to propose amendments to the Executive's Budget Proposal, but none of these amendments were adopted. Answer "c" applies if the legislature has the authority in law to amend the budget, but no amendments were proposed during its consideration. Answer "d" applies when the legislature does not have any authority to amend the budget (that is, Question 110 is answered "d").*

*If the answer is "a" or "b", please specify in the comments the number of amendments introduced by the legislature (and in the case of an "a" response, the number adopted, or if applicable, information about an executive veto) and describe their nature. For example, did the amendments result in an increase or decrease of the deficit? What were the most significant amendments to revenues and to expenditures in terms of the sums involved? How did amendments affect the composition of expenditures? If the answer is "a," please specify which amendments were adopted, and provide evidence for it.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, and (at least some of) its amendments were adopted.

**Source:**

Some minor changes were made.

<https://en.prothomalo.com/bangladesh/finance-bill-2022-passed-with-limits-on-proposal-to-whiten-black-money>

<https://thefinancialexpress.com.bd/economy/bangladesh/parliament-passes-finance-bill-1656556535>

**Comment:**

Making some amendments, the Parliament passed the Finance Bill 2022 on 30 June 2022.

For instance, the following news report mentions:

"The finance minister accepted 17 amendment proposals on the finance bill at section 2-ka and 2-kha."

<https://en.prothomalo.com/bangladesh/finance-bill-2022-passed-with-limits-on-proposal-to-whiten-black-money>

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**112. During the last budget approval process, did a specialized budget or finance committee in the legislature examine the Executive's Budget Proposal?**



**GUIDELINES:**

Question 112 assesses the role of a specialized budget or finance committee during the budget approval stage. Effective committee involvement is an essential condition for legislative influence in the budget process. Specialized committees provide opportunities for individual legislators to gain relevant expertise, and to examine budgets and policy in depth. Yet, the involvement of committees differs across legislatures. Some legislatures have separate committees to examine spending and tax proposals, while others have a single finance committee. Not all legislatures have a specialized budget or finance committee to examine the budget. In addition, there can be differences in the time available for the committee's analysis of the budget.

A report with the committee's findings and recommendations is intended to inform the debate in the full legislature, therefore it must be published before the legislature has adopted the budget.

Response "a" requires that, in the last budget approval process, a specialized budget or finance committee had one month or more to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and it published a report with findings and recommendations prior to the budget being adopted. Response "b" applies where such a committee examined the draft budget and published a report, but within a shorter timeframe of less than one month. Response "c" applies if a committee examined the budget (without regard to the time period), but did not publish a report prior to the adoption of the budget. Response "d" applies where a specialized budget or finance committee did not examine the Executive's Budget Proposal.

Please specify in your comment the name of the committee and the number of days it had available to examine the budget. For bicameral legislatures where one house or chamber has greater constitutional authority in budgetary matters, the question applies to the house or chamber (usually the upper or second one) that is decisive. For bicameral legislatures with co-equal houses or chambers, the question should be answered with reference to the one that achieves the higher score for this question. In the case of bicameral legislatures, please note the relevant arrangements in each house or chamber. If applicable, provide a copy of the report. Please note also if a report is published, but only after the budget has been adopted.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, a specialized budget or finance committee examined the Executive's Budget Proposal, but it did not publish a report with findings and recommendations prior to the budget being adopted.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Parliamentary standing committee on Ministry of Finance examined the proposed budget 2022-23, but it didn't publish any report on this. The committee also took part in the budget session.

This was confirmed through discussions with Ministry of Finance officials.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**113. During the last approval process, did legislative committees, responsible for particular sectors (e.g., health, education, defense, etc.), examine spending in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the sector for which they are responsible?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 113 assesses the role of committees of the legislature that are responsible for particular sectors (e.g., health, education, defense, etc.) during the budget approval stage. The role of sectoral committees differs across legislatures. Some legislatures do not involve them in the budget approval process, while others do. In addition, the time available for committee analysis differs.

A report with the committee's findings and recommendations is intended to inform the debate in the full legislature, so therefore must be published before the legislature has adopted the budget. Response "a" requires that sector committees had one month or more to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and published a report with findings and recommendations prior the budget being adopted. Response "b" applies where such committees examined the draft budget and published a report, but within a shorter timeframe of less than one month. Response "c" applies if sectoral committees examined the budget (without regard to the time period), but did not publish a report prior to the adoption of the budget. Response "d" applies where sectoral committees did not examine the Executive's Budget Proposal.

Please note that the examination of sectoral budgets by a specialized budget or finance committee is assessed in Question 112 and should not be considered for this question.

Please provide in the comments a brief overview of the committee structure and specify the number of days that sectoral committees had available to examine the budget and to publish their reports. For bicameral legislatures where one house or chamber has greater constitutional authority in budgetary matters, the question applies to the house or chamber (usually the upper or second one) that is decisive. For bicameral legislatures with co-equal houses or chambers, the question should be answered with reference to the one that achieves the higher score for this question. In the case of bicameral legislatures, please note the relevant arrangements in each house or chamber. If applicable, provide a sample copy of at least one of the reports. Please note if a report is published, but only after the budget has been adopted.

For purposes of responding to this question, use those sectoral committees that are best performing – that is, the ones that examine the budget the longest and that publish reports.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, sector committees examined the Executive's Budget Proposal, but they did not publish reports with findings and recommendations prior to the budget being adopted.

**Source:**

The concerned parliamentary standing committee reviews the progress of the budget.

**Comment:**

Parliamentary standing committee on different ministries (e.g. health, education) examined the proposed budget 2022-23, but they didn't publish any report on this. The committee also took part in the budget discussions.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**114. In the past 12 months, did a committee of the legislature examine in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget during the relevant budget execution period?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 114 is about legislative oversight of budget execution. It assesses whether and how often a committee examined the implementation of the budget during the budget execution period (i.e., financial year) for which it was approved, and whether this resulted in an official report with findings and recommendations. This question does not apply to the ex post review of implementation following the end of the budget year as part of the audit stage, which is assessed separately. Nor does it apply to the legislature's review of the budget that it may undertake as part of the process of considering a supplemental budget during the year. In-year monitoring by the legislature will be affected by the frequency that the executive publishes In-Year Reports.

To answer "a," a committee must have examined in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget at least three times during the course of the relevant budget year and published reports with findings and recommendations. Answer "b" applies where this occurred only once or twice during the year.

Exception: If a legislature is in session only twice during the year, and it examines the implementation of the budget during both sessions, then it would be eligible for an "a" response.

