# Open Budget Survey 2023

Questionnaire

**Croatia** 

May 2024



# Country Questionnaire: Croatia

#### PBS-1. What is the fiscal year of the PBS evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

# Answer:

FY 2023

#### Source.

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH//115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

English version:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//en/Convergence\_programme//Convergence%20Programme%202023-2025%20K0NA%C4%8CNO.pdf

#### Comment:

The fiscal year in Croatia corresponds to the calendar year, that is, it runs from January 1 to December 31.

New Budget Act, which came into force on January 1, 2022, no longer stipulates the adoption of the Economic and Fiscal Policy Guidelines. Instead, macroeconomic and budgetary projections are now published as part of the Convergence Program.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# PBS-2. When is the PBS made available to the public?

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for a PBS to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is submitted to the legislature for consideration. If the PBS is not released to the public at least one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is submitted to the legislature for consideration, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the PBS.

#### Answer

a. At least four months in advance of the budget year, and at least one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is introduced in the legislature

#### Source:

Government source related to the PBS:

1) https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/sjednica-vlade-nacionalni-program-reformi-obuhvaca-95-mjera-zakon-o-uvodjenju-eura-upucen-u-drugo-saborsko-citanje/35296

Media reports for the PBS:

- 1) https://www.jutarnji.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/plenkovic-na-sjednici-vlade-od-pocetka-prvoq-mandata-neto-placa-porasla-je-za-32-posto-15188704
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/stize-povrat-poreza-ministar-maric-otkrio-kada-krecu-isplate-1582137

Government sources related to the EBP:

1) https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/plenkovic-proracun-za-2023-treba-ublaziti-posljedice-krize-ocuvati-gospodarski-rast-i-socijalnu-sigurnost/36350

Media reports for the EBP:

- 1) https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/prvi-proracun-u-eurima-preskocio-200-milijardi-kn-vlada-bila-darezljiva-prema-predsjedniku-drzave-1633565

#### Comment:

The PBS was made available to the public on 27 April 2022, while the Executive's Budget Proposal was submitted to the legislature on 14 November 2022.

The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case in both these instances, which can be seen from the media reports above. Also, we regularly check the official website of the Croatian government.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### PBS-3a. If the PBS is published, what is the date of publication of the PBS?

Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

#### Answer:

27/4/2022

#### Source:

Government source related to the PBS:

1) https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/sjednica-vlade-nacionalni-program-reformi-obuhvaca-95-mjera-zakon-o-uvodjenju-eura-upucen-u-drugo-saborsko-citanje/35296

Media reports for the PBS:

- 1) https://www.jutarnji.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/plenkovic-na-sjednici-vlade-od-pocetka-prvog-mandata-neto-placa-porasla-je-za-32-posto-15188704
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/stize-povrat-poreza-ministar-maric-otkrio-kada-krecu-isplate-1582137

# Comment:

The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, since we checked the official website on 27 April 2022. Additional verification can be found in the media reports which are provided in the 'Source' field.

#### Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: But the document itself has only "April 2022" Stated

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# PBS-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the PBS.

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer:

The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, since we checked the official website on 27 April 2022. Additional verification can be found in the media reports which are provided in the 'Source' field.

#### Source:

Government source related to the PBS:

1) https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/sjednica-vlade-nacionalni-program-reformi-obuhvaca-95-mjera-zakon-o-uvodjenju-eura-upucen-u-drugo-saborsko-citanje/35296

Media reports for the PBS:

- 1) https://www.jutarnji.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/plenkovic-na-sjednici-vlade-od-pocetka-prvog-mandata-neto-placa-porasla-je-za-32-posto-15188704
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/stize-povrat-poreza-ministar-maric-otkrio-kada-krecu-isplate-1582137

#### Comment:

-

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# PBS-4. If the PBS is published, what is the URL or weblink of the PBS?

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.

#### Answer:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH//115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

#### Source:

English version:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//en/Convergence\_programme//Convergence%20Programme%202023-2025%20K0NA%C4%8CNO.pdf

#### Comment:

-

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### PBS-5. If the PBS is published, are the numerical data contained in the PBS available in a machine readable format?

Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) or HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <a href="http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/">http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/</a>

Option "d" applies if the PBS is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.

#### Answer:

c. No

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH//115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

English version:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//en/Convergence\_programme//Convergence%20Programme%202023-2025%20K0NA%C4%8CNO.pdf

#### Comment

The document is in PDF format. There are no accompanying documents in a machine readable format.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### PBS-6a. If the PBS is not publicly available, is it still produced?

If the PBS is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question PBS-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.

Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question PBS-2)

Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

Answer:

e. Not applicable	the document is publicly available)
Source:	
Government source	e related to the PBS:
1) https://vlada.g citanje/35296	v.hr/vijesti/sjednica-vlade-nacionalni-program-reformi-obuhvaca-95-mjera-zakon-o-uvodjenju-eura-upucen-u-drugo-saborsko-
Media reports for	he PBS:
	arnji.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/plenkovic-na-sjednici-vlade-od-pocetka-prvog-mandata-neto-placa-porasla-je-za-32-posto-15188704 cernji.hr/vijesti/stize-povrat-poreza-ministar-maric-otkrio-kada-krecu-isplate-1582137
Comment:	
The PBS had beer	published more than one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal was submitted to the legislature for consideration. It is d as publicly available according to the OBS methodology.
Opinion: Agree  overnment Reviev Opinion: Agree	er
roduced at all.	option "c" or "d" in question PBS-6a, please specify how you determined whether the PBS was produced for internal use only, versu was selected in question PBS-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."
roduced at all.	
roduced at all.  sion "a,""b," or "e"  Answer:	
roduced at all.  tion "a,""b," or "e"  Answer:	
roduced at all.  tion "a,""b," or "e"  Answer: n/a  Source:	
roduced at all.	

# PBS-7. If the PBS is produced, please write the full title of the PBS.

For example, a title for the Pre-Budget Statement could be "Proposed 2023 State Budget" or "Guidelines for the Preparation of Annual Plan and Budget for 2022/23."

If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer:

Program konvergencije Republike Hrvatske za razdoblje 2023. – 2025. [Convergence Programme of the Republic of Croatia for the period 2023 – 2025]

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH//115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

English version:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//en/Convergence\_programme//Convergence%20Programme%202023-2025%20K0NA%C4%8CNO.pdf

#### Comment:

The title of the document is different from the one analyzed in the previous round of the Survey, but the content is comparable.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### PBS-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the PBS?

While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <a href="https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/">https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/</a>.

#### Answer:

b. No

# Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/informacije-za-gradjane/677

#### Comment:

"Citizens version" of the PBS was not produced (check the link above).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

#### EBP-1a. What is the fiscal year of the EBP evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

#### Answer:

FY 2023

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347

#### Comment

The fiscal year in Croatia corresponds to the calendar year, that is, it runs from January 1 to December 31.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

#### **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# EBP-1b. When is the EBP submitted to the legislature for consideration?

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

#### Answer:

14/11/2022 14/11/2022

#### Source:

Government source related to the EBP:

1) https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/plenkovic-proracun-za-2023-treba-ublaziti-posljedice-krize-ocuvati-gospodarski-rast-i-socijalnu-sigurnost/36350

Parliament source related to the EBP:

 $1) \ https://www.sabor.hr/hr/prijedlog-drzavnog-proracuna-republike-hrvatske-za-2023-godinu-i-projekcija-za-2024-i-2025-godinu-i-2025-godinu$ 

Media reports for the EBP:

- 1) https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/prvi-proracun-u-eurima-preskocio-200-milijardi-kn-vlada-bila-darezljiva-prema-predsjedniku-drzave-1633565

# Comment:

The document was published on 14 November 2022, as a part of the government session. It was submitted to the legislature for consideration immediately after being adopted by the government (i.e. the same day - 14 November 2022). The practice of the government is to publish and forward all documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on this particular day.

For additional verification see the official and media reports, which are provided in the 'Source' field.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### EBP-2. When is the EBP made available to the public?

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for an EBP to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public while the legislature is still considering it and before the legislature approves (enacts) it. If the EBP is not released to the public before the legislature approves it, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the EBP.

The OBS definition of an Executive's Budget Proposal is a document(s) that (i) the executive submits to the legislature as a formal part of the budget approval process and (ii) the legislature either approves or on which it approves proposed amendments.

The OBS will treat the Executive's Budget Proposal as "Not Produced," in the following cases:

- The executive does not submit the draft budget to the legislature; or
- The legislature receives the draft budget but does not approve it or does not approve recommendations on the draft budget;
- The legislature rejects the draft budget submitted by the executive, but the executive implements it without legislative approval; or
- There is no legislature, or the legislature has been dissolved.

#### Answer:

c. Less than two months in advance of the budget year, but at least in advance of the budget being approved by the legislature

#### Source:

Government source related to the EBP:

1) https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/plenkovic-proracun-za-2023-treba-ublaziti-posljedice-krize-ocuvati-gospodarski-rast-i-socijalnu-sigurnost/36350

Media reports for the EBP:

- 1) https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/prvi-proracun-u-eurima-preskocio-200-milijardi-kn-vlada-bila-darezljiva-prema-predsjedniku-drzave-1633565

Media reports related to the adoption of the budget by the legislature:

- 1) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/sabor-donio-drzavni-proracun-za-2023-proracun-je-dobio-potporu-77-zastupnika-protiv-ih-se-izjasnilo-50-1637657
- 2) https://www.tportal.hr/biznis/clanak/sabor-izglasao-prvi-hrvatski-proracun-u-eurima-tezak-je-25-milijardi-eura-i-vec-ima-rupu-od-milijardu-i-pol-foto-20221129
- 3) https://www.novilist.hr/novosti/hrvatska/sabor-usvojio-najvazniji-financijski-dokument-drzave-proracun-je-prvi-put-izrazen-u-eurima-protiv-je-bilo-50-zastupnika/

#### Comment

The EBP was published on 14 November 2022, which is less than two months in advance of the budget year. The budget was approved by the legislature on 29 November 2022 (see the 'Source' field), and hence the option c) applies.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### EBP-3a. If the EBP is published, what is the date of publication of the EBP?

Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

In the comment boxes below, researchers should also list any supporting documents to the EBP and their date of publication.

#### Answer:

14/11/2022

#### Source:

Government source related to the EBP:

1) https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/plenkovic-proracun-za-2023-treba-ublaziti-posljedice-krize-ocuvati-gospodarski-rast-i-socijalnu-sigurnost/36350

Media reports for the EBP:

- 1) https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/prvi-proracun-u-eurima-preskocio-200-milijardi-kn-vlada-bila-darezljiva-prema-predsjedniku-drzave-1633565

#### Comment:

The EBP was published on 14 November 2022, as a part of the government session. The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on this particular day.

Additional verification can be found in the media reports which are provided in the 'Source' field.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### EBP-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the EBP.

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer

The EBP was published on 14 November 2022, as a part of the government session. The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on this particular day.

Additional verification can be found in the media reports which are provided in the 'Source' field.

#### Source

Government source related to the EBP:

1) https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/plenkovic-proracun-za-2023-treba-ublaziti-posljedice-krize-ocuvati-gospodarski-rast-i-socijalnu-sigurnost/36350

#### Media reports for the EBP:

- 1) https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/prvi-proracun-u-eurima-preskocio-200-milijardi-kn-vlada-bila-darezljiva-prema-predsjedniku-drzave-1633565

Comment:	

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### EBP-4. If the EBP is published, what is the URL or weblink of the EBP?

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.

In the comment boxes below, researchers should also list any supporting documents to the EBP and their URL or weblink.

#### Answer:

https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347

#### Source:

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#### Comment:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

Those are:

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu.

The exact URLs for these 16 document-items are:

- 1) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf
- 2) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20a).pdf
- 3) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20b).pdf
- 4) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20c).pdf
- 5) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20d).pdf
- 6) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20e).pdf
- 7) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20f).pdf
- 8) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20g).pdf
- 9) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20h).pdf
- 10) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20i).pdf
- 11) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.3..pdf
- 12) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.4..pdf
- 13) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.5..pdf
- 14) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.6..pdf
- 15) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.7..pdf
- 16) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%203.docx

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### EBP-5. If the EBP is published, are the numerical data contained in the EBP or its supporting documents available in a machine readable format?

Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <a href="http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/">http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/</a>.

Option "d" applies if the EBP is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.

# Answer:

c. No

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347

#### Comment

The documents are in PDF format. There are no accompanying documents in a machine readable format.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# EBP-6a. If the EBP is not publicly available, is it still produced?

If the EBP is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question EBP-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.

Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question EBP-2).

Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

#### Answer

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

#### Source

Government source related to the EBP:

 $1) \ https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/plenkovic-proracun-za-2023-treba-ublaziti-posljedice-krize-ocuvati-gospodarski-rast-i-socijalnu-sigurnost/36350$ 

Media reports for the EBP:

- 1) https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html
- 2) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/prvi-proracun-u-eurima-preskocio-200-milijardi-kn-vlada-bila-darezljiva-prema-predsjedniku-drzave-1633565

Media reports related to the adoption of the budget by the legislature:

- 1) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/sabor-donio-drzavni-proracun-za-2023-proracun-je-dobio-potporu-77-zastupnika-protiv-ih-se-izjasnilo-50-1637657
- 2) https://www.tportal.hr/biznis/clanak/sabor-izglasao-prvi-hrvatski-proracun-u-eurima-tezak-je-25-milijardi-eura-i-vec-ima-rupu-od-milijardu-i-pol-foto-20221129
- 3) https://www.novilist.hr/novosti/hrvatska/sabor-usvojio-najvazniji-financijski-dokument-drzave-proracun-je-prvi-put-izrazen-u-eurima-protiv-je-bilo-50-zastupnika/

#### Comment:

The EBP had been published before the legislature enacted the budget (see the 'Source' field), so it is classified as publicly available according to the OBS methodology.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree EBP-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question EBP-6a, please specify how you determined whether the EBP was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

If option "a,""b," or "e" was selected in question EBP-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Answer: n/a			
Source:			
Comment:			
Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree			

# Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### EBP-7. If the EBP is produced, please write the full title of the EBP.

For example, a title for the Executive's Budget Proposal could be "Draft Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure for BY 2022-23, produced by the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development."

If there are any supporting documents to the EBP, please enter their full titles in the comment box below.

If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

# Answer:

Prijedlog državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu [The Proposal of the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and Projection for 2024 and 2025]

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment

As explained in the response to EPB-4, the EBP is a collection of 16 document-items. To keep things simple, here we provide only the name of the first (and the most important) of these documents.

Please refer to EPB-4 for the names of the remaining documents.

# Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

#### EBP-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the EBP?

While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <a href="https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/">https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/</a>.

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b. No

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/informacije-za-gradjane/677

#### Comment

"Citizens version" of the EBP was not produced (check the link above).

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

#### **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree Comments:

# EB-1a. What is the fiscal year of the EB evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

#### Answer:

FY 2023

#### Source:

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

#### Comment

The fiscal year in Croatia corresponds to the calendar year, that is, it runs from January 1 to December 31.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

#### **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

#### Answer:

29/11/2022

#### Source:

Link to the document: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

Media reports related to the adoption of the budget by the legislature:

- 1) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/sabor-donio-drzavni-proracun-za-2023-proracun-je-dobio-potporu-77-zastupnika-protiv-ih-se-izjasnilo-50-1637657
- 2) https://www.tportal.hr/biznis/clanak/sabor-izglasao-prvi-hrvatski-proracun-u-eurima-tezak-je-25-milijardi-eura-i-vec-ima-rupu-od-milijardu-i-pol-foto-20221129
- 3) https://www.novilist.hr/novosti/hrvatska/sabor-usvojio-najvazniji-financijski-dokument-drzave-proracun-je-prvi-put-izrazen-u-eurima-protiv-je-bilo-50-zastupnika/

#### Comment:

The budget was approved by the legislature on 29 November 2022. It was published on the website of the Official Gazette on 13 December 2022, 14 days after it had been adopted by the Parliament. These dates can easily be verified by examining the documents provided in the 'Source' field. What is more, we regularly check the official websites of the Parliament and the Official Gazette.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### EB-2. When is the EB made available to the public?

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for an EB to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public three months after the budget is approved by the legislature. If the EB is not released to the public at least three months after the budget is approved by the legislature, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the EB.

# Answer:

a. Two weeks or less after the budget has been enacted

#### Source

Link to the EB: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

Media reports related to the adoption of the budget by the legislature:

- 1) https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/sabor-donio-drzavni-proracun-za-2023-proracun-je-dobio-potporu-77-zastupnika-protiv-ih-se-izjasnilo-50-1637657
- 2) https://www.tportal.hr/biznis/clanak/sabor-izglasao-prvi-hrvatski-proracun-u-eurima-tezak-je-25-milijardi-eura-i-vec-ima-rupu-od-milijardu-i-pol-foto-20221129
- 3) https://www.novilist.hr/novosti/hrvatska/sabor-usvojio-najvazniji-financijski-dokument-drzave-proracun-je-prvi-put-izrazen-u-eurima-protiv-je-bilo-50-zastupnika/

#### Comment:

The budget was approved by the legislature on 29 November 2022. It was published on the website of the Official Gazette on 13 December 2022, 14

days after it had been adopted by the Parliament. These dates can easily be verified by examining the documents provided in the 'Source' field. What is more, we regularly check the official websites of the Parliament and the Official Gazette.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### EB-3a. If the EB is published, what is the date of publication of the EB?

Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

#### Answer:

13/12/2022

#### Source:

- 1) https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf
- 2) https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/search.aspx?sortiraj=4&kategorija=1&godina=2022&broj=145&rpp=10&qtype=1&pretraga=da

#### Comment:

As stated in the document, the enacted budget was published on 13 December 2022. We check the website of the Official Gazette on a daily basis, so we are certain that the document was published online on that particular date.

The publication date is also visible on the official website of the Official Gazette (see link no. 2 in the 'Source' field).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

 $\hbox{EB-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the EB.}\\$ 

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer:

As stated in the document, the enacted budget was published on 13 December 2022. We check the website of the Official Gazette on a daily basis, so we are certain that the document was published online on that particular date.

The publication date is also visible on the official website of the Official Gazette (see link no. 2 in the 'Source' field).

#### Source:

- 1) https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf
- 2) https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/search.aspx?sortiraj=4&kategorija=1&godina=2022&broj=145&rpp=10&qtype=1&pretraga=da

Comment:	
Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree	
Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree	
EB-4. If the EB is published, what is the URL or weblink of the EB?  Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. I document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.	If the
Answer: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf  Source: - Comment:	
Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree	

# EB-5. If the EB is published, are the numerical data contained in the EB available in a machine readable format?

Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xlsv.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <a href="http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/">http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/</a>

Option "d" applies if the EB is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.

#### Answer

a. Yes, all of the numerical data are available in a machine readable format

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/proracun-86/drzavni-proracun-2023-godina/3369

#### Comment

Numerical data in a machine readable format can be accessed from the website of the Ministry of Finance (see the 'Source' field).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# EB-6a. If the EB is not publicly available, is it still produced?

If the EB is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question EB-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.

Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question EB-2)

Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

#### Answer:

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

#### Source

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

#### Comment

The 2023 EB was published before the start of the budget year it refers to, so it is classified as publicly available according to the OBS methodology.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question EB-6a, please specify how you determined whether the EB was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

If option "a,""b," or "e" was selected in question EB-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Answer: n/a
Source:
Comment:

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### EB-7. If the EB is produced, please write the full title of the EB.

For example, a title for the Enacted Budget could be "Appropriation Act n. 10 of 2023."

If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer

Državni proračun Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcije za 2024. i 2025. godinu [Enacted State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2023, and Projections for 2024 and 2025]

#### Source

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

#### Comment:

-

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Državni proračun Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcije za 2024. i 2025. godinu [ State Budget of the Republic of

Croatia for 2023, and Projections for 2024 and 2025]

Comments: We do not explicitly emphasize the word "enacted". The error is only in the English version of the name

#### **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

#### Researcher Response

Yes, we are aware that the word 'enacted' is usually not emphasized. However, we did it on purpose here to make a clear difference between the proposed and enacted version of the budget. Even though the English translation is not fully accurate, we decided to stick to it in order to stay aligned with the OBS terminology.

# EB-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the EB?

While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/.

# Answer:

a. Yes

#### Source

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH%20za%202023.%20i%20projekcije%20za%202024.%20i%202025.pdf

#### Comment:

The "citizens version" of the 2023 EB was published on 3 January 2023. This information was obtained on request from the Ministry of Finance. We regularly check the official websites of the Croatian Government, Croatian Parliament, Ministry of Finance, Official Gazette, and State Audit Office.

However, we always ask them to provide this information just to double-check.

So, even though the document is available, it will not be considered for the purpose of the Open Budget Survey 2023 because it was published after the cut-off date (31 December 2022). Instead, in Section 3 of the Survey we will analyse the "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### CB-1. What is the fiscal year of the CB evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, for each CB please indicate the document the CB simplifies/refers to, and the fiscal year.

#### Answer:

FY 2022

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH%20za%202022.%20i%20projekcije%20za%202023.%20i%202024.pdf

#### Comment:

The answer above refers to the "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget. However, the following two Citizens Budgets are also available:

1. The "citizens version" of the 2022 MYR

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//lzvrsenje%20drzavnog%20proracuna%20za%20prvo%20polugodiste%202022.pdf) - published on 30 September 2022

2) The "citizens version" of the 2021 Year-End Report

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Vodi%C4%8D%20za%20gra%C4%91ane%20-%20Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20RH%20za%202021.%20godinu.pdf) - published on 20 May 2022

Note: The Ministry of Finance also published the "citizens version" of the 2023 EB, but this was done on 3 January 2023, i.e. after the cut-off date (31 December 2022). This document, therefore, will not be considered for the purpose of the OBS 2023. Instead, in Section 3 of the Survey we will analyse the "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document (Executive's Budget Proposal or Enacted Budget) you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its public availability status.

Remember that publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

#### Answer:

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

#### Source:

Media report on the adoption of the 2022 EB:

1) https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/sabor-donio-drzavni-proracun-za-2022-godinu---687402.html

#### Comment:

The "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget was published on 19 January 2022, i.e. within three months following the adoption of the budget (the latter happened on 8 December 2021 - see reference 1 in the "Source" field). In line with this, it is classified as publicly available according to the OBS methodology.

The following two Citizens Budgets are also available:

1. The "citizens version" of the 2022 MYR

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//lzvrsenje%20drzavnog%20proracuna%20za%20prvo%20polugodiste%202022.pdf) - published on 30 September 2022

2) The "citizens version" of the 2021 Year-End Report

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Vodi%C4%8D%20za%20gra%C4%91ane%20-%20Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20RH%20za%202021.%20godinu.pdf) - published on 20 May 2022

Note: The Ministry of Finance also published the "citizens version" of the 2023 EB, but this was done on 3 January 2023, i.e. after the cut-off date (31 December 2022). This document, therefore, will not be considered for the purpose of the OBS 2023. Instead, in Section 2 of the Survey we will analyse the "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

CB-2b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question CB-2a, please specify how you determined whether the CB was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

If option "a,""b," or "e" was selected in question CB-2a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Answer:

n/a

Source:	
Comment:	
Peer Reviewer	

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### CB-3a. If the CB is published, what is the date of publication of the CB?

Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

If more than one Citizens Budget is published, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its dates of publication.

#### Answer:

19/1/2022

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH%20za%202022.%20i%20projekcije%20za%202023.%20i%202024.pdf

# Comment:

The "citizens version" of the 2022 EB was published on 19 January 2022. This information was obtained on request from the Ministry of Finance.

We regularly check the official websites of the Croatian Government, Croatian Parliament, Ministry of Finance, Official Gazette and State Audit Office. However, we always ask them to provide this information just to double check.

The following two Citizens Budgets are also available:

1. The "citizens version" of the 2022 MYR

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//lzvrsenje%20drzavnog%20proracuna%20za%20prvo%20polugodiste%202022.pdf) - published on 30 September 2022

2) The "citizens version" of the 2021 Year-End Report

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Vodi%C4%8D%20za%20gra%C4%91ane%20-%20Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20RH%20za%202021.%20godinu.pdf) - published on 20 May 2022

Note: The Ministry of Finance also published the "citizens version" of the 2023 EB, but this was done on 3 January 2023, i.e. after the cut-off date (31 December 2022). This document, therefore, will not be considered for the purpose of the OBS 2023. Instead, in Section 3 of the Survey we will analyse the "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### CB-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the CB.

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer:

This information was obtained on request from the Ministry of Finance. We regularly check the official websites of the Croatian Government, Croatian Parliament, Ministry of Finance, Official Gazette and State Audit Office. However, we always ask them to provide this information just to double-check

What is more, the date of publication is also given below the link to the document (see the "Source" field).

Additionally, it's confirmed through the date established when consulting the Javascript in the document link.

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/informacije-za-gradjane/677

#### Comment:

-

# Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# CB-4. If the CB is published, what is the URL or weblink of the CB?

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.

If more than one Citizens Budget is published, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its URL or weblink.

#### Answer:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH%20za%202022.%20i%20projekcije%20za%202023.%20i%202024.pdf

# Source:

# Comment:

The following two Citizens Budgets are also available:

1. The "citizens version" of the 2022 MYR  $\,$ 

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Izvrsenje%20drzavnog%20proracuna%20za%20prvo%20polugodiste%202022.pdf) - published on 30 September 2022

2) The "citizens version" of the 2021 Year-End Report

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Vodi%C4%8D%20za%20gra%C4%91ane%20-%20Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20RH%20za%202021.%20godinu.pdf) - published on 20 May 2022

Note: The Ministry of Finance also published the "citizens version" of the 2023 EB, but this was done on 3 January 2023, i.e. after the cut-off date (31 December 2022). This document, therefore, will not be considered for the purpose of the OBS 2023. Instead, in Section 3 of the Survey we will analyse the "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### CB-5. If the CB is produced, please write the full title of the CB.

For example, a title for the Citizens Budget could be "Budget 2022 People's Guide" or "2023 Proposed Budget in Brief: A People's Budget Publication."

If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, for the other CB, indicate the document the CB refers to and, next to it, its full title.

#### Answer:

Državni proračun za 2022. godinu i projekcije za 2023. i 2024. godinu - Vodič za građane [Enacted State Budget for 2022 and Projections for 2023 and 2024 - Citizens Budget]

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH%20za%202022.%20i%20projekcije%20za%202023.%20i%202024.pdf

#### Comment:

The following two Citizens Budgets are also available:

1. The "citizens version" of the 2022 MYR

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Izvrsenje%20drzavnog%20proracuna%20za%20prvo%20polugodiste%202022.pdf) - published on 30 September 2022

2) The "citizens version" of the 2021 Year-End Report

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Vodi%C4%8D%20za%20gra%C4%91ane%20-%20Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20RH%20za%202021.%20godinu.pdf) - published on 20 May 2022

Note: The Ministry of Finance also published the "citizens version" of the 2023 EB, but this was done on 3 January 2023, i.e. after the cut-off date (31 December 2022). This document, therefore, will not be considered for the purpose of the OBS 2023. Instead, in Section 3 of the Survey we will analyse the "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Državni proračun za 2022. godinu i projekcije za 2023. i 2024. godinu - Vodič za građane [ State Budget for 2022 and Projections for 2023 and 2024 - Citizens Budget]

Comments: We do not explicitly emphasize the word "enacted". The error is only in the English version of the name

#### **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

Yes, we are aware that the word 'enacted' is usually not emphasized. However, we did it on purpose here to make a clear difference between the proposed and enacted version of the budget. Even though the English translation is not fully accurate, we decided to stick to it in order to stay aligned with the OBS terminology.

#### CB-6. If the CB is produced, please indicate which budget document it corresponds to.

If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and which budget document it simplifies.

#### Answer:

Državni proračun Republike Hrvatske za 2022. godinu i projekcije za 2023. i 2024. godinu [Enacted State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2022, and Projections for 2023 and 2024]

#### Source:

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2021/140/NN-SL-2021-140-21.12.2021.pdf

#### Comment:

The following two Citizens Budgets are also available:

#### 1. The "citizens version" of the 2022 MYR

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//lzvrsenje%20drzavnog%20proracuna%20za%20prvo%20polugodiste%20202.pdf)

It corresponds to the following document: Prijedlog polugodišnjeg izvještaja o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za prvo polugodište 2022. godine [Proposal of the Mid-Year Report on the Executed State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for the first semester 2022]: https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

#### 2) The "citizens version" of the 2021 Year-End Report

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Vodi%C4%8D%20za%20gra%C4%91ane%20-%20Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20RH%20za%202021.%20godinu.pdf)

It corresponds to the following document: Godišnji izvještaj o izvršenju državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu [The Report on the Executed State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2021]:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

Note: The Ministry of Finance also published the "citizens version" of the 2023 EB, but this was done on 3 January 2023, i.e. after the cut-off date (31 December 2022). This document, therefore, will not be considered for the purpose of the OBS 2023. Instead, in Section 3 of the Survey we will analyse the "citizens version" of the 2022 Enacted Budget.

#### Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Again, word "enacted" is redundant in english translation. See comment CB-5

#### Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### Researcher Response

Yes, we are aware that the word 'enacted' is usually not emphasized. However, we did it on purpose here to make a clear difference between the proposed and enacted version of the budget. Even though the English translation is not fully accurate, we decided to stick to it in order to stay aligned with the OBS terminology.

# IYRs-1. What is the fiscal year of the IYRs evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

# Answer:

FY 2021-22

#### Source

https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/mjesecni-izvjestaj-po-organizacijskoj-klasifikaciji-drzavnog-proracuna-i-racunima-3-i-4-ekonomske-klasifikacije/698

#### Comment:

Besides the IYRs, the Ministry of Finance also publishes additional reports with data given on a monthly basis (see https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/vremenske-serije-podataka/98).

These are the following documents (as titled on 21 February 2023):

1) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx)

2) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022.

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEaynog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls)

These two excel sheets are being constantly amended during the year by adding the latest data (which results in a change of their names).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### IYRs-2. When are the IYRs made available to the public?

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for IYRs to be considered publicly available, IYRs must be made available to the public no later than three months after the reporting period ends. If at least seven of the last 12 monthly IYRs, or at least three of the last four quarterly IYRs are not released to the public at least three months after the reporting period ends, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the IYRs.

#### Answer:

c. At least every quarter, and within three months of the period covered

#### Source:

All reports are available at: https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/mjesecni-izvjestaj-po-organizacijskoj-klasifikaciji-drzavnog-proracuna-i-racunima-3-i-4-ekonomske-klasifikacije/698

#### Comment:

The publication dates are as follows:

- 1) Monthly Report January September 2022: 19 October 2022
- 2) Monthly Report January August 2022: 15 September 2022
- 3) Monthly Report January July 2022: 15 September 2022
- 4) Monthly Report January June 2022: 4 August 2022
- 5) Monthly Report January May 2022: 4 August 2022
- 6) Monthly Report January April 2022: 20 May 2022
- 7) Monthly Report January March 2022: 25 April 2022
- 8) Monthly Report January February 2022: 25 April 2022
- 9) Monthly Report January 2022: 25 April 2022

- 10) Monthly Report January December 2021: 25 April 2022
- 11) Monthly Report January November 2021: 3 March 2022
- 12) Monthly Report January October 2021: 15 November 2021

This would say that 10 of the last 12 monthly IYRs were released to the public within three months after the end of the reporting period (hence answer c).

This information was obtained on request from the Ministry of Finance. We regularly check the official websites of the Croatian Government, Croatian Parliament, Ministry of Finance, Official Gazette and State Audit Office. However, we always ask them to provide this information just to double check.

Besides the IYRs, the Ministry of Finance also publishes additional reports with data given on a monthly basis (see https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/vremenske-serije-podataka/98).

These are the following documents (as titled on 21 February 2023):

- 1) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022.
- (https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx)
- 2) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022.

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnoq%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenoq%202022.xls)

These two excel sheets are being constantly amended during the year by adding the latest data (which results in a change of their names).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### IYRs-3a. If the IYRs are published, what are the dates of publication of the IYRs?

Specifically: if quarterly In-Year Reports are published, indicate the dates of publication of at least three of the last four IYRs that were publicly available. If monthly IYRs are published, indicate the dates of publication of at least seven of the last 12 IYRs that were publicly available.

Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD Month YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05 September 2022. If the document is not published or not produced, please mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer:

The publication dates are as follows:

- 1) Monthly Report January September 2022: 19 October 2022
- 2) Monthly Report January August 2022: 15 September 2022
- 3) Monthly Report January July 2022: 15 September 2022
- 4) Monthly Report January June 2022: 4 August 2022
- 5) Monthly Report January May 2022: 4 August 2022
- 6) Monthly Report January April 2022: 20 May 2022
- 7) Monthly Report January March 2022: 25 April 2022
- 8) Monthly Report January February 2022: 25 April 2022
- 9) Monthly Report January 2022: 25 April 2022
- 10) Monthly Report January December 2021: 25 April 2022
- 11) Monthly Report January November 2021: 3 March 2022
- 12) Monthly Report January October 2021: 15 November 2021

This would say that 10 of the last 12 monthly IYRs were released to the public within three months after the end of the reporting period (hence answer c).

This information was obtained on request from the Ministry of Finance. We regularly check the official websites of the Croatian Government, Croatian Parliament, Ministry of Finance, Official Gazette and State Audit Office. However, we always ask them to provide this information just to double check.

#### Source:

All reports are available at: https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/mjesecni-izvjestaj-po-organizacijskoj-klasifikaciji-drzavnog-proracuna-i-racunima-3-i-4-ekonomske-klasifikacije/698

#### Comment:

Besides the IYRs, the Ministry of Finance also publishes additional reports with data given on a monthly basis (see https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/vremenske-serije-podataka/98).