Choose "c" if a committee examined in-year implementation (without regard to frequency), but did not publish any report with findings and recommendations. Answer "d" applies where no committee examined in-year implementation.

If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation, and provide a copy of its report(s). If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation.

For purposes of responding to this question, if more than one committee holds in-year reviews of the budget, use the committee that is best performing – that is, the one that examines in-year implementation the most times and that publishes a report.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, a committee examined in-year implementation, but it did not publish any report with findings and recommendations.

**Source:**

Confirmed through the interview with the member of the parliamentary standing committee.

**Comment:**

Parliamentary standing committee Ministry of Finance examined in-year implementation, but it didn't publish any report with findings and recommendations.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**115. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units that receive explicit funding in the Enacted Budget, and is it legally required to do so?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 115 examines whether the executive seeks approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units, and whether it is legally required to do so.*

*In some countries, the executive has the power in law to adjust funding levels for specific appropriations during the execution of the budget. This question examines rules around shifting funds between administrative units (ministries, departments, or agencies) or whatever funding unit (or "vote") is specified in the Enacted Budget.*

*The conditions under which the executive may exercise its discretion to shift funds should be clearly defined in publicly available regulations or law. In addition, the amount of funds that the executive is allowed to transfer between administrative units should not be so excessive as to undermine the accountability of the executive to the legislature.*

*To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before shifting funds between administrative units, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive obtains legislative approval before shifting funds between administrative units, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to receive legislative approval before shifting funds, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to shift funds between administrative units and the executive does not obtain legislative approval in practice. Answer "d" also applies if the executive is authorized to shift an amount considered so excessive as to undermine accountability (roughly equal to 3 percent of total budgeted expenditures). A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the shifting of funds after it has already occurred.*

*In the comments, please indicate any law or regulation that provides the executive with standing authority to shift funds between administrative units and, if so, describe that authority. Similarly, legislative approval for shifting funds between administrative units typically occurs with the adoption of legislation such as a supplemental budget. But if other formal procedures for gaining approval from the legislature exist, then please provide information about that approval process.*

**Answer:**

c. The executive is required by law or regulation to obtain approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units, but in practice the executive shifts funds before obtaining approval from the legislature.

**Source:**

Public Moneys and Budget Management Act 2009

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e\\_4ad0\\_4c97\\_8a7e\\_e727707db410/11.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e_4ad0_4c97_8a7e_e727707db410/11.pdf)

**Comment:**

Article 14 of the Public Moneys and Budget Management Act 2009: shift of funds between administrative units is subject to the pre-approval of the legislatures except from the unexpected expenditure head.

In practice, supplementary budget is approved at the end of the year, after the spending has already occurred.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**116. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenue (that is, amounts higher than originally anticipated) that may become available during the budget execution period, and is it legally required to do so?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 116 examines whether the executive receives approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenue, and whether it is legally required to do so. Good practice requires the legislature to approve changes in revenue or expenditure relative to the Enacted Budget. For example, if additional revenue is collected unexpectedly during the year, which often happens in oil/mineral-dependent countries, and it was not accounted for in the Enacted Budget, there should be a procedure in place to ensure that the legislature approves any proposed use of these "new" funds. If such requirements are not in place, the executive might deliberately underestimate revenue in the budget proposal it submits to the legislature, in order to have additional resources to spend at the executive's discretion, with no legislative control.*

*To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before spending any funds resulting from higher-than-expected revenues, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive obtains legislative approval before spending excess revenue, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to receive legislative approval before spending excess revenue, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if prior legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to spend excess revenue and the executive does not obtain legislative approval in practice. A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the additional spending after it has already occurred.*

*Typically, legislative approval of additional spending beyond what was reflected in the Enacted Budget would occur with the adoption of a supplemental budget. But other formal procedures for getting approval from the legislature in advance of it adopting the supplemental budget may exist. If that is the case, then please provide information about that approval process.*

**Answer:**

d. There is no law or regulation requiring the executive to obtain approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenues, and in practice the executive spends these funds before obtaining approval from the legislature.

**Source:**

Public Moneys and Budget Management Act 2009 (in Bengali)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e\\_4ad0\\_4c97\\_8a7e\\_e727707db410/11.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e_4ad0_4c97_8a7e_e727707db410/11.pdf)

<https://anyflip.com/kotr/apcb/basic> (unofficial English version)

Constitution of the Government of Bangladesh

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/act-367.html>

**Comment:**

Article 12 of the Public Moneys and Budget Management act 2009: If necessary, the Finance Minister shall present a revised budget before the parliament.

Article 14 of the Public Moneys and Budget Management act 2009: fund transfer or re-appropriation -1) without prior approval of the parliament no fund shall be transferred or re-appropriated from one grant to another grant or from charged expenditure to other expenditure except from the unexpected expenditure head.

Also, see Article 91 of Supplementary and Excess Grants of the Constitution of the Government of Bangladesh.

The supplementary budget for FY 2021-22 was released in June 2022: <https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/be9ec7d8-fe38-4f05-a45e-cb692fa6ea5e>

Because the revised budget is approved only by Parliament at the end of the fiscal year, this means there is no prior approval from Parliament.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**117. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to reducing spending below the levels in the Enacted Budget in response to revenue shortfalls (that is, revenues lower than originally anticipated) or other reasons during the budget execution period, and is it legally required to do so?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 117 examines whether the executive receives approval from the legislature prior to cutting spending below the levels in the Enacted Budget in response to revenue shortfalls or for any other reason, and whether it is legally required to do so. Good practice requires the legislature to approve changes in revenue or expenditure relative to the Enacted Budget. For example, if less revenue is collected unexpectedly during the year, the legislature should approve or reject any proposed reductions in expenditures that are implemented as a result. If such requirements are not in place, the executive might substantially change the composition of the budget at the executive's discretion, with no legislative control.*

*Typically, legislative approval of proposals to reduce spending below the levels reflected in the Enacted Budget would occur as part of the supplemental budget. But other formal procedures for getting approval from the legislature in advance of it adopting the supplemental budget may exist. If that is the case, then please provide information about that approval process.*

*To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before implementing spending cuts in response to revenue shortfalls or for other reasons, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive received legislative approval before implementing such cuts, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to obtain legislative approval before implementing such cuts, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to implement such cuts and the executive does not obtain such approval in practice. A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the spending cuts after they have already occurred.*

**Answer:**

d. There is no law or regulation requiring the executive to obtain approval from the legislature prior to reducing spending below enacted levels, and in practice the executive implements these spending cuts before seeking prior approval from the legislature.

**Source:**

Public Moneys and Budget Management Act 2009 (in Bengali)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e\\_4ad0\\_4c97\\_8a7e\\_e727707db410/11.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e_4ad0_4c97_8a7e_e727707db410/11.pdf)

<https://anyflip.com/kotr/apcb/basic> (unofficial English version)

Constitution of the Government of Bangladesh

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/act-367.html>

**Comment:**

Article 12 of the Public Moneys and Budget Management act 2009: Finance Minister shall present a revised budget before the parliament.

Article 14 of the Public Moneys and Budget Management act 2009: fund transfer or re-appropriation -1) without prior approval of the parliament no fund shall be transferred or re-appropriated from one grant to another grant or from charged expenditure to other expenditure except from the unexpected expenditure head.

Also, see Article 91 of Supplementary and Excess Grants of the Constitution of the Government of Bangladesh.

The government submits revised expenditure amounts toward the end of the fiscal year along with the budget proposal to parliament.

The supplementary budget for FY 2021-22 was released in June 2022: <https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/be9ec7d8-fe38-4f05-a45e-cb692fa6ea5e>

Because the revised budget is approved only by Parliament at the end of the fiscal year, this means there is no prior approval from Parliament.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**118. Did a committee of the legislature examine the Audit Report on the annual budget produced by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 118 is about ex post oversight following the implementation of the budget. It probes whether a committee examined the Audit Report on the annual budget produced by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI), and whether this resulted in an official report with findings and recommendations. A key issue is how*

soon after the SAI releases the report does it legislature review it. This question does not apply to the legislative scrutiny of in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget during the relevant budget execution period, which is assessed separately. Also, the question is asking specifically about the SAI's annual report on the execution of the budget, not about other audit reports that the SAI may produce. (This is the Audit Report used for responding to Question 98.)

To answer "a," a legislative committee must have examined the annual Audit Report within three months of it being released by the SAI, and then published a report (or reports) with findings and recommendations. (Note that the three-month period should only take into account time when the legislature is in session.)

Answer "b" applies when the committee examines it within six months of it being released (but more than three months), and then published a report with its findings and recommendations. Choose "c" if a committee examined the annual Audit Report more than six months after it became available or it did not publish any report with findings and recommendations. Answer "d" applies where no committee examined the annual Audit Report.

If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed the Audit Report, and provide a copy of its report(s). If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation. Answers "a," "b," or "c" may be selected if the Audit Report is produced by the SAI but not made publicly available.

**Answer:**

d. No, a committee did not examine the Audit Report on the annual budget.

**Source:**

Public Accounts Committee reviews the audit reports; discuss and follow up the audit recommendations. PAC also organize public hearings with the concerned stakeholders/officials.

Public Accounts Committee scrutinize a sample of the audit of the annual budget but the report is not made available to the public.

**Comment:**

Some of the audit reports are scrutinized by the Public Accounts Committee.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**IBP Comment**

As there is no evidence to support this, IBP revised answer to D.

**119. Was the process of appointing (or re-appointing) the current head of the SAI carried out in a way that ensures his or her independence?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 119 concerns the appointment process of the current head of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). Appointment procedures vary greatly across countries, as well as across different types of SAIs. Moreover, conventions and informal practices can greatly affect the de facto independence of the head of the SAI. While these factors make it difficult to devise a single metric against which all SAIs can be assessed with regard to this particular aspect, this question focuses on whether the legislature or judiciary must appoint or approve the appointment of the head of the SAI as a way to ensure the SAI's independence from the executive. However, if the appointment is carried out in another way that nonetheless ensures the independence of the SAI head, then that approach could be also considered.

To answer "a," the legislature or judiciary must appoint (or re-appoint) the head of the SAI, or approve the recommendation of the executive, as a way that ensure his or her independence from the executive. (As noted above, alternative approaches may also be acceptable.) Choose "b" if the appointment process does not ensure the independence of the head of the SAI, e.g. the executive may appoint the head of the SAI without the final consent of the legislature or judiciary.

Irrespective of which answer you selected, provide a description of how the head of the SAI is appointed.

**Answer:**

b. No, the executive may appoint the head of the SAI without the final consent of the legislature or judiciary.

**Source:**

Constitution of Bangladesh:  
<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/act-367.html>

**Comment:**

Article 127(1) of the Constitution of Bangladesh: There shall be a Comptroller and Auditor General of Bangladesh (hereinafter referred to as the Auditor General) who shall be appointed by the President.

Article 127(2) - Subject to the provisions of this Constitution and of any law made by Parliament, the conditions of service of the Auditor General shall be the such as the President may, by order, determine.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**120. Must a branch of government other than the executive (such as the legislature or the judiciary) give final consent before the head of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) can be removed from office?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 120 covers the manner in which the head or senior members of the SAI may be removed from office. This question draws on best practices identified in the Lima Declaration of Guidelines on Auditing Precepts (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/LimaDeclaration.pdf>), including measures intended to guarantee the office's independence from the executive.*

*To answer "a," the head of the SAI may only be removed by the legislature or judiciary, or the legislature or judiciary must give final consent before the head of the SAI is removed. For example, the legislature or judiciary may give final consent following a certain external process, such as a criminal proceeding. So while the executive may initiate a criminal proceeding, the final consent of a member of the judiciary – or a judge – is necessary to render a verdict of wrongdoing that may lead to the removal from office of the head of the SAI. Answer "b" applies if the executive may remove the head of the SAI without the final consent of the judiciary or legislature.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, the head of the SAI may only be removed by the legislature or judiciary, or the legislature or judiciary must give final consent before he or she is removed.

**Source:**

Constitution of Bangladesh  
<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/act-367.html>

**Comment:**

Article 129(2) of the Constitution: The Head of SAI (the Auditor General) has a constitutional position and therefore can't be removed from his office except in like manner and on like ground as a Judge of the Supreme Court.

The removal of judges is defined in Article 96, which states:

1. Subject to the other provisions of this article, a Judge shall hold office until he attains the age of sixty seven years.
2. A Judge shall not be removed from his office except by an order of the President passed pursuant to a resolution of Parliament supported by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the total number of members of Parliament, on the ground of proved misbehaviour or incapacity.
3. Parliament may by law regulate the procedure in relation to a resolution under clause (2) and for investigation and proof of the misbehaviour or incapacity of a Judge.
4. A Judge may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the President.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

#### 121. Who determines the budget of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI)?

##### GUIDELINES:

Question 121 asks who determines the budget of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). To ensure objective audits of government budgets, another important component of the SAI's independence from the executive is the extent to which the SAI's budget is determined by a body other than the executive, and whether the SAI has adequate resources to fulfill its mandate.