These are the following documents (as titled on 21 February 2023):

1) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022.

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx)

2) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022.

(https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls)

These two excel sheets are being constantly amended during the year by adding the latest data (which results in a change of their names).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

IYRs-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the IYRs.

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer:

This information was obtained on request from the Ministry of Finance. We regularly check the official websites of the Croatian Government, Croatian Parliament, Ministry of Finance, Official Gazette and State Audit Office. However, we always ask them to provide this information just to double check.

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Comment:

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

#### IYRs-4. If the IYRs are published, what is the URL or weblink of the IYRs?

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Researchers should provide the weblink to the most recent In-Year Report in the space below, and – in the comment box underneath – the weblinks to older IYRs.

If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.

#### Answer:

https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/mjesecni-izvjestaj-po-organizacijskoj-klasifikaciji-drzavnog-proracuna-i-racunima-3-i-4-ekonomske-klasifikacije/698

#### Source:

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#### Comment:

Besides the IYRs, the Ministry of Finance also publishes additional reports with data given on a monthly basis (see https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/vremenske-serije-podataka/98).

These are the following documents (as titled on 21 February 2023):

- 1) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022. (https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx)
- 2) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022. (https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls)

These two excel sheets are being constantly amended during the year by adding the latest data (which results in a change of their names).

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### IYRs-5. If the IYRs are published, are the numerical data contained in the IYRs available in a machine readable format?

Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <a href="http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/">http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/</a>

Option "d" applies if the IYRs are not publicly available, therefore their machine readability cannot be assessed.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, all of the numerical data are available in a machine readable format

#### Source:

All reports are available at: https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/mjesecni-izvjestaj-po-organizacijskoj-klasifikaciji-drzavnog-proracuna-i-racunima-3-i-4-ekonomske-klasifikacije/698

#### Comment:

All reports are in .xls format

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### IYRs-6a. If the IYRs are not publicly available, are they still produced?

If the IYRs are not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question IYRs-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.

Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Ouestion IYRs-2).

Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

#### Answer:

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

#### Source:

All reports are available at: https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/mjesecni-izvjestaj-po-organizacijskoj-klasifikaciji-drzavnog-proracuna-i-racunima-3-i-4-ekonomske-klasifikacije/698

#### Comment

Since 10 out of 12 documents are published within three months after the end of the period they refer to, IYRs are classified as publicly available according to the OBS methodology.

The publication dates are as follows:

- 1) Monthly Report January September 2022: 19 October 2022
- 2) Monthly Report January August 2022: 15 September 2022
- 3) Monthly Report January July 2022: 15 September 2022
- 4) Monthly Report January June 2022: 4 August 2022
- 5) Monthly Report January May 2022: 4 August 2022
- 6) Monthly Report January April 2022: 20 May 2022
- 7) Monthly Report January March 2022: 25 April 2022
- 8) Monthly Report January February 2022: 25 April 2022
- 9) Monthly Report January 2022: 25 April 2022
- 10) Monthly Report January December 2021: 25 April 2022
- 11) Monthly Report January November 2021: 3 March 2022
- 12) Monthly Report January October 2021: 15 November 2021

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree				

IYRs-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question IYRs-6a, please specify how you determined whether the IYRs were produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

If option "a,""b," or "e" was selected in question IYRs-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Answer:
n/a
Source:
Comment:

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### IYRs-7. If the IYRs are produced, please write the full title of the IYRs.

For example, a title for the In-Year Report could be "Budget Monitoring Report, Quarter 1" or "Budget Execution Report January-March 2022."

If In-Year Reports are not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Researchers should provide the full title of the most recent In-Year Report in the space below, and – in the comment box underneath – the full titles of older IYRs.

#### Answer

- 1) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-rujan 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-September 2022)]
- 2) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-kolovoz 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-August 2022)]
- 3) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-srpanj 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-July 2022)]
- 4) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-lipanj 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-June 2022)]
- 5) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-svibanj 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-May 2022)]
- 6) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-travanj 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-April 2022)]
- 7) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-ožujak 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-March 2022)]
- 8) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-veljača 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units

of the State Budget (Report for the period January-February 2022)]

- 9) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj 2022) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for January 2022)]
- 10) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-prosinac 2021) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-December 2021)]
- 11) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-studeni 2021) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-November 2021)]
- 12) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna (Izvještaj za siječanj-listopad 2021) [Monthly Report by Administrative Units of the State Budget (Report for the period January-October 2021)]

#### Source:

All reports are available at: https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/mjesecni-izvjestaj-po-organizacijskoj-klasifikaciji-drzavnog-proracuna-i-racunima-3-i-4-ekonomske-klasifikacije/698

#### Comment:

Besides the IYRs, the Ministry of Finance also publishes additional reports with data given on a monthly basis (see https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/vremenske-serije-podataka/98).

These are the following documents (as titled on 21 February 2023):

- 1) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022. (https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx)
- 2) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu do studenog 2022. (https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls)

These two excel sheets are being constantly amended during the year by adding the latest data (which results in a change of their names).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# IYRs-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the IYRs?

While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <a href="https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/">https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/</a>.

# Answer:

b. No

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/informacije-za-gradjane/677

#### Comment

"Citizens versions" of the IYRs are not being produced (check the link given in the 'Source' field).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# MYR-1. What is the fiscal year of the MYR evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

#### Answer:

FY 2022

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

#### Comment:

The fiscal year in Croatia corresponds to the calendar year, that is, it runs from January 1 to December 31.

#### Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Technicaly this is "proposal" of the MYR (Croatian prijedlog). But this document was enacted, sto it became MYR

# Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

We are aware that the title of the document contains the word 'proposal'. However, since the document was eventually adopted in this form, it became MYR (without re-publishing). So, although the English translation is not fully accurate, we decided to stick to it in order to stay aligned with the OBS terminology.

#### **IBP Comment**

Many thanks to the peer reviewer for the comment. Per Open Budget Survey methodology, the Mid-Year Review does not have to be enacted to be considered in the survey.

# MYR-2. When is the MYR made available to the public?

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for an MYR to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public no later than three months after the reporting period ends (i.e., three months after the midpoint of the fiscal year). If the MYR is not released to the public at least three months after the reporting period ends, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the MYR.

Answer:

c. More than nine weeks, but less than three months, after the midpoint

#### Source:

Link to the government session: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/153-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36114/36114

Government press release related to the MYR:

https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/sjednica-vlade-saboru-upucen-prijedlog-zakona-o-izmjenama-i-dopunama-zakona-o-radu-te-prijedlog-zakona-o-sportu/36121

#### Comment:

The document was published on 29 September 2022 (as a part of the government session), which is more than nine weeks, but less than three months after the midpoint.

The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on this particular day.

An additional verification can be found in the press release provided in the 'Source' field.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### MYR-3a. If the MYR is published, what is the date of publication of the MYR?

Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

# Answer:

29/9/2022

#### Source

Link to the government session: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/153-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36114/36114

Government press release related to the MYR:

https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/sjednica-vlade-saboru-upucen-prijedlog-zakona-o-izmjenama-i-dopunama-zakona-o-radu-te-prijedlog-zakona-o-sportu/36121

#### Comment:

The MYR was published on 29 September 2022, as a part of the government session. The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on this particular day.

An additional verification can be found in the press release provided in the 'Source' field.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

#### MYR-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the MYR.

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer:

The MYR was published on 29 September 2022, as a part of the government session. The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on this particular day. An additional verification can be found in the press release provided in the 'Source' field.

#### Source:

Link to the government session: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/153-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36114/36114

Government press-release related to the MYR:

https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/sjednica-vlade-saboru-upucen-prijedlog-zakona-o-izmjenama-i-dopunama-zakona-o-radu-te-prijedlog-zakona-o-sportu/36121

#### Comment:

-

# Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### MYR-4. If the MYR is published, what is the URL or weblink of the MYR?

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.

#### Answer

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

#### Source:

-

#### Comment:

-

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: I agree with a small comment ie bracket, this link is for the "Proposal" (Croatian: prijedlog) of the MYR. But this document was enacted so it is basically the same thing.

#### **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

We are aware that the title of the document contains the word 'proposal'. However, since the document was eventually adopted in this form, it became MYR (without re-publishing). So, although the English translation is not fully accurate, we decided to stick to it in order to stay aligned with the OBS terminology.

## **IBP Comment**

Many thanks to the peer reviewer for the comment. Per Open Budget Survey methodology, the Mid-Year Review does not have to be enacted to be considered in the survey.

## MYR-5. If the MYR is published, are the numerical data contained in the MYR available in a machine readable format?

Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <a href="http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/">http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/</a>.

Option "d" applies if the MYR is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, all of the numerical data are available in a machine readable format

#### Source

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/proracun/2022/Prijedlog%20polug.%20izvje%C5%A1taja%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20DPRH%20za%201-6%202022.zip

#### Comment:

Numerical data in a machine readable format can be retrieved from the official website of the Ministry of Finance (see the title 'Polugodišnji izvještaj o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za prvo polugodište 2022. godine' at: https://mfin.gov.hr/proracun-86/drzavni-proracun-2022-godina/3235).

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# MYR-6a. If the MYR is not publicly available, is it still produced?

If the MYR is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question MYR-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.

Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question MYR-2).

Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

Answer:

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)
Source:
Link to the government session: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/153-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36114/36114
Government press-release related to the MYR:
https://vlada.gov.hr/vijesti/sjednica-vlade-saboru-upucen-prijedlog-zakona-o-izmjenama-i-dopunama-zakona-o-radu-te-prijedlog-zakona-o-sportu/36121
Comment: The document was published on 29 September 2022, which is within three months after the mid-point of the fiscal year. It is therefore classified as publicly available according to the OBS methodology.
Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree
MYR-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question MYR-6a, please specify how you determined whether the MYR was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.  If option "a,""b," or "e" was selected in question MYR-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."
Answer:
n/a
Source:
Comment:
Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree
Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree
MYR-7. If the MYR is produced, please write the full title of the MYR.
For example, a title for the Mid-Year Review could be "Semi-annual Budget Performance Report, FY 2021/22" or "Mid-Year Report on the 2022 National Budget."
If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."
Answer

Prijedlog polugodišnjeg izvještaja o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za prvo polugodište 2022. godine [Proposal of the Mid-Year Report on the Executed State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for the first semester 2022].

	Source: https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf
	Comment:
Pe	eer Reviewer
	Opinion: Agree
	Comments: pls see my comment on MYR4
	overnment Reviewer
	Opinion: Agree
MYR-8	B. Is there a "citizens version" of the MYR?
evolvi serve expec execu	the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now ing and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to be that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the utive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is ening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see:
	://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/.
	********
	Answer: a. Yes
ŀ	Source: https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije_za_gradane//Izvrsenje%20drzavnog%20proracuna%20za%20prvo%20polugodiste%2020 policy (22.pdf)
	Comment:
	The "citizens version" of the MYR is available from the website of the Ministry of Finance (see the link in the 'Source' field).
1 .	

It's confirmed via consultation of Javascript in the document link, that the CB document for MYR was publicly available on 09/30/2022.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# YER-1. What is the fiscal year of the YER evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

Answer:

FY 2021

Source

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment:

The fiscal year in Croatia corresponds to the calendar year, that is, it runs from January 1 to December 31.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# YER-2. When is the YER made available to the public?

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for an YER to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public <u>no later than one year after the fiscal year to which it corresponds</u>. If the YER is not released to the public within one year after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the YER.

## Answer

a. Six months or less after the end of the budget year

# Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/118-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-35402/35402

# Comment

The document was published on 12 May 2022, as a part of the government session (see the 'Source' field). The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on that particular day.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# YER-3a. If the YER is published, what is the date of publication of the YER?

Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

Answer:

12/5/2022

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/118-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-35402/35402

#### Comment:

The document was published on 12 May 2022, as a part of the government session (see the 'Source' field). The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on that particular day.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# YER-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the YER.

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

#### Answer:

The document was published on 12 May 2022, as a part of the government session (see the 'Source' field). The practice of the government is to publish all accompanying documents on the same day when the session is held. This was indeed the case this time, as we checked the official website on that particular day.

# Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/118-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-35402/35402

# Comment:

-

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# YER-4. If the YER is published, what is the URL or weblink of the YER?

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.

# Answer

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

# Source:

-

# Comment:

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## Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: pls see my comment on MYR4 regarding "proposal" issue

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

## Researcher Response

We are aware that the title of the document contains the word 'proposal'. However, since the document was eventually adopted in this form, it became YER (without re-publishing). So, although the English translation is not fully accurate, we decided to stick to it in order to stay aligned with the OBS terminology.

# **IBP Comment**

Many thanks to the peer reviewer for the comment. Per Open Budget Survey methodology, the Year-End Report does not have to be enacted to be considered in the survey.

# YER-5. If the YER is published, are the numerical data contained in the YER available in a machine readable format?

Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <a href="http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/">http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/</a>

Option "d" applies if the YER is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.

## Answer:

a. Yes, all of the numerical data are available in a machine readable format  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$ 

# Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/proracun/Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20Republike%20Hrvatske%20za%202021.%20qodinu.zip

# Comment

Numerical data in a machine readable format can be retrieved from the official website of the Ministry of Finance (see the title Godišnji izvještaj o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. Godinu' at: https://mfin.gov.hr/proracun-86/drzavni-proracun-2021-godina/3116).

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# YER-6a. If the YER is not publicly available, is it still produced?

If the YER is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question YER-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.

Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question YER-2)

Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" "d" applies.	or
Answer: e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)  Source: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/118-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-35402/35402  Comment: The document was published within 12 months after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds (12 May 2022) and therefore it is classified as publicly available according to the OBS methodology.	
Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree	
YER-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question YER-6a, please specify how you determined whether the YER was produced for internal use only, versus no produced at all.	ot
YER-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question YER-6a, please specify how you determined whether the YER was produced for internal use only, versus no produced at all.  If option "a,""b," or "e" was selected in question YER-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."	ot
produced at all.	ot

YER-7. If the YER is produced, please write the full title of the YER.

For example, a title for the Year-End Report could be "Consolidated Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2022" or "Annual Report 2021 Published by the Ministry of Finance and Planning." If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

## Answer:

Prijedlog godišnjeg izvještaja o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu [The Proposal of the Report on the Executed State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2021]

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

## Comment:

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Again, pls see my comment on MYR4. Same issue. Link is on a Proposal

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

We are aware that the title of the document contains the word 'proposal'. However, since the document was eventually adopted in this form, it became YER (without re-publishing). So, although the English translation is not fully accurate, we decided to stick to it in order to stay aligned with the OBS terminology.

## **IBP Comment**

Many thanks to the peer reviewer for the comment. Per Open Budget Survey methodology, the Year-End Report does not have to be enacted to be considered in the survey.

# YER-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the YER?

While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <a href="https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/">https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/</a>.

# Answer:

a. Yes

# Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Vodi%C4%8D%20za%20gra%C4%91ane%20-%20Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20RH%20za%202021.%20godinu.pdf

# Comment

The "citizens version" of the 2021 YER was published on 20 May 2022.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

## AR-1. What is the fiscal year of the AR evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

#### Answer:

FY 2021

## Source:

https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/GODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

#### Comment

The fiscal year in Croatia corresponds to the calendar year, that is, it runs from January 1 to December 31.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

## AR-2. When is the AR made available to the public?

Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.

The OBS methodology requires that for an AR to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public <u>no later than 18 months after the end</u> of the fiscal year to which it corresponds. If the AR is not released to the public at least 18 months after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the AR.

# Answer:

a. Six months or less after the end of the budget year

# Source:

- 1) AR published by the SAI (official document): https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_OBAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/GODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf
- 2) Official note sent by the government to the President of the parliament: https://www.sabor.hr/sites/default/files/uploads/sabor/2022-09-05/082901/m\_IZVJ\_REVIZIJA\_IZVJESTAJA\_IZVRSENJE\_DPRH\_2021.pdf
- 3) Press release by the parliament: https://www.sabor.hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-financije-i-drzavni-proracun-obavljenoj-5

# Comment:

The document was published on 14 June 2022. This information was obtained on request from the State Audit Office. Additional verification can be found in the documents published by the parliament, which are provided in the 'Source' field (documents 2) and 3)).

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## AR-3a. If the AR is published, what is the date of publication of the AR?

Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.

Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.

Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2022 should be entered as 05/09/2022. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.

## Answer:

14/6/2022

#### Source:

- 1) AR published by the SAI (official document): https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_OBAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/GODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf
- 2) Official note sent by the government to the President of the parliament: https://www.sabor.hr/sites/default/files/uploads/sabor/2022-09-05/082901/m\_IZVJ\_REVIZIJA\_IZVJESTAJA\_IZVRSENJE\_DPRH\_2021.pdf
- 3) Press release by the parliament: https://www.sabor.hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-financije-i-drzavni-proracun-obavljenoj-5

# Comment:

The document was published on 14 June 2022. This information was obtained on request from the State Audit Office. Additional verification can be found in the documents published by the parliament, which are provided in the 'Source' field (documents 2) and 3)).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# AR-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the AR.

If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

# Answer:

The document was published on 14 June 2022. This information was obtained on request from the State Audit Office. Additional verification can be found in the documents published by the parliament, which are provided in the 'Source' field (documents 2) and 3)).

# Source

1) AR published by the SAI (official document): https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_OBAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/GODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

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	2) Official note sent by the government to the President of the parliament: https://www.sabor.hr/sites/default/files/uploads/sabor/2022-09-05/082901/m_IZVJ_REVIZIJA_IZVJESTAJA_IZVRSENJE_DPRH_2021.pdf
	3) Press release by the parliament: https://www.sabor.hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-financije-i-drzavni-proracun-o-
	obavljenoj-5
	Comment:
	Peer Reviewer
	Opinion: Agree
	Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree
	- <b>r</b>
AR-	1. If the AR is published, what is the URL or weblink of the AR?
Res	earchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the
	ument is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.
	Answer:
	https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20- %202022/IZVJESCA%20_0%20_0BAVLJENIM_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI_IZVJESTAJ_0_IZVRSENJU_DRZAVNOG_PRORACUNA/G
	ODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf
	Source:
	Comment:
	Peer Reviewer
	Opinion: Agree
	Government Reviewer
	Opinion: Agree
AR-	5. If the AR is published, are the numerical data contained in the AR available in a machine readable format?
Ma	invisi (data as content) in machine specials if it is in a format that can be easily proposed by a computer such as easy violating and icon Mymerical data
	erial (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data nd in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <u>http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine</u>
<u>reac</u>	<u>dable/</u>
0pt	ion "d" applies if the AR is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.
	Answer:
	c. No
	Source: https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/G ODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

The document is in PDF format. There are no accompanying documents in a machine readable format.

Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** Opinion: Agree

# AR-6a. If the AR is not publicly available, is it still produced?

If the AR is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question AR-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.

Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question AR-2).

Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

# Source:

- 1) AR published by the SAI (official document): https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/G ODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf
- 2) Official note sent by the government to the President of the parliament: https://www.sabor.hr/sites/default/files/uploads/sabor/2022-09-05/082901/m\_IZVJ\_REVIZIJA\_IZVJESTAJA\_IZVRSENJE\_DPRH\_2021.pdf
- 3) Press release by the parliament: https://www.sabor.hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-financije-i-drzavni-proracun-oobavljenoj-5

# Comment:

The document was published within 12 months after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds (14 June 2022) and therefore it is classified as publicly available according to the OBS methodology.

Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** Opinion: Agree

ntion "a,""b," or "e" wa	s selected in question AR-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."
Answer:	
n/a	
Source:	
Comment:	
-	
Peer Reviewer	
Opinion: Agree	
Government Reviewe	
Opinion: Agree	
	d, please write the full title of the AR.
example, a title for th	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all,
example, a title for th archers should mark Answer:	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, this question "n/a."
example, a title for the archers should mark Answer: Izvješće o obavljeno	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all,
example, a title for the archers should mark Answer: Izvješće o obavljeno	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, this question "n/a."  j reviziji - Godišnji izvještaj o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu [Audit Report - the Executed
example, a title for the archers should mark  Answer: Izvješće o obavljeno State Budget of the  Source: https://www.revizija%202022/IZVJESCA	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, this question "n/a."  j reviziji - Godišnji izvještaj o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu [Audit Report - the Executed
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example, a title for the archers should mark  Answer: Izvješće o obavljeno State Budget of the  Source: https://www.revizija %202022/IZVJESCA ODI%C5%AONJI%20	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, this question "n/a."  j reviziji - Godišnji izvještaj o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu [Audit Report - the Executed Republic of Croatia for 2021]  hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20- %20_0%20_0BAVLJENIM_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI_IZVJESTAJ_0_IZVRSENJU_DRZAVNOG_PRORACUNA
example, a title for the archers should mark  Answer: Izvješće o obavljeno State Budget of the  Source: https://www.revizija%202022/IZVJESCA ODI%C5%AONJI%20  Comment:	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, this question "n/a."  j reviziji - Godišnji izvještaj o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu [Audit Report - the Executed Republic of Croatia for 2021]  hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20- %20_0%20_0BAVLJENIM_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI_IZVJESTAJ_0_IZVRSENJU_DRZAVNOG_PRORACUNA
Answer: Izvješće o obavljeno State Budget of the Source: https://www.revizija %202022/IZVJESCA ODI%C5%A0NJI%20	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, this question "n/a."  j reviziji - Godišnji izvještaj o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu [Audit Report - the Executed Republic of Croatia for 2021]  hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20- %20_0%20_0BAVLJENIM_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI_IZVJESTAJ_0_IZVRSENJU_DRZAVNOG_PRORACUNA
Answer: Izvješće o obavljeno State Budget of the Source: https://www.revizija %202022/IZVJESCA ODI%C5%A0NJI%20 Comment:	e Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, this question "n/a."  ij reviziji - Godišnji izvještaj o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu [Audit Report - the Executed Republic of Croatia for 2021]  hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-  k20_0%20_0BAVLJENIM_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI_IZVJESTAJ_0_IZVRSENJU_DRZAVNOG_PRORACUNA  ZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

# AR-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the AR?

While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the

executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <a href="https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/">https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/</a>.

b. No

Source:

# Comment:

"Citizens version" of the the AR was not produced.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

GQ-1a. Are there one or more websites or web portals for disseminating government fiscal information? If yes, please provide the necessary links in the comment/citation.

GQ-1a asks the researcher to list any government websites or portals where fiscal information can be found. For example, in New Zealand the Treasury website (<a href="http://www.treasury.govt.nz/">http://www.treasury.govt.nz/</a>) hosts important budget-related information, including the Pre-Budget Statement, the Executive's Budget Proposal, the Citizens Budget, In-Year Reports, the Mid-Year Review, and the Year-End Report. In addition, New Zealand's Parliamentary Counsel Office (<a href="http://www.legislation.govt.nz/">http://www.legislation.govt.nz/</a>) posts the Enacted Budget while the Controller and Auditor-General website (<a href="http://www.oag.govt.nz/">http://www.oag.govt.nz/</a>) publishes the annual Audit Report. The New Zealand researcher would provide the links to each of these sites. Other countries have developed portals that include fiscal information, though not in the "documents" format. For example, these portals have been created by Mexico (<a href="https://www.transparenciapresupuestaria.gob.mx/">https://www.transparenciapresupuestaria.gob.mx/</a>) and Brazil (<a href="http://www.portaltransparencia.gov.br/">https://www.portaltransparencia.gov.br/</a>). Some countries have both a website and a portal. The Brazilian government, for example, apart from the Transparency Portal, has a dedicated website for the federal budget, where all key documents and other information can be found (<a href="https://www.gov.br/economia/pt-br/assuntos/planejamento-e-orcamento/orcamento">https://www.gov.br/economia/pt-br/assuntos/planejamento-e-orcamento/orcamento</a>). Researchers should include details about all of the relevant websites and/or portals that can be used to access budget information.

# Answer:

a. Yes

# Source:

- 1. Government of the Republic of Croatia: https://vlada.gov.hr/
- 2. Croatian parliament: http://www.sabor.hr/
- 3. Republic of Croatia Ministry of Finance: https://mfin.gov.hr/
- 4. State Audit Office: http://www.revizija.hr/
- 5. Official Gazette: http://www.nn.hr/
- 6. Croatian National Bank: https://www.hnb.hr/

# Comment

Pre-Budget Statement, Executive's Budget Proposal and Year-End Report are published on the official website of the Croatian Government, as documentation related to the sessions at which they were adopted (https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/9).

Pre-Budget Statement, Executive's Budget Proposal, Year-End Report and Audit Report are published on the official website of the Croatian Parliament, as documentation related to the sessions at which they are discussed (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/sjednice-sabora).

Enacted Budget and Year-End Report are published in the Official Gazette (https://www.nn.hr/).

Pre-Budget Statement, Executive's Budget Proposal, Enacted Budget, Year-End Report, Citizens Budgets and In-Year Reports are published on the official website of the Ministry of Finance (https://mfin.gov.hr/).

The Audit Report is published on the official website of the State Audit Office (http://www.revizija.hr/hr/izvjesca).

Certain statistics related to the public budget (e.g., public debt and non-financial accounts of general government) can be found on the official website of the Croatian National Bank (https://www.hnb.hr/).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

GQ-1b. On these websites/portals, can revenue and/or expenditure data for the current fiscal year be downloaded as a consolidated, machine readable file (or set of files)? If yes, please provide the necessary links in the comment/citation. For more information on machine readability, see: <a href="http://opendatahandbook.org/qlossary/en/terms/machine-readable/">http://opendatahandbook.org/qlossary/en/terms/machine-readable/</a>.

GQ-1b, GQ-1c, and GQ-1d ask about whether governments publish specific types of content on their websites/portals: (a) consolidated files that contain disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure information for the current fiscal year; (b) consolidated files that contain disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure information for multiple years in consistent formats; and (c) infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access and analysis. Researchers should provide the links to relevant webpages and some explanations of what they contain.

## Answer:

a. Yes, both revenue and expenditure data can be downloaded as a consolidated file

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/vremenske-serije-podataka/98

## Comment:

Data in a machine readable format can be downloaded from the link provided in the 'Source' field (see the first two items).

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Also available at Croatian National Bank website: https://www.hnb.hr/en/statistics/statistical-data/general-government-sector

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

This Survey evaluates only data published by institutions that are directly involved in the preparation and execution of the public budget, as well as in the control of budget processes. As central banks do not belong to this group, the figures published by the Croatian National Bank cannot be included.

# **IBP Comment**

Although the Open Budget Survey focuses on the activities of central government and the goal of the questionnaire is to examine the transparency of the budget system, so its primary focus is on key budget documents that should be made available to the public, in this set of general questions is well-received to include any websites or portals where fiscal information can be found; details about all of the relevant websites and/or portals that can be used to access budget information should be included. The comments from the peer reviewer are well-noted.

GQ-1c. On these websites/portals, can disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure data in consolidated, machine readable files be downloaded for multiple years in consistent formats? If yes, please provide the necessary links and details in the comment/citation. For more information on machine readability, see: <a href="http://opendatahandbook.org/qlossary/en/terms/machine-readable/">http://opendatahandbook.org/qlossary/en/terms/machine-readable/</a>.

	Answer:	
	a. Yes, both revenue and expenditure data can be downloaded for multiple years in consistent formats	
	Source:	
	https://mfin.gov.hr/pristup-informacijama/statistika-i-izvjesca/vremenske-serije-podataka/98	
	Comment:  Data in a machine readable format for 2003 onwards can be downloaded from the link provided in the 'Source' field (see the first two items).	
	sala in a masime readable format for 2000 simulate can be dominated from the link provided in the course field (eee the mot the kemo).	
	Peer Reviewer	
	Opinion: Agree	
	Government Reviewer	
	Opinion: Agree	
GQ-	1d. On these websites/portals, are infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access and analysis? If yes, please provide the	е
	1d. On these websites/portals, are infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access and analysis? If yes, please provide the essary links and details in the comment/citation.	е
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nec	essary links and details in the comment/citation.  1d asks the researcher to list any government websites or portals where infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access a	
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Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

GQ-2. Are there laws in place guiding public financial management and/or auditing? If yes, please provide the necessary details and links in the comment/citation, and specify whether and where the law(s) contains specific provisions for budget transparency and/or participation.

GQ-2 asks about the existence of any national laws governing public financial management and auditing. These may include a public finance act, a section of the constitution, or an organic budget law. In some countries, fiscal responsibility legislation may also be relevant. For example, the Kenya researcher may include the link to its Public Finance Management Act, 2012 (http://kenyalaw.org:8181/exist/kenyalex/actview.xql?actid=No.%2018%20of%202012), and the

Macedonian researcher may include a link to its State Audit Law (<a href="https://finance.gov.mk/wp-content/uploads/2009/05/Audit-law.pdf">https://finance.gov.mk/wp-content/uploads/2009/05/Audit-law.pdf</a>). Researchers should provide links to websites where such laws are published, if possible, or an electronic copy of the law itself. They should also indicate if and where (e.g. which article) these laws include specific provisions for budget transparency and citizen participation in budget processes.

### Answer:

a. Yes

#### Source

- 1. Zakon o proračunu [Budget Act]: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/full/2021\_12\_144\_2457.html
- 2. Zakon o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu [2023 Act on Execution of the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia]: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/2022\_12\_145\_2206.html
- 3. Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju [Act on the State Audit Office]: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/2019\_03\_25\_490.html
- 4. Zakon o fiskalnoj odgovornosti [Fiscal Responsilibity Act]: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/2018\_12\_111\_2142.html

#### Comment:

Budget Act stipulates comprehensiveness of Pre-Budget Statement, Executive's Budget Proposal, Mid-Year Review and Year-End Report. In addition, the principle of budget transparency is defined by article 15, while article 146 stipulates that the budget supervision (conducted by Ministry of Finance) can be based on citizens' petitions, on the order of the Minister of Finance or on requests of central government administration bodies, local and regional government units and other legal persons which arise suspicion of irregularities and fraud. So, citizens can suggest to the Ministry of Finance what institution should be supervised.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

GQ-3. Is there at least one additional law regulating: (1) access to information; (2) government transparency; or (3) citizens participation? If yes, please provide the necessary details and links in the comment/citation, and specify whether and where these laws contain specific provisions for budget transparency and/or participation.

The third and last question asks researchers to list any additional laws regulating access to information, transparency, or citizens' participation that are relevant for the promotion of budget transparency and citizen participation in budget processes. These might include legislation related to access to information, to planning processes, or to public administration more generally. India's Right to Information Act of 2005 (<a href="https://www.ncess.gov.in/facilities/central-public-information-officer/rti-act-details.html">https://www.ncess.gov.in/facilities/central-public-information-officer/rti-act-details.html</a>) is an example of this type of law. For more information on access to information legislation (constitutional provisions, laws, and regulations), including examples of model laws, see: <a href="https://www.rti-rating.org/country-data/">https://www.rti-rating.org/country-data/</a> and <a href="https://www.constituteproject.org/">https://www.rti-rating.org/country-data/</a> and <a href="https://www.constituteproject.org/">https://www.rti-rating.org/country-data/</a> and <a href="https://www.constituteproject.org/">https://www.rti-rating.org/country-data/</a> and <a href="https://www.constituteproject.org/">https://www.rti-rating.org/country-data/</a> and <a href="https://www.constituteproject.org/">https://www.constituteproject.org/</a>.

# Answer:

a. Yes

# Source:

Zakon o pravu na pristup informacijama [Act on the Right of Access to Information]: https://www.zakon.hr/z/126/Zakon-o-pravu-na-pristup-informacijama

# Comment

According to article 10 of the Act on the Right of Access to Information public authority bodies are obliged to publish the following information in an easily searchable and machine readable format on their websites: 1) laws and other regulations relevant to their scope of activity; 2) general acts and decisions they enact, which influence the interests of beneficiaries, together with the reasons for their enactment; 3) draft proposals of laws and other regulations and general acts; 4) annual plans, programs, strategies, instructions, work reports, financial reports and other relevant documents referring to activities of the public authority bodies; 5) registers and databases or information on registers and databases within their jurisdiction and the manner of access thereto; 6) information on public services provided by the public authority; 7) information on financing sources, budget, financial plan or other appropriate document that determine the revenues and expenditures of public authority bodies, and data and reports on budget execution, financial plans and other appropriate documents; 8) information on allocated grants, sponsorships, donations or other

aid, including a list of beneficiaries and amounts; 9) information on public procurement procedures, tender documents, information on fulfilling the contract obligations, and other information required pursuant to the law governing public procurement; 10) information on announced tenders, documents necessary for participation in the tender procedure, and information on the outcome of tender procedures; 11) information on the internal organisation of public authorities, with the names of persons heading the authority and heads of organisational units with their contact information; 12) conclusions from official sessions of public authority bodies and the official documents enacted at these sessions, including information on the work of the formal work bodies within their jurisdiction where decisions are made on the rights and interests of beneficiaries; 13) information on the manner and conditions of exercising rights of access to and re-use of information in a visible place, including contact details of the information officer, the necessary forms or links to forms, and the level of fees for access to information and reuse of information, and 14) responses to frequently asked questions, on the manner of submitting requests by citizens and the media, and other information (news, press releases, data on activities), for the purpose of informing the public about their work and exercising their rights and executing obligations. Regarding consultations with the interested public see article 11 of Act on the Right of Access to Information.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

1. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year that are classified by administrative unit (that is, by ministry, department, or agency)?