Answer "a" applies if the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate, AND either the SAI determines its own budget and then submits it to the executive (which accepts it with little or no change) or directly to the legislature, or the budget of the SAI is determined directly by the legislature or judiciary (or some independent body). Answer "b" applies if the SAI's budget is determined by the executive (absent a recommendation from the SAI), and the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Answer "c" applies if the legislature or judiciary (or some independent body) determines the SAI's budget, but the funding level is not consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Answer "d" applies if the executive determines the SAI's budget, and the funding level is not consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Please provide evidence in support of the assessment that the funding level is or is not broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate.

##### Answer:

b. The budget of the SAI is determined by the executive, and the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate.

##### Source:

Public Moneys and Budget Management Act 2009 (in Bengali)

[https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e\\_4ad0\\_4c97\\_8a7e\\_e727707db410/11.pdf](https://mof.portal.gov.bd/sites/default/files/files/mof.portal.gov.bd/page/311e440e_4ad0_4c97_8a7e_e727707db410/11.pdf)

<https://anyflip.com/kotr/apcb/basic> (unofficial English version)

Constitution of the Government of Bangladesh

<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/act-367.html>

##### Comment:

The budget of the SAI is determined by the Ministry of Finance in consultation with SAI. It is presented to the parliament as a Charged Expenditure just for discussion but it is not dependent on the Parliament vote.

##### Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

##### Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

#### 122. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) have the discretion in law to undertake those audits it may wish to?

##### GUIDELINES:

Question 122 explores the scope of the investigative powers of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) as prescribed in law.

Question 97 asks which of the three types of audits – financial, compliance, and performance – the SAI conducts. This question asks if the SAI is constrained by law (rather than by a lack of capacity or an inadequate budget) from undertaking any form of audit or investigating irregularities in any program or activity.

There are numerous examples of limitations. For instance, some SAIs are not permitted by their legal mandate to audit joint ventures or other public-private arrangements. Others are only allowed to undertake financial audits, precluded from conducting performance or value-for-money audits. The SAIs in some countries do not have the legal mandate to review arrangements involving oil or stabilization funds, or other types of special or extra-budgetary funds. The SAI may also not have the ability to audit commercial projects involving the public and private sector.



To answer "a," the SAI must have full discretion in law to decide which audits to undertake. Answer "b" applies if some limitations exist, but the SAI enjoys significant discretion to undertake those audits it wishes to. Answer "c" applies if the SAI has some discretion, but significant legal limitations exist. Answer "d" applies if the SAI has no power at all to choose which audits to undertake

Consulting the Lima Declaration of Guidelines on Auditing Precepts (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/LimaDeclaration.pdf>) may be useful in answering this question as its provisions serve to define the appropriate scope of a SAI's legal mandate and jurisdiction.

**Answer:**

a. The SAI has full discretion to decide which audits it wishes to undertake.

**Source:**

Constitution of Bangladesh  
<http://bdlaws.minlaw.gov.bd/act-367.html>

**Comment:**

The SAI has full discretion in law to undertake those audits it may wish to. Please refer to Article 128 of the Constitution.

128. (1) The public accounts of the Republic and of all courts of law and all authorities and officers of the Government shall be audited and reported on by the Auditor General and for that purpose he or any person authorised by him in that behalf shall have access to all records, books, vouchers, documents, cash, stamps, securities, stores or other government property in the possession of any person in the service of the Republic.

(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of clause (1), if it is prescribed by law in the case of any body corporate directly established by law, the accounts of that body corporate shall be audited and reported on by such person as may be so prescribed.

(3) Parliament may by law require the Auditor General to exercise such functions, in addition to those specified in clause (1), as such law may prescribe, and until provision is made by law under this clause the President may, by order, make such provision.

(4) The Auditor General, in the exercise of his functions under clause (1), shall not be subject to the direction or control of any other person or authority.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**123. Are the audit processes of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) reviewed by an independent agency?**

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 123 assesses whether and to what extent the audit processes of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) are subject to review by an independent agency. The latter could be a peer SAI, an international organization, an academic institution with relevant expertise, or an independent domestic agency with quality assurance functions in the area of financial reporting.

To answer "a," an independent agency must conduct and publish a review of the audit processes of the SAI on an annual basis. Answer "b" applies if a review was carried out within the past five years, and published, but it is not conducted annually, but. Choose answer "c" if the SAI has an internal unit that reviews the audit processes of the SAI on a regular basis, but an independent agency does not conduct such a review. Answer "d" applies if the audit processes of the SAI are reviewed neither by an independent agency nor by a unit within the SAI.

If the answer is either "a" or "b," please specify the name of the independent agency and when last it conducted such a review, and provide a copy of the published report. If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the unit within the SAI that is tasked with conducting such reviews.

**Answer:**

d. No, the audit processes of the SAI are reviewed neither by an independent agency nor by a unit within the SAI.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

No independent public or private agency has reviewed the audit processes of the SAI within the past five years.

The SAI has established a digital audit management systems to rapidly prepare quality reports and to improve the audit process.

The Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General (OCAG) in 2013 installed an integrated software system called Audit Monitoring and Management System (AMMS) by connecting all of its directorates and developed a centralized database. This system helps identify pre-auditing risks and updates the status of all audit objections. This monitoring system is not aimed to review the audit processes of the SAI.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**124. In the past 12 months, how frequently did the head or a senior staff member of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) take part and testify in hearings of a committee of the legislature?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 124 concerns the interaction between two important oversight actors and assesses how frequently the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) made high-level inputs to the work of legislative committees. Many SAIs interact with the legislature in some form, but the nature and intensity of the interaction varies. This question probes this aspect by asking, with reference to the past 12 months, how frequently the head or a senior staff member of the SAI took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature. The intent is to assess the extent to which the SAI representative in question was not only present at a meeting of a legislative committee, but was an active participant (as opposed to a passive observer, serving only as a resource when called upon). You can refer to official records of legislative committees, websites and annual reports of the SAI, press releases and media coverage, for example. Choose answer "a" if this occurred five times or more; "b" for three times or more, but less than five times; "c" for once or twice, and "d" for never.*

**Answer:**

d. Never.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The head or a senior staff member of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) rarely take part and testify in hearings of a committee of the legislature.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**125. Does the executive use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during the formulation of the annual budget (prior to the budget being tabled in parliament)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Inclusiveness" and "Timeliness" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.*

*The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of "involvement" (option "a" in the responses) and "consultation" (option "b"). See:*

[https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\\_course/IAP2\\_P2\\_Spectrum\\_FINAL.pdf](https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations_course/IAP2_P2_Spectrum_FINAL.pdf).