**GUIDELINES:** 

Question 1 addresses the presentation of expenditure by administrative unit. This information indicates which government entity (ministry, department, or agency, or MDAs) will be responsible for spending the funds and, ultimately, held accountable for their use.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all administrative units, accounting for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the administrative units shown individually, in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation, must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures in the budget year. In other words, the sum of the expenditures assigned to the individual MDAs (education, health, infrastructure, interior, defense, etc.) must account for at least two-thirds of the total expenditure budgeted for that particular year. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents administrative units that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by administrative unit.

# Answer:

a. Yes, administrative units accounting for all expenditures are presented.

# Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For expenditures by administrative units see the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Expenditures classified by administrative units for the budget year 2023 are given on pages 15-527.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

2. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year by functional classification?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 2 addresses the presentation of expenditure by functional classification. This classification indicates the programmatic purpose, sector, or objective for which the funds will be used, such as health, education, or defense. Administrative units are not necessarily aligned with functional classifications. For instance, in one country all functions connected with water supply (which fall into the "Housing" function) may be undertaken by a single government agency, while in another country they may be distributed across the Ministries of Environment, Housing, and Industrial Development. In the latter case, three ministries have programs addressing water supply, so three ministries contribute to one function. Similarly, some administrative units may conduct activities that cut across more than one function. For instance, in the example above, some programs of the Ministry of Environment would also be classified in the "environmental protection" function.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for the budget year organized by functional classification.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, expenditures are presented by functional classification.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For expenditures by functional classification see the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

Expenditures by functional classification for the budget year 2023 are presented on pages 11-12.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

3. If the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation presents expenditures for the budget year by functional classification, is the functional classification compatible with international standards?

GUIDELINES:

Question 3 asks whether a country's functional classification meets international standards. To answer "a," a country's functional classification must be aligned with the OECD and the UN's Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG), or provide a cross-walk between the national functional presentation and COFOG.

The OECD Best Practices for Budget Transparency can be viewed at <a href="http://www.oecd.org/gov/budgeting/Best%20Practices%20Budget%20Transparency%20-%20complete%20with%20cover%20page.pdf">http://www.oecd.org/gov/budgeting/Best%20Practices%20Budget%20Transparency%20-%20complete%20with%20cover%20page.pdf</a>

COFOG can be viewed at <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/SeriesM\_84E.pdf">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/SeriesM\_84E.pdf</a> or at <a href="http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/qfs/manual/pdf/ch6ann.pdf">https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/qfs/manual/pdf/ch6ann.pdf</a>.

# Answer

a. Yes, the functional classification is compatible with international standards.

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For expenditures by functional classification see the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

The classification is fully compatible with international standards.

To see this, compare the headings on pages 11-12 with those given in COFOG's documentation

(https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/SeriesM/SeriesM\_84E.pdf). For instance, the EBP contains the following headings: Opće javne usluge (Eng. General public services), Obrana (Eng. Defense), Javni red i sigurnost (Eng. Public order and safety), Ekonomski poslovi (Eng. Economic affairs), Zaštita okoliša (Eng. Environmental protection), Usluge unapređenja stanovanja i zajednice (Eng. Housing and community amenities), Zdravstvo (Eng. Health), Rekreacija, kultura i religija (Eng. Recreation, culture, and religion), Obrazovanje (Education), Socijalna zaštita (Eng. Social protection).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

4. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year by economic classification?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 4 asks whether the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents expenditures for the budget year organized by economic classification. Economic classification provides information on the nature of the expenditure, such as whether funds are being used to pay for wages and salaries, capital projects, or social assistance benefits. Please note that a presentation of expenditures by current and capital expenditures without additional disaggregation or detail will not qualify as an economic classification.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for the budget year organized by economic classification.

# Answer:

a. Yes, expenditures are presented by economic classification.

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For expenditures by economic classification see the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Expenditures by economic classification for the budget year 2023 are presented on pages 15-527. The given pages actually specify expenditures by administrative units, but there is an economic classification of expenditures within each unit. Summarised data for public expenditures by economic classification are given on pages 5-8.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

5. If the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation presents expenditures for the budget year by economic classification, is the economic classification compatible with international standards?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 5 asks whether a country's economic classification meets international standards. To answer "a," a country's economic classification must be consistent with the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) 2001 Government Finance Statistics (GFS). The GFS economic classification is presented here: <a href="http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/app4.pdf">http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/app4.pdf</a>. To learn more about Government Finance Statistics also refer to the entire IMF 2001 GFS manual (<a href="http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/all.pdf">http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/all.pdf</a>).

#### Answer:

a. Yes, the economic classification is compatible with international standards.

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For expenditures by economic classification see the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

The economic classification is compatible with international standards. This can be seen by comparing the headings on pages 5-8 with those given on page 179 of the IMF 2001 GFS manual (http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/all.pdf).

Specifically, the following headings can be found on pages 5-8: Rashodi za zaposlene (Eng. Compensation of employees), Materijalni rashodi (Eng. Consumption of fixed capital), Subvencije (Eng. Subsidies), Pomoći dane u inozemstvo i unutar općeg proračuna (Eng. Grants given abroad and to the users of the public budget), Naknade građanima i kućanstvima na temelju osiguranja i druge naknade (Eng. Social benefits), Ostali rashodi (Eng. Other expenses).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

6. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for the budget year?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 6 asks whether expenditures are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should treat the term "program" as meaning any level of detail below an administrative unit — that is, any programmatic grouping that is below the ministry, department, or agency level. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.

A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures in the budget year. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.

Budget decisions for the upcoming year can also affect the parameters of future budgets. It is therefore useful to estimate revenues and expenditures for multi-year periods, understanding that these estimates might be revised as circumstances change. Sometimes referred to as a Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF), a three-year period — that is, the budget year plus two more years — is generally considered an appropriate horizon for budgeting and planning.

# Answer:

a. Yes, programs accounting for all expenditures are presented.

## Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://ylada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For expenditures by individual programs see the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

Expenditures by individual programs for the budget year 2023 are presented on pages 15-527. See for instance the part on expenses of the Ministry of Defence (pages 65-72). There are headings OPREMANJE, MODERNIZACIJA I IZGRADNJA (Eng. Acquisition of equipment, construction, and modernisation of the existing equipment and infrastructure), UPRAVLJANJE, OBRAZOVANJE I POTPORA OSOBLJU (Eng. Management, education and staff support), KOMUNIKACIJSKO-INFORMACIJSKI SUSTAVI I POTPORA (Eng. Communication and information systems and support), etc.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

7. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditure estimates for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 7 asks if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications — by administrative, economic, and functional classifications — which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications for at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "b," multi-year expenditure estimates must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if multi-year expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications.

# Answer:

a. Yes, multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Expenditure estimates by administrative and economic classification for the period 2023-2025 are given on pages 15-527. Expenditure estimates by functional classification for the period 2023-2025 are given on pages 11-12.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

7b. Based on the response to Question 7, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications have estimates for a multi-year period in the Executive's Budget Proposal?

#### Answer:

Administrative classification Economic classification Functional classification

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment:

Expenditure estimates by administrative and economic classification for the period 2023-2025 are given on pages 15-527. Expenditure estimates by functional classification for the period 2023-2025 are given on pages 11-12.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

8. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditure estimates for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year) by program?

# **GUIDELINES:**

Question 8 asks if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.

A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures over the multi-year period. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents multi-year estimates for programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if multi-year estimates are not presented by program.

Revenues generally are separated into two major categories: "tax" and "non-tax" revenues. Taxes are compulsory transfers that result from government exercising its sovereign power. The largest sources of tax revenue in some countries are taxes on personal and business income and taxes on goods and services, such as sales or value-added taxes. The category of non-tax revenues is more diverse, ranging from grants from international institutions and foreign governments to funds raised through the sale of government-provided goods and services. Note that some forms of revenue, such as contributions to social security funds, can be considered either a tax or non-tax revenue depending on the nature of the approach to these contributions. Particularly because different revenues have different characteristics, including who bears the burden of paying the tax and how collections are affected by economic conditions, it is helpful when estimates for revenues are disaggregated and displayed based on their sources.

For more information, please refer to the 2001 GFS manual, in particular Appendix 4 (<a href="http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/app4.pdf">http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/app4.pdf</a>).

#### Answer

a. Yes, multi-year estimates for programs accounting for all expenditures are presented.

#### Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

The expenditure estimates by individual programs for the period 2023-2025 are given on pages 15-527. The given estimates account for all expenditures.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

9. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present the individual sources of tax revenue (such as income tax or VAT) for the budget year?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 9 assesses the degree to which the individual sources of "tax" revenue are disaggregated in the budget. The largest sources of tax revenue in some countries are taxes on personal and business income and taxes on goods and services, such as sales or value-added taxes.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all individual sources of tax revenue for the budget year, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all tax revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present individual sources of tax revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all tax revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents individual sources of tax revenue that account for less than two-thirds of tax revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of tax revenue are not presented.

# Answer

a. Yes, individual sources of tax revenue accounting for all tax revenue are presented.

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

The individual sources of tax revenue for the budget year 2023 are presented on page 546 (numbered 13) of the document. The given overview accounts for all tax revenue and the category 'other revenue' represents less than 3% of the total.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

10. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present the individual sources of non-tax revenue (such as grants, property income, and sales of government-produced goods and services) for the budget year?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 10 assesses the degree to which the individual sources of "non-tax" revenue are disaggregated in the budget. The category of non-tax revenues is diverse, and can include revenue ranging from grants from international institutions and foreign governments to funds raised through the sale of government-provided goods and services.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all individual sources of non-tax revenue for the budget year, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all non-tax revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present individual sources of non-tax revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all non-tax revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents individual sources of non-tax revenue that account for less than two-thirds of non-tax revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of non-tax revenue are not presented.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, individual sources of non-tax revenue accounting for all non-tax revenue are presented.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

The individual sources of non-tax revenue for the budget year 2023 are presented on pages 3-4. The given overview accounts for all non-tax revenue and the category 'other revenue' represents less than 3% of the total.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

11. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax) for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 11 evaluates whether revenue estimates are presented for a multi-year period (at least two years beyond the budget year) by "category," that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of revenues classified by category for at least two years following the budget year in question.

# Answer

a. Yes, multi-year estimates of revenue are presented by category.

# Source.

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Revenue estimates by category for the period 2023-2025 are given on pages 3-4.

**Government Reviewer** Opinion: Agree

12. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates for individual sources of revenue presented for a multiyear period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?

# **GUIDELINES:**

Question 12 evaluates whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented for a multi-year period (at least two years beyond the budget year). The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least twothirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents multi-year estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented for a multi-year period.

## Answer:

a. Yes, multi-year estimates for individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue are presented.

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

Information on individual sources of revenue for the period 2023-2025 is presented on pages 3-4. The given overview accounts for all revenue and the category 'other revenue' represents less than 3% of the total.

Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** Opinion: Agree

13. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 13 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt that the budget should include:

- the amount of net new borrowing required during the entire budget year;
- the central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the entire budget year.

Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens and banks and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the IMF.

Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented for the entire budget year.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, all three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment:

Information on the amount of net new borrowing is presented on page 13. Information on the interest payments on the outstanding debt is given on page 553 (numbered 20). The figure for the central government's total debt burden is given on page 563 (numbered 30).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

13b. Based on the response to Question 13, check the box(es) below to identify which estimates of government borrowing and debt are presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

# Answer

The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year

The interest payments on outstanding debt for the budget year

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Information on the amount of net new borrowing is presented on page 13. Information on the interest payments on the outstanding debt is given on page 553 (numbered 20). The figure for the central government's total debt burden is given on page 563 (numbered 30).

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

14. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information related to the composition of the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year?

(The core information must include interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)"

**GUIDELINES:** 

Question 14 focuses on the composition of government debt at the end of the budget year, asking whether "core" information related to its composition is presented. These core components include:

- interest rates on the debt;
- maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether the debt is domestic or external.

The interest rates affect the amount of interest that must be paid to creditors. The maturity profile indicates the final payment date of the loan, at which point the principal (and all remaining interest) is due to be paid; government borrowing typically includes a mix of short-term and long-term debt. As discussed in Question 13, domestic debt is held by a country's citizens, banks, and businesses, while external debt is held by foreigners. These factors related to the composition of the debt give an indication of the potential vulnerability of the country's debt position, and ultimately whether the cost of servicing the accumulated debt is affordable.

Beyond these core elements, a government may also provide additional information related to the composition of its debt, including for instance: whether interest rates are fixed or variable; whether debt is callable; the currency of the debt; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); an analysis of the risk associated with the debt; and where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to the composition of government debt at the end of the budget year as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the composition of government debt is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the composition of the debt outstanding at the end of the budget year.

# Answer:

d. No, information related to composition of total debt outstanding is not presented.

# Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

Those are:

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji

- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financirania
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu.

#### Comment:

None of the 16 EBP document-items gives any information related to the composition of the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year.

There has not been any improvement from the previous round of the Survey in this respect.

#### Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: I agree with the answer. Unfortunately, EBP does not provide debt estimates or the information requested in this question. On the other hand, YER contains part of the above information and that is why Q14 and Q90 are different. YER contains a report on borrowing on the domestic and foreign financial markets.

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

14b. Based on the response to Question 14, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the composition of the total debt outstanding are are presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

## Answer:

None of the above

# Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

Those are:

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu.

# Comment:

None of the 16 EBP document-items gives any information related to the composition of the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year.

There has not been any improvement from the previous round of the Survey in this respect.

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

15. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget projections are based?

(The core information must include a discussion of the economic outlook with estimates of nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)"

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 15 focuses on the macroeconomic forecast that underlies the budget's revenue and expenditure estimates, asking whether "core" information related to the economic assumptions is presented. These core components include a discussion of the economic outlook as well as estimates of the following:

- nominal GDP level;
- inflation rate;
- real GDP growth; and
- interest rates.

While the core macroeconomic information should be a standard feature of the Executive's Budget Proposal, the importance of some types of macroeconomic assumptions may vary from country to country. For example, the budget estimates of some countries are particularly affected by changes in the price of oil and other commodities.

Beyond these core elements, some governments also provide additional information related to the economic outlook, including for instance: short and long-term interest rates; rate of employment and unemployment; GDP deflator; price of oil and other commodities; current account; exchange rate; and composition of GDP growth.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to the macroeconomic forecast as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the macroeconomic forecast is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the macroeconomic forecast is presented.

# Answer:

b. Yes, the core information is presented for the macroeconomic forecast.

# Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Information on real GDP growth is provided on page 540 (numbered 7 - see Tablica 2: Makroekonomski okvir u razdoblju 2021. - 2025.), while the inflation rate is given on page 542 (Tablica 4: Kretanje cijena). Since Table 1 on page 539 makes reference to EURIBOR, we accept this as information on interest rates.

Finally, neither this document nor any of the remaining 15 EBP document-items present information on the nominal GDP level.

However, since the document contains information beyond the core elements, the answer b) applies this time. This answer indicates an improvement in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Information beyond the core elements includes unemployment rate (Tablica 3: Kretanja na tržištu rada on page 541), GDP deflator (Tablica 4: Kretanje cijena on page 542), composition of GDP growth (Tablica 2: Makroekonomski okvir u razdoblju 2021. - 2025. on page 540), and price of oil and other commodities (Tablica 1: Osnovne pretpostavke on page 539).

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

15b. Based on the response to Question 15, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the macroeconomic forecast are included in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

## Answer:

Inflation rate

Real GDP growth

Interest rates

Information beyond the core elements (please specify)

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment

Information on real GDP growth is provided on page 540 (numbered 7 - see Tablica 2: Makroekonomski okvir u razdoblju 2021. - 2025.), while the inflation rate is given on page 542 (Tablica 4: Kretanje cijena). Since Table 1 on page 539 (numbered 6) makes reference to EURIBOR, we accept this as information on interest rates.

Finally, neither this document nor any of the remaining 15 EBP document-items present information on the nominal GDP level.

Information beyond the core elements includes unemployment rate (Tablica 3: Kretanja na tržištu rada on page 541), GDP deflator (Tablica 4: Kretanje cijena on page 542), composition of GDP growth (Tablica 2: Makroekonomski okvir u razdoblju 2021. - 2025. on page 540), and price of oil and other commodities (Tablica 1: Osnovne pretpostavke on page 539).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

16. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation show the impact of different macroeconomic assumptions (i.e., sensitivity analysis) on the budget?

(The core information must include estimates of the impact on expenditures, revenue, and debt of different assumptions for the inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)"

GUIDELINES:

Question 16 focuses on the issue of whether the Executive's Budget Proposal shows how different macroeconomic assumptions affect the budget estimates (known as a "sensitivity analysis"). It asks whether "core" information related to a sensitivity analysis is presented, estimating the impact on expenditures, revenue, and debt of different assumptions for:

- · inflation rate:
- · real GDP growth; and
- interest rates.

A sensitivity analysis shows the effect on the budget of possible changes in some macroeconomic assumptions, and is important for understanding the impact of the economy on the budget; for instance, what would happen to revenue collections if GDP growth were slower than what is assumed in the budget proposal? Or what would happen to expenditure if inflation were higher than estimated? Or how will revenue be affected by a decrease in the price of oil?

As noted for Question 15, changes in certain macroeconomic assumptions, such as the price of oil and other commodities, can have a significant impact on the budget estimates. As a result, some sensitivity analyses may also examine the impact on the budget estimates of changes in assumptions such as the price of oil that are beyond the core elements of the inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.

For an example of how a sensitivity analysis may be presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal, see the following:

- The United States in its 2021 Budget Analytical Perspectives includes a section titled Sensitivity of the Budget to Economic Assumptions along with a table that shows the impact of each economic scenario on revenues, spending, and the deficit. (see pages 16 17, <a href="https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/BUDGET-2021-PER/pdf/BUDGET-2021-PER.pdf">https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/BUDGET-2021-PER/pdf/BUDGET-2021-PER.pdf</a>).
- The Philippines in its 2021 Budget of Expenditures and Sources of Financing (BESF) presents the impact of different macroeconomic assumptions on expenditures, revenue, and debt (see page 131, Table A.6 titled "Budget Sensitivity to Macroeconomic Parameters, 2021,"
   (https://www.dbm.gov.ph/wp-content/uploads/BESF/BESF2021/A6.pdf); pages 12-13, Technical Notes on the 2021 Proposed National Budget (https://www.dbm.gov.ph/images/pdffiles/Technical-Notes-on-the-2021-Proposed-National-Budget.pdf).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to a "sensitivity analysis" as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to a "sensitivity analysis" is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on "sensitivity analysis" is presented.

# Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Pages 563-564 (numbered 30-31) provide a short discussion about the impact of different assumptions for interest rates and GDP growth on public debt. On the other hand, the sensitivity analysis for expenditures and revenue is not given.

Accordingly, the answer c) applies this time, which is an improvement in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

17. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information for at least the budget year that shows how new policy proposals, as distinct from existing policies, affect expenditures?

# GUIDELINES:

Questions 17 and 18 ask about new policy proposals in the budget. In any given year, most of the expenditures and revenues in the budget reflect the

continuation of existing policies. However, much of the attention during the budget debate is focused on new proposals — whether they call for eliminating an existing program, introducing a new one, or changing an existing program at the margins. Typically, these new proposals are accompanied by an increase, a decrease, or a shift in expenditures or revenues. Because these changes may have different impacts on people's lives, the budget proposal should present sufficient detail about new policies and their budgetary impact.

Question 17 asks about new expenditure policies, and Question 18 asks about new revenue policies. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how all new policy proposals affect expenditures (for Question 17) or revenues (for Question 18) and a narrative discussion of the impact of these new policies. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show the impact of all new policy proposals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion of the impact of the new policies, or if it includes estimates that show the impact of only some, but not all, policy proposals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the impact of new policy proposals.

#### Answer

a. Yes, estimates that show how all new policy proposals affect expenditures are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment:

Pages 547-556 (numbered 14-23) provide information on expenditures (by the sources of financing, as well as by economic and functional classifications) for the period 2023-2025, along with a narrative discussion about the effect of new policy proposals on the budget outlays.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

18. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information for at least the budget year that shows how new policy proposals, as distinct from existing policies, affect revenues?

# **GUIDELINES**

Questions 17 and 18 ask about new policy proposals in the budget. In any given year, most of the expenditures and revenues in the budget reflect the continuation of existing policies. However, much of the attention during the budget debate is focused on new proposals — whether they call for eliminating an existing program, introducing a new one, or changing an existing program at the margins. Typically, these new proposals are accompanied by an increase, a decrease, or a shift in expenditures or revenues. Because these changes may have different impacts on people's lives, the budget proposal should present sufficient detail about new policies and their budgetary impact.

Question 17 asks about new expenditure policies, and Question 18 asks about new revenue policies. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how all new policy proposals affect expenditures (for Question 17) or revenues (for Question 18) and a narrative discussion of the impact of these new policies. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show the impact of all new policy proposals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion of the impact of the new policies, or if it includes estimates that show the impact of only some, but not all, policy proposals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the impact of new policy proposals.

Prior-year information constitutes an important benchmark for assessing the proposals for the upcoming budget year. Estimates of prior years should be presented in the same formats (in terms of classification) as the budget year to ensure that year-to-year comparisons are meaningful. For example, if the budget proposes shifting responsibility for a particular program from one administrative unit to another — such as shifting responsibility for the training of nurses from the health department to the education department — the prior-year figures must be adjusted before year-to-year comparisons of administrative budgets can be made.

Typically, when the budget proposal is submitted, the year prior to the budget year (BY-1), also known as the current year, has not ended, so the executive will provide estimates of the anticipated outcome for BY-1. The soundness of these estimates is directly related to the degree to which they have been updated to

reflect actual expenditures to date, legislative changes that have occurred, and anticipated changes in macroeconomic, caseload, and other relevant factors for the remainder of the year.

The first year that can reflect actual outcomes, therefore, is generally two years before the budget year (BY-2). Thus the OECD recommends that data covering at least two years before the budget year (along with two years of projections beyond the budget year) are provided in order to assess fully the trends in the budget.

#### Answer:

c. Yes, information that shows how some but not all new policy proposals affect revenues are presented.

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Pages 543-546 (numbered 10-13) provide a short narrative discussion only on the few most important policy changes.

The answer selected indicates no change in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

19. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 19 asks if expenditure estimates for the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) are presented by one of the three expenditure classifications — by administrative, economic, and functional classifications. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. (See Questions 1-5 above.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates for BY-1 by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates for BY-1 must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates for BY-1 are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates for BY-1 are not presented by any of the three classifications.

# Answer

a. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-1 are presented by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Expenditure estimates by administrative and economic classifications for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 15-527.

Expenditure estimates by functional classification for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 11-12.

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

20. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 20 asks if expenditure estimates for the year before the budget year (BY-1) are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.

A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for BY-1. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures for BY-1. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.

## Answer

a. Yes, programs accounting for all expenditures are presented for BY-1.

# Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Expenditures by individual programs for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 15-527.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

21. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, have expenditure estimates of the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) been updated from the original enacted levels to reflect actual expenditures?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 21 asks whether the expenditure estimates for the year before the budget year (BY-1) have been updated from the original enacted levels. Updates can reflect actual experience to date; revised estimates due to shifting of funds by the executive, as permitted under the law; enactment of supplemental budgets; and revised assumptions regarding macroeconomic conditions, caseload, and other relevant factors for the remainder of the year.

Answer "a" applies if the estimates have been updated; answer "b" applies if the original estimates are still being used.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-1 have been updated from the original enacted levels.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

(A) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

The original budget and its two amendments for BY-1 are available from:

- (B) 2022 EB: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2021/140/NN-SL-2021-140-21.12.2021.pdf
- (C) 2022 Budget amendments no. 1: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/62/NN-SL-2022-062-02.06.2022.pdf
- (D) 2022 Budget amendments no. 2: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/131/NN-SL-2022-131-08.11.2022.pdf

#### Comment

There were two revisions of the 2022 budget; the first one from 27 May 2022 (document (C)) and the second one from 4 November 2022 (document (D)). The 2023 EBP presents the estimates from the second revision rather than the originally enacted levels.

Compare for instance values on p. 1 in the document (A) with those on p. 5 in the document (B), as well as with the values in the document (D) provided in the "Source" box.

In line with this, the answer a) applies.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

22. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of expenditure for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 22 asks if expenditure estimates for more than one year prior to the budget year (BY-2 and prior years) are presented by any of the three expenditure classifications — by administrative, economic, and functional classifications. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. (See Questions 1-5 above.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are not presented by any of the three classifications

# Answer:

a. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

# Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

Expenditure estimates by administrative and economic classifications for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 15-527.

Expenditure estimates by functional classification for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 11-12.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

22b. Based on the response to Question 22, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications have estimates for more than one year prior to the budget year in the Executive Budget Proposal:

#### Answer:

Administrative classification Economic classification Functional classification

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment

Expenditure estimates by administrative and economic classifications for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 15-527.

Expenditure estimates by functional classification for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 11-12.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

23. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for more than one year preceding the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 23 asks if expenditure estimates for more than one year before the budget year (BY-2 and prior years) are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.

A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for BY-2 and prior years. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures for BY-2 and prior years. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, programs accounting for all expenditures are presented for BY-2 and prior years.

#### Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment

Expenditures by individual programs for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 15-527.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

24. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which all expenditures reflect actual outcomes?

# **GUIDELINES**:

Question 24 asks for which year the actual outcomes for expenditures are shown. In most cases, the most recent year for which budget data on actual outcomes are available will be BY-2, as BY-1 is generally not yet finished when the budget proposal is drafted. So a government that has updated all its expenditure data for BY-2 to reflect what actually occurred, as opposed to estimating the outcome for that year, shows good public financial management practice.

For an "a" answer, a country must meet the good practice of having the figures for BY-2 reflect actual outcomes.

## Answer:

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

(A) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

In addition, the 2021 Year-End Report is available from:

(B) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

# Comment:

The most recent year with expenditures reflecting actual outcomes is 2021, which is two years prior to the budget year in consideration. Compare the values for 2021 on pages 15-527 of the 2023 EBP (document (A) in the "Source" field) with those given in the 2021 YER (document (B)).

Note: All values given in the 2023 EBP are expressed in euros, reflecting the fact that the euro has become the official currency in Croatia on January 1, 2023. On the other hand, the numbers in 2021 YER refer to Croatian kuna. The exchange rate is 7.53450 HRK = 1 EUR.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

25. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue by category (such as tax and non-tax) for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

## Answer:

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-1 are presented by category.

## Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment:

Revenue by category for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) is given on pages 3-4.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

26. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present individual sources of revenue for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?

# GUIDELINES:

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

## Answer:

a. Yes, individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue are presented for BY-1.

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment

Information on individual sources of revenue for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) is presented on pages 3-4. The given overview accounts for all revenue.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

27. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, have the original estimates of revenue for the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) been updated to reflect actual revenue collections?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

## Answer:

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-1 have been updated from the original enacted levels.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

(A) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

The original budget and its two amendments for BY-1 are available from:

- (B) 2022 EB: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2021/140/NN-SL-2021-140-21.12.2021.pdf
- (C) 2022 Budget amendments no. 1: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/62/NN-SL-2022-062-02.06.2022.pdf
- (D) 2022 Budget amendments no. 2: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/131/NN-SL-2022-131-08.11.2022.pdf

## Comment:

There were two revisions of the 2022 budget; the first one from 27 May 2022 (document (C)) and the second one from 4 November 2022 (document (D)). The 2023 EBP presents the revenue estimates from the second revision rather than the originally enacted levels.

Compare for instance values on p. 1 in the document (A) with those on p. 5 in the document (B), as well as with the values in the document (D) provided in the "Source" box.

In line with this, the answer a) applies.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

28. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax) for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?

# GUIDELINES:

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by category.

#### Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment

Revenue estimates by category for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) are given on pages 3-4.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

29. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present individual sources of revenue for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?

#### GUIDELINES.

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

# Answer:

a. Yes, individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue are presented for BY-2 and prior years.

## Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment:

Information on individual sources of revenue for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) is presented on pages 3-4. The given overview accounts for all revenue.

# Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

30. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which all revenues reflect actual outcomes?

# GUIDELINES:

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

(A) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

In addition, the 2021 Year-End Report is available from:

(B) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment

The most recent year with all revenues reflecting actual outcomes is 2021, which is two years prior to the budget year in consideration. Compare the values for 2021 on pages 3-4 of the 2023 EBP (document (A) in the "Source" field) with those given in the 2021 YER (pages 6-7 in document (B)).

Note: All values given in the 2023 EBP are expressed in euros, reflecting the fact that the euro has become the official currency in Croatia on January 1, 2023. On the other hand, the numbers in 2021 YER refer to Croatian kuna. The exchange rate is 7.53450 HRK = 1 EUR.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

31. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?

(The core information must include the total debt outstanding at the end of BY-1; the amount of net new borrowing required during BY-1; interest payments on the debt; interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)"

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 31 focuses on prior-year debt information, rather than on prior-year expenditures or revenues, asking whether "core" information is provided on government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1).

The "core" information includes:

- total debt outstanding at the end of BY-1;
- amount of net new borrowing required during BY-1;
- · interest payments on the debt;
- interest rates on the debt instruments;
- maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether it is domestic or external debt.

This core information for BY-1 is consistent with the budget year information for borrowing and debt, which is examined in Questions 13 and 14. Please note that for the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

In addition, some governments provide information beyond the core elements, such as gross new borrowing required during BY-1; currency of the debt; whether the debt carries a fixed or variable interest rate; whether it is callable; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for BY-1 as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to government borrowing and debt, including its composition, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on government borrowing and debt for BY-1.

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

Information on the amount of net new borrowing for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) is presented on page 13. Information on the interest payments on the outstanding debt for BY-1 is given on page 553 (numbered 20). The central government's total debt burden for two preceding years (2021 and 2022) is given on page 563 (numbered 30).

However, none of the 16 document-items gives detailed information about interest rates on the debt instruments, the maturity profile of the debt, and whether it is domestic or external debt. In line with this, the answer c) applies.

There has not been any improvement from the previous round of the Survey in this respect.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# 32. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which the debt figures reflect actual outcomes?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 32 asks for which year the actual outcome for total debt outstanding is shown. In most cases, the most recent year for which budget data on actual outcomes are available will be BY-2, as BY-1 is generally not yet finished when the budget proposal is drafted. So a government that has updated its debt data for BY-2 to reflect what actually occurred, as opposed to estimating the outcome for that year, shows good public financial management practice.

For an "a" answer, a country must meet the good practice of having the figures for BY-2 reflect actual outcomes.

It is essential that all government activities that may have an impact on the budget — in the current budget year or in future budget years — be fully disclosed to the legislature and the public in budget documents. In some countries, for instance, entities outside central government (such as public corporations) undertake fiscal activities that could affect current and future budgets. Similarly, activities that can have a significant impact on the budget, such as payment arrears and contingent liabilities, sometimes are not properly captured by the regular presentations of expenditure, revenue, and debt.

## Answer:

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

(A) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

In addition, the 2021 Year-End Report is available from:

 $(B)\ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118\%20sjednica\%20VRH/118\%20-\%204.pdf$ 

## Comment:

The most recent year for which the debt figures reflect actual outcomes is 2021, which is two years prior to the budget year in consideration. Compare the values for 2021 on page 563 (numbered 30) of the 2023 EBP (document (A) in the "Source" field) with those given in the 2021 YER (page 725 in document (B)).

Note: All values given in the 2023 EBP are expressed in euros, reflecting the fact that the euro has become the official currency in Croatia on January 1, 2023. On the other hand, the numbers in 2021 YER refer to Croatian kuna. The exchange rate is 7.53450 HRK = 1 EUR.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

33. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on extra-budgetary funds for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the extra-budgetary fund; and complete income, expenditure, and financing data on a gross basis.)"

**GUIDELINES:** 

Question 33 focuses on extra-budgetary funds, asking whether "core" information related to these funds, which exist outside the budget, are presented. These core components include:

- a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the extra-budgetary fund (i.e., why was a particular fund set up? what is it used for?); and
- estimates of its income, expenditure, and financing. (These estimates should be presented on a gross basis so that it is possible to tell how much money flows through each extra-budgetary fund.)

In most countries, governments engage in certain budgetary activities that are not included in the central government's budget. Known as extra-budgetary funds, they can range in size and scope. For example, countries frequently set up pension and social security programs as extra-budgetary funds, where the revenues collected and the benefits paid are recorded in a separate fund outside the budget. Another example of an extra-budgetary fund can be found in countries dependent on hydrocarbon/mineral resources, where revenues from producing and selling those resources are channeled through systems outside the annual budget.

In some cases, the separation engendered by an extra-budgetary fund serves a legitimate political purpose, and the finances and activities of these funds are well documented. In other cases, however, this structure is used for obfuscation, and little or nothing is known about a fund's finances and activities.

The availability of information related to extra-budgetary funds is essential for a comprehensive understanding of the government's true fiscal position. In addition to the core information, other information about extra-budgetary funds is also desirable. Such information includes a discussion of the risks associated with the extra-budgetary fund; expenditures classified by economic, functional, or administrative unit; and the rules and procedures that govern the operations and management of the extra-budgetary fund.

For more information about extra-budgetary funds, see the Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget <a href="http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf">http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf</a>) and Principle 2.1.1 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to extra-budgetary funds as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. A "b" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation presents all of the core information. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to extra-budgetary funds is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on extra-budgetary funds.

Please provide in the comments a list of all known extra-budgetary funds.

## Answer

a. Yes, information beyond the core elements is presented for all extra-budgetary funds.

## Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer on this question refer to document-items 2.2.a - 2.2.i:

- (A) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20a).pdf
- (B) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20b).pdf
- $(C) \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166% 20sjednica\% 20VRH/166\% 20-\% 202.1.\% 20c).pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166% 20sjednica\% 20VRH/166\% 20-\% 202.1.\% 20c).pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166% 20sjednica\% 20VRH/166\% 20-\% 202.1.\% 20c).pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166% 20sjednica\% 20VRH/166% 20-\% 202.1.\% 20c).pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166% 20sjednice/2022/Studeni/166% 20sjed$
- (D) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20d).pdf
- $(E) \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166\%20sjednica\%20VRH/166\%20-\%202.1.\%20e). pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166\%20sjednica\%20VRH/166\%20-\%202.1.\%20e). pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica\%20VRH/166%20-\%202.1.\%20e). pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20-%202.1.\%20e). pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20-%202.1.%20e). pdf \ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20-%2020/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20-%2020/Sjednice/2020/Sjednice/2020/$
- $(F)\ https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166\%20sjednica\%20VRH/166\%20-\%202.1.\%20f).pdf$
- (G) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20g).pdf
- (H) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20h).pdf
- (I) https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1.%20i).pdf

Each of the documents (A)-(I) gives detailed information on one extra-budgetary fund, as follows: (A) Extra-budgetary fund 'Hrvatske vode'; (B) Extra-budgetary fund 'Hrvatske ceste'; (C) Extra-budgetary fund 'Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost; (D) Extra-budgetary fund 'Hrvatska agencija za osiguranje depozita'; (E) Extra-budgetary fund 'Hrvatski

zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje'; (F) Extra-budgetary fund 'Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju'; (G) Extra-budgetary fund 'Hrvatske autoceste'; (H) Extrabudgetary fund 'HŽ Putnički prijevoz'; (I) Extra-budgetary fund 'HŽ Infrastruktura'.

Each document present estimates of income, expenditure, financing and a statement of purpose for that particular extra-budgetary fund. There is also additional information beyond these core elements, as each document for instance provides a narrative discussion on revenues, expenditures and programs.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

34. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present central government finances (both budgetary and extra-budgetary) on a consolidated basis for at least the budget year?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 34 asks whether the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documents present the finances of the central government on a consolidated basis, showing both its budgetary and extra-budgetary activities. Virtually all of the questions in the OBS questionnaire focus on budgetary central government — the activities of the ministries, departments, or agencies of central government. In addition, Question 33 asks about extra-budgetary funds, such as social security funds that are not included in the budget.

Coverage is an important aspect of fiscal reporting. Budget documents should cover the full scope of government's financial activity. In many countries, extrabudgetary activities are substantial, and can represent a sizable share of the central government's activities. To get a full picture of the central government's finances, therefore, it is necessary to examine both activities that are included in the budget and those that are extra-budgetary. This question asks whether such a consolidated presentation of central government finances, including both revenues and expenditures, is provided.

The central government is only one component of the overall public sector. The public sector also includes other levels of government, such as state and local government, and public corporations. (See Box 2.1 under Principle 1.1.1 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018): <a href="https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml">https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml</a>. For the purpose of answering this question, please consider only the central government level.

In order to answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present central government finances (both budgetary and extrabudgetary) on a consolidated basis for at least the budget year.

## Answer

b. No, central government finances are not presented on a consolidated basis.

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

None of 16 document-items presents central government finances on a consolidated basis.

There has not been any improvement from the previous round of the Survey in this respect.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 35. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of intergovernmental transfers for at least the budget year?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 35 asks about intergovernmental transfers. In many cases, the central government supports the provision of a good or service by a lower level of government through an intergovernmental transfer of funds. This is necessary because, independent from the level of administrative decentralization that exists in a given country, the capacity for revenue collection of a local government is unlikely to be sufficient to pay for all its expenses. However, because the activity is not being undertaken by an administrative unit of the central government, it is unlikely to receive the same level of review in the budget. Thus it is important to include in the budget proposal a statement that explicitly indicates the amount and purposes of these transfers.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all intergovernmental transfers and a narrative discussing these transfers. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all intergovernmental transfers are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, intergovernmental transfers (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of intergovernmental transfers are presented.

## Answer

a. Yes, estimates of all intergovernmental transfers are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

## Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

# Comment:

Aggregate estimates are presented on pages 6-7. Estimates by administrative units and programs for the period 2021-2025 are presented on pages 15-527. Narrative discussion is provided on pages 553-554 (section 'Pomoći').

Intergovernmental transfers are also mentioned in several other places in the document. For instance, page 919 (numbered 354) specifies and justifies the amounts of financial support to local units for the retention of the population and immigration.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

36. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present alternative displays of expenditures (such as by gender, by age, by income, or by region) to illustrate the financial impact of budget policies on different groups of citizens, for at least the budget year?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 36 asks about "alternative displays" of expenditures that highlight the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens. As discussed above, expenditures are typically presented by at least one of three classifications — administrative, functional, and economic classifications (see Questions 1-5) — and by individual program (Question 6). In addition, governments can provide alternative displays to emphasize different aspects of expenditure policies and to show who benefits from these expenditures.

For the purpose of answering this question, the alternative presentation must differ from the presentations (such as administrative, functional, or economic classifications or presentation by program) used to answer other questions. The alternative display can cover all expenditures or only a portion of expenditures. For instance, it can show how all expenditures are distributed according to geographic region or it can show how selected expenditures (such as the health budget or the agriculture budget) are distributed to different regions. But such a geographic display must be something different than the presentation of intergovernmental transfers used to answer question 35. One exception is when a country includes a special presentation of all policies intended to benefit the most impoverished populations (and is used to answer Question 52) then that can be considered an alternative display for purposes of answering this question as well. Finally, brief fact sheets showing how proposals in the budget benefit particular groups would be insufficient; only more detailed presentations would be considered.

The IBP Budget Brief, "How Transparent are Governments When it Comes to Their Budget's Impact on Poverty and Inequality?" (<a href="https://www.internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/government-transparency-of-budgets-impact-on-poverty-inequality-ibp-2019.pdf">https://www.internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/government-transparency-of-budgets-impact-on-poverty-inequality-ibp-2019.pdf</a>) includes a discussion of the importance of alternative displays of budget information and provides a number of examples. For instance,

- Bangladesh in its 2017-18 Budget included a detailed supplementary Gender Budgeting Report, which presents the spending dedicated to advancing women across various departments. (https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/3bb14732-b5b1-44df-9921-efedf1496295).
- The UK's 2017 budget included a supplementary analysis that provided a distributional analysis of the budget by households in different income groups (see
  - https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/661465/distributional\_analysis\_autumn\_budget\_2017.pdf)
- South Africa's 2017 Budget Review goes beyond the standard presentation of intergovernmental transfers, discussing the redistribution that results from national revenue flowing to the provinces and municipalities and presenting the allocations on a per capita basis (see chapter 6, <a href="http://www.treasury.gov.za/documents/national%20budget/2017/review/FullBR.pdf">http://www.treasury.gov.za/documents/national%20budget/2017/review/FullBR.pdf</a>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must include at least three different presentations that illustrate the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens for at least the budget year. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must include at least two different alternative displays of expenditures. A "c" applies is only one type of alternative display of expenditure is presented.

Answer "d" applies if no alternative display of expenditure is presented.

## Answer:

d. No, alternative displays of expenditures are not presented to illustrate the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens.

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financirania
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

None of the 16 EBP document-items presents alternative displays of expenditures.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

## Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: I agree with the answer. The difference with Q52 exists because the Q52 question is structured in a different way. EBP includes budget programs and goals related to performance budgeting. from this information by individual ministries, it is possible to find information that contradicts answer "C" in Q52.

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

We should not confuse Q36 and Q52 as they evaluate different things. In line with this, we stick to our original answers for both questions.

## IBP Comment

Many thanks to the peer reviewer and the researcher for the comments. Since the Croatian budget proposal does not include a special presentation of all policies intended to benefit the most impoverished populations (see answer in Question 52), answer "D" is maintained.

36b. Based on the response to Question 36, select the box(es) below to identify which types of alternative displays are included in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

# Answer:

None of the above

## Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode

- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

None of the 16 EBP document-items presents alternative displays of expenditures.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

37. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of transfers to public corporations for at least the budget year?

## **GUIDELINES**:

Question 37 asks about transfers to public corporations. It is often the case that governments have a stake in enterprises that manage resources that are particularly relevant for the public good (such as electricity, water, and oil). While these public corporations can operate independently, in some cases the government will provide direct support by making transfers to these corporations, including to subsidize capital investment and operating expenses.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all transfers to public corporations and a narrative discussing the purposes of these transfers. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all transfers to public corporations are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, transfers to public corporations (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "c" also applies if estimates of transfers to public corporations are presented as a single line item. Answer "d" applies if no estimates of transfers to public corporations are presented.

Please provide in the comments a list of all known public corporations.

## Answer:

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all transfers to public corporations are presented.

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
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- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost

- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoi klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

None of the 16 EBP document-items presents estimates of transfers to public corporations.

The selected answer demonstrates deterioration in performance from the previous rounds.

#### Peer Reviewer

**Opinion**: Disagree **Suggested Answer**:

Comments: Q37. it is not correct because according to the economic classification, subsidies to (private and public) companies are reported. On page 7, subsidies are presented according to funding sources, which is a disadvantage. But there is a total subsidy figure that includes both public and private companies. Furthermore, through the program budget, it is possible to determine individual subsidies to public companies. It is even possible to see in detail what the subsidy is for. For example For Croatia Airlines (p. 1392) and recapitalization due to COVID. Another example is the compensation in the fuel price for HŽ (Croatian railway) Infrastructure (p. 206 and 1447). "B" or "C" is correct answer. "B" can be also correct because all transfers to public corporation are given in special part of EBP (pp 565-2584). But there are not structured and there is no narrative, and there is no cumulative number given

## **Government Reviewer**

**Opinion**: Disagree

## Suggested Answer:

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all transfers to public corporations are presented.

Comments: Narrative discussion is presented on page 553 (section Subvencije) of the document 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem.

(https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf)

# Researcher Response

We agree that a more sophisticated analysis would give information about a small portion of the transfers to public corporations. However, since this Survey is focused on the existence of exact and easily obtainable information (and this applies to all other questions as well), we cannot accept the reviewers' arguments. As a matter of fact, previous versions of EBP did provide aggregate estimates (Heading 351 - 'Subvencije trgovačkim društvima u javnom sektoru' [Eng. Transfers to public corporations]). However, budget documents now do not go as deep into the structure as they used to. Previously, figures on the transfers to public corporations and interest payments were given as part of the third sub-level of expenditure breakdown. This level has been eliminated in the meantime! The absence of these figures explains the deterioration in performance in this round of the Survey.

## **IBP Comment**

Many thanks to the peer reviewer, government reviewer and researcher for the comments. Indeed, as the researcher notes, there has been a deterioration in practice since last round of the survey. However, for consistency across countries, this answer has been revised from "D" to "C".

38. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on quasi-fiscal activities for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the quasi-fiscal activity and the intended beneficiaries.)

# GUIDELINES:

Question 38 focuses on quasi-fiscal activities, asking whether "core" information related to such activities is presented. These core components include:

- A statement of purpose or policy rationale for the quasi-fiscal activity (i.e., what is the reason for engaging in this activity!);
- The identification of intended beneficiaries of the quasi-fiscal activity.

The term "quasi-fiscal activities" refers to a broad range of activities that are fiscal in character and could be carried out through the regular budget process but are not. For example, a quasi-fiscal activity could take place if, instead of providing a direct subsidy through the budget for a particular activity, a public financial institution provides an indirect subsidy by offering loans at below-market rates for that activity. Similarly, it is a quasi-fiscal activity when an enterprise provides goods or services at prices below commercial rates to certain individuals or groups to support the government's policy goals.

The above examples are policy choices that may be approved by the government and legislature. However, quasi-fiscal activities can also involve activities that violate or circumvent a country's budget process laws or are not subject to the regular legislative approval process for expenditures. For example, the executive may issue an informal order to a government entity, such as a public commercial enterprise, to provide the executive with goods and services that normally would have to be purchased with funding authorized by the legislature. All quasi-fiscal activities should be disclosed to the public and subject to public scrutiny.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about quasi-fiscal activities, including for example: the anticipated duration of the quasi-fiscal activity; a quantification of the activity and the assumptions that support these estimates; and a discussion of the fiscal significance and potential risks associated with the activity, including the impact on the entity carrying out the activity. Principle 3.3.2 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to all quasi-fiscal activities for at least the budget year as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to quasi-fiscal activities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on quasi-fiscal activities.

If quasi-fiscal activities do not represent a significant problem in your country, please mark "e."." However, please exercise caution in answering this question.

#### Answer

d. No, information related to quasi-fiscal activities is not presented.

## Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

Those are:

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u
- državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

## Comment

None of the 16 EBP document-items gives information on quasi-fiscal activities.

There has not been any improvement from the previous round of the Survey in this respect.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

39. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on financial assets held by the government for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a listing of the assets, and an estimate of their value.)

#### GUIDFI INFS

Question 39 focuses on financial assets held by the government, asking whether "core" information related to these assets is presented. These core components include:

- · A listing of the financial assets; and
- An estimate of their value.

Governments own financial assets such as cash, bonds, or equities. Unlike private sector businesses, however, few governments maintain balance sheets that show the value of their assets and liabilities.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about financial assets, including for example: a discussion of their purpose; historical information on defaults; differences between reported values and market values; and a summary of financial assets as part of the government's balance sheet.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year all of the core information related to all financial assets held by the government as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to financial assets is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on financial assets held by the government.

## Answer

d. No, information related to financial assets is not presented.

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

None of the 16 EBP document-items gives information on financial assets held by the government.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

40. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on nonfinancial assets held by the government for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a listing of the assets by category.)

#### GUIDFI INFS

Question 40 focuses on nonfinancial assets held by the government, asking whether "core" information related to these assets is presented. The core information is a listing of nonfinancial assets, grouped by the type (or category) of asset.

Nonfinancial assets are things of value that the government owns or controls (excluding financial assets) such as land, buildings, and machinery. The valuation of public nonfinancial assets can be problematic, particularly in cases where the asset is not typically available on the open market (such as a government monument). In these cases, it is considered acceptable to provide summary information in budget documents from a country's register of assets. But, in some cases, governments are able to value their nonfinancial assets; some present a summary of nonfinancial assets as part of their balance sheets. For an example of how nonfinancial assets are presented in one of the many supporting documents to the New Zealand Executive's Budget Proposal, see the Forecast Financial Statement 2011, Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued), Note 14, accessible here: <a href="https://treasury.govt.nz/sites/default/files/2011-05/befu11-pt6of8.pdf">https://treasury.govt.nz/sites/default/files/2011-05/befu11-pt6of8.pdf</a>.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year a listing by category of all nonfinancial assets held by the government as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to nonfinancial assets is presented, but some nonfinancial assets are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on nonfinancial assets held by the government.

## Answer:

d. No, information related to nonfinancial assets is not presented.

## Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja

- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

None of the 16 EBP document-items gives information on nonfinancial assets held by the government.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

41. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of expenditure arrears for at least the budget year?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 41 asks about estimates of expenditure arrears, which arise when government has entered into a commitment to spend funds but has not made the payment when it is due. (For more information see sections 3.49-3.50 of the IMF's GFS Manual 2001,

http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/qfs/manual/pdf/all.pdf (page 29)). Though equivalent to borrowing, this liability is often not recorded in the budget, making it difficult to assess fully a government's financial position. Moreover, the obligation to repay this debt affects the government's ability to pay for other activities.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all expenditure arrears and a narrative discussing the arrears. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all expenditure arrears are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, expenditure arrears (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of expenditure arrears are presented. Answer "d" also applies if information is only available for the changes in arrears, and not the stock or balance of arrears.

If expenditure arrears do not represent a significant problem in your country, please mark "e." However, please exercise caution in answering this question. Public expenditure management laws and regulations often will allow for reasonable delays, perhaps 30 or 60 days, in the routine payment of invoices due. Expenditure arrears impacting a small percentage of expenditure that are due to contractual disputes should not be considered a significant problem for the purpose of answering this question.

## Answer

d. No, estimates of expenditure arrears are not presented.

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
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- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
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- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji

- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financirania
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

None of the 16 EBP document-items present estimates of expenditure arrears for the budget year 2023.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

42. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on contingent liabilities, such as government loan guarantees or insurance programs, for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each contingent liability; the new guarantees or insurance commitments proposed for the budget year; and the total amount of outstanding quarantees or insurance commitments (the gross exposure) at the end of the budget year.)

GUIDELINES:

Question 42 focuses on contingent liabilities, asking whether "core" information related to these liabilities is presented. These core components include:

- a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each contingent liability;
- the new contingent liabilities for the budget year, such as new guarantees or insurance commitments proposed for the budget year; and
- the total amount of outstanding guarantees or insurance commitments at the end of the budget year. This reflects the gross exposure of the
  government in the case that all guarantees or commitments come due (even though that may be unlikely to occur).

Contingent liabilities are recognized under a cash accounting method only when the contingent event occurs and the payment is made. An example of such liabilities is the case of loans guaranteed by the central government, which can include loans to state-owned banks and other state-owned commercial enterprises, subnational governments, or private enterprises. Under such guarantees, government will only make a payment if the borrower defaults. Thus a key issue for making quantitative estimates of these liabilities is assessing the likelihood of the contingency occurring.

In the budget, according to the OECD, "[w]here feasible, the total amount of contingent liabilities should be disclosed and classified by major category reflecting their nature; historical information on defaults for each category should be disclosed where available. In cases where contingent liabilities cannot be quantified, they should be listed and described."

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about contingent liabilities, including for example: historical default rates for each program, and likely default rates in the future; the maximum guarantee that is authorized by law; any special financing associated with the guarantee (e.g., whether fees are charged, whether a reserve fund exists for the purpose of paying off guarantees, etc.); the duration of each guarantee; and an estimate of the fiscal significance and potential risks associated with the quarantees.

For more details on contingent liabilities, see Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<a href="https://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf">https://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf</a>) and page 59 (Box 11) and Principle 3.2.3 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<a href="https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-978148431859/24788-978148431859/24788-978148431859/24788-97814843189/24788-97814843189/24788-978188-978188-9781889/24788-978188-978188-978188-978188-9781888-978

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year all of the core information related to contingent liabilities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to contingent liabilities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on contingent liabilities.

d. No, information related to contingent liabilities is not presented.

#### Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

#### Those are:

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financirania
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

#### Comment:

None of the 16 EBP document-items gives information on contingent liabilities as defined above.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

## Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

43. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present projections that assess the government's future liabilities and the sustainability of its finances over the longer term?

(The core information must cover a period of at least 10 years and include the macroeconomic and demographic assumptions used and a discussion of the fiscal implications and risks highlighted by the projections.)

# GUIDELINES:

Question 43 focuses on government's future liabilities and the sustainability of its finances over the longer-term, asking whether "core" information related to these issues is presented. These core components must include:

- Projections that cover a period of at least 10 years.
- The macroeconomic and demographic assumptions used in making the projections.
- A discussion of the fiscal implications and risks highlighted by the projections. Good public financial management calls for budgets to include fiscal sustainability analyses.

The IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-97814848438-97814848-97814848-97814848-97814848-97814848-97814848-978148-978818-978818-978818-978818-978898-978898-978898-978898-978898-978898-9788988-9788989-978898-978898-97889898-97889898-9788988-9788988-9788

9781484331859.xml) recommends that governments regularly publish the projected evolution of the public finances over the longer term (see Principle 3.1.3.). Future liabilities are a particularly important element when assessing the sustainability of public finances over the long term. Future liabilities are the result of government commitments that, unlike contingent liabilities, are virtually certain to occur at some future point and result in an expenditure. A typical example consists of government obligations to pay pension benefits or cover health care costs of future retirees. Under a cash accounting system, only current payments associated with such obligations are recognized in the budget. To capture the future impact on the budget of these liabilities, a separate statement is required.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about the sustainability of their finances, including for example: projections that cover 20 or 30 years; multiple scenarios with different sets of assumptions; assumptions about other factors (such as the depletion of natural resources) that go beyond just the core macroeconomic and demographic data; and a detailed presentation of particular programs that have long time horizons, such as civil service pensions.

For more details on future liabilities, see Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<a href="http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf">http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf</a>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to future liabilities and the sustainability of government finances over the longer term as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to future liabilities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on future liabilities and the sustainability of government's finances

#### Answer

d. No, information related to future liabilities and the sustainability of finances over the longer term is not presented.

#### Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

Those are:

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

## Comment:

None of the 16 EBP document-items presents such projections.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

44. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of the sources of donor assistance, both financial and in-kind, for at least the budget year?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 44 asks about estimates of donor assistance, both financial and in-kind assistance. Such assistance is considered non-tax revenue, and the sources of this assistance should be explicitly identified. In terms of in-kind assistance, the concern is primarily with the provision of goods (particularly those for which there is a market that would allow goods received as in-kind aid to be sold, thereby converting them into cash) rather than with in-kind aid like advisors from a donor country providing technical assistance.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all donor assistance and a narrative discussing the assistance. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all donor assistance are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, donor assistance (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "c" also applies if the sources of donor assistance are not presented, but the total amount of donor assistance is presented as a single line item. Answer "d" applies if no estimates of donor assistance are presented. Select answer "e" if your country does not receive donor assistance.

#### Answer:

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all sources of donor assistance are presented.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

The heading 63 'Pomoći iz inozemstva (darovnice) i od subjekata unutar općeg proračuna' [Assistance from abroad and from the entities within the general budget] contains the following subheadings: Pomoći EU [Assistance from the European Union]; Ostale pomoći [Other assistance]; Inozemne darovnice [Assistance from other countries]; Refundacije iz pomoći EU [EU aid refunds]; Fondovi EU [EU funds]; Ostali programi EU [Other EU programs]; and Instrumenti EU nove generacije [New EU programs].

However, only the aggregated amounts are shown (see for instance page 3) and no further differentiation is given. What is more, there is only a short narrative discussion on this matter (page 545). In line with the presented, the answer c) applies.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

45. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on tax expenditures for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each tax expenditure, the intended beneficiaries, and an estimate of the revenue foregone.)

## GUIDELINES.

Question 45 focuses on tax expenditures, asking whether "core" information related to these tax preferences is presented. These core components must include for both new and existing tax expenditures:

- a statement of purpose or policy rationale;
- a listing of the intended beneficiaries; and
- an estimate of the revenue foregone.

Tax expenditures arise as a result of exceptions or other preferences in the tax code provided for specified entities, individuals, or activities. Tax expenditures often have the same impact on public policy and budgets as providing direct subsidies, benefits, or goods and services. For example, encouraging a company to engage in more research through a special tax break can have the same effect as subsidizing it directly through the expenditure side of the budget, as it still constitutes a cost in terms of foregone revenues. However, expenditure items that require annual authorization are likely to receive more scrutiny than tax breaks that are a permanent feature of the tax code.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about tax expenditures, including for example: the intended beneficiaries by sector and income class (distributional impact); a statement of the estimating assumptions, including the definition of the benchmark against which the foregone revenue is measured; and a discussion of tax expenditures as part of a general discussion of expenditures for those program areas that receive both types of government support (in order to better inform policy choices). For more details on tax expenditures, see Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<a href="https://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf">https://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf</a>) and Principle 1.1.4 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<a href="https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-97814843

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, all of the core information related to tax expenditures as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to tax expenditures is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on tax expenditures.

#### Answer:

d. No, information related to tax expenditures is not presented.

#### Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

#### Those are:

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita
- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

## Comment:

None of the 16 EBP document-items gives information on tax expenditures.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

## Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: But Government usually in media presents losses of expenditures because of given new tax reliefs and incentives. It is not included in budget, but it is not a secret.

# **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

This Survey evaluates only official documents published by institutions that are directly involved in the preparation and execution of the public

budget, as well as in the control of budget processes. Accordingly, media reports cannot be considered for the analysis.

## 46. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of earmarked revenues for at least the budget year?

#### GUIDFI INFS

Question 46 asks about estimates of earmarked revenues, which are revenues that may only be used for a specific purpose (for example, revenues from a tax on fuel that can only be used for building roads). This information is important in determining which revenues are available to fund the government's general expenses, and which revenues are reserved for particular purposes.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all individual earmarked revenues and a narrative discussing the earmarks. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all individual earmarked revenues are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, earmarked revenues (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of earmarked revenues are presented. An "e" response applies if revenue is not earmarked or the practice is disallowed by law or regulation.

#### Answer

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all earmarked revenues are presented.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

Roads Act - https://www.zakon.hr/z/244/Zakon-o-cestama

## Comment

The EBP gives estimates for some of the earmarked revenues. For instance, information on social security contributions, which are used to finance pension and unemployment funds, is given on p. 3. However, many other earmarked revenues are not individually identified. For instance, according to the Roads Act - 84/11, 22/13, 54/13, 148/13, 92/14, 110/19, 144/21, 114/22, 04/23 (Article 91), a part of excise tax on petrol and gas oil used as propellant represents the revenue of Croatian Highways (Hrvatske autoceste) and Croatian Roads (Hrvatske ceste). Yet, estimates for these earmarked revenues are not given separately. In line with this, the answer c) applies.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

47. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on how the proposed budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year?

## GUIDELINES:

Questions 47 and 48 ask about information that shows how the budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to the government's policy goals. The budget is the executive's main policy document, the culmination of the executive's planning and budgeting processes. Therefore, it should include a clear description of the link between policy goals and the budget — that is, an explicit explanation of how the government's policy goals are reflected in its budget choices. For an example of a discussion of a government's policy goals in the budget, see pages 13-18 of New Zealand's 2011 Statement of Intent (<a href="http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/abouttreasury/soi/2011-16">http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/abouttreasury/soi/2011-16</a>), one of the many documents supporting its budget.

In some countries the government prepares strategic/development plans. These plans include all the policies the government is planning to implement for the budget year and very often cover a multi-year perspective. In some cases, these plans do not match the budget documentation, and it is possible that they are

completely disconnected from the Executive's Budget Proposal. So the question is examining whether government policy plans are "translated" into revenue and expenditure figures in the actual budget documents.

Question 47 asks about the information covering the budget year, and Question 48 asks about the period at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how the budget is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year (for Question 47) or for a multi-year period beyond the budget year (for Question 48) and a narrative discussion of how these policy goals are reflected in the budget. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show how the budget is linked to government's policy goals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion, or if it includes estimates that show how the budget is linked to some, but not all, of the government's policy goals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on how the budget is linked to government's policy goals.

### Answer:

a. Yes, estimates that show how the proposed budget is linked to all the government's policy goals for the budget year are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

This matter is comprehensively discussed on pages 565-2584.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

48. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on how the proposed budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to government's policy goals for a multi-year period (for at least two years beyond the budget year)?

## GUIDELINES.

Questions 47 and 48 ask about information that shows how the budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to the government's policy goals. The budget is the executive's main policy document, the culmination of the executive's planning and budgeting processes. Therefore, it should include a clear description of the link between policy goals and the budget — that is, an explicit explanation of how the government's policy goals are reflected in its budget choices. For an example of a discussion of a government's policy goals in the budget, see pages 13-18 of New Zealand's 2011 Statement of Intent (<a href="http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/abouttreasury/soi/2011-16">http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/abouttreasury/soi/2011-16</a>), one of the many documents supporting its budget.

In some countries the government prepares strategic/development plans. These plans include all the policies the government is planning to implement for the budget year and very often cover a multi-year perspective. In some cases, these plans do not match the budget documentation, and it is possible that they are completely disconnected from the Executive's Budget Proposal. So the question is examining whether government policy plans are "translated" into revenue and expenditure figures in the actual budget documents.

Question 47 asks about the information covering the budget year, and Question 48 asks about the period at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how the budget is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year (for Question 47) or for a multi-year period beyond the budget year (for Question 48) and a narrative discussion of how these policy goals are reflected in the budget. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show how the budget is linked to government's policy goals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion, or if it includes estimates that show how the budget is linked to some, but not all, of the government's policy goals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on how the budget is linked to government's policy goals.

## Answer:

a. Yes, estimates that show how the proposed budget is linked to all the government's policy goals for a multi-year period are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

This matter is comprehensively discussed on pages 565-2584.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 49. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present nonfinancial data on inputs to be acquired for at least the budget year?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 49 asks about the availability of nonfinancial data on inputs for the budget year. (Nonfinancial data on outputs and outcomes are addressed in Question 50.)

The budget should disclose not only the amount of money that is being allocated on a program but also any information needed to analyze that expenditure. Nonfinancial data and performance targets associated with budget proposals are used to assess the success of a given policy. For example, even when allocated funds are spent according to plan, there remains the question of whether the policy delivered the results that it aimed to achieve.

Nonfinancial data can include information on:

Inputs - These are the resources assigned to achieve results. For example, in regards to education, nonfinancial data on inputs could include the number of books to be provided to each school or the materials to be used to build or refurbish a school.

Outputs - These are products and services delivered as a result of inputs. For example, the number of pupils taught every year; the number of children that received vaccines; or the number of beneficiaries of a social security program.

Outcomes - These are the intended impact or policy goals achieved. For example, an increase in literacy rates among children under 10, or a reduction in rates of maternal mortality.

In addition, governments that set performance targets must use nonfinancial data for outputs and outcomes to determine if these targets have been met.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, nonfinancial data on inputs for each individual program within all administrative units (ministries, departments, and agencies). It is also acceptable if nonfinancial data on inputs for each individual program is organized by functions. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present nonfinancial data on inputs for all administrative units or all functions, but not for each individual program (or even for any programs) within those administrative units or functions. A "c" response applies if nonfinancial data on inputs are presented only for some programs and/or some administrative units or some functions. Answer "d" applies if no nonfinancial data on inputs is presented.

# Answer:

d. No, nonfinancial data on inputs are not presented.

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

- 1) 2.1. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, s obrazloženjem
- (2-10) 2.2. Nacrti prijedloga financijskih planova izvanproračunskih korisnika za 2023. godinu i projekcija planova za 2024. i 2025. godinu za:
- 2) a) Hrvatske vode
- 3) b) Hrvatske ceste
- 4) c) Fond za zaštitu okoliša i energetsku učinkovitost
- 5) d) Državnu agenciju za osiguranje depozita

- 6) e) Hrvatski zavod za zdravstveno osiguranje
- 7) f) Centar za restrukturiranje i prodaju
- 8) g) Hrvatske autoceste
- 9) h) HŽ Putnički prijevoz
- 10) i) HŽ Infrastrukturu
- 11) 2.3. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna
- 12) 2.4. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i ekonomskoj klasifikaciji
- 13) 2.5. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po korisnicima proračuna i izvorima financiranja
- 14) 2.6. Nacrt prijedloga državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu po svim izvorima financiranja
- 15) 2.7. Analitički prikaz podprojekata planiranih unutar proračunskih aktivnosti/projekata koji se financiraju iz sredstava Europske unije u državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu
- 16) 2.8. Nacrt konačnog prijedloga zakona o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu

None of the 16 EBP document-items presents nonfinancial data on inputs to be acquired.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

50. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present nonfinancial data on results (in terms of outputs or outcomes) for at least the budget year?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 50 asks about the availability of nonfinancial data on results for the budget year. Nonfinancial data on results can include data on both outputs and outcomes, but not on inputs (which are addressed in Question 49).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, nonfinancial data on results for each individual program within all administrative units (ministries, departments, and agencies). It is also acceptable if nonfinancial data on results for each individual program is organized by functional classification. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present nonfinancial data on results for all administrative units or all functional classifications, but not for each individual program (or even for any programs) within those administrative units or functions. A "c" response applies if nonfinancial data on results are presented only for some programs and/or some administrative units or some functions. Answer "d" applies if no nonfinancial data on results is presented.

## Answer:

c. Yes, nonfinancial data on results are presented for some programs and/or some administrative units (or functions).

## Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment

Nonfinancial data on results for programs within administrative units are given on pages 565-2584. However, in some important cases not all essential information is presented. For instance, page 1231 (numbered 666) describes the assistance program for family farms owned by the member of the Roma minority, but there is no information on the number of beneficiaries.

Since there has not been any change in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey, the answer c) applies as before.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

## 51. Are performance targets assigned to nonfinancial data on results in the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation?

#### GUIDELINES.

Question 51 asks about performance targets assigned to nonfinancial data on results for the budget year. The question applies to those nonfinancial results shown in the budget, and that were identified for purposes of Question 50.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must assign performance targets to all nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget for at least the budget year. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must assign performance targets to a majority (but not all) of the nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget. A "c" response applies performance targets are assigned only to less than half of the nonfinancial data on results. Answer "d" applies if no performance targets are assigned to nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget, or the budget does not present nonfinancial results.

#### Answer:

c. Yes, performance targets are assigned to some nonfinancial data on results.

#### Source

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

## Comment

Performance targets are assigned only to some of the presented nonfinancial data on results. For instance, the government has secured funds for parental leave benefits and equipment for new-borns so as to address negative demographic trends. Yet, the discussion in this respect, which is given on pages 959-960 (numbered 394-395), does not include the estimates of how this change will affect the fertility rate.

Since there has not been any change in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey, the answer c) applies as before.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

52. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of policies (both new proposals and existing policies) that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations in at least the budget year?