Please consider only participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency designated by the government to implement participation mechanisms ("the executive") is currently using to allow the public to participate in the formulation of the annual budget, including annual pre-budget discussions. Participation mechanisms used only by line ministries should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by the executive, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government's efforts to incorporate citizens' input into the formulation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as spending and tax policy, funding and revenue levels, and macro-fiscal planning .

To answer "a," the executive must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the formulation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government officials. Examples include public meetings and online deliberative exchanges.

Answer "b" applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics, independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input in the formulation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which the executive seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include surveys, focus groups, report cards, published policy consultation exercises, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.

Answer "c" applies if the executive has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to participate in the budget formulation phase, but:

1) The mechanisms are not structured and happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.

and/or

2) The executive consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the executive determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.

In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", there should be some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that all CSOs and individual members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed.

Examples of mechanisms that might qualify as a "c" response include hotlines, Facebook announcements, and one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.

The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, the executive uses participation mechanisms during the budget formulation phase, but either these mechanisms capture only some ad-hoc views, or the executive invites specific individuals or groups for budget discussions (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

**Source:**

<https://www.theindependentbd.com/post/272631>

<https://bccci-bd.org/national-revenue-board-nbr-held-a-pre-budget-meeting-2022-2023/>

**Comment:**

There is a practice to hold pre-budget meetings in Bangladesh. The Minister of Finance takes part in various pre-budget meetings organized by professional groups, NGOs and media outside the Finance Division. Since he never presents outline of the proposed budget or major proposals in these meeting to seek their opinions, such consultations seem to be mere formality. The same is true for the Chairman of National Board of Revenue (NBR) who also attends meetings and interactions organized by various professional groups outside. Their participation in pre-budget meeting are voluntary and there is no obligation and formal mechanism for the Budget Wing and NBR to (i) attend those meetings and interact, and (ii) reflect the issues raised in the meetings in the EBP documents.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**126. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 125, does the executive take concrete steps to include vulnerable and under-represented parts of the population in the formulation of the annual budget?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principle of "Inclusiveness", and examines the executive's effort to actively reach out to citizens who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes. The emphasis here is on the executive's efforts to seek out the views of members of the public from socially vulnerable groups and/or who are underrepresented in the process.*

*To answer "a," the executive must actively seek out individuals from at least one vulnerable and underrepresented community and/or civil society organization representing vulnerable and underrepresented individuals and communities. The researcher must provide evidence to show the government's efforts and actions. The researcher must speak with the relevant government official(s), and subsequently double check with an alternative source, such as representatives of vulnerable/underrepresented groups.*

*Answer "b" applies if the executive does not take concrete steps to incorporate vulnerable/underrepresented individuals, or organizations representing them, into participation mechanisms or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.*

**Answer:**

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Although there are various pre-budget meetings held, but there is no systematic approach to reflect and understand how concrete steps are taken include vulnerable and under-represented parts of the population in the formulation of the annual budget.

**Peer Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**  
Opinion: Agree

**127. During the budget formulation stage, which of the following key topics does the executive's engagement with citizens cover?**

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

1. Macroeconomic issues
2. Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration
3. Social spending policies
4. Deficit and debt levels
5. Public investment projects
6. Public services

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider all of the mechanisms currently used by the executive to promote public participation during the formulation of the annual budget.*

*Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics -- and for this reason the other questions assessing the executive's engagement with the public during budget formulation can be answered on the basis of engagement on topics other than the six listed above -- for the purpose of answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be only the ones listed above. If the executive's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.*

Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., “what issues is the public invited to engage on?”) and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.

If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.

Answer “d” applies if requirements for a “c” response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

**Answer:**

c. The executive’s engagement with citizens covers at least one (but less than three) of the above-mentioned topics.

**Source:**

<https://bccci-bd.org/national-revenue-board-nbr-held-a-pre-budget-meeting-2022-2023/>

<https://thefinancialexpress.com.bd/national/price-hike-of-essentials-is-as-usual-says-nbr-chairman-1646914442>

**Comment:**

Finance Minister and Chairman of National Board of Revenue (NBR) discuss with various citizens groups on behalf of the government.

Topics covered, as noted in the links above, macroeconomic issues, revenue policies, and social spending.

These topics are discussed in a series of pre-budget consultations are held during the budget formulation stage with the legislatures, economists, business associations leaders, economic reporters, farmers and other civil society groups etc.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**128. Does the executive use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget?**

**GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principles on “Inclusiveness” and “Timeliness” and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.

The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of “involvement” (option “a” in the responses) and “consultation” (option “b”). See:

[https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\\_course/IAP2\\_P2\\_Spectrum\\_FINAL.pdf](https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations_course/IAP2_P2_Spectrum_FINAL.pdf)

Please consider only participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency designated by the government to implement participation mechanisms (“the executive”) is currently using to allow the public to participate in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget. If the executive has designated a central coordinating agency to implement participation mechanisms throughout the national budget process, researchers may consider these mechanisms. Participation mechanisms used only by line ministries should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by the executive, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government’s efforts to incorporate citizens’ input into the implementation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as revenue administration, public service delivery, public investment project implementation, including procurement, and the administration of social transfer schemes.

To answer “a,” the executive must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the implementation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government official. Examples include public meetings, online, deliberative exchanges, procurement complaint mechanisms, and social monitoring and dialogue.

Answer “b” applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics,

independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input on the implementation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which the executive seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include public hearings, surveys, focus groups, report cards, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.

Answer "c" applies if the executive has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to provide input on budget implementation, but:

1) The mechanisms are not structured, happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.

and/or

2) The executive consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the executive determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.

In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", the researcher must have evidence that the government is holding participation mechanisms that have some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that all CSOs and members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed.

Examples include hotlines, Facebook announcements, one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.

The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

**Answer:**

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Though the executive doesn't use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the implementation of the annual budget but at the local level there is a monthly coordinating committee meeting at the Upazila level discuss about the implementation of different activities.