## GUIDEI INES

Question 52 asks whether the budget highlight policies, both new and existing, that benefit the poorest segments of society. This question is intended to assess only those programs that directly address the immediate needs of the poor, such as through cash assistance programs or the provision of housing, rather than indirectly, such as through a stronger national defense. This information is of particular interest to those seeking to bolster government's commitment to anti-poverty efforts. For purposes of answering this question, a departmental budget (such for the Department of Social Welfare) would not be considered acceptable. In general, this question is asking whether the EBP includes a special presentation that pulls together estimates of all the relevant policies in one place. However, if the country uses "program budgeting," where programs are presented as expenditure categories with specific and identified objectives, and it identifies anti-poverty programs within each administrative unit, then that is also acceptable for this question.

The IBP Budget Brief, "How Transparent are Governments When it Comes to Their Budget's Impact on Poverty and Inequality?" (<a href="https://www.internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/government-transparency-of-budgets-impact-on-poverty-inequality-ibp-2019.pdf">https://www.internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/government-transparency-of-budgets-impact-on-poverty-inequality-ibp-2019.pdf</a>) includes a

discussion of countries that have provided information on how its policies affect the poor.

For instance, Pakistan provides a detailed breakdown of pro-poor expenditure as part of its 2017-18 budget proposal. In one document, the government sets out policy priorities, expected outputs, and estimates of past and future spending for several programs aimed at poverty alleviation. Another supporting document provides a comprehensive overview of ongoing policies, including a chapter on social safety nets, covering both financial and performance information of poverty alleviation schemes over a period of eight years. (<a href="http://www.finance.gov.pk/budget/mtbf\_2018\_21.pdf">http://www.finance.gov.pk/budget/mtbf\_2018\_21.pdf</a> and <a href="http://www.finance.gov.pk/survey\_1718.html">http://www.finance.gov.pk/survey\_1718.html</a>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must for at least the budget year both present estimates covering all policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations and include a narrative discussion that specifically addresses these policies. (For countries using program budgeting that breaks out individual anti-poverty programs, there should be a separate narrative associated with each such program.) Answer "b" if a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations are presented. Answer "c" if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" if no estimates of policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations are presented.

#### Answer

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations are presented.

#### Source:

The EBP is a collection of 16 document-items (all available at: https://vlada.gov.hr/sjednice/166-sjednica-vlade-republike-hrvatske-36347/36347).

For clarification of the answer to this question refer to the document-item 2.1:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Studeni/166%20sjednica%20VRH/166%20-%202.1..pdf

#### Comment:

Pages 2108-2269 show the programs of the Ministry of Labour, Pension System, Family and Social Policy intended for the most vulnerable groups. However, in many cases the discussion does not contain all essential indicators (such as the number of beneficiaries, their income status, poverty rate, etc.).

Since there has not been any change in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey, the answer c) applies as before.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Comments: see comment for Q36

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

53. Does the executive release to the public its timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal (that is, a document setting deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation)?

## GUIDELINES.

Question 53 asks about the budget timetable. An internal timetable is particularly important for the executive's management of the budget preparation process, in order to ensure that the executive accounts for the views of the different departments and agencies in the proposed budget. The timetable would, for instance, set deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation. So that civil society is aware of the various steps in the budget formulation process, and when opportunities may exist to engage the executive, it is essential that this timetable be made available to the public.

To answer "a," the executive must prepare a detailed budget timetable and release it to the public. A "b" answer applies if the timetable is made public, but some details are not included. A "c" response applies if the timetable is made public, but many important details are excluded, reducing its value for those outside government. Answer "d" applies if no timetable is made available to the public. As long as a timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal is released, answer "a,""b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Executive's Budget Proposal is not made publicly available.

## Answer:

a. Yes, a detailed timetable is released to the public.

#### Source:

- (A) Budget Act: https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/2021\_12\_144\_2457.html
- (B) Notes by the Ministry of Finance: https://mfin.gov.hr/proracun-86/86
- (C) Instructions for the preparation of the EBP:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/drzavna-riznica/prilozi-za-izradu-financijskih-planova/Upute%20za%20izradu%20prora%C4%8Duna%20za%20razdoblje%202023.%20-%202025.%20FINALNO.pdf

#### Comment

Deadlines for all tasks related to the formulation of the Executive's Budget Proposal are specified in the Budget Act (see document (A)). In addition, the summarised timetable is provided at the official website of the Ministry of Finance (see subheading "Planiranje državnog proračuna" [State Budget Planning] at the link (B)).

Key information in this respect can also be found in the document (C), which provides detailed instructions for the preparation of the Executive's Budget Proposal.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

54. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget projections are based?

(The core information must include a discussion of the economic outlook with estimates of nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)

GUIDELINES:

Question 54 focuses on the macroeconomic forecast that underlies the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to the economic assumptions is presented. These core components include a discussion of the economic outlook as well as estimates of the following:

- nominal GDP level;
- inflation rate;
- real GDP growth; and
- interest rates.

Beyond these core elements, some governments also provide additional information related to the economic outlook, including for instance: short- and long-term interest rates; the rate of employment and unemployment; GDP deflator; price of oil and other commodities; current account; exchange rate; and composition of GDP growth.

To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core information related to the macroeconomic forecast as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the macroeconomic forecast is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the macroeconomic forecast is presented.

## Answer

a. Yes, information beyond the core elements is presented for the macroeconomic forecast.

## Source

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH/115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

## Comment

The forecasts for real GDP growth is given on p. 8 (see Tablica 2.1. Projekcija bruto domaćeg proizvoda).

Inflation rate estimates are presented on page 12 (Tablica 2.2: Kretanje cijena).

Interest rates are discussed on page 14. See also Annex 3 and Tablica 3.5.

Information on nominal GDP is given on page 55 (Prilog 1a. Makroekonomski izgledi).

The document also provides the following information beyond the core elements: unemployment rate (Tablica 2.3. Kretanja na tržištu rada on page 13), GDP deflator (Tablica 2.2. Kretanje cijena on page 12), the composition of GDP growth (Tablica 2.1. Projekcija bruto domaćeg proizvoda on page 8), and oil price (Prilog 7. Osnovne pretpostavke on page 60).

Accordingly, the answer a) applies this time, which is an improvement in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

55. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the government's expenditure policies and priorities that will guide the development of detailed estimates for the upcoming budget?

(The core information must include a discussion of expenditure policies and priorities and an estimate of total expenditures.)

GUIDELINES:

Question 55 focuses on the government's expenditure policies and priorities in the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to these policies is presented. These core components include:

- a discussion of expenditure policies and priorities; and
- an estimate of total expenditures.

Although a Pre-Budget Statement is unlikely to include detailed programmatic proposals (such detailed information is typically only presented in the budget itself), it should include a discussion of broad policy priorities and a projection of at least total expenditures associated with these policies for the budget year. The Pre-Budget Statement can include some detail, for instance, estimates provided by any of the three expenditure classifications — by administrative, economic, and functional classifications.

To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present for the upcoming budget year all of the core information related to the government's expenditure policies and priorities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above for the upcoming budget year. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the government's expenditure policies and priorities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the government's expenditure policies and priorities is presented.

## Answer

 $a. \ Yes, information \ beyond \ the \ core \ elements \ is \ presented \ for \ the \ government's \ expenditure \ policies \ and \ priorities.$ 

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH/115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

## Comment:

The discussion about expenditure policies and priorities is given on page 26. Estimates of total expenditures for the period 2023-2025 are given on page 18 (Tablica 3.1. Fiskalni impuls u razdoblju 2021.-2025.).

Besides these core elements, the document also contains some additional information. For instance, estimates of the expenditures by different levels of government are provided on page 57 (Prilog 2a. Proračun opće države). The same table also gives a partial breakdown by economic classification.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

56. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the government's revenue policies and priorities that will guide the development of detailed estimates for the upcoming budget?

(The core information must include a discussion of revenue policies and priorities and an estimate of total revenues.)

#### GUIDFI INFS

Question 56 focuses on the government's revenue policies and priorities in the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to these policies is presented. These core components include:

- · a discussion of revenue policies and priorities; and
- an estimate of total revenue.

Although a Pre-Budget Statement is unlikely to include detailed revenue proposals, it should include a discussion of broad policy priorities and a projection of at least the total revenue associated with these policies for the budget year. The Pre-Budget Statement can also include more detail, for instance, with estimates provided by revenue category — tax and non-tax — or some of the major individual sources of revenue, such as the Value Added Tax or the income tax.

To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present for the upcoming budget year all of the core information related to the government's revenue policies and priorities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above for the upcoming budget year. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the government's revenue policies and priorities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the government's revenue policies and priorities is presented.

## Answer

a. Yes, information beyond the core elements is presented for the government's revenue policies and priorities.

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH/115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

## Comment

The discussion about revenue policies and priorities is given on pages 22-23. Estimates of total revenues for the period 2023-2025 are given on page 57 (Prilog 2a. Proračun opće države).

Besides these core elements, the same table also contains estimates by revenue category (e.g., tax and non-tax).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

57. Does Pre-Budget Statement present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?

GUIDELINES:

Question 57 asks whether the Pre-Budget Statement includes three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:

- the amount of net new borrowing needed in the upcoming budget year;
- the central government's total debt burden at the end of the upcoming budget year; and
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the upcoming budget year.

Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens, banks, and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.

Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.

To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt for at least the upcoming budget year. For a "b" answer, the Pre-Budget Statement must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, the PBS must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in the PBS.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, all three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH/115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

## Comment:

The amount of net new borrowing needed in the upcoming budget year is discussed on pages 26 and 57.

The total debt burden at the end of the upcoming budget year and interest payments on the outstanding debt for the upcoming budget year are discussed on pages 32-33.

The selected answer indicates an improvement in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

58. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present estimates of total expenditures for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 58 asks about multi-year expenditure estimates in the Pre-Budget Statement.

To answer "a," expenditure estimates for at least two years beyond the upcoming budget year must be presented. The estimates must be for at least total expenditures, but could include more detail than just the aggregate total.

## Answer

a. Yes, multi-year expenditure estimates are presented.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Travanj/115%20sjednica%20VRH/115%20-%203%20Program.pdf

#### Comment:

Estimates of total expenditures for the period 2023-2025 are given on page 18 (Tablica 3.1. Fiskalni impuls u razdoblju 2021.-2025.).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

59. Does the Enacted Budget present expenditure estimates by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 59 asks if expenditure estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications — by administrative, economic, and functional classifications — which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.

To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates must be presented by two of the three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications.

# Answer:

a. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents expenditure estimates by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

## Source:

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

# Comment:

Expenditure estimates by administrative and economic classifications are given on pages 14-409.

Expenditure estimates by functional classification are presented on pages 12-13.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

59b. Based on the response to Question 59, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Enacted Budget:

# Answer:

Administrative classification

Economic classification Functional classification

#### Source

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

#### Comment:

Expenditure estimates by administrative and economic classifications are given on pages 14-409.

Expenditure estimates by functional classification are presented on pages 12-13.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## 60. Does the Enacted Budget present expenditure estimates for individual programs?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 60 asks if expenditure estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.

A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all programs, which account for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the Enacted Budget must present expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if the Enacted Budget presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program in the Enacted Budget.

## Answer

a. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents estimates for programs accounting for all expenditures.

## Source

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

## Comment

Expenditure estimates for individual programs are given on pages 14-409. See for instance the part on expenses of the Office of the President of the Republic of Croatia (page 17). There are headings ADMINISTRACIJA I UPRAVLJANJE (Eng. Administration and management), TEHNIČKI I POMOĆNI POSLOVI UREDA PREDSJEDNIKA (Eng. Other responsibilities of the Office), INAUGURACIJA (Eng. Inauguration), INFORMATIZACIJA (Eng. Computerisation), etc.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 61 asks whether revenue estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by "category"—that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.

To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present revenue estimates classified by category.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents revenue estimates by category.

#### Source

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

#### Comment:

Revenue estimates by category are given on pages 6-7.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

## 62. Does the Enacted Budget present individual sources of revenue?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 62 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented in the Enacted Budget. The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.

To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all individual sources of revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Enacted Budget must present individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Enacted Budget presents individual sources of revenue that account for less than two-thirds of revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented.

## Answer:

a. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue.

## Source:

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

## Comment

Pages 6-7 present individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue. The category 'other revenue' accounts for less than 3% of the total amount.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

63. Does the Enacted Budget present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?

#### **GUIDELINES:**

Question 63 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:

- the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;
- the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year;
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.

Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens, banks, and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.

Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.

To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, the Enacted Budget must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, the Enacted Budget must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in the Enacted Budget.

#### Answer

c. Yes, one of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

#### Source:

https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/files/sluzbeni-dio/2022/145/NN-SL-2022-145-13.12.2022.pdf

## Comment:

The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year is given on page 13 (84 - Primici od zaduživanja).

Unlike the previous round, this time there is no information on interest payments.

Also, there is no information on the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year.

The selected answer demonstrates a deterioration in performance from the previous round.

## Peer Reviewer

**Opinion**: Disagree **Suggested Answer**:

Comments: Answer should be A or B. The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year id given at pp 13-14. Interest paymenst are given at pp 8 (Financijski rashodi). The total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year is given in Explanation of EBP. Explanation in not in official gazette but it is enacted along with EBP.

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

As far as we can see, the Heading 34 - 'Financijski rashodi' does not give any information about interest payments. The truth is that previous versions of the Enacted Budget did provide figures on interest payments (items 341 and 342). The absence of these figures explains the deterioration in performance in this round of the Survey. When it comes to the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year, it is important to stress that this question evaluates only information provided in the Enacted Budget. This means that documents pertaining to the Executive's Budget Proposal do not qualify for this question.

## IBP Commen

Many thanks to the peer reviewer for the comment. We have discussed with the researcher. Please note that the Explanation of the budget is one of a dozen supporting documents to the Executive's Budget Proposal. The Parliament eventually amends and votes on only the 'core' document, while the

supporting ones are there solely to clarify things for people who need more information. Accordingly, only the main document is published in the Official Gazette as the Enacted Budget.

#### 64. What information is provided in the Citizens Budget?

(The core information must include expenditure and revenue totals, the main policy initiatives in the budget, the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget is based, and contact information for follow-up by citizens.)

**GUIDELINES:** 

Question 64 focuses on the content of the Citizens Budget, asking whether "core" information is presented. These core components include:

- expenditure and revenue totals;
- the main policy initiatives in the budget;
- · the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget is based; and
- contact information for follow-up by citizens.

To answer "a," the Citizens Budget or supporting documentation must present all of the above core information as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Citizens Budget must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if the Citizens Budget includes some of the core components above, but other core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if a Citizens Budget is not published.

#### Answer:

b. The Citizens Budget provides the core information.

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH%20za%202022.%20i%20projekcije%20za%202023.%20i%202024.pdf

## Comment

Given that the "citizens version" of the 2023 EB was published after the cut-off date (3 January 2023), the one referring to the 2022 EB was used to answer this part of the Survey.

The document contains information on 3 core elements: expenditure and revenue totals, the main policy initiatives, and the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget is based:

- 1) Revenue and expenditure totals are given on page 14 (see Tablica 5: Račun prihoda, rashoda i financiranja državnog proračuna)
- 2) The main policy initiatives are discussed on pages 5-12
- 3) The macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget is based is presented on pages 2-5

On the other hand, no contact information for follow-up by citizens is provided.

However, since the document contains information beyond the core elements, the answer b) applies this time. This answer indicates an improvement in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Information beyond the core elements includes unemployment rate (Tablica 3: Kretanja na tržištu rada on page 4), GDP deflator (Tablica 2: Kretanje cijena on page 4), and the composition of GDP growth (Tablica 1: Makroekonomski okvir u razdoblju 2020. – 2024. on page 2).

## Peer Reviewer

**Opinion**: Disagree **Suggested Answer**:

c. The Citizens Budget provides information, but it excludes some core elements.

Comments: if "contact information for follow-up by citizens" is one of core elements, than answer is C.

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

#### Researcher Response

It is true that contact information for follow-up by citizens is one of the core elements. However, according to the instructions, answer b) is also applicable if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. Since the document does contain information beyond the core elements, b) is the correct option.

#### **IBP Comment**

Many thanks to the peer reviewer for the comment. This year's Citizens Budget is longer than the one evaluated in the previous wave, and there are more figures and narrative, which also contributes to the revision from "C" to "B" this round.

# 65. How is the Citizens Budget disseminated to the public?

#### GUIDFI INFS:

Question 65 asks how the Citizens Budget is disseminated to the public. Citizens Budgets should be made available to a variety of audiences. Therefore paper versions and an Internet posting of a document might not be sufficient.

To answer "a," the executive must use three or more different types of creative media tools to reach the largest possible share of the population, including those who otherwise would not normally have access to budget documents or information. Dissemination would also be pursued at the very local level, so that the coverage is targeted both by geographic area and population group (e.g., women, elderly, low income, urban, rural, etc.). Option "b" applies if significant dissemination efforts are made through a combination of two means of communications, for instance, both posting the Citizens Budget on the executive's official website and distributing printed copies of it. Option "c" applies if the Citizens Budget is disseminated through only posting on the executive's official website. Option "d" applies when the executive does not publish a Citizens Budget.

#### Answer:

c. A Citizens Budget is disseminated only by using one means of dissemination.

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH%20za%202022.%20i%20projekcije%20za%202023.%20i%202024.pdf

## Comment

Given that the "citizens version" of the 2023 EB was published after the cut-off date (3 January 2023), the one referring to the 2022 EB was used to answer this part of the Survey.

The citizens budget for to the 2022 EB was disseminated to the public only by posting it on the official website of the Ministry of Finance. This was also the case with all other citizens budgets.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

# 66. Has the executive established mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information prior to publishing the Citizens Budget?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 66 asks whether the executive has established mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information before publishing a Citizens Budget. What the public wants to know about the budget might differ from the information the executive includes in technical documents that comprise the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget; similarly, different perspectives might exist on how the budget should be presented, and this may vary depending on the context. For this reason the executive should consult with the public on the content and presentation of the Citizens Budget.

To answer "a," the executive must have established mechanisms to consult with the public, and these mechanisms for consultation are both accessible and widely used by the public. Such mechanisms can include focus groups, social networks, surveys, hotlines, and meetings/events in universities or other

locations where people gather to discuss public issues. In countries where Citizens Budgets are consistently produced and released, it may be sufficient for the government to provide the public with contact information and feedback opportunities, and subsequently use the feedback to improve its management of public resources.

Option "b" applies if the executive has established mechanisms for consultation that are accessible to the public, but that the public nonetheless does not use frequently. That is, the public does not typically engage with the executive on the content of the Citizens Budget, even though the executive has created opportunities for such consultation. Option "c" applies if the executive has established mechanism for consultation with the public, but they are poorly designed and thus not accessible to the public. Option "d" applies if the executive has not created any mechanisms to seek feedback from the public on the content of the Citizens Budget.

#### Answer:

d. No, the executive has not established any mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information in the Citizen's Budget.

#### Source:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH%20za%202022.%20i%20projekcije%20za%202023.%20i%202024.pdf

## Comment:

We have not found evidence that the executive has established mechanisms to consult with the public about the design of the Citizens Budget. As well, the cited document does not contain an invitation to give feedback information.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## 67. Are "citizens" versions of budget documents published throughout the budget process?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 67 asks if "citizens" versions of budget documents are published throughout the budget process. While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle.

To answer "a," a citizens version of at least one budget document is published for each of the four stages of the budget process (budget formulation, enactment, execution, and audit) — for a total of at least four citizens budget documents throughout the process. Option "b" applies if a citizens version of a budget document is published for at least two of the four stages of the budget process. Option "c" applies if a citizens version of a budget document is published for at least one of the four stages of the budget process. Select option "d" if no "citizens" version of budget documents is published.

# Answer:

b. A citizens version of budget documents is published for at least two of the four stages of the budget process.

## Source:

(A) The "citizens version" of the 2022 EB:

 $https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//DPRH\%20za\%202022.\%20i\%20projekcije\%20za\%202023.\%20i\%202024.pdf$ 

(B) The "citizens version" of the 2022 Mid-Year Report:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//lzvrsenje%20drzavnog%20proracuna%20za%20prvo%20polugodiste%2020 22.pdf

(C) The "citizens version" of the 2021 Year-End Report:

 $https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/Informacije\_za\_gradane//Vodi\%C4\%8D\%20za\%20gra\%C4\%91ane\%20-linewidth. A state of the control o$ 

%20Godi%C5%A1nji%20izvje%C5%A1taj%20o%20izvr%C5%A1enju%20Dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20RH%20za%202021.%20godinu.pdf

#### Comment:

Citizens versions of budget documents are regularly published for the enactment stage (document (A) above) and the execution stage (documents (B) and (C)).

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# 68. Do the In-Year Reports present actual expenditures by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

#### **GUIDELINES:**

Question 68 asks if expenditure estimates in In-Year Reports are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications — by administrative, economic, and functional classifications — which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above.

Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.

To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," actual expenditures must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if actual expenditures are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if actual expenditures are not presented by any of the three classifications in In-Year Reports.

# Answer:

b. Yes, the In-Year Reports present actual expenditures by two of the three expenditure classifications.

## Source:

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20 dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls

## Comment

Expenditures by administrative units are given in the document (A) above. Expenditures by economic classification are given in the document (C) above. Expenditures by functional classification are not presented.

There has not been any change in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

68b. Based on the response to Question 68, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the In-Year Reports:

#### Answer:

Administrative classification Economic classification

#### Source:

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20 dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnoq%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenoq%202022.xls

## Comment:

Expenditures by administrative units are given in the document (A) above. Expenditures by economic classification are given in the document (C) above. Expenditures by functional classification are not presented.

There has not been any change in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 69. Do the In-Year Reports present actual expenditures for individual programs?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 69 asks if expenditure estimates in In-Year Reports are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.

A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if In-Year Reports present actual expenditures for programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if actual expenditures are not presented by program in In-Year Reports.

#### Answer:

d. No, the In-Year Reports do not present actual expenditures by program.

#### Source:

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls

#### Comment:

None of the enumerated documents presents actual expenditures for individual programs.

There has not been any change in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

70. Do the In-Year Reports compare actual year-to-date expenditures with either the original estimate for that period (based on the enacted budget) or the same period in the previous year?

# **GUIDELINES**:

Question 70 asks whether In-Year Reports compare actual expenditures to-date with either the enacted levels or actual expenditures for the same period in the previous year.

The OECD recommends that the reports contain the total year-to-date expenditures in a format that allows for a comparison with the budget's forecast expenditures (based on enacted levels) for the same period.

To answer "a," comparisons must be made for expenditures presented in the In-Year Reports

## Answer

a. Yes, comparisons are made for expenditures presented in the In-Year Reports.

## Source:

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac

unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls

#### Comment:

Documents (A) and (C) provide a comparison of the actual year-to-date expenditures with those for the same period in the previous year (see for instance columns F and H in document (A)).

# Peer Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### 71. Do In-Year Reports present actual revenue by category (such as tax and non-tax)?

## **GUIDELINES**

Questions 71 asks whether In-Year Reports present actual revenues by "category"—that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.

To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present revenue estimates classified by category.

## Answer:

a. Yes, In-Year Reports present actual revenue by category.

## Source

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls

## Comment

Actual revenue by category is presented in document (B).

## Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

## 72. Do In-Year Reports present the individual sources of revenue for actual revenues collected?

#### **GUIDELINES:**

Question 72 asks whether In-Year Reports present actual collections of individual sources of revenue (such as income taxes, VAT, etc.). The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.

To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual collections for all individual sources of revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present actual collections for individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue collected, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if In-Year Reports present individual sources of actual revenue that account for less than two-thirds of all revenue collected. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of actual revenue are not presented.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, In-Year Reports present individual sources of actual revenue accounting for all revenue.

#### Source:

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls

## Comment:

The individual sources of revenue for actual revenues collected are given in document (B).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

73. Do the In-Year Reports compare actual year-to-date revenues with either the original estimate for that period (based on the enacted budget) or the same period in the previous year?

## **GUIDELINES**

Question 73 asks whether In-Year Reports compare actual revenues to-date with either the enacted levels or actual revenues for the same period in the previous year.

The OECD recommends that the reports contain the total year-to-date revenues in a format that allows for a comparison with the budget's forecast revenues

(based on enacted levels) for the same period.

To answer "a," comparisons must be made for revenues presented in the In-Year Reports.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, comparisons are made for revenues presented in the In-Year Reports.

#### Source

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls

#### Comment:

Document (B) compares actual year-to-date revenues with those referring to the same period in previous years (starting from January 2009).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 74. Do In-Year Reports present three estimates related to actual government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing; the total debt outstanding; and interest payments?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 74 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:

- the amount of net new borrowing so far during the year;
- the central government's total debt burden at that point in the year; and
- the interest payments to-date on the outstanding debt.

Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens and banks and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.

Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and

must be paid back in full.

To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, In-Year Reports must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, IYRs must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in In-Year Reports.

#### Answer:

c. Yes, one of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

#### Source:

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20 dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls

#### Comment:

Information on interest payments is given in column I of the document (C). Data on debt and net new borrowing is not given, which was also the case in the previous round of the Survey.

Accordingly, there has not been any improvement from the previous round of the Survey in this respect.

## Peer Reviewer

Opinion: I choose not to review this question

Comments: What about CNB data? Can they be considered as IYR? ina ccordance with GQ-1a. question? if yes, A is the answer.

https://www.hnb.hr/en/statistics/statistical-data/general-government/general-government-debt

# Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

# Researcher Response

This Survey evaluates only data published by institutions that are directly involved in the preparation and execution of the public budget, as well as in the control of budget processes. As central banks do not belong to this group, the figures published by the Croatian National Bank cannot be included.

## **IBP Comment**

The comments from the peer reviewer and researcher are well-noted. Please note that the Open Budget Survey focuses on the activities of central government and the goal of the questionnaire is to examine the transparency of the budget system, so its primary focus is on key budget documents that should be made available to the public. Given that the government has agreed with a "C" response, we maintain it here.

75. Do In-Year Reports present information related to the composition of the total actual debt outstanding?

(The core information must include interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 75 focuses on the composition of government debt, asking whether "core" information related to its composition is presented. These core components include:

- interest rates on the debt;
- maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether the debt is domestic or external.

The interest rates affect the amount of interest that must be paid to creditors. The maturity profile indicates the final payment date of the loan, at which point the principal (and all remaining interest) is due to be paid; government borrowing typically includes a mix of short-term and long-term debt. As discussed in Question 74, domestic debt is held by a country's citizens and banks and businesses, while external debt is held by foreigners. These factors related to the composition of the debt give an indication of the potential vulnerability of the country's debt position, and ultimately whether the cost of servicing the accumulated debt is affordable.

Beyond these core elements, a government may also provide additional information related to the composition of its debt, including for instance: whether interest rates are fixed or variable; whether debt is callable; the currency of the debt; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); an analysis of the risk associated with the debt; and where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.

To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present all of the core information related to the composition of government debt to-date as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the composition of government debt is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the composition of the debt outstanding in In-Year Reports.

#### Answer:

d. No, information related to composition of total actual debt outstanding is not presented.

#### Cource

(A) Mjesečni izvještaj po organizacijskoj klasifikaciji Državnog proračuna [Monthly Report by Administrative Units]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages//dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/Mjesecni\_izvjestaj\_po\_organizacijskoj\_klasifikacijiDrzavnog\_proracuna\_i\_rac unima\_3i4ekonomske\_klasifikacije/2022//Izvje%C5%A1taj%20za%20sije%C4%8Danj-rujan%202022.xlsx

(B) Najznačajnije kategorije prihoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget revenues according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20prihoda%20dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xlsx

(C) Najznačajnije kategorije rashoda državnog proračuna prema računskom planu [Central government budget expenditures according to the accounting plan]:

https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/statistika\_i\_izvjesca/vremenske\_serije\_podataka/Najzna%C4%8Dajnije%20kategorije%20rashoda%2 0dr%C5%BEavnog%20prora%C4%8Duna%20prema%20ra%C4%8Dunskom%20planu%20do%20studenog%202022.xls

## Comment:

In-Year Reports do not present any information related to the composition of the total actual debt outstanding.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

## Peer Reviewer

Opinion: I choose not to review this question

Comments: What about CNB data? Can they be considered as IYR? ina ccordance with GQ-1a, question? if yes, A is the answer.

https://www.hnb.hr/en/statistics/statistical-data/general-government/general-government-debt

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

## Researcher Response

This Survey evaluates only data published by institutions that are directly involved in the preparation and execution of the public budget, as well as in the control of budget processes. As central banks do not belong to this group, the figures published by the Croatian National Bank cannot be included.

# **IBP Comment**

The comments from the peer reviewer and researcher are well-noted. Please note that the Open Budget Survey focuses on the activities of central government and the goal of the questionnaire is to examine the transparency of the budget system, so its primary focus is on key budget documents

that should be made available to the public. Given that the government has agreed with a "D" response, we maintain it here.

#### 76. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include an updated macroeconomic forecast for the budget year underway?

GUIDFI INFS:

Question 76 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes an updated macroeconomic forecast for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update.

Refer to Question 15 for the components of the macroeconomic forecast presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include an updated macroeconomic forecast and explain all of the differences between the initial forecast presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal and the updated forecast. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the macroeconomic forecast must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated forecasts are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes an updated macroeconomic forecast, but does not provide an explanation for the revisions. A "d" response applies if the macroeconomic forecast has not been updated.

#### Answer:

d. No, the estimates for macroeconomic forecast have not been updated.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

#### Comment:

The Mid-Year report provides the macroeconomic figures only for the first six months (pages 651-654), while an updated macroeconomic forecast is not given.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# 77. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 77 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of expenditure for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include updated expenditure estimates and explain all of the differences between the initial levels presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or the Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. The expenditure estimates must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated expenditure estimates, but does not provide an explanation for the revisions. A "d" response applies if the expenditure estimates have not been updated.

## Answer:

b. Yes, expenditure estimates have been updated, and an explanation of some of the differences between the original and updated expenditure

estimates is presented.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

#### Comment

There are some minor updates, which can be seen by comparing columns 3 and 4 in the tables on page 4. A short explanation for some (but not all) of the differences is given on pages 661-662. In line with this, the answer b) applies.

There has not been any improvement from the previous round of the Survey in this respect.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

78. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 78 asks if expenditure estimates for the budget year underway in the Mid-Year Review are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications — by administrative, economic, and functional classifications — which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.

Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications in the Mid-Year Review.

## Answer

a. Yes, the Mid-Year Review presents expenditure estimates by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

## Comment

Expenditure estimates by administrative classification are given on pages 26-29. Economic classification is presented on pages 8-10, while functional classification is elaborated on page 14.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

78b. Based on the response to Question 78, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Mid-Year Review:

#### Answer:

Administrative classification

Economic classification

Functional classification

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

#### Comment

Expenditure estimates by administrative classification are given on pages 26-29. Economic classification is presented on pages 8-10, while functional classification is elaborated on page 14.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

79. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway for individual programs?

**GUIDELINES:** 

Question 79 asks if expenditure estimates in the Mid-Year Review are presented by program for the budget year underway. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.

A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. To answer "b," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if the Mid-Year Review presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program in the Mid-Year Review.

## Answer:

a. Yes, the Mid-Year Review presents estimates for programs accounting for all expenditures.

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

## Comment:

Updated estimates for programs, accounting for all expenditures, are presented on pages 30-621.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### 80. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated revenue estimates for the budget year underway?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 80 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of revenue for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include updated revenue estimates and explain all of the differences between the initial levels presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or the Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the revenue estimates must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated revenue estimates, but no explanation for the revisions is provided. A "d" response applies if the revenue estimates have not been updated.

## Answer:

d. No, revenue estimates have not been updated.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

#### Comment:

Revenue estimates have not been updated. This can be easily seen by comparing columns 4 and 5 on pages 6-7.

Indeed, the lack of updated values was the reason why this document had not been recognized as a valid Mid-Year Report until 2019.

Since OBI 2019 we do accept it as a MYR due to a slight update of expenditures (as elaborated in previous questions).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

81. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated revenue estimates for the budget year underway by category (such as tax and non-tax)?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 81 asks whether revenue estimates for the budget year underway in the Mid-Year Review are presented by "category"—that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present revenue estimates classified by category.

## Answer

b. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present revenue estimates by category.

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

## Comment

Revenue estimates have not been updated. This can be easily seen by comparing columns 4 and 5 on pages 6-7.

Indeed, the lack of updated values was the reason why this document had not been recognized as a valid Mid-Year Report until 2019.

Since OBI 2019 we do accept it as a MYR due to a slight update of expenditures (as elaborated in previous questions).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

# 82. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated individual sources of revenue for the budget year underway?

#### **GUIDELINES:**

Question 82 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue for the budget year underway are presented in the Mid-Year Review. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenues, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Mid-Year Review must present individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Mid-Year Review presents estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented in the Mid-Year Review.

#### Answer

d. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present individual sources of revenue.

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

## Comment:

Revenue estimates have not been updated. This can be easily seen by comparing columns 4 and 5 on pages 6-7.

Indeed, the lack of updated values was the reason why this document had not been recognized as a valid Mid-Year Report until 2019.

Since OBI 2019 we do accept it as a MYR due to slight update of expenditures (as elaborated in previous questions).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 83. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the budget year underway?

# **GUIDELINES**:

Question 83 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update.

Refer to Question 13 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal of borrowing and debt. Key estimates related to borrowing and debt include:

- The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;
- The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and
- The interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.

Refer to Question 14 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the composition of the debt. Core information related to the composition of government debt include:

- interest rates on the debt;
- maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether the debt is domestic or external.