However, since the Upazila level is a local-level mechanism that doesn't directly involve the Ministry of Finance at the central level, it is not considered for this question.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**129. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 128, does the executive take concrete steps to receive input from vulnerable and underrepresented parts of the population on the implementation of the annual budget?**

**GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principle of "Inclusiveness", and examines the executive's effort to actively reach out to citizens who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes. The emphasis here is on national government's efforts to obtain input from members of the public who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes during the implementation of the annual budget.

To answer "a," the executive must actively seek out individuals from at least one vulnerable and underrepresented community and/or civil society organization representing vulnerable and underrepresented individuals and communities. The researcher must provide evidence to show the government's efforts and actions. The researcher must speak with the relevant government official(s), and subsequently double check with an alternative source, such as representatives from vulnerable/underrepresented groups.

Answer "b" applies if the national executive does not take concrete steps to incorporate vulnerable/underrepresented individuals, or organizations representing them, into participation mechanisms or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

**Answer:**

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Though community people and local government are heavily engaged at the local level through which members of the public and government officials exchange views on budget implementation (e.g. ward committee) but the executive doesn't take concrete steps to receive input from individuals from and/or organizations representing vulnerable and underrepresented parts of the population on the implementation of the annual budget.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

130. During the implementation of the annual budget, which of the following topics does the executive's engagement with citizens cover?

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

1. Changes in macroeconomic circumstances
2. Delivery of public services
3. Collection of revenue
4. Implementation of social spending
5. Changes in deficit and debt levels
6. Implementation of public investment projects

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider all of the mechanisms currently used by the executive to promote public participation during the implementation of the annual budget.*

*Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics -- and for this reason the other questions assessing the executive's engagement with the public during budget implementation can be answered on the basis of engagement on topics other than the six listed above -- for the purpose of answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be ONLY the ones listed above. If the executive's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.*

*Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., "what issues is the public invited to engage on?") and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.*

*If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.*

*Answer "d" applies if requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.*

**Answer:**

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

While the local-level mechanisms are an important participatory mechanism, this question looks at engagement of the central-level executive

(Ministry of Finance) with the public on the budget process.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**131. When the executive engages with the public, does it provide comprehensive prior information on the process of the engagement, so that the public can participate in an informed manner?**

**Comprehensive information must include at least three of the following elements:**

- 1. Purpose**
- 2. Scope**
- 3. Constraints**
- 4. Intended outcomes**
- 5. Process and timeline**

*GUIDELINES:*

*This question relates to the GIFT principle of "Openness," and addresses whether the executive provides relevant information on the process of the engagement before public participation takes place, in order to help citizens engage effectively. The question addresses whether the "rules of the public engagement" are clearly spelled out, in advance and in detail, so that those members of the public who want to engage know how to do so, in terms of when they can do so, what they are expected to provide input on, by when, to whom, etc. This question does not cover the substance of the engagement, which is covered by questions 127 and 130.*

*Non-comprehensive information means that the government provides information that includes at least one but less than three of the elements listed above.*

*Purpose refers to a brief explanation of why the public engagement is being undertaken, including the executive's objectives for its engagement with the public.*

*Scope refers to what is within the subject matter of the engagement as well as what is outside the subject matter of the engagement. For example, the scope may include how a current policy is administered but exclude the specifics of the policies themselves.*

*Constraints refers to whether there are any explicit limitations on the engagement. An example of a constraint could be that any policy changes must not cost (or forgo revenue) more than a specific amount or have no net fiscal cost.*

*Intended outcomes refers to what the executive hopes to achieve as a result of the engagement. Examples of intended outcomes could be revising a policy to better reflect citizen or service-user views or to improve the way in which a particular program is administered.*

*Process refers to the methods by which the public engagement will take place and the discrete steps in the process. For example, the process may simply be a one-off Internet-based consultation, with a summary published of public inputs and the official response. The process may involve simultaneous or overlapping steps, and may be conducted in one round or in two or more rounds of engagement.*

*Timeline refers to the specific dates on which the discrete steps in the process will take place, or during which they will be completed, and clear start and end dates for the overall engagement.*

*Answer "d" applies if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation or formulation stage.*

**Answer:**

c. Information is provided in a timely manner in both or one of the two phases, but it is not comprehensive.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

During the budget consultations (as assessed in Q125) some information is provided to the public about the consultation meetings held by the ministry of finance, however it is not broadly available to all citizens or comprehensive. Usually, the invitation letters sent for these consultations



include details about the agenda of the consultation.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**132. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 125, does the executive provide the public with feedback on how citizens' inputs have been used in the formulation of the annual budget?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the executive provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received, which ones are used in the formulation of the annual budget, and how/why.*

*By "written record", we mean a document that is produced and released by the lead budget agency (Ministry of Finance, Treasury) that has set up and holds the participation activity.*

*Answer "a" applies when the executive provides a written document with:*

- *The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and*
- *A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how)*

*Answer "b" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:*

- *The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and*
- *A not-so-detailed report, such as a document with a few paragraphs, on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used.*

*Answer "c" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:*

- *The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public or*
- *A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.*

*Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.*

**Answer:**

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Though a series of pre-budget consultations are held during the formulation of annual budget but the executive does not publicly provide a written record which includes neither the list of the inputs received nor a report or summary on how they are used.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

133. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 128, does the executive provide the public with information on how citizens' inputs have been used to assist in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the executive provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received during the implementation of the annual budget, which ones are take into account to improve budget monitoring, and how/why.*

*By "written record", we mean a document that is produced and released by the lead budget agency (Ministry of Finance, Treasury) that has set up and holds the participation activity.*

*Answer "a" applies when the executive provides a written document with:*

- *The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and*
- *A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how)*

*Answer "b" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:*

- *The inputs received (e.g., a written transcript) from the public and*
- *A not-so-detailed report, such as a document with a few paragraphs, on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were or were not taken into account by the executive during budget monitoring.*

*Answer "c" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:*

- *The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public or*
- *A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.*

*Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.*

**Answer:**

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Executive does not provide a written record which includes neither the list of the inputs received nor a report or summary on how they are used in monitoring the annual budget .

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

134. Are participation mechanisms incorporated into the timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Sustainability," "Timeliness" and "Complementarity" and addresses whether the executive is able to link participation mechanisms to the administrative processes that are used to create the annual budget.*

Please note that "timetable" refers to a document setting deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation. This document is sometimes referred to as the budget calendar and is the same document referenced in Question 53.

Answer "a" applies if the national executive establishes a clear set of guidelines that enable citizens and civil servants to understand when participation mechanisms should be used to enable citizen inputs to be incorporated into the annual budget. For answer choice "a", the timetable must be available to the public prior to the budget preparation process beginning.