To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include an updated estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, and explain all of the differences between the initial estimates presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the estimates of borrowing and debt must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates, but no explanation for the revisions is provided. A "d" response applies if the estimates of borrowing and debt have not been updated.

#### Answer:

d. No, estimates of government borrowing and debt have not been updated.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Rujan/153%20sjednica/153%20-%202.pdf

#### Comment:

Estimates of government borrowing and debt have not been updated.

Indeed, the lack of updated values was the reason why this document had not been recognized as a valid Mid-Year Report until 2019.

Since OBI 2019 we do accept it as a MYR due to a slight update of expenditures (as elaborated in earlier questions).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 84. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted levels (including in-year changes approved by the legislature) and the actual outcome for expenditures?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 84 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and actual expenditures for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all expenditures, along with a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if estimates of the differences for all expenditures are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences are presented for some, but not all expenditures, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. Answer "d" if no estimates of the differences are presented in the Year-End Report

## Answer:

a. Yes, estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all expenditures are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment

Differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all expenditures are presented on pages 778-787, along with a narrative discussion.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

85. Does the Year-End Report present expenditure estimates by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 85 asks if expenditure estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications — by administrative, economic, and functional classifications — which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. Answer "b" if expenditure estimates are presented by two of these three classifications. Answer "c" if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications in the Year-End Report.

## Answer

a. Yes, the Year-End Report presents expenditure estimates by all three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, and functional classification).

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

# Comment:

Expenditure estimates by administrative classification are given on pages 27-29. Expenditure estimates by economic classification are given on pages 31-698, as well as on pages 8-9. Expenditure estimates by functional classification are given on page 14, as well as on pages 791-792.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

85b. Based on the response to Question 85, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Year-End Report:

## Answer:

Administrative classification Economic classification **Functional classification** 

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment

Expenditure estimates by administrative classification are given on pages 27-29. Expenditure estimates by economic classification are given on pages 31-698, as well as on pages 8-9. Expenditure estimates by functional classification are given on page 14, as well as on pages 791-792.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 86. Does the Year-End Report present expenditure estimates for individual programs?

#### **GUIDELINES:**

Question 86 asks if expenditure estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.

A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaille. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present expenditure estimates for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. Answer "c" if the Year-End Report presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" if expenditures are not presented by program in the Year-End Report.

## Answer

a. Yes, the Year-End Report presents estimates for programs accounting for all expenditures.

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

## Comment

All expenditure estimates for individual programs are given on pages 31-698.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

87. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted levels (including in-year changes approved by the legislature) and the actual outcome for revenues?

## GUIDELINES.

Question 87 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and actual revenues for the year, and whether

these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all revenues, along with a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if estimates of the differences for all revenues are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences are presented for some, but not all revenues, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. Answer "d" if no estimates of the differences are presented in the Year-End Report.

#### Answer

a. Yes, estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all revenues are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment:

Numerical values are given on pages 6-7. Narrative discussion is presented on pages 771-777, which also provide additional numerical information on differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for revenues.

#### Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

## 88. Does the Year-End Report present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax)?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 88 asks whether revenue estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by "category"— that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present revenue estimates classified by category.

## Answer:

a. Yes, the Year-End Report presents revenue estimates by category.

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

# Comment:

See pages 6-7 and pages 771-777.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

# 89. Does the Year-End Report present individual sources of revenue?

**GUIDELINES**:

Question 89 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented in the Year-End Report. The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. Answer "c" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" if individual sources of revenue are not presented in the Year-End Report.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, the Year-End Report presents individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue.

#### Source

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment

See pages 6-7 and pages 771-777. The category "other revenue" accounts for less than 3% of all revenue.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

90. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year?

## GUIDEI INES

Question 90 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates and the actual outcome for the fiscal year for borrowing and debt, including its composition, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

Refer to Question 13 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal of borrowing and debt. Key estimates related to borrowing and debt include:

- the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;
- · the central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.

Refer to Question 14 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the composition of the debt. Core information related to the composition of government debt include:

- interest rates on the debt;
- · maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether the debt is domestic or external.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.

## Answer

c. Yes, estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of government borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year are presented.

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment

The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year is given on pages 16-17. The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year is discussed on pages 699-727. The interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year are presented on page 8. The structure of debt (domestic vs external) is given on page 725. Information on interest rates and maturity profile is also given on pages 699-727.

However, the differences between the original estimates and the actual outcome are only available for the amount of net new borrowing required and interest payments on the outstanding debt. In line with this, the answer c) applies.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Comments: see comment on Q14

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

90b. Based on the response to Question 90, check the box(es) to identify which estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, have the differences between the original forecast and the actual outcome for the year presented in the Year-End Report:

#### Answer

The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year The interest payments on outstanding debt for the budget year

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

# Comment:

The differences between the original forecast and the actual outcome for the amount of net new borrowing are presented on pages 16-17. The comparison of figures for interest payments on the outstanding debt is given on page 8.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 91. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 91 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

Refer to Question 15 for the components of the macroeconomic forecast in the Executive's Budget Proposal. Core components include estimates of the nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates, although the importance of other macroeconomic assumptions, such as the price of oil, can vary from country to country.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and

the actual outcome for that year, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.

#### Answer:

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year is not presented.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment

There is no any comparison of the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome.

There has not been any improvement from the previous round of the Survey in this respect.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

91b. Based on the response to Question 91, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the macroeconomic forecast have the differences between the original forecast and the outcome for the year presented in the Year-End Report:

## Answer:

None of the above

## Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

## Comment

There is no any comparison of the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

92. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome?

## GUIDELINES.

Question 92 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

Refer to Question 49 for the nonfinancial data on inputs included in the Executive's Budget Proposal.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.

#### Answer:

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome are not presented.

# Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment

There is no information on nonfinancial data on inputs.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## 93. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 93 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion. Nonfinancial data on results can include data on both outputs and outcomes, but not on inputs (which are addressed in Question 92).

Refer to Question 50 for the nonfinancial data on results included in the Executive's Budget Proposal.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.

## Answer:

a. Yes, estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

# Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

## Comment:

Differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome are presented on pages 938-2982 (numbered 2-2046).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

94. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted level of funds for policies (both new proposals and existing policies) that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome?

#### GUIDFI INFS:

Question 94 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted level of funds for policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

Refer to Question 52 for assistance to the most impoverished populations in the Executive's Budget Proposal.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted level for all policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between the enacted level for all policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between the enacted level for some but not all of the policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, estimates of the differences between the enacted level for all policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

#### Source

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment:

Policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations are exhaustively discussed on pages 2582-2639 (numbered 1646-1703). This overview also includes estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcomes.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

95. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 95 asks whether the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

Refer to Question 33 for estimates of extra-budgetary funds in the Executive's Budget Proposal.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented

## Answer

a. Yes, estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome are presented, along with

a narrative discussion.

#### Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

#### Comment

Differences between all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome are presented on pages 810-936, along with a narrative discussion (see pages 821-829; 841-845; 856-858; 870-883; 891-892; 900-902; 911-914; 923-926; 934-936).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 96. Is a financial statement included as part of the Year-End Report or released as a separate report?

#### **GUIDELINES:**

Question 96 asks whether a financial statement is included as part of the Year-End Report, or whether it is released as a separate report. The financial statement can include some or all of the following elements: a cash flow statement, an operating statement, a balance sheet, and notes on accounting. For purposes of responding to this question, the financial statement in question does not need to be audited. For an example of a financial statement, see the document "Financial Statements of the Government of New Zealand 2013" (https://treasury.govt.nz/sites/default/files/2013-10/fsgnz-year-jun13.pdf)

To answer "a," a financial statement must either be included in the Year-End Report or must be released as a separate report. Answer "a" applies if a financial statement is released as a separate report, even if the Year-End Report is not publicly available. Answer "b" applies if no financial statement is released either as part of the Year-End Report or as a separate report.

## Answer:

b. No, a financial statement is neither part of the Year-End Report nor released as a separate report.

# Source:

https://vlada.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/2016/Sjednice/2022/Svibanj/118%20sjednica%20VRH/118%20-%204.pdf

## Comment

No, a financial statement is neither part of the Year-End Report nor released as a separate report.

There has not been any improvement in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

97. What type of audits (compliance, financial, or performance) has the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) conducted and made available to the public?

GUIDELINES:

Question 97 asks about the types of audits conducted by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). There are three basic types of audits:

• Financial audits are intended to determine if an entity's financial information is accurate (free from errors or fraud) and presented in accordance with

the applicable financial reporting and regulatory framework. See ISSAI 200 (https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-100-fundamental-principles-of-public-sector-auditing/) for more detail.

- Compliance audits look at the extent to which the relevant regulations and procedures have been followed. See ISSAI 400 (https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-400-compliance-audit-principles/) for more details.
- Performance audits assess whether activities are adhering to the principles of economy, efficiency, and effectiveness. See ISSAI 300
   (<a href="https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-300-performance-audit-principles/">https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-300-performance-audit-principles/</a>) for more details.

Financial and compliance audits are more common than performance audits, which usually occur only once a performance framework has been agreed upon. In some countries, the SAI's mandate limits the type of audit it can conduct.

To answer "a," the SAI must have conducted all three types of audit — financial, compliance, and performance — and made all of them available to the public. A "b" response applies if the SAI has conducted two of the three audit types, and a "c" applies if it has conducted only one type of audit. Answers "b" and "c" may be selected even if the Audit Report is not publicly available, as long as the SAI has conducted compliance or performance audits and made them available to the public. A "d" response applies if the SAI has not conducted any of the three types of audits, or has not made them available to the public.

#### Answer

a. The SAI has conducted all three types of audits (compliance, financial, or performance) and made them available to the public.

#### Source:

https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_OBAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/GODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

#### Comment:

The report presents findings for all three types of audits, which can be seen from the section 'Ciljevi i područja revizije' (Eng. 'Goals of the Audit and Audited Areas') on page 44. Regarding the performance audit, there are several recommendations related to the principles of economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in the document. For instance, the last paragraph on page 84 (starting with 'S obzirom na njihovu visinu'...) says: "Given their sizes and beneficiaries, the State Audit Office argues that the potential liabilities arising from state guarantees pose a considerable risk for the public budget in the upcoming years".

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

## 98. What percentage of expenditures within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 98 focuses on the coverage of audits by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI), asking what percentage of expenditures within the SAI's mandate has been audited.

The SAI's mandate is typically defined in statute. Only expenditures related to budgetary central government (ministries, departments, and agencies) that are within the SAI's mandate should be considered for this question. (Question 99 addresses audits of extra-budgetary funds.) Further, the question does not apply to "secret programs" (for example, security-related expenditures that are confidential). Further, if the mandate gives the SAI the authority to outsource some audits, then those audits count for purposes of this question.

Only the Audit Report identified in Section 1 should be used to answer this question. Financial audits and compliance audits, or a hybrid of the two, can be taken into account to answer this question. Performance audits should not be considered for this question.

To answer "a," all expenditures within the SAI's mandate must be audited. A "b" response applies if at least two-thirds, but not all, expenditures within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "c" response is appropriate when less than two-thirds of expenditures within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "d" response applies when no expenditures have been audited.

# Answer:

a. All expenditures within the SAI's mandate have been audited.

#### Source:

https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/G ODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

#### Comment:

All expenditures within the SAI's mandate have been audited.

There has not been any change in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

99. What percentage of extra-budgetary funds within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 99 focuses on audits of extra-budgetary funds, asking what percentage of extra-budgetary funds within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited. These funds, although technically outside the budget, are governmental in nature and thus should be subject to the same audit requirement as other government programs.

The SAI's mandate is typically defined in statute. Only expenditures related to extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate should be considered for this question. (Question 98 addresses audits of budgetary central government.) Further, if the mandate gives the SAI the authority to outsource some audits, then those audits count for purposes of this question.

To answer "a," all extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate must be audited. A "b" response applies if extra-budgetary funds accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, expenditures associated with extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "c" response applies if extra-budgetary funds accounting for less than two-thirds of expenditures associated with extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "d" response applies if extra-budgetary funds have not been audited.

## Answer:

d. No extra-budgetary funds have been audited.

## Source:

(A) https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/GODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

(B) https://www.revizija.hr/izvjesca/10?godinalD=2686&tema=2690

# Comment:

None of the extra-budgetary funds was the subject of audit in the observed period. This can be easily seen by inspecting the audit activities during 2022 (link (B) above).

The selected answer demonstrates a deterioration in performance from the previous round.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

## **Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

## 100. Does the annual Audit Report(s) prepared by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) include an executive summary?

#### GUIDELINES

Question 100 asks whether the annual Audit Report includes an executive summary. Only the Audit Report identified in Section 1 should be used to answer this question. The Audit Report can be a fairly technical document, and an executive summary of the report's findings can help make it more accessible to the media and the public.

To answer "a," the Audit Report must include at least one executive summary summarizing the report's content. Answer "b" applies if the Audit Report does not include an executive summary, or the Audit Report is not made publicly available.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, the annual Audit Report(s) includes one or more executive summaries summarizing the report's content.

#### Source

https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/G ODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

#### Comment:

An executive summary of the Audit Report is given on pages i-iii.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

# 101. Does the executive make available to the public a report on what steps it has taken to address audit recommendations or findings that indicate a need for remedial action?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 101 asks whether the executive reports to the public on the steps it has taken to address audit recommendations made by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). The ultimate purpose of audits is to verify that the budget was executed in a manner consistent with existing law, and to hold the government accountable for this execution and its future improvement. The extent to which audits achieve the latter depends on whether there is adequate and timely follow-up on the recommendations provided in the SAI's audit reports.

To answer "a," the executive must report publicly on the steps it has taken to address all audit findings. A "b" response applies if the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address most, but not all, audit findings. A "c" response applies if the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address only some audit findings. As long as the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address audit finding, answer "a,""b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Audit Report is not made publicly available. A "d" response applies if the executive does not report at all on its steps to address audit findings.

## Answer

d. No, the executive does not report on steps it has taken to address audit findings.

## Source:

https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/G ODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

## Comment

According to our review of the websites and published documents, the executive does not provide any report on steps it has taken to address

recommendations from the audit.

There has not been any change in this respect in comparison with the previous round of the Survey.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

102. Does either the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) or legislature release to the public a report that tracks actions taken by the executive to address audit recommendations?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 102 asks whether the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) or the legislature track actions by the executive to address audit recommendations. After audit results and recommendations are discussed and validated by the legislature, the executive is normally asked to take certain actions to address the audit findings. For accountability purposes, the public needs to be informed about the status of those actions, and steps the executive has taken to address audit recommendations. In addition to the executive reporting on its actions (see Question 101), the SAI and legislature — as the key oversight institutions — have a responsibility to keep the public informed by tracking the executive's progress in addressing audit recommendations.

To answer "a," the SAI or legislature must report publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address all audit findings. A "b" response applies if the SAI or legislature reports publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address most, but not all, audit findings. A "c" response applies if the SAI or legislature reports publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address only some audit findings. As long as the SAI or legislature reports publicly on the steps the executive has taken, answer "a,""b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Audit Report is not made publicly available. A "d" response applies if neither the SAI nor the legislature reports on the executive's steps to address audit findings.

## Answer:

a. Yes, the SAI or legislature reports publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address all audit recommendations.

## Source:

https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/GODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf

# Comment:

Steps taken to address recommendations from previous audits are always given in the latest Audit Report by the State Audit Office. For instance, the Audit Report on the Executed State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2021 brings the overview of the executive's responses to the recommendations from earlier audits (see pages 85-94).

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

103. Is there an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) that conducts budget analyses for the budget formulation and/or approval process?

# GUIDELINES:

Question 103 examines whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) exists that contributes budget analyses to the budget formulation and/or approval process. According to the Principles for Independent Fiscal Institutions, adopted by the OECD Council in 2014, "independent fiscal institutions are publicly funded, independent bodies under the statutory authority of the executive or the legislature which provide non-partisan oversight and analysis of, and in some

cases advice on, fiscal policy and performance", and with "a forward-looking ex ante diagnostic task". In practice, they come in two main forms:

- Parliamentary budget offices (also known as PBOs) such as the Congressional Budget Office in the United States (<a href="https://www.cbo.gov/">https://www.cbo.gov/</a>), the
  Parliamentary Budget Office in South Africa (<a href="https://www.parliament.gov.za/parliamentary-budget-office">https://www.cbo.gov/</a>), and the Center for Public Finance Studies in
  Mexico (Centro de Estudios de las Finanzas Públicas, <a href="https://www.cefp.gob.mx/">https://www.cefp.gob.mx/</a>); or
- Fiscal councils such as the Office for Budget Responsibility in the United Kingdom (<a href="https://obr.uk/">https://obr.uk/</a>) and the High Council for Public Finances in France (Haut Conseil des finances publiques, <a href="https://www.hcfp.fr/">https://www.hcfp.fr/</a>).

For more information, see von Trapp et al. 'Principles for Independent Fiscal Institutions and Case Studies', OECD Journal on Budgeting 15:2 (special issue, 2016), https://doi.org/10.1787/budget-15-5jm2795tv625.

To answer "a," there must be an IFI, and its independence must be set in law. In addition, it must have sufficient staffing and resources, including funding, to carry out its tasks. Answer "b" applies if an IFI exists, but either its independence is not set in law or its staffing and resources are insufficient to carry out its tasks. Answer "c" applies if an IFI exists, but its independence is not set in law and it lacks sufficient staffing and resources. Answer "d" applies if no IFI exists.

If the answer is "a,""b," or "c," please specify in the comments the name and type of IFI that exists (e.g., parliamentary budget office or fiscal council). If the answer is "a" or "b," identify the law that guarantees its independence, and provide evidence in support of the assessment of the adequacy of its staffing and resources. This can include the IFI's total budget allocation over recent years, any press reports that discuss perceived funding shortfalls, assessments by international organizations, and/or information from interviews with staff of the IFI.

#### Answer

b. Yes, there is an IFI, but either its independence is not set in law or its staffing and resources, including funding, are insufficient to carry out its tasks.

#### Source:

(A) Email sent by Ms. Sandra Krtalić [Chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission], February 21, 2023 (B) Email sent by Mr. Maroje Lang [Deputy Chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission], February 27, 2023 (C) For more details about Fiscal Policy Commission, see on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/commission-fiscal-policy-10-term)

## Comment:

Both Ms. Krtalić and Mr. Lang answered "b".

Ms. Krtalić wrote: "The work and activity of the Fiscal Policy Commission (hereinafter: Commission or FPC) took place in several stages. Initially, in 2011, by the Decision on the Establishment of the Fiscal Policy Committee (Official Gazette 40/11), the Fiscal Policy Committee was founded as a professional body presided by the minister of finance. Needing to strengthen the Committee's independence pursuant to the provisions of the Council Directive 2011/85/EU on requirements for budgetary frameworks of the Member States and to enhance the role of the Committee as the body supervising the implementation of the Fiscal Responsibility Act (hereinafter: FRA; Official Gazette 139/2010), on 18 December 2013 the Croatian Parliament adopted the Decision on the Establishment of the Fiscal Policy Commission (OG 156/13). According to this Decision, the Commission became the second working body of the Croatian Parliament responsible for monitoring the implementation of the FRA separate from the executive authority, i.e. the Ministry of Finance. The Council Directive 2011/85/EU was transposed into the new Fiscal Responsibility Act (OG 111/18), and the Commission was defined as a permanent, independent, and autonomous professional body with greater authority to supervise the application of the FRA as well as the implementation of the country's fiscal policy in its entirety.

After three failed election attempts, at the end of 2021, the Croatian Parliament elected and appointed the first chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission. With the appointment of the chairwoman, the process of electing the members of the Fiscal Policy Commission was completed, because the other six members, nominated by independent institutions, had already been appointed on 12 July 2019. After the election of the chairperson, the Commission started working on establishing the Office. The commission is registered within the Register of Business Entities operated by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics, has obtained a VAT number and it is planned that during 2022 and 2023 Commission will be fully operational in line with the Law. Our independence is set in law (Fiscal Responsibility Act (OG 111/18),), we secured resources for our tasks, but for the moment we do not have staff. Currently, we are in the process of hiring staff (through a public call)."

Mr. Lang wrote: "Croatian Fiscal Policy Committee is an independent body with a strong mandate and necessary funding. However, lack of Secretariat (staff) due to administrative problems affected its ability to conduct analysis needed for proper functioning."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

## 104. Does the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) publish macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 104 assesses whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) has a role in producing the macroeconomic forecast (e.g., GDP growth, inflation, interest rates, etc.) and/or the fiscal forecast (revenues, expenditure, deficits, and debt), and if so, what kind of role it has. Macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasting is a typical core function across IFIs, but their role in forecasting takes several forms (von Trapp et al. 2016, p. 17 and Table 2). Some IFIs produce just a macroeconomic forecast, while others produce a complete fiscal forecast (which also typically requires an underlying macroeconomic forecast). In some cases, the fiscal forecast reflects continuation of current budget policies; such forecasts can be used by the legislature, the media, or the public to assess the projections in the executive's budget reflecting the qovernment's policy proposals.

Some IFIs produce the official macroeconomic and fiscal forecasts used in the executive's budget. In other cases, IFIs do not prepare their own independent forecasts, but rather produce an assessment of the official estimates, or provide an opinion on, or endorsement of, the government's forecasts. Some others have no role at all in forecasting.

To answer "a", there must be an IFI that publishes both its own macroeconomic AND fiscal forecasts. Answer "b" applies if an IFI publishes its own macroeconomic OR fiscal forecast (but not both). Answer "c" applies if the IFI does not publish a macroeconomic or fiscal forecast, but rather publishes an assessment of the official forecasts produced by the executive and used in the budget. Choose option "d" if there is no IFI; or if there is an IFI that neither publishes its own macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts, nor a commentary on the official forecasts for the budget.

Macroeconomic forecasts may include indicators relating to economic output and economic growth, inflation, and the labor market, amongst others. Fiscal forecasts may include estimates of revenues, expenditures, the budget balance, and debt. If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify which indicators and estimates are included in the forecasts and whether the forecast is used by government as the official forecast. If the answer is "c," please describe the nature and depth of the assessment (e.g., the length of the commentary, or whether it covers both economic and fiscal issues).

#### Answer

c, No, the IFI does not publish its own macroeconomic or fiscal forecast, but it does publish an assessment of the official macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts produced by the executive.

## Source

(A) Email sent by Ms. Sandra Krtalić [Chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission], February 21, 2023 (B) Email sent by Mr. Maroje Lang [Deputy Chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission], February 27, 2023 (C) For more details see the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/commission-fiscal-policy-10-term)

## Comment:

Both Ms. Krtalić and Mr. Lang answered "c".

Ms. Krtalić also wrote: "The Fiscal Policy Commission examines and compares macroeconomic and budgetary projections from mid-term budgetary documents with the latest available EC, WB, and IMF projections. The Commission evaluates all those documents, primarily from the perspective of ensuring fiscal sustainability, that is, examining and assessing the risks of applying fiscal rules in mid-term budgetary documents and the annual report on the execution of the budget. Commission composed Position papers and they were distributed to the members of the Finance and Central Budget Committee. Since macroeconomic projections are an integral part of budgetary documents, the Commission examines both tasks in unified Position papers focused on, analyzing particular budgetary documents. According to the new Budget Act (Official Gazette 144/21), macroeconomic and budgetary projections are subject to an impartial and comprehensive assessment by an independent body responsible for assessing fiscal policy, which results are taken into account when preparing future macroeconomic and budgetary projections. Also, the Fiscal Policy Commission is legally obligated to verify/confirm the macroeconomic projections. In the process of verifying macroeconomic projections, the objective of the Commission was to establish, in an impartial and comprehensive manner, whether the macroeconomic projections can be used as the basis for making decisions and implementing fiscal policy activities."

See also: https://www.sabor.hr/en/positions-fiscal-policy-commission

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

#### 105. Does the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) publish its own costings of new policy proposals, to assess their impact on the budget?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 105 assesses whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) has a costing function that involves assessing the budgetary implications of new policy proposals for both revenues and expenditures, and if so, what kind of role it has. Many IFIs have a costing role, but with substantial diversity in the nature and extent of this work (von Trapp et al 2016, pp. 17-18 and Table 2). Some assess virtually all new policy proposals, while others cost only a selection of new policy proposals. Others only publish opinions on, or scrutinize the costings of, budget measures produced by the executive.

To answer "a," the IFI must publish its own costings of all (or virtually all) new policy proposals. Answer "b" applies if the IFI publishes its own costings, but only for major new policy proposals – for instance, only those proposals that cost or save above a certain amount. Answer "c" applies if the IFI publishes its own costings, but only on a limited number of proposals. This could occur, for instance, if the IFI lacked the capacity to assess proposals dealing with certain sectors. Instead of producing a cost estimate, it can also publish an assessment of the estimates produced by the executive. Answer "d" applies if there is no IFI; or if the IFI does not publish its own costings of new policy proposals.

#### Answer

d. No, there is no IFI; or the IFI does not publish its own costings of new policy proposals.

#### Source:

(A) Email sent by Ms. Sandra Krtalić [Chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission], February 21, 2023 (B) Email sent by Mr. Maroje Lang [Deputy Chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission], February 27, 2023

#### Comment:

Both Ms. Krtalić and Mr. Lang answered "d".

Ms. Krtalić also wrote: "The Commission only publishes opinions on budget measures produced by the executive."

Mr. Lang wrote: "We do not have the resources to make such analyzes - although we do not have an explicit mandate to make the cost of policies, I believe that we could publish our assessments of individual (significant) policies as part of the assessment of overall fiscal forecasts."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

106. In the past 12 months, how frequently did the head or a senior staff member of the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) take part and testify in hearings of a committee of the legislature?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 106 concerns the interaction between two important oversight actors and assesses how frequently the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) made high-level inputs to the work of legislative committees. Almost all IFIs interact with the legislature in some form (von Trapp et al 2016, p. 18), but the intensity of the interaction varies. This question assesses this aspect by asking, with reference to the past 12 months, how frequently the head or a senior staff member of the IFI took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature. The intent is to assess the extent to which the IFI staff member in question was not only present at a meeting of a legislative committee, but was an active participant (as opposed to a passive observer, serving only as a resource when called upon). As evidence to support your answer, you can refer to official records of legislative committees, websites and annual reports of the IFI, press releases and media coverage, for example. Choose answer "a" if this occurred five times or more; "b" for three times or more, but less than five times; and "c" for once or twice. Answer "d" should be selected if the head or a senior staff member of the IFI never took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature, or if there is no IFI.

## Answer

a. Frequently (i.e., five times or more).

## Source:

(A) Email sent by Ms. Sandra Krtalić [Chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission], February 21, 2023 (B) Email sent by Mr. Maroje Lang [Deputy

Chairperson of the Fiscal Policy Commission], February 27, 2023 (C) Croatian Parliament: Minutes of the Finance and Central Budget Committee. See on the Internet (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)

#### Comment:

Both Ms. Krtalić and Mr. Lang answered "a".

Mr. Lang also wrote: "The Chairperson of the Committee receives an invitation to all sessions of the Parliamentary Finance and Central Budget Committee where issues related to the budget are discussed. There are approximately 4-6 such sessions per year."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

107. Does the full legislature and/or a legislative committee debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal?

#### **GUIDELINES:**

Question 107 asks whether the legislature debated budget policies prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal for the most recent budget year before the research cut-off date. In general, prior to discussing the Executive's Budget Proposal for the coming year, the legislature should have an opportunity to review the government's broad budget priorities and fiscal parameters. Often times this information is laid out in a Pre-Budget Statement, which the executive presents to the legislature for debate. (See Questions 54-58.)

A number of countries conduct a pre-budget debate in the legislature around six months before the start of the budget year. In some cases, they adopt laws that guide the upcoming budget, for example the Budget Guidelines Law in Brazil and the Spring Fiscal Policy Bill in Sweden. A pre-budget debate can serve two main purposes: 1) to allow the executive to inform the legislature of its fiscal policy intentions by presenting updated reports on its annual and medium-term budget strategy and policy priorities; and 2) to establish "hard" multi-year fiscal targets or spending ceilings, which the government must adhere to when preparing its detailed spending estimates for the upcoming budget year.

To answer "a," the full legislature must debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal and approve recommendations for the upcoming budget.

Answer "b" applies if a legislative committee (but not the full legislature) debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal, and approves recommendations for the budget. Option "b" also applies if, in addition to the action by the committee, the full legislature also debates budget policy in advance of the budget, but does not approve recommendations.

Answer "c" applies if the full legislature and/or a legislative committee debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal, but does not approve recommendations for the budget. Answer "d" applies if neither the full legislature nor any legislative committee debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal.

In your comment, please indicate the dates of the budget debate, and if both the full legislature and a legislative committee held a debate. Note that a debate does not need to be open to the public, but a public record of the meeting or a public notice that the meeting occurred is required. In addition, please indicate whether the budget debate was focused on a Pre-Budget Statement published by the Executive. If the Executive did not publish a Pre-Budget Statement, then please indicate what served as the focus of the legislature's debate (for instance, a report released by an IFI or some other institution).

## Answer:

d. No, neither the full legislature nor any legislative committee debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal.

## Source:

- (A) Croatian Parliament: Agenda of the plenary sessions. See on the Internet (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/sjednice/pregled-dnevnih-redova)
- (B) Croatian Parliament: Minutes of the Finance and Central Budget Committee. See on the Internet (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)

## Comment:

This question assesses discussions prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal. The Agenda of the plenary sessions and Minutes of the Finance and Central Budget Committee prove that prior to the tabling of the 2023 Executive's Budget Proposal, there was no formal debate. Only

after the Executive's Budget Proposal is submitted to the Parliament the members of the Parliament (a legislative committee and full legislature) have a chance to formally debate it.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

108. How far in advance of the start of the budget year does the legislature receive the Executive's Budget Proposal?

#### **GUIDELINES:**

Question 108 examines how far in advance of the start of the most recent budget year the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal. International good practice recommends that the Executive's Budget Proposal should be submitted to the legislature far enough in advance to allow the legislature time to review it properly, or at least three months prior to the start of the fiscal year. (See, for instance, Principle 2.2.2 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml).

For the purposes of responding to this question, if — and only if — the most recent budget submission occurred later than usual as a result of a particular event, such as an election, please use a more normal year as the basis for the response. If, however, delays have been observed for more than one budget year, and the legislature has not received the Executive's Budget Proposal in a timely manner on more than one occasion in the last three years, then "d" will be the appropriate answer.

To answer "a," the legislature must receive the Executive's Budget Proposal at least three months in advance of the start of the budget year. Answer "b" applies if the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal at least two months, but less than three months, before the start of the budget year. Answer "c" applies if the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month, but less than two months, before the start of the budget year. Answer "d" applies if the legislature does not receive the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month prior to the start of the budget year, or does not receive it at all.

# Answer:

c. The legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month, but less than two months, before the start of the budget year.

## Source:

Vlada predstavila proračun za 2023.: Prvi put u eurima, pobrojeno u kojim će sektorima doći do rasta [The government presented the budget for 2023: For the first time in euros, counted which sectors will see growth], November 14, 2022.

See on the Internet (https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html)

## Comment:

The legislature received the Executive's Budget Proposal on November 14, 2022, and the budget year started on January 1, 2023.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

109. When does the legislature approve the Executive's Budget Proposal?

## GUIDELINES.

Question 109 examines when the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal. International good practice recommends that the Executive's Budget

Proposal should be approved by the legislature before the start of the fiscal year the budget proposal refers to. This gives the executive time to implement the budget in its entirety, particularly new programs and policies.

In some countries, the expenditure and revenue estimates of the Executive's Budget Proposal are approved separately; for purposes of this question, at least the expenditure estimates must be approved. Further, approval of the budget implies approval of the full-year budget, not just a short-term continuation of spending and revenue authority.

To answer "a," the legislature must approve the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month before the start of the budget year. Answer "b" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal less than one month in advance of the start of the budget year, but at least by the start of the budget year. Answer "c" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal less than one month after the start of the budget year. Answer "d" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal more than one month after the start of the budget year, or does not approve the budget.

### Answer:

a. The legislature approves the budget at least one month in advance of the start of the budget year.

#### Source

Sabor donio Državni proračun za 2023., dobio potporu 77 zastupnika, protiv ih se izjasnilo 50 [The Parliament passed the State Budget for 2023, received the support of 77 representatives, 50 spoke against it], November 29, 2022. See on the Internet: (https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/sabor-donio-drzavni-proracun-za-2023-proracun-je-dobio-potporu-77-zastupnika-protiv-ih-se-izjasnilo-50-1637657)

#### Comment:

The legislature approved the Executive's Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 on November 29, 2022.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## 110. Does the legislature have the authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 110 examines the legislature's power to amend—as opposed to simply accept or reject—the budget proposal presented by the executive. This question is about legal authority rather than actions the legislature takes in practice. The legislature's powers to amend the budget can vary substantially across countries.

The "a" response is appropriate only if there are no restrictions on the right of the legislature to modify the Executive's Budget Proposal, including its right to change the size of the proposed deficit or surplus. The "b" response would be appropriate if, for instance, the legislature is restricted from changing the deficit or surplus, but it still has the power to increase or decrease funding and revenue levels. The more limited "c" response would apply if, for instance, the legislature can only re-allocate spending within the totals set in the Executive's Budget Proposal or can only decrease funding levels or increase revenues. Finally, response "d" would apply if the legislature may not make any changes (or only small technical changes), or if amendments must first be approved by the executive. In these cases, the legislature is essentially only able to approve or reject the budget as a whole. If the answer is "b" or "c", please indicate the nature of the amendment powers available to the Parliament and how they are limited.

## Answer:

b. Yes, the legislature has authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, with some limitations.

## Source:

Article 41 in Zakon o proračunu [Budget Act]. See on the Internet (https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/full/2021\_12\_144\_2457.html)

## Comment:

Limitations are described in Article 41 of the Budget Act. The legislature is restricted from changing the deficit/suficit. All amendments accepted by the Parliament through amendments to the proposed state budget or the financial plan of an off-budget user of the state budget may not change the deficit or suficit determined in the proposed state budget or the financial plan of an off-budget user of the state budget.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## 111. During the most recent budget approval process, did the legislature use its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal?

### GUIDELINES:

Question 111 assesses whether any formal authority of the legislature to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal is used in practice. The responses to this question should be determined based on action by the legislature related to the Enacted Budget used in the OBS. Choose answer "a" if the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal during the most recent budget approval process, and amendments were adopted (all, or at least some of them). Answer "a" also applies if the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, but the amendments were rejected by executive veto. Answer "b" applies if the legislature used its authority in law to propose amendments to the Executive's Budget Proposal, but none of these amendments were adopted. Answer "c" applies if the legislature has the authority in law to amend the budget, but no amendments were proposed during its consideration. Answer "d" applies when the legislature does not have any authority to amend the budget (that is, Question 110 is answered "d").

If the answer is "a" or "b", please specify in the comments the number of amendments introduced by the legislature (and in the case of an "a" response, the number adopted, or if applicable, information about an executive veto) and describe their nature. For example, did the amendments result in an increase or decrease of the deficit? What were the most significant amendments to revenues and to expenditures in terms of the sums involved? How did amendments affect the composition of expenditures? If the answer is "a," please specify which amendments were adopted, and provide evidence for it.

### Answer:

a. Yes, the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, and (at least some of) its amendments were adopted.

### Source

Sabor izglasao državni proračun, prvi u eurima, 50 zastupnika bilo je protiv [Parliament voted on the state budget, the first in euros, and 50 members of parliament were against], November, 29, 2022. See on the Internet (https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/sabor-donosi-drzavni-proracun-za-2023---754021.html)

## Comment:

In the article "Parliament voted on the state budget, the first in euros, and 50 members of parliament were against" it is written:

"On Tuesday, the Croatian Parliament will pass the state budget for 2023, the country's most important financial document, before that it will vote on about 400 amendments submitted by the representatives.

The day before, the Government representatives commented on these amendments, they accepted only ten of them, and they rejected the others. Among those accepted are six opposition ones: three from the SDP, two from the Social Democrats, one from the IDS, three from the majority (one from the HNS, two from the HDZ), and a joint amendment by the ruling party, and the opposition, i.e. HDZ, HDS, and the Social Democrats.

"This is how we show openness to the suggestions of some of the opposition representatives and parties, which we consider good," said Prime Minister Andrej Plenković and stated that these amendments are worth around 9.5 million euros."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

112. During the last budget approval process, did a specialized budget or finance committee in the legislature examine the Executive's Budget Proposal?

GUIDELINES:

Question 112 assesses the role of a specialized budget or finance committee during the budget approval stage. Effective committee involvement is an essential condition for legislative influence in the budget process. Specialized committees provide opportunities for individual legislators to gain relevant expertise, and to examine budgets and policy in depth. Yet, the involvement of committees differs across legislatures. Some legislatures have separate committees to examine spending and tax proposals, while others have a single finance committee. Not all legislatures have a specialized budget or finance committee to examine the budget. In addition, there can be differences in the time available for the committee's analysis of the budget.

A report with the committee's findings and recommendations is intended to inform the debate in the full legislature, therefore it must be published before the legislature has adopted the budget.

Response "a" requires that, in the last budget approval process, a specialized budget or finance committee had one month or more to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and it published a report with findings and recommendations prior to the budget being adopted. Response "b" applies where such a committee examined the draft budget and published a report, but within a shorter timeframe of less than one month. Response "c" applies if a committee examined the budget (without regard to the time period), but did not publish a report prior to the adoption of the budget. Response "d" applies where a specialized budget or finance committee did not examine the Executive's Budget Proposal.

Please specify in your comment the name of the committee and the number of days it had available to examine the budget. For bicameral legislatures where one house or chamber has greater constitutional authority in budgetary matters, the question applies to the house or chamber (usually the upper or second one) that is decisive. For bicameral legislatures with co-equal houses or chambers, the question should be answered with reference to the one that achieves the higher score for this question. In the case of bicameral legislatures, please note the relevant arrangements in each house or chamber. If applicable, provide a copy of the report. Please note also if a report is published, but only after the budget has been adopted.

### Answer:

b. Yes, a specialized budget or finance committee had less than one month to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and it published a report with findings and recommendations prior to the budget being adopted.

#### Source:

- (A) Croatian Parliament: Description of duties of Finance and Central Budget Committee. See on the Internet:
- (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)
- (B) Vlada predstavila proračun za 2023.: Prvi put u eurima, pobrojeno u kojim će sektorima doći do rasta [The government presented the budget for 2023: For the first time in euros, explained which sectors will see growth], November 14, 2022. See on the Internet (https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html)
- (C) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za financije i državni proračun o Prijedlogu državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, [Croatian Parliament: The report of the Finance and Central Budget Committee on the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and the Projections for 2024 and 2025], November 22, 2022. See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-finanacije-i-drzavni-proracun-o-prijedlogu-1)
- (D) Sabor donio Državni proračun za 2023., dobio potporu 77 zastupnika, protiv ih se izjasnilo 50 [The Parliament passed the State Budget for 2023, received the support of 77 representatives, 50 spoke against it], November 29, 2022. See on the Internet:

(https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/sabor-donio-drzavni-proracun-za-2023-proracun-je-dobio-potporu-77-zastupnika-protiv-ih-se-izjasnilo-50-1637657)

## Comment:

The Parliament received the 2023 Executive's Budget Proposal on November 14, 2022. The Parliamentary Finance and Central Budget Committee had a session regarding the 2023 State Budget Proposal on November 22, 2022. The 2023 State Budget was adopted by the Parliament on November 29, 2022.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

113. During the last approval process, did legislative committees, responsible for particular sectors (e.g., health, education, defense, etc.), examine spending in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the sector for which they are responsible?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 113 assesses the role of committees of the legislature that are responsible for particular sectors (e.g., health, education, defense, etc.) during the budget approval stage. The role of sectoral committees differs across legislatures. Some legislatures do not involve them in the budget approval process, while others do. In addition, the time available for committee analysis differs.

A report with the committee's findings and recommendations is intended to inform the debate in the full legislature, so therefore must be published before the legislature has adopted the budget. Response "a" requires that sector committees had one month or more to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and published a report with findings and recommendations prior the budget being adopted. Response "b"" applies where such committees examined the draft budget and published a report, but within a shorter timeframe of less than one month. Response "c" applies if sectoral committees examined the budget (without regard to the time period), but did not publish a report prior to the adoption of the budget. Response "d" applies where sectoral committees did not examine the Executive's Budget Proposal.

Please note that the examination of sectoral budgets by a specialized budget or finance committee is assessed in Question 112 and should not be considered for this question.

Please provide in the comments a brief overview of the committee structure and specify the number of days that sectoral committees had available to examine the budget and to publish their reports. For bicameral legislatures where one house or chamber has greater constitutional authority in budgetary matters, the question applies to the house or chamber (usually the upper or second one) that is decisive. For bicameral legislatures with co-equal houses or chambers, the question should be answered with reference to the one that achieves the higher score for this question. In the case of bicameral legislatures, please note the relevant arrangements in each house or chamber. If applicable, provide a sample copy of at least one of the reports. Please note if a report is published, but only after the budget has been adopted.

For purposes of responding to this question, use those sectoral committees that are best performing – that is, the ones that examine the budget the longest and that publish reports.

### Answer:

b. Yes, sector committees had less than one month to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and they published reports with findings and recommendations prior to the budget being adopted.

### Source:

- (A) Vlada predstavila proračun za 2023.: Prvi put u eurima, pobrojeno u kojim će sektorima doći do rasta [The government presented the budget for 2023: For the first time in euros, which sectors will see growth], November 14, 2022. See on the Internet (https://dnevnik.hr/vijesti/hrvatska/vlada-o-proracunu-za-2023-godinu---751603.html)
- (B) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za zdravstvo i socijalnu politiku o Prijedlogu državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, 23. studenoga 2022. (Croatian Parliament: The report of the Health and Social Policy Committee on the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and the Projections for 2024 and 2025, November 23, 2022). See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-zdravstvo-i-socijalnu-politiku-o-238)
- (C) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za obrazovanje, znanost i kulturu o Prijedlogu državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, 22. studenoga 2022. (Croatian Parliament: The report of the Education, Science and Culture Committee on the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and the Projections for 2024 and 2025, November 22, 2022). See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-obrazovanje-znanost-i-kulturu-o-204)
- (D) Sabor donio Državni proračun za 2023., dobio potporu 77 zastupnika, protiv ih se izjasnilo 50 [The Parliament passed the State Budget for 2023, received the support of 77 representatives, and 50 spoke against it], November 29, 2022. See on the Internet:

(https://www.vecernji.hr/vijesti/sabor-donio-drzavni-proracun-za-2023-proracun-je-dobio-potporu-77-zastupnika-protiv-ih-se-izjasnilo-50-1637657)

## Comment:

The Parliament received the 2023 Executive's Budget Proposal on November 14, 2022. The Health and Social Policy Committee had a session regarding the 2023 State Budget Proposal on November 23, 2022. The Education, Science, and Culture Committee had a session regarding the 2023 State Budget Proposal on November 22, 2022. The 2023 State Budget was adopted by the Parliament on November 29, 2022.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

114. In the past 12 months, did a committee of the legislature examine in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget during the relevant budget execution period?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 114 is about legislative oversight of budget execution. It assesses whether and how often a committee examined the implementation of the budget during the budget execution period (i.e., financial year) for which it was approved, and whether this resulted in an official report with findings and recommendations. This question does not apply to the expost review of implementation following the end of the budget year as part of the audit stage, which

is assessed separately. Nor does it apply to the legislature's review of the budget that it may undertake as part of the process of considering a supplemental budget during the year. In-year monitoring by the legislature will be affected by the frequency that the executive publishes In-Year Reports.

To answer "a," a committee must have examined in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget at least three times during the course of the relevant budget year and published reports with findings and recommendations. Answer "b" applies where this occurred only once or twice during the year.

Exception: If a legislature is in session only twice during the year, and it examines the implementation of the budget during both sessions, then it would be eligible for an "a" response.

Choose "c" if a committee examined in-year implementation (without regard to frequency), but did not publish any report with findings and recommendations.

Answer "d" applies where no committee examined in-year implementation.

If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation, and provide a copy of its report(s). If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation.

For purposes of responding to this question, if more than one committee holds in-year reviews of the budget, use the committee that is best performing – that is, the one that examines in-year implementation the most times and that publishes a report.

### Answer:

b. Yes, a committee examined in-year implementation on one or more occasion (but less than three times), and it published a report with findings and recommendations.

#### Source:

(A) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za financije i državni proračun o Prijedlogu polugodišnjeg izvještaja o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za prvo polugodište 2022. godine, 7. listopada 2022. (Croatian Parliament: The report of the Finance and Central Budget Committee on the Proposal of the 2022 Half-Year Report on the execution of the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia, October 7, 2022). See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-financije-i-drzavni-proracun-o-prijedlogu-644)

#### Comment

In the last 12 months, Finance and Budget Committee examined the 2022 Half-Year Report on State Budget execution.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

115. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units that receive explicit funding in the Enacted Budget, and is it legally required to do so?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 115 examines whether the executive seeks approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units, and whether it is legally required to do so.

In some countries, the executive has the power in law to adjust funding levels for specific appropriations during the execution of the budget. This question examines rules around shifting funds between administrative units (ministries, departments, or agencies) or whatever funding unit (or "vote") is specified in the Enacted Budget.

The conditions under which the executive may exercise its discretion to shift funds should be clearly defined in publicly available regulations or law. In addition, the amount of funds that the executive is allowed to transfer between administrative units should not be so excessive as to undermine the accountability of the executive to the legislature.

To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before shifting funds between administrative units, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive obtains legislative approval before shifting funds between administrative units, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to receive legislative approval before shifting funds, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to shift funds between administrative units and the executive does not obtain legislative approval in practice. Answer "d" also applies if the executive is authorized to shift an amount considered so excessive as to undermine accountability (roughly equal to 3 percent of total budgeted expenditures). A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the shifting of funds after it has already occurred.

In the comments, please indicate any law or regulation that provides the executive with standing authority to shift funds between administrative units and, if so, describe that authority. Similarly, legislative approval for shifting funds between administrative units typically occurs with the adoption of legislation such as a supplemental budget. But if other formal procedures for gaining approval from the legislature exist, then please provide information about that approval process.

### Answer:

d. There is no law or regulation requiring the executive to obtain approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units, and in practice the executive shifts funds between administrative units before obtaining approval from the legislature.

## Source:

Article 58 and 60 in Zakon o proračunu (Budget Act). See on the Internet: (https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/full/2021\_12\_144\_2457.html)

### Comment:

The Minister of Finance (the executive) has the power, during the execution of the budget, in law to shift funds between administrative units that receive explicit funding in the Enacted Budget.

According to the Budget Act, article 60, the Minister of finance can approve the redistribution of expenditures and expenses of the state budget up to a maximum of 5% at the level of the economic classification group adopted by the Parliament which is reduced, within the sources of financing general revenues and receipts and within the sources of financing earmarked receipts.

Budget Act, articles 58 and 60 stipulate several exceptions to the above rule. For example, the Minister of finance can, during the budget year, approve the redistribution of funds, within the source of financing general revenues and receipts, up to 15% at the level of the economic classification group adopted by the Parliament, if this ensures an increase in the funds of the Republic of Croatia's participation planned in the state budget for financing projects that are co-financed from the funds of the European Union.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

116. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenue (that is, amounts higher than originally anticipated) that may become available during the budget execution period, and is it legally required to do so?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 116 examines whether the executive receives approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenue, and whether it is legally required to do so. Good practice requires the legislature to approve changes in revenue or expenditure relative to the Enacted Budget. For example, if additional revenue is collected unexpectedly during the year, which often happens in oil/mineral-dependent countries, and it was not accounted for in the Enacted Budget, there should be a procedure in place to ensure that the legislature approves any proposed use of these "new" funds. If such requirements are not in place, the executive might deliberately underestimate revenue in the budget proposal it submits to the legislature, in order to have additional resources to spend at the executive's discretion, with no legislative control.

To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before spending any funds resulting from higher-than-expected revenues, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive obtains legislative approval before spending excess revenue, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to receive legislative approval before spending excess revenue, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if prior legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to spend excess revenue and the executive does not obtain legislative approval in practice. A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the additional spending after it has already occurred.

Typically, legislative approval of additional spending beyond what was reflected in the Enacted Budget would occur with the adoption of a supplemental budget. But other formal procedures for getting approval from the legislature in advance of it adopting the supplemental budget may exist. If that is the case, then please provide information about that approval process.

## Answer

d. There is no law or regulation requiring the executive to obtain approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenues, and in practice the executive spends these funds before obtaining approval from the legislature.

#### Source

(A) Article 53 and 55 in Zakon o proračunu (Budget Act). See on the Internet: (https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/full/2021\_12\_144\_2457.html)

(B) Article 12 in Zakon o izvršavanju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu [2023 Act on Execution of the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia]. See on the Internet: (https://www.zakon.hr/z/3379/Zakon-o-izvr%C5%A1avanju-Dr%C5%BEavnog-prora%C4%8Duna-Republike-Hrvatske-za-2023.-godinu)

### Comment:

According to article 53 of the Budget Act "Expenditures and expenses financed from earmarked receipts can be carried out above the planned amounts, and up to the amount of paid or transferred funds, if the Ministry of Finance previously approved for this. Collected and transferred, and unplanned earmarked revenues and receipts can be executed according to subsequently determined activities and/or projects and/or items if the consent of the Ministry of Finance is obtained beforehand."

According to article 55 of the Budget Act, "Own revenues can be executed above the planned amounts, up to the amount of paid or transferred funds. Collected and transferred, and unplanned own revenues can be used according to subsequently determined activities and/or projects and/or items if the consent of the Ministry of Finance is obtained beforehand."

According to article 12 2023 Act on Execution of the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia "With their own revenues, the users cover the expenses incurred by performing business on the market and in the market conditions on the basis of which their own revenue was generated and for the settlement of obligations from Articles 74 and 109 of the Budget Act ("Official Gazette" No. 144/21). If their own revenue is realized in an amount greater than what is needed to cover the expenses mentioned above, they can be used to cover the expenses of regular activities."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

117. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to reducing spending below the levels in the Enacted Budget in response to revenue shortfalls (that is, revenues lower than originally anticipated) or other reasons during the budget execution period, and is it legally required to do so?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 117 examines whether the executive receives approval from the legislature prior to cutting spending below the levels in the Enacted Budget in response to revenue shortfalls or for any other reason, and whether it is legally required to do so. Good practice requires the legislature to approve changes in revenue or expenditure relative to the Enacted Budget. For example, if less revenue is collected unexpectedly during the year, the legislature should approve or reject any proposed reductions in expenditures that are implemented as a result. If such requirements are not in place, the executive might substantially change the composition of the budget at the executive's discretion, with no legislative control.

Typically, legislative approval of proposals to reduce spending below the levels reflected in the Enacted Budget would occur as part of the supplemental budget. But other formal procedures for getting approval from the legislature in advance of it adopting the supplemental budget may exist. If that is the case, then please provide information about that approval process.

To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before implementing spending cuts in response to revenue shortfalls or for other reasons, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive received legislative approval before implementing such cuts, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to obtain legislative approval before implementing such cuts, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to implement such cuts and the executive does not obtain such approval in practice. A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the spending cuts after they have already occurred.

## Answer:

d. There is no law or regulation requiring the executive to obtain approval from the legislature prior to reducing spending below enacted levels, and in practice the executive implements these spending cuts before seeking prior approval from the legislature.

## Source

Article 53 and 55 in Zakon o proračunu (Budget Act). See on the Internet: (https://narodne-novine.nn.hr/clanci/sluzbeni/full/2021\_12\_144\_2457.html)

## Comment:

Article 53 stipulates that if earmarked revenues and receipts are paid in at a level lower than that planned in the state budget, the user may assume and pay liabilities only to the level of actually paid-in, or available funds.

Article 55 stipulates that if own revenues are paid in amounts less than the level planned in the state budget, the user may assume and settle liabilities only to the level of actually generated, or available funds.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

## 118. Did a committee of the legislature examine the Audit Report on the annual budget produced by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI)?

### GUIDELINES:

Question 118 is about ex post oversight following the implementation of the budget. It probes whether a committee examined the Audit Report on the annual budget produced by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI), and whether this resulted in an official report with findings and recommendations. A key issue is how soon after the SAI releases the report does it legislature review it. This question does not apply to the legislative scrutiny of in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget during the relevant budget execution period, which is assessed separately. Also, the question is asking specifically about the SAI's annual report on the execution of the budget, not about other audit reports that the SAI may produce. (This is the Audit Report used for responding to Question 98.)

To answer "a," a legislative committee must have examined the annual Audit Report within three months of it being released by the SAI, and then published a report (or reports) with findings and recommendations. (Note that the three-month period should only take into account time when the legislature is in session.)

Answer "b" applies when the committee examines it within six months of it being released (but more than three months), and then published a report with its findings and recommendations. Choose "c" if a committee examined the annual Audit Report more than six months after it became available or it did not publish any report with findings and recommendations. Answer "d" applies where no committee examined the annual Audit Report.

If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed the Audit Report, and provide a copy of its report(s). If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation. Answers "a,""b," or "c" may be selected if the Audit Report is produced by the SAI but not made publicly available.

## Answer:

a. Yes, a committee examined the Audit Report on the annual budget within three months of its availability, and it published a report with findings and recommendations.

## Source:

(A) Croatian Parliament: Description of duties of Finance and Central Budget Committee, See on the Internet:

(https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)

- (B) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za financije i državni proračun s rasprave o Izvješću o obavljenoj reviziji Godišnjeg izvještaja o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu, 7. listopad 2022. (Croatian Parliament: The report of the Finance and Central Budget Committee on the Report on the conducted audit of the Annual Report on the Execution of the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2021, October 7, 2022). See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-financije-i-drzavni-proracun-obavljenoj-5)
- (C) Državni ured za reviziju: Izvješće o obavljenoj reviziji Godišnjeg izvještaja o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu, 14. lipnja 2022. (Audit Report on the Annual Report on the Execution of the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2011), June 14, 2022. See on the Internet: (https://www.revizija.hr/UserDocsImages/izvjesca-novo/Revizije%20-

%202022/IZVJESCA%20\_0%20\_0BAVLJENIM\_REVIZIJAMA/FINANCIJSKE\_REVIZIJE/GODISNJI\_IZVJESTAJ\_0\_IZVRSENJU\_DRZAVNOG\_PRORACUNA/G ODI%C5%A0NJI%20IZVJE%C5%A0TAJ%200%20IZVR%C5%A0ENJU%20DR%C5%BDAVNOG%20PRORA%C4%8CUNA%20RH%20ZA%202021.pdf)

## Comment:

The Audit Report on the annual budget was published on June 14, 2022. The Finance and Central Budget Committee examined the Audit Report on the annual budget on October 7, 2022.

The Croatian Parliament meets regularly twice a year: first time between January 15 and July 15, and the second time between September 15 and December 15.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

## 119. Was the process of appointing (or re-appointing) the current head of the SAI carried out in a way that ensures his or her independence?

#### **GUIDELINES**

Question 119 concerns the appointment process of the current head of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). Appointment procedures vary greatly across countries, as well as across different types of SAIs. Moreover, conventions and informal practices can greatly affect the de facto independence of the head of the SAI. While these factors make it difficult to devise a single metric against which all SAIs can be assessed with regard to this particular aspect, this question focuses on whether the legislature or judiciary must appoint or approve the appointment of the head of the SAI as a way to ensure the SAI's independence from the executive. However, if the appointment is carried out in another way that nonetheless ensures the independence of the SAI head, then that approach could be also considered.

To answer "a," the legislature or judiciary must appoint (or re-appoint) the head of the SAI, or approve the recommendation of the executive, as a way that ensure his or her independence from the executive. (As noted above, alternative approaches may also be acceptable.) Choose "b" if the appointment process does not ensure the independence of the head of the SAI, e.g. the executive may appoint the head of the SAI without the final consent of the legislature or judiciary.

Irrespective of which answer you selected, provide a description of how the head of the SAI is appointed.

#### Answer

a. Yes, the head of the SAI may only be appointed by the legislature or judiciary, or the legislature or judiciary must give final consent before the appointment takes effect.

### Source

- (A) Article 14 in Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act), See on the Internet:(https://www.revizija.hr/about-us/laws-and-regulations/act-on-the-state-audit-office/695)
- (B) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023.

## Comment:

Ms. Marakovic also wrote: "Article 14 of the State Audit Office Act (Official gazette 25/19) stipulates the following: The Auditor General shall be appointed by the Croatian Parliament at the proposal of the committee in charge of elections and appointments, with an opinion provided by the committee in charge of finances and the State Budget."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

**Government Reviewer** 

Opinion: Agree

120. Must a branch of government other than the executive (such as the legislature or the judiciary) give final consent before the head of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) can be removed from office?

## GUIDELINES:

Question 120 covers the manner in which the head or senior members of the SAI may be removed from office. This question draws on best practices identified in the Lima Declaration of Guidelines on Auditing Precepts (<a href="https://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/LimaDeclaration.pdf">https://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/LimaDeclaration.pdf</a>), including measures intended to quarantee the office's independence from the executive.

To answer "a," the head of the SAI may only be removed by the legislature or judiciary, or the legislature or judiciary must give final consent before the head of the SAI is removed. For example, the legislature or judiciary may give final consent following a certain external process, such as a criminal proceeding. So

while the executive may initiate a criminal proceeding, the final consent of a member of the judiciary — or a judge — is necessary to render a verdict of wrongdoing that may lead to the removal from office of the head of the SAI. Answer "b" applies if the executive may remove the head of the SAI without the final consent of the judiciary or legislature.

#### Answer:

a. Yes, the head of the SAI may only be removed by the legislature or judiciary, or the legislature or judiciary must give final consent before he or she is removed.

### Source:

(A) Article 17 in Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act). See on the Internet: (https://www.revizija.hr/about-us/laws-and-regulations/act-on-the-state-audit-office/695) (B) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023.

#### Comment:

Ms. Marakovic also wrote: "Article 17 in Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act) stipulates: The Croatian Parliament shall dismiss the Auditor General prior to the end of the term for which he was appointed:

- at his request,
- if he is appointed to another post with his consent,
- if he is permanently incapacitated,
- if he is convicted of a criminal act in a legally-binding judgment."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## 121. Who determines the budget of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI)?

## **GUIDELINES:**

Question 121 asks who determines the budget of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). To ensure objective audits of government budgets, another important component of the SAI's independence from the executive is the extent to which the SAI's budget is determined by a body other than the executive, and whether the SAI has adequate resources to fulfill its mandate.

Answer "a" applies if the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate, AND either the SAI determines its own budget and then submits it to the executive (which accepts it with little or no change) or directly to the legislature, or the budget of the SAI is determined directly by the legislature or judiciary (or some independent body). Answer "b" applies if the SAI's budget is determined by the executive (absent a recommendation from the SAI), and the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Answer "c" applies if the legislature or judiciary (or some independent body) determines the SAI's budget, but the funding level is not consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Answer "d" applies if the executive determines the SAI's budget, and the funding level is not consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Please provide evidence in support of the assessment that the funding level is or is not broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate.

## Answer

a. The SAI determines its own budget (i.e., submits it to the executive, which accepts it with little or no change, or directly to the legislature), or the budget of the SAI is determined by the legislature or judiciary (or some independent body), and the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate.

## Source:

(A) Article 4 in Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act). See on the Internet: (https://www.revizija.hr/about-us/laws-and-regulations/act-on-the-state-audit-office/695) (B) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023.

## Comment:

Ms. Marakovic also wrote: "Article 4 in Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act) stipulates: The State Audit Office shall be funded from the State Budget. In compliance with legislation governing budgetary processes, the State Audit Office shall compile a draft financial

plan for the coming year and projections for the two subsequent years by 1 June of the current year, and submit these to the Croatian Parliament's committee in charge of finances and the State Budget and to the Ministry of Finance. The Croatian Government, at the proposal of the Ministry of Finance, shall submit to the Croatian Parliament's committee in charge of finances and the State Budget an opinion on the draft financial plan for the coming year and the projections for the two subsequent years. The Croatian Parliament's committee in charge of finances and the State Budget shall approve the draft financial plan for the coming year and the projections for the two subsequent years and forward them to the Ministry of Finance for their incorporation into the Draft State Budget for the coming year and projections of the two subsequent years and then deliver them to the State Audit Office."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## 122. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) have the discretion in law to undertake those audits it may wish to?

#### GUIDELINES:

Question 122 explores the scope of the investigative powers of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) as prescribed in law.

Question 97 asks which of the three types of audits — financial, compliance, and performance — the SAI conducts. This question asks if the SAI is constrained by law (rather than by a lack of capacity or an inadequate budget) from undertaking any form of audit or investigating irregularities in any program or activity.

There are numerous examples of limitations. For instance, some SAIs are not permitted by their legal mandate to audit joint ventures or other public-private arrangements. Others are only allowed to undertake financial audits, precluded from conducting performance or value-for-money audits. The SAIs in some countries do not have the legal mandate to review arrangements involving oil or stabilization funds, or other types of special or extra- budgetary funds. The SAI may also not have the ability to audit commercial projects involving the public and private sector.

To answer "a," the SAI must have full discretion in law to decide which audits to undertake. Answer "b" applies if some limitations exist, but the SAI enjoys significant discretion to undertake those audits it wishes to. Answer "c" applies if the SAI has some discretion, but significant legal limitations exist. Answer "d" applies if the SAI has no power at all to choose which audits to undertake

Consulting the Lima Declaration of Guidelines on Auditing Precepts (<a href="http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/LimaDeclaration.pdf">http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/LimaDeclaration.pdf</a>) may be useful in answering this question as its provisions serve to define the appropriate scope of a SAI's legal mandate and jurisdiction.

## Answer

a. The SAI has full discretion to decide which audits it wishes to undertake.

## Source

(A) Article 16 and 19 in Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act). See on the Internet: (https://www.revizija.hr/about-us/laws-and-regulations/act-on-the-state-audit-office/695) (B) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023.

## Comment:

Also, Ms. Marakovic wrote: "Article 16 of the State Audit Office Act stipulates: The Auditor General shall among other things, adopt the Annual Program and Work Plan of the State Audit Office..."

Article 19 of The State Audit Office Act stipulates: The State Audit Office shall plan and conduct audits to the extent foreseen by the Annual Program and Plan of Work, and additionally at the request of the Croatian Parliament, insofar as the Auditor General assesses that such request is justified."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## 123. Are the audit processes of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) reviewed by an independent agency?

### GUIDELINES:

Question 123 assesses whether and to what extent the audit processes of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) are subject to review by an independent agency. The latter could be a peer SAI, an international organization, an academic institution with relevant expertise, or an independent domestic agency with quality assurance functions in the area of financial reporting.

To answer "a," an independent agency must conduct and publish a review of the audit processes of the SAI on an annual basis. Answer "b" applies if a review was carried out within the past five years, and published, but it is not conducted annually, but. Choose answer "c" if the SAI has an internal unit that reviews the audit processes of the SAI on a regular basis, but an independent agency does not conduct such a review. Answer "d" applies if the audit processes of the SAI are reviewed neither by an independent agency nor by a unit within the SAI.

If the answer is either "a" or "b," please specify the name of the independent agency and when last it conducted such a review, and provide a copy of the published report. If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the unit within the SAI that is tasked with conducting such reviews.

#### Answer:

c. No, but a unit within the SAI conducts a review of the audit processes of the SAI on a regular basis.

#### Source

- (A) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023.
- (B) State Audit Office Organisation, see on the Internet (https://www.revizija.hr/about-us/organisation/684)

### Comment:

The SAI has an Internal Audit Department.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

124. In the past 12 months, how frequently did the head or a senior staff member of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) take part and testify in hearings of a committee of the legislature?

## **GUIDELINES**.

Question 124 concerns the interaction between two important oversight actors and assesses how frequently the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) made high-level inputs to the work of legislative committees. Many SAIs interact with the legislature in some form, but the nature and intensity of the interaction varies. This question probes this aspect by asking, with reference to the past 12 months, how frequently the head or a senior staff member of the SAI took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature. The intent is to assess the extent to which the SAI representative in question was not only present at a meeting of a legislative committee, but was an active participant (as opposed to a passive observer, serving only as a resource when called upon). You can refer to official records of legislative committees, websites and annual reports of the SAI, press releases and media coverage, for example. Choose answer "a" if this occurred five times or more; "b" for three times or more, but less than five times; "c" for once or twice, and "d" for never.

## Answer

a. Frequently (i.e., five times or more).

## Source:

(A) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023.

(B) Ms. Marakovic answered "a" and sent links to parliamentary committees discussions held during 2022:

https://sabor.hr/izvjesca-o-obavljenim-financijskim-revizijama-korisnika-drzavnog-proracuna-podnositelj-drzavni-ured?t=133156&tid=210774 https://sabor.hr/izvjesca-o-obavljenim-financijskim-revizijama-trgovackih-drustava-u-vlasnistvu-lokalnih-jedinica?t=133158&tid=210775 https://sabor.hr/izvjesca-o-obavljenim-financijskim-revizijama-lokalnih-jedinica-podnositelj-drzavni-ured-za?t=133160&tid=210776 https://sabor.hr/izvjesce-o-obavljenoj-reviziji-ucinkovitosti-upravljanja-listama-cekanja-za-postupke-magnetske?t=133170&tid=210781 https://sabor.hr/izvjesce-o-radu-drzavnog-ureda-za-reviziju-za-2021-podnositelj-glavni-drzavni-revizor?t=130593&tid=210284

https://sabor.hr/izvjesce-o-obavljenoj-reviziji-godisnjeg-izvjestaja-o-izvrsenju-drzavnog-proracuna-republike-8?t=129058&tid=210060 https://sabor.hr/izvjesce-o-obavljenim-financijskim-revizijama-politickih-stranaka-i-nezavisnih-zastupnika-za-2020?t=129259&tid=210161

Comment:
No comments.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

125. Does the executive use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during the formulation of the annual budget (prior to the budget being tabled in parliament)?

### **GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Inclusiveness" and "Timeliness" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.

The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of "involvement" (option "a" in the responses) and "consultation" (option "b"). See: <a href="https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\_course/IAP2\_P2\_Spectrum\_FINAL.pdf">https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\_course/IAP2\_P2\_Spectrum\_FINAL.pdf</a>.

Please consider only participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency designated by the government to implement participation mechanisms ("the executive") is currently using to allow the public to participate in the formulation of the annual budget, including annual pre-budget discussions. Participation mechanisms used only by line ministries should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by the executive, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government's efforts to incorporate citizens' input into the formulation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as spending and tax policy, funding and revenue levels, and macro-fiscal planning.