Answer "b" applies if the executive does not establish a clear set of guidelines that enable citizens and civil servants to understand when participation mechanisms should be used to enable citizen inputs to be incorporated into the annual budget or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation or implementation stage.

**Answer:**

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

**Source:**

Budget Circular 1:

<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/9aa72ef2-56aa-42fd-8ad8-3c2ceb4de561/Budget-Circular-1>

Budget Circular 2:

<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/f1268eb5-729e-4ae5-88ed-194f3bc1f050/Budget-Circular-2>

**Comment:**

There is no instructions given in the Budget Call Circular 1 and 2 related to timetable of budget to engage the citizen participation while formulating the executive budget proposal. It is because the pre-budget engagements of the Finance Minister and Chairman of NBR are not compulsions as formal steps of the budget formulation.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**135. Do one or more line ministries use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during the formulation or implementation of the annual budget?**

**GUIDELINES**

While questions 125 – 134 focus only on participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency currently use to allow the public to participate in the national budget process, this question asks about participation mechanisms used by line ministries to allow the public to participate in national budget processes. Thus, participation mechanisms used by the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by a line ministry or if multiple line ministries use participation mechanisms, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government's efforts to incorporate citizens' input into the formulation and/or implementation of the annual budget.

This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Inclusiveness" and "Timeliness" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.

The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of "involvement" (option "a" in the responses) and "consultation" (option "b"). See:

[https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\\_course/IAP2\\_P2\\_Spectrum\\_FINAL.pdf](https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations_course/IAP2_P2_Spectrum_FINAL.pdf)

To answer "a," a line ministry must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the formulation or implementation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government official. Examples include public meetings and online deliberative exchanges.

Answer "b" applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics, independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input in the formulation or implementation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which a line ministry seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include surveys, focus groups, report cards, published policy consultation exercises, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.

Answer "c" applies if a line ministry has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to participate in the budget formulation phase, but:

1) The mechanisms are not structured and happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.

and/or

2) A line ministry consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the line ministry determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.

In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", there should be some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that all CSOs and individual members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed.

The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.

Examples of mechanisms that might qualify as a "c" response include hotlines, Facebook announcements, and one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.

**Answer:**

c. Yes, at least one line ministry uses participation mechanisms during the budget formulation or implementation phase, but either these mechanisms capture only some ad-hoc views, or the executive invites specific individuals or groups for budget discussions (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

**Source:**

<http://www.gsdr.org/docs/open/pf11.pdf>

**Comment:**

There are committees at the local level mainly composed of locally-elected officials, and these elections are required by a series of laws. These local governments, and the committees, are under the oversight of the Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives (MLGRD&C), which also coordinates the different central ministry involvement on the committees.

This Ministry has divisions that support the planning and project implementation of the projects at the local level, and a monitoring wing that collects data from each of the local governments.

These local committees are also involved in monitoring the implementation of projects from other line ministries, and include citizen (CSO) representation as part of their membership, however participation is limited to these representatives and is not open to everyone.

Every month Upzalia Nirbahi Officer (UNO), local administrative unit of the central government, discuss the progress of the activities during monthly coordination meeting where local government representatives (elected by the citizen at the local level) and other line ministry officials can provide input during the formulation or implementation of the annual budget.

These local committees are under the oversight of the Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives (MLGRD&C), which also coordinates the different central ministry involvement on the committees. This Ministry has divisions that support the planning and project implementation of the projects from the ADB block grants, and a monitoring wing that collects data from each of the local governments. The Ministry of Finance is only involved in the allocation of the block grants, that are transferred to the local governments. That said, these local committees are also involved in monitoring the implementation of projects from other line ministries, and not just the block grant projects, and representatives from central government departments are present as non-voting members on the committees.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

136. Does the legislature or the relevant legislative committee(s) hold public hearings and/or use other participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during its public deliberations on the formulation of the annual budget (pre-budget and/or approval stages)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principle on "Sustainability," "Transparency," and "Complementarity" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the legislature are interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the legislature, rather than being limited to allowing the public to attend or hear public budget deliberations.*

*Please consider participation mechanisms that the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) has put in place and is using to allow the public to participate in their deliberations on the annual budget. This includes deliberations during the pre-budget phase (i.e., when the executive is still in the process of formulating the draft budget) and the budget discussions after the budget has been tabled to parliament and before it is approved. In the comment box, please specify during which stage of the budget cycle the legislature has put in place a public participation mechanism.*

*Mechanisms through which members of the public reach out to individual Members of Parliament as opposed to the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) or unofficial hearings organized by a subset of committee members should not be considered in answering this question.*

*If there is more than one mechanism, please select a mechanism that best shows/reflects the legislature's efforts to incorporate citizens into the formulation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as revenues, policy selection, and macro-fiscal planning (please note that the issue of coverage is covered in a subsequent question).*

*To answer "a," the legislature must hold public hearings where citizens are allowed to testify. This answer applies only if the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can testify (for example, participation takes place on a first-come-first-served basis).*

*Answer "b" should be selected if the following applies:*

- *The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;*
- *Testimony is not allowed from members of the public or CSOs; but*
- *There are other means used by the legislature to receive and collect views from citizens and CSOs on the budget, and the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can provide input. The researcher must provide evidence to support the presence of those alternative processes through which the legislature seeks inputs from citizens. For example, there should be a public record indicating that views from citizens and the public were sought.*

*Answer "c" should be selected if the following applies:*

- *The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;*
- *Testimony is not allowed from members of the public or CSOs;*
- *No other means are used by the legislature to receive and collect views/input from citizens and CSOs on the budget, but*
- *The legislature invites a few individuals/groups to provide input (through public hearings or elsewhere)*
- *The legislature has a provision (via standing orders or in law) through which the public can submit their inputs, and members of the public or CSOs actively use it to submit opinions on the budget.*

*Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, public hearings on the budget are held. No testimony from the public is provided during the public hearings, and there are no other mechanisms through which public contributions are received, but the legislature invites specific individuals or groups to testify or provide input (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Public hearings are often held by the Parliamentary Standing Committee on Ministry of Finance during formulation of the budget. While there is no published evidence, the researcher confirms meeting and interview held with Md. Rustum Ali Faraji, MP, Chairman of Parliamentary Standing Committee on Public Accounts.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

137. During the legislative deliberations on the annual budget (pre-budget or approval stages), which of the following key topics does the legislature's (or relevant legislative budget committee) engagement with citizens cover?