To answer "a," the executive must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the formulation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government officials. Examples include public meetings and online deliberative exchanges.

Answer "b" applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics, independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input in the formulation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which the executive seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include surveys, focus groups, report cards, published policy consultation exercises, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.

Answer "c" applies if the executive has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to participate in the budget formulation phase, but:

1) The mechanisms are not structured and happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.

and/or

2) The executive consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the executive determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.

In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", there should be some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that all CSOs and individual members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed.

Examples of mechanisms that might qualify as a "c" response include hotlines, Facebook announcements, and one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.

The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

### Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

#### Source:

- (A) Email sent by Ms. Katarina Brozić Puček (Ministry of Finance State Treasury, March 10, 2023)
- (B) Instructions for the Preparation of the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia 2023 2025. (Chapter 5.4.2.). See on the Internet: (https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/drzavna-riznica/prilozi-za-izradu-financijskih-

planova/Upute%20za%20izradu%20prora%C4%8Duna%20za%20razdoblje%202023.%20-%202025.%20FINALNO.pdf)

- (C) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće (Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet: (https://qsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-qsv)
- (D) Sporazum o osnivanju Gospodarsko-socijalnog vijeća (Agreement establishing Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet: (http://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/Sporazum-o-osnivanju-Gospodarsko-socijalnog-vije%C4%87a.pdf)
- (E) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnici sa sjednica (Economic and Social Council minutes from the meetings). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv)
- (F) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnici sa 250. sjednice Zaključak o Državnom proračunu Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcijama za 2024. i 2025. godinu (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 250 meeting Conclusion on the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and projections for 2024 and 2025). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2022/12/250.-sjednica\_Zaklju%C4%8Dak-T1\_Dr%C5%BEavni-prora%C4%8Dun-Republike-Hrvatske-za-2023.-godinu-i-projekcija-za-2024.-i-2025.-godinu.pdf)

## Comment:

Ms. Brozić Puček answered that the answer to this question should be "d".

She argued that according to the Instructions for the Preparation of the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia, the Ministry of Finance recommends that the ministries and other budget users of the state budget enable the interested public to submit comments, recommendations, and proposals regarding the adopted financial plan, by filling in the online participation form. These comments and proposals are for the financial plan for the next period but are submitted on the basis of the adopted financial plan for the current period. However, Ms. Brozić Puček could not provide any evidence to support the presence of consultative processes (evidence of submission from citizens and evidence of how and when these comments/proposals were used). Ms. Brozić Puček asked and obtained answers from more than 20 state budget users (mostly from different Ministries) that answered that they did not receive any comments, recommendations, or proposals through these online participation forms.

And according to IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, the concept of a "consultation mechanism" is defined as follows: "executive will keep public informed, listen to and acknowledge concerns and aspirations, and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision."

The president of the Economic and Social Council on a national level (ESC) (Mr. Ivan Mišetić) did not answer our emails.

According to the Agreement establishing the Economic and Social Council the national-level ESC gives opinions on the budget proposal. Economic and Social Council minutes from the 250 meeting named "Conclusion on the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and projections for 2024 and 2025", contain only one sentence "The Economic and Social Council took note of the information on the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and projections for 2024 and 2025."

The national-level ESC is composed of representatives of the Government (different ministries), employers' associations of a higher level (Croatian Employers' Association), and trade union associations of a higher level (three trade union confederations), that have been determined through a relevant law or other act to meet the prescribed conditions for the determination of representatives for participation in tripartite bodies at the national level

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

126. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 125, does the executive take concrete steps to include vulnerable and under-represented parts of the population in the formulation of the annual budget?

### GUIDELINES:

This question reflects the GIFT principle of "Inclusiveness", and examines the executive's effort to actively reach out to citizens who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes. The emphasis here is on the executive's efforts to seek out the views of members of the public from socially vulnerable groups and/or who are underrepresented in the process.

To answer "a," the executive must actively seek out individuals from at least one vulnerable and underrepresented community and/or civil society organization representing vulnerable and underrepresented individuals and communities. The researcher must provide evidence to show the government's efforts and actions. The researcher must speak with the relevant government official(s), and subsequently double check with an alternative source, such as representatives of vulnerable/underrepresented groups.

Answer "b" applies if the executive does not take concrete steps to incorporate vulnerable/underrepresented individuals, or organizations representing them, into participation mechanisms or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

## Answer:

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

#### Source:

According to methodology guidelines this question must score "b", since the answer to Question 125 is "d".

#### Comment:

For more details see comment to the Question 125.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

127. During the budget formulation stage, which of the following key topics does the executive's engagement with citizens cover?

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

- 1. Macroeconomic issues
- 2. Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration
- 3. Social spending policies
- 4. Deficit and debt levels
- 5. Public investment projects
- 6. Public services

## **GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider all of the mechanisms currently used by the executive to promote public participation during the formulation of the annual budget.

Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics — and for this reason the other questions assessing the executive's engagement with the public during budget formulation can be answered on the basis of engagement on topics other than the six listed above — for the purpose of answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be only the ones listed above. If the executive's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.

Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., "what issues is the public invited to engage on?") and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.

If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.

Answer "d" applies if requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

### Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

#### Source

Since the executive does not use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during the formulation of the annual budget (i.e., Question 125 = d), according to methodology quidelines this question must score "d".

- (A) Email sent by Ms. Katarina Brozić Puček (Ministry of Finance State Treasury, March 10, 2023)
- (B) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće (Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv)
- $\textbf{(C) Sporazum o osnivanju Gospodarsko-socijalnog vije\'{c}a (Agreement establishing Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet: \\$

(http://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/Sporazum-o-osnivanju-Gospodarsko-socijalnoq-vije%C4%87a.pdf)

(D) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće – zapisnici sa sjednica (Economic and Social Council – minutes from the meetings). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv)

### Comment:

Ms. Brozić Puček answered that the answer should be "b".

She answered "The members of the national-level Economic and Social Council during the formulation stage comment on macroeconomic issues, revenue forecasts, policies and administration, social spending policies, deficit and debt levels, and public services.

https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv/242-sjednica-gospodarsko-socijalnog-vijeca-10-sijecnja-2022

https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv/250-sjednica-gospodarsko-socijalnog-vijeca-28-studenoga-2022"

Although Ms. Brozić Puček suggests to answer the question "B", we are scoring it "D" in the absence of other evidence (although we are of course open to revising question 127 and related questions upwards, if the government could provide more concrete evidence).

According to the Agreement establishing the Economic and Social Council (ESC), ESC on the national level:

- \* monitors and evaluates the impact of economic policy and economic policy measures on social stability and development;
- \* monitors, studies, and evaluates the impact of social policy and social policy measures on social stability and development;
- \* proposes measures for conducting a harmonized economic, social, and development policy;
- \* evaluates and gives an opinion on measures to achieve macroeconomic stability, the competitiveness of the economy, and balanced economic and social development;
- \* gives an opinion on the proposal of the State Budget;
- \* monitors, studies, and evaluates the impact of price and wage changes on economic and social stability and development;
- \* proposes to the Government, employers, and trade unions, i.e. their associations and higher-level associations, the conduct of a coordinated price and wage policy;
- \* monitors the situation in the field of employment, pension and health insurance, education and harmonization of the labor market and safety at work and proposes measures to encourage and improve them;
- \* gives an opinion on legislative proposals in the field of labor, economy, social security; etc.

The national-level ESC is composed of representatives of the Government (different ministries), employers' associations of a higher level (Croatian Employers' Association), and trade union associations of a higher level, that have been determined through a relevant law or other act to meet the prescribed conditions for the determination of representatives for participation in tripartite bodies at the national level.

## Peer Reviewer

**Opinion**: Disagree **Suggested Answer**:

b. The executive's engagement with citizens covers at least three (but less than six) of the above-mentioned topics.

Comments: B or C should be answer.

## Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## Researcher Response

Since Question 125 scores "D", we must score this question "D" as well.

128. Does the executive use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget?

## GUIDELINES:

This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Inclusiveness" and "Timeliness" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the

executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.

The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of "involvement" (option "a" in the responses) and "consultation" (option "b"). See:

https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\_course/IAP2\_P2\_Spectrum\_FINAL.pdf.

Please consider only participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency designated by the government to implement participation mechanisms ("the executive") is currently using to allow the public to participate in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget. If the executive has designated a central coordinating agency to implement participation mechanisms throughout the national budget process, researchers may consider these mechanisms. Participation mechanisms used only by line ministries should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by the executive, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government's efforts to incorporate citizens' input into the implementation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as revenue administration, public service delivery, public investment project implementation, including procurement, and the administration of social transfer schemes.

To answer "a," the executive must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the implementation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government official. Examples include public meetings, online, deliberative exchanges, procurement complaint mechanisms, and social monitoring and dialogue.

Answer "b" applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics, independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input on the implementation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which the executive seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include public hearings, surveys, focus groups, report cards, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.

Answer "c" applies if the executive has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to provide input on budget implementation, but:

1) The mechanisms are not structured, happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.

and/or

2) The executive consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the executive determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.

In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", the researcher must have evidence that the government is holding participation mechanisms that have some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that all CSOs and members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed.

Examples include hotlines, Facebook announcements, one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.

The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

## Answer

c. Yes, the executive uses participation mechanisms during the budget implementation phase, but either these mechanisms capture only some adhoc views, or the executive invites specific individuals or groups for budget discussions (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

## Source:

- (A) Email sent by Ms. Katarina Brozić Puček (Ministry of Finance State Treasury, March 10, 2023)
- (B) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće (Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv)
- (C) Sporazum o osnivanju Gospodarsko-socijalnog vijeća (Agreement establishing Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet: (http://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/Sporazum-o-osnivanju-Gospodarsko-socijalnog-vije%C4%87a.pdf)
- (D) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnici sa sjednica (Economic and Social Council minutes from the meetings). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv)
- (E) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnik s 246. sjednice Zaključak Izvještaj o provedbi mjera Vlade RH za ublažavanje cijena energenata (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 246 meeting Conclusion Report on the implementation of measures of the Government of the Republic of Croatia to reduce energy prices). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-

content/uploads/2022/06/Zaklju%C4%8Dak-246.-sjednice-GSV-a\_Izvje%C5%A1taj-o-provedbi-mjera-Vlade-RH-za-ubla%C5%BEavanje-cijena-energenata.pdf)

- (F) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnik s 254. sjednice Odluka o prijedlogu imenovanja u Upravno vijeće Središnjeg registra osiguranika (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 254 meeting Decision on the proposal for appointment to the Boards of directors of the Central Registry of Affiliates). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2023/07/Odluka\_prijedlog\_imenovanje-u-UV-REGOS.pdf)
- (G) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnik s 253. sjednice Zaključak Imigracijska politika Hrvatske (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 253 meeting Conclusion Croatian immigration policy). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Zaklju%C4%8Dak-253.-sjednice-GSV-a T2 Imigracijska-politika-Hrvatske.pdf)
- (H) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnik s 253. sjednice Zaključak Akcijski plan za poticanje kolektivnog pregovaranja (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 253 meeting Conclusion Action plan for encouraging collective bargaining). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/Zaklju%C4%8Dak-253.-sjednice-GSV-a\_T3\_Akcijski-plan-za-poticanje-kolektivnog-pregovaranja.pdf)

### Comment:

Ms. Brozić Puček emailed that the answer to this question should be "c".

The government is using a participation mechanism through which the public can provide input in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget, which has some sort of public record (minutes of meetings released to the public) so that all CSOs and members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed. See for example source E (Economic and Social Council – minutes from the 246 meeting - Conclusion Report on the implementation of measures of the Government of the Republic of Croatia to reduce energy prices)

According to the Agreement establishing the Economic and Social Council (ESC), ESC on the national level:

- \* monitors and evaluates the impact of economic policy and economic policy measures on social stability and development;
- \* monitors, studies, and evaluates the impact of social policy and social policy measures on social stability and development;
- \* proposes measures for conducting a harmonized economic, social, and development policy;
- \* evaluates and gives an opinion on measures to achieve macroeconomic stability, the competitiveness of the economy, and balanced economic and social development;
- \* gives an opinion on the proposal of the State Budget;
- \* monitors, studies, and evaluates the impact of price and wage changes on economic and social stability and development;
- \* proposes to the Government, employers, and trade unions, i.e. their associations and higher-level associations, the conduct of a coordinated price and wage policy;
- \* monitors the situation in the field of employment, pension and health insurance, education and harmonization of the labor market and safety at work and proposes measures to encourage and improve them;
- \* gives an opinion on legislative proposals in the field of labor, economy, social security; etc.

The national-level ESC is composed of representatives of the Government (different ministries), employers' associations of a higher level (Croatian Employers' Association), and trade union associations of a higher level, that have been determined through a relevant law or other act to meet the prescribed conditions for the determination of representatives for participation in tripartite bodies at the national level.

We could say that ESC at least has an indirect impact on the implementation of the budget.

In the minutes of the ESC it is written that, for example, ESC proposes to the Government of the Republic of Croatia that, as their representative in the Board of directors of the Central Registry of Affiliates, instead of Sanja Smoljak Katić, Vedrana Gado. See source F.

Or in minutes of the ESC it is written that " Ministry of the Interior, in cooperation with the Ministry of Labour, Pensions system, Family and Social Policy, will involve social partners in a timely manner in the creation of documents on comprehensive immigration policy." See source G.

In ESC minutes it is also written that:

- 1. To create an action plan to promote collective bargaining based on obligations from Directive (EU) 2022/2041 of the European Parliament and the Council of 19 October 2022 on appropriate minimum wages in the European Union, The Ministry of Labour, Pension System, Family and Social Policy will establish working group.
- 2. The Ministry of Labour, Pension System, Family and Social Policy will, on occasion of the establishment of the working group from point 1 of this Conclusion invite the social partners to appoint their representatives." See source H.

The president of the Economic and Social Council on a national level (Mr. Ivan Mišetić) did not answer our emails.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

129. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 128, does the executive take concrete steps to receive input from vulnerable and underrepresented parts of the population on the implementation of the annual budget?

### **GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principle of "Inclusiveness", and examines the executive's effort to actively reach out to citizens who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes. The emphasis here is on national government's efforts to obtain input from members of the public who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes during the implementation of the annual budget.

To answer "a," the executive must actively seek out individuals from at least one vulnerable and underrepresented community and/or civil society organization representing vulnerable and underrepresented individuals and communities. The researcher must provide evidence to show the government's efforts and actions. The researcher must speak with the relevant government official(s), and subsequently double check with an alternative source, such as representatives from vulnerable/underrepresented groups.

Answer "b" applies if the national executive does not take concrete steps to incorporate vulnerable/underrepresented individuals, or organizations representing them, into participation mechanisms or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

#### Answer

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

#### Source:

- (A) Email sent by Ms. Katarina Brozić Puček (Ministry of Finance State Treasury, March 10, 2023)
- (B) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće (Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv)

### Comment:

Ms. Katarina Brozić Puček emailed that the answer should be "b".

The national level Economic and Social Council is composed of representatives of the Government, employers' associations of a higher level (Croatian Employers' Association), and trade union associations of a higher level (three trade union confederations), for which it has been determined through a relevant law or other act that they meet the prescribed conditions on the manner of determining representatives for participation in tripartite bodies at the national level.

The president of the Economic and Social Council on a national level (Mr. Ivan Mišetić) did not answer our emails.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

130. During the implementation of the annual budget, which of the following topics does the executive's engagement with citizens cover?

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

- 1. Changes in macroeconomic circumstances
- 2. Delivery of public services
- 3. Collection of revenue
- 4. Implementation of social spending
- 5. Changes in deficit and debt levels
- 6. Implementation of public investment projects

## GUIDELINES:

This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider all of the mechanisms currently used by the executive to promote public participation during the implementation of the annual budget.

Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics – and for this reason the other questions assessing the executive's engagement with the public during budget implementation can be answered on the basis of engagement on topics other than the six listed above – for the purpose of

answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be ONLY the ones listed above. If the executive's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.

Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., "what issues is the public invited to engage on?") and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.

If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.

Answer "d" applies if requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

### Answer:

b. The executive's engagement with citizens covers at least three (but less than six) of the above-mentioned topics.

#### Source:

- (A) Email sent by Ms. Katarina Brozić Puček (Ministry of Finance State Treasury, March 10, 2023)
- (B) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće (Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv)
- (C) Sporazum o osnivanju Gospodarsko-socijalnog vijeća (Agreement establishing Economic and Social Council). See on the Internet:
- (http://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/Sporazum-o-osnivanju-Gospodarsko-socijalnog-vije%C4%87a.pdf)
- (D) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnici sa sjednica (Economic and Social Council minutes from the meetings). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/nacionalni-gsv)
- (E) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnik s 246. sjednice Zaključak Izvještaj o provedbi mjera Vlade RH za ublažavanje cijena energenata (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 246 meeting Conclusion Report on the implementation of measures of the Government of the Republic of Croatia to reduce energy prices). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2022/06/Zaklju%C4%8Dak-246.-sjednice-GSV-a\_Izvje%C5%A1taj-o-provedbi-mjera-Vlade-RH-za-ubla%C5%BEavanje-cijena-
- energenata.pdf)
  (F) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnik s 246. sjednice Zaključak Reforma visokog obrazovanja (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 246 meeting Conclusion Reform of higher education). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2022/06/Zaklju%C4%8Dak-246.-sjednice-GSV-a\_Reforma-visokoq-obrazovanja.pdf)
- (G) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnik s 249. sjednice Zaključak Paket mjera Vlade RH za ublažavanje inflatornih učinaka i cijena energenata (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 249 meeting Conclusion Package of measures of the Government of the Republic of Croatia to mitigate inflationary effects and energy prices). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2022/11/249.-sjednica\_Zaklju%C4%8Dak\_Paket-mjera-Vlade-RH-za-ubla%C5%BEavanje-inflatornih-u%C4%8Dinaka-i-cijena-energenata.pdf)
- (H) Gospodarsko socijalno vijeće zapisnik s 250. sjednice Zaključak o Reformi zdravstva (Economic and Social Council minutes from the 250 meeting Conclusion on the Health Care Reform). See on the Internet: (https://gsv.socijalno-partnerstvo.hr/wp-content/uploads/2022/12/250.-sjednica\_Zaklju%C4%8Dak-T3\_Reforma-zdravstva.pdf)

## Comment:

 $\label{eq:mailed} \mbox{Ms. Brozi\'{c} Pu\'{c}ek emailed that the answer to this question should be "b".}$ 

According to the Agreement establishing the Economic and Social Council (ESC), ESC on the national level:

- \* monitors and evaluates the impact of economic policy and economic policy measures on social stability and development;
- \* monitors, studies, and evaluates the impact of social policy and social policy measures on social stability and development;
- \* proposes measures for conducting a harmonized economic, social, and development policy;
- \* evaluates and gives an opinion on measures to achieve macroeconomic stability, the competitiveness of the economy, and balanced economic and social development;
- \* gives an opinion on the proposal of the State Budget;
- \* monitors, studies, and evaluates the impact of price and wage changes on economic and social stability and development;
- \* proposes to the Government, employers, and trade unions, i.e. their associations and higher-level associations, the conduct of a coordinated price and wage policy;
- \* monitors the situation in the field of employment, pension and health insurance, education and harmonization of the labor market and safety at work and proposes measures to encourage and improve them;
- $\star$  gives an opinion on legislative proposals in the field of labor, economy, social security; etc.

The national-level ESC is composed of representatives of the Government (different ministries), employers' associations of a higher level (Croatian Employers' Association), and trade union associations of a higher level, that have been determined through a relevant law or other act to meet the prescribed conditions for the determination of representatives for participation in tripartite bodies at the national level.

The president of the Economic and Social Council on a national level (Mr. Ivan Mišetić) did not answer our emails.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

131. When the executive engages with the public, does it provide comprehensive prior information on the process of the engagement, so that the public can participate in an informed manner?

Comprehensive information must include at least three of the following elements:

- 1. Purpose
- 2. Scope
- 3. Constraints
- 4. Intended outcomes
- 5. Process and timeline

## GUIDELINES:

This question relates to the GIFT principle of "Openness," and addresses whether the executive provides relevant information on the process of the engagement before public participation takes place, in order to help citizens engage effectively. The question addresses whether the "rules of the public engagement" are clearly spelled out, in advance and in detail, so that those members of the public who want to engage know how to do so, in terms of when they can do so, what they are expected to provide input on, by when, to whom, etc. This question does not cover the substance of the engagement, which is covered by questions 127 and 130.

Non-comprehensive information means that the government provides information that includes at least one but less than three of the elements listed above.

Purpose refers to a brief explanation of why the public engagement is being undertaken, including the executive's objectives for its engagement with the public.

Scope refers to what is within the subject matter of the engagement as well as what is outside the subject matter of the engagement. For example, the scope may include how a current policy is administered but exclude the specifics of the policies themselves.

Constraints refers to whether there are there any explicit limitations on the engagement. An example of a constraint could be that any policy changes must not cost (or forgo revenue) more than a specific amount or have no net fiscal cost.

Intended outcomes refers to what the executive hopes to achieve as a result of the engagement. Examples of intended outcomes could be revising a policy to better reflect citizen or service-user views or to improve the way in which a particular program is administered.

Process refers to the methods by which the public engagement will take place and the discrete steps in the process. For example, the process may simply be a one-off Internet-based consultation, with a summary published of public inputs and the official response. The process may involve simultaneous or overlapping steps, and may be conducted in one round or in two or more rounds of engagement.

Timeline refers to the specific dates on which the discrete steps in the process will take place, or during which they will be completed, and clear start and end dates for the overall engagement.

Answer "d" applies if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation or formulation stage.

## Answer

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

## Source

Since the executive does not use participation mechanisms during the formulation stage (i.e., Question 125 = d), according to methodology guidelines this question must score "d".

(A) Email sent by Ms. Brozić Puček (Ministry of Finance - State Treasury, March 10, 2023)

## Comment:

Ms. Brozić Puček answered that the answer to this question should be "c", the answer given by the Ministry of finance in the Open Budget Survey 2019.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

132. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 125, does the executive provide the public with feedback on how citizens' inputs have been used in the formulation of the annual budget?

### **GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the executive provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received, which ones are used in the formulation of the annual budget, and how/why.

By "written record", we mean a document that is produced and released by the lead budget agency (Ministry of Finance, Treasury) that has set up and holds the participation activity.

Answer "a" applies when the executive provides a written document with:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and
- A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how)

Answer "b" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and
- A not-so-detailed report, such as a document with a few paragraphs, on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used.

Answer "c" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public or
- A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

## Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

## Source:

Since the executive does not use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during the formulation of the annual budget (prior to the budget being tabled in parliament) (i.e., Question 125 = d), according to methodology guidelines this question must score "d".

## Comment:

No comments.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

133. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 128, does the executive provide the public with information on how citizens' inputs have been used to assist in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES:** 

This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the executive provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received during the implementation of the annual budget, which ones are take into account to improve budget monitoring, and how/why.

By "written record", we mean a document that is produced and released by the lead budget agency (Ministry of Finance, Treasury) that has set up and holds the participation activity.

Answer "a" applies when the executive provides a written document with:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and
- A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how)

Answer "b" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs received (e.g., a written transcript) from the public and
- A not-so-detailed report, such as a document with a few paragraphs, on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were or were not taken into account by the executive during budget monitoring.

Answer "c" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public or
- A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

## Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

## Source

Ministry of Finance, See on the Internet: (http://www.mfin.hr/)

## Comment

The executive does not provide the public with information on how citizens' inputs have been used to assist in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

## 134. Are participation mechanisms incorporated into the timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal?

## **GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Sustainability,""Timeliness" and "Complementarity" and addresses whether the executive is able to link participation mechanisms to the administrative processes that are used to create the annual budget.

Please note that "timetable" refers to a document setting deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation. This document is

sometimes referred to as the budget calendar and is the same document referenced in Question 53.

Answer "a" applies if the national executive establishes a clear set of guidelines that enable citizens and civil servants to understand when participation mechanisms should be used to enable citizen inputs to be incorporated into the annual budget. For answer choice "a", the timetable must be available to the public prior to the budget preparation process beginning.

Answer "b" applies if the executive does not establish a clear set of guidelines that enable citizens and civil servants to understand when participation mechanisms should be used to enable citizen inputs to be incorporated into the annual budget or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation or implementation stage.

#### Answer:

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

#### Source

- (A) Ministarstvo financija: Proračun Planiranje državnog proračuna (Ministry of Finance: Budget State budget planning), See on the Internet: (https://mfin.gov.hr/proracun-86/86)
- (B) Instructions for the Preparation of the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia 2023. 2025. (Chapter 5.4.2.) https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/drzavna-riznica/prilozi-za-izradu-financijskih-planova/Upute%20za%20izradu%20prora%C4%8Duna%20za%20razdoblje%202023.%20-%202025.%20FINALNO.pdf

#### Comment:

Participation mechanisms are incorporated into the timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal. See Instructions for the Preparation of the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia 2023. - 2025. (Chapter 5.4.2.)

In the consultation with IBP, it was decided that the answer to this question should be "B". Chapter 5.4.2. in the Instructions for the Preparation of the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia 2023. - 2025 is good, but a citizen looking at the document would have no way of knowing how to give input, and we have no evidence that citizens did indeed give input into the formulation of the budget.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

135. Do one or more line ministries use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during the formulation or implementation of the annual budget?

## **GUIDELINES**

While questions 125 – 134 focus only on participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency currently use to allow the public to participate in the national budget process, this question asks about participation mechanisms used by line ministries to allow the public to participate in national budget processes. Thus, participation mechanisms used by the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by a line ministry or if multiple line ministries use participation mechanisms, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government's efforts to incorporate citizens' input into the formulation and/or implementation of the annual budget.

This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Inclusiveness" and "Timeliness" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.

The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of "involvement" (option "a" in the responses) and "consultation" (option "b"). See: <a href="https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\_course/IAP2\_P2\_Spectrum\_FINAL.pdf">https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\_course/IAP2\_P2\_Spectrum\_FINAL.pdf</a>

To answer "a," a line ministry must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the formulation or implementation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government official. Examples include public meetings and online deliberative exchanges.

Answer "b" applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics, independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input in the formulation or implementation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which a line ministry seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include surveys, focus groups, report cards, published policy consultation exercises, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.

Answer "c" applies if a line ministry has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to participate in the budget formulation phase, but:

1) The mechanisms are not structured and happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.

and/or

2) A line ministry consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the line ministry determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.

In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", there should be some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that all CSOs and individual members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed

The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.

Examples of mechanisms that might qualify as a "c" response include hotlines, Facebook announcements, and one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.

### Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

### Source:

- (A) Email sent by Ms. Katarina Brozić Puček (Ministry of Finance State Treasury, March 10, 2023)
- (B) Instructions for the Preparation of the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia 2023. 2025. (Chapter 5.4.2.). See on the Internet: (https://mfin.gov.hr/UserDocsImages/dokumenti/drzavna-riznica/prilozi-za-izradu-financijskih-planova/Upute%20za%20izradu%20prora%C4%8Duna%20za%20razdoblje%202023.%20-%20205.%20FINALNO.pdf)

## Comment:

Ms. Katarina Brozić Puček answered that the answer to this question should be "d".

She argued that according to the Instructions for the Preparation of the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia, the Ministry of Finance recommends that the ministries and other budget users of the state budget enable the interested public to submit comments, recommendations, and proposals regarding the adopted financial plan, by filling in the online participation form. These comments and proposals are for the financial plan for the next period but are submitted on the basis of the adopted financial plan for the current period. However, Ms. Brozić Puček could not provide any evidence to support the presence of consultative processes (evidence of submission from citizens and evidence of how and when these comments/proposals were used). Ms. Brozić Puček asked and obtained answers from more than 20 state budget users (mostly from different Ministries) that answered that they did not receive any comments, recommendations, or proposals through these online participation forms.

According to the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, the concept of "consultation mechanism" is defined as follows: "executive will keep public informed, listen to and acknowledge concerns and aspirations, and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

## provide input during its public deliberations on the formulation of the annual budget (pre-budget and/or approval stages)?

#### GUIDEL INES

This question reflects the GIFT principle on "Sustainability,""Transparency," and "Complementarity" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the legislative are interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the legislature, rather than being limited to allowing the public to attend or hear public budget deliberations.

Please consider participation mechanisms that the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) has put in place and is using to allow the public to participate in their deliberations on the annual budget. This includes deliberations during the pre-budget phase (i.e., when the executive is still in the process of formulating the draft budget) and the budget discussions after the budget has been tabled to parliament and before it is approved. In the comment box, please specify during which stage of the budget cycle the legislature has put in place a public participation mechanism.

Mechanisms through which members of the public reach out to individual Members of Parliament as opposed to the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) or unofficial hearings organized by a subset of committee members should not be considered in answering this question.

If there is more than one mechanism, please select a mechanism that best shows/reflects the legislature's efforts to incorporate citizens into the formulation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as revenues, policy selection, and macro-fiscal planning (please note that the issue of coverage is covered in a subsequent question).

To answer "a," the legislature must hold public hearings where citizens are allowed to testify. This answer applies only if the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can testify (for example, participation takes place on a first-come-first-served basis).

Answer "b" should be selected if the following applies:

- The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;
- Testimony is not allowed from members of the public or CSOs; but
- There are other means used by the legislature to receive and collect views from citizens and CSOs on the budget, and the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can provide input. The researcher must provide evidence to support the presence of those alternative processes through which the legislature seeks inputs from citizens. For example, there should be a public record indicating that views from citizens and the public were sought.

Answer "c" should be selected if the following applies:

- The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;
- Testimony is not allowed from members of the public or CSOs;
- No other means are used by the legislature to receive and collect views/input from citizens and CSOs on the budget, but
- The legislature invites a few individuals/groups to provide input (through public hearings or elsewhere)
- The legislature has a provision (via standing orders or in law) through which the public can submit their inputs, and members of the public or CSOs actively use it to submit opinions on the budget.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget

## Answer

c. Yes, public hearings on the budget are held. No testimony from the public is provided during the public hearings, and there are no other mechanisms through which public contributions are received, but the legislature invites specific individuals or groups to testify or provide input (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

## Source:

(A) Croatian Parliament: Description of duties of Finance and Central Budget Committee, See on the Internet:

(https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)

(B) Croatian Parliament: Finance and Budget Committee Appointed Members, See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)

## Comment:

We are referring to the budget discussions after the budget has been tabled to parliament and before it is approved. Some of the Parliamentary Committees members are appointed as representatives of the public (e.g. researchers, representatives of trade unions, or civil society organizations). The procedure for appointing these members of the Parliamentary Committee begins by publishing a public call for proposal for the appointed candidate. In this call, the deadline for submitting a proposal is determined. Candidates may be suggested by expert institutions, professional associations, civil society associations as well as individuals. For example, see Finance and Budget Committee Appointed Members. During the Parliamentary Committee meetings, these appointed members (who are not MPs) have all the rights as MPs, except voting rights.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

137. During the legislative deliberations on the annual budget (pre-budget or approval stages), which of the following key topics does the legislature's (or relevant legislative budget committee) engagement with citizens cover?

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

- 1. Macroeconomic issues
- 2. Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration
- 3. Social spending policies
- 4. Deficit and debt levels
- 5. Public investment projects
- 6. Public services

### GUIDELINES:

This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider the range of mechanisms currently used by the legislature to promote public participation during legislative deliberations on the annual budget.

Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics, for the purpose of answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be only the ones listed above. If the legislature's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.

Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., "what issues is the public invited to engage on?") and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.

If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget.

## Answer

a. The legislature seeks input on all six topics.

## Source:

- (A) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za financije i državni proračun o Prijedlogu državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, [Croatian Parliament: The report of the Finance and Central Budget Committee on the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and the Projections for 2024 and 2025], November 22, 2022. See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-finanacije-i-drzavni-proracun-o-prijedlogu-1)
- (B) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za zdravstvo i socijalnu politiku o Prijedlogu državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, 23. studenoga 2022. (Croatian Parliament: The report of the Health and Social Policy Committee on the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and the Projections for 2024 and 2025, November 23, 2022). See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-zdravstvo-i-socijalnu-politiku-o-238)
- (C) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za obrazovanje, znanost i kulturu o Prijedlogu državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, 22. studenoga 2022. (Croatian Parliament: The report of the Education, Science and Culture Committee on the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and the Projections for 2024 and 2025, November 22, 2022). See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-obrazovanje-znanost-i-kulturu-o-204)
- (D) Croatian Parliament: Finance and Budget Committee Appointed Members, See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)
- (E) Croatian Parliament: Health and Social Policy Committee Appointed Members, See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/health-and-social-policy-committee-10-term)
- (F) Croatian Parliament Education, Science and Culture Committee Appointed Members, See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/education-science-and-culture-committee-10-term)

#### Comment:

Some of the Parliamentary Committees members are appointed as representatives of the public (e.g. researchers, representatives of trade unions, or civil society organizations). The procedure for appointing these members of the Parliamentary Committee begins by publishing a public call for proposals for the appointed candidate. In this call, the deadline for submitting a proposal is determined. Candidates may be suggested by expert institutions, professional associations, civil society associations as well as individuals. For example, see Finance and Budget Committee Appointed Members. During the Parliamentary Committee meetings, these appointed members (who are not MPs) have all the rights as MPs, except voting rights.

Source A relates to the following topics: Macroeconomic issues; Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration; Social spending policies, and Deficit and debt levels.

Source B relates to the following topics: Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration; Social spending policies; and Public services.

Source C relates to the following topics