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

1. Macroeconomic issues
2. Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration
3. Social spending policies
4. Deficit and debt levels
5. Public investment projects
6. Public services

*GUIDELINES:*

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider the range of mechanisms currently used by the legislature to promote public participation during legislative deliberations on the annual budget.*

*Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics, for the purpose of answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be only the ones listed above. If the legislature's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.*

*Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., "what issues is the public invited to engage on?") and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.*

*If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.*

*Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget.*

**Answer:**

c. The legislature seeks input on at least one (but less than three) of the above-mentioned topics.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The legislature seeks input on at least one (but less than three) of the above-mentioned topics particularly at the pre-budget stage. Parliamentary standing committee on Ministry of Finance is holding meetings with various citizen groups to discuss some of the issues mentioned in question 137 but the meeting minutes are not available.

From researcher's experience of attending such meetings, topics related to social spending are most discussed.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**138. Does the legislature provide feedback to the public on how citizens' inputs have been used during legislative deliberations on the annual budget?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the legislature provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received and how inputs were used during legislative deliberations (please note that these deliberations can refer to the pre-budget and approval phases). By "written record" in this question, we mean a document that is produced and released by the legislature.*

*Answer "a" applies when the legislature provides a written document with:*

- *The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) and*
- *A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how).*

*Answer "b" applies when the legislature provides a written document that includes:*

- *The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) and*
- *A not-so-detailed report on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used in legislative deliberations on the annual budget (please note that these deliberations refer to the pre-budget and approval phases).*

*Answer "c" applies when the legislature makes available a video recording of the relevant legislative session or provides a written document that includes:*

- *The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) or*
- *A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.*

*Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget.*

**Answer:**

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The legislature doesn't provide a written record which includes neither the list of the inputs received nor a report or summary on how they were used.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**139. Does the legislature hold public hearings and/or use other participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during its public deliberations on the Audit Report?**

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principle on "Sustainability," "Transparency," and "Complementarity" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the legislature are interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the legislature, rather than being limited to allowing the public to attend or hear public budget deliberations.*

*A key constitutional role of the legislature in almost all countries is to oversee the government's management of public resources. While the Supreme Audit Institution is responsible for checking the government's accounts and publishing the outcome of their audits, for accountability purposes it is essential that the legislature reviews and scrutinizes those reports, and checks on whether the executive is taking the appropriate corrective actions based on the Supreme Audit Institution's recommendations.*

*Holding public hearings to review audit findings allows the public to learn more about how the government has managed its resources for the budget years that*

have ended, and demand accountability in case of mismanagement and irregularities. Reviewing and discussing those reports in public is therefore a key responsibility of a legislature.

Please note that by "Audit Report" we refer to the same audit report assessed in the transparency section of this Survey, i.e., one of the eight key budget documents that all governments (in this case, the Supreme Audit Institution) must produce, according to best practice.

Please consider participation mechanisms that the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) have put in place and using to allow the public to participate in their deliberations on the Audit Report.

Mechanisms through which members of the public reach out to individual members of parliament as opposed to the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) or unofficial hearings organized by a subset of committee members should not be considered in answering this question.

To answer "a," the national legislature must hold public hearings where citizens are allowed to testify. This answer applies only if the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can testify (for example, participation takes place on a first-come-first-served basis).

Answer "b" should be selected if the following applies:

- The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;
- No testimony is allowed from the public; BUT
- There are other means used by the legislature to receive and collect views from citizens and CSOs on the budget, and the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can provide input. The researcher must provide evidence to support the presence of those alternative processes through which the legislature seeks inputs from citizens. For example, there should be a public record indicating that views from citizens and the public were sought.

Answer "c" should be selected if the following applies:

- The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;
- No testimony is allowed from the public;
- No other means are used by the legislature to receive and collect views/input from citizens and CSOs on the budget, BUT
- The legislature invites a few individuals/groups to provide input (through public hearings or elsewhere)

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the Audit Report.

**Answer:**

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

Legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the Audit Report.

PAC often organize public hearings with the concerned stakeholders and give press briefings thereafter. However, as the Audited Financial Statements are released with significant delay, this score remains D.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**140. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can suggest issues/topics to include in the SAI's audit program (for example, by bringing ideas on agencies, programs, or projects that could be audited)?**

**GUIDELINES:**

This question assesses whether the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has established mechanisms through which the public can provide suggestions on



issues/topics to be included in its audit program. When deciding its audit agenda, the SAI may undertake audits for a sample of agencies, projects, and programs in the country; and such a selection could be based on complaints and suggestions made by members of the public. To receive such suggestions, the SAI may create formal mechanisms, like setting up a website, hotline, or office (or assigning staff to liaise with the public).

Please note that formal mechanisms that do not explicitly seek the public's input in the audit program (such as general comment submission boxes on the SAI's website) should not be considered for this question.

**Answer:**

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The SAI doesn't maintain any formal mechanism through which the public can suggest issues/topics to include in its audit program.

**Peer Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**Government Reviewer**

**Opinion:** Agree

**141. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) provide the public with feedback on how citizens' inputs have been used to determine its audit program?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the Supreme Audit Institution provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received, which ones are used to determine the Supreme Audit Institution's audit program. By "written record" in this question, we mean a document that is produced and released by the Supreme Audit Institution.*

*Answer "a" applies when the Supreme Audit Institution provides a written document with:*

- *The inputs received from the public and*
- *A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how).*

*Answer "b" applies when the SAI provides a written document that includes:*

- *The inputs received from the public and*
- *A not-so-detailed report on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used to determine the SAI's annual audit program.*

*Answer "c" applies when the SAI provides a written document that includes:*

- *The received from the public or*
- *A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.*

*Answer "d" applies if requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can suggest issues/topics to include in the SAI's audit program.*

**Answer:**

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The SAI does not maintain any formal mechanism through which the public can suggest issues/topics to include in its audit program.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**142. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can contribute to audit investigations (as respondents, witnesses, etc.)?**

*GUIDELINES:*

*This question mirrors question 140, but instead of covering public assistance in formulating the SAI's audit program, it focuses on whether the Supreme Audit Institution has established mechanisms through which the public can participate in audit investigations. In addition to seeking public input to determine its audit agenda, the SAI may wish to provide formal opportunities for the public and civil society organizations to participate in the actual audit investigations, as witnesses or respondents.*

**Answer:**

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

**Source:**

**Comment:**

The SAI does not maintain any formal mechanisms through which the public can contribute to audit investigations (as respondents, witnesses, etc.).

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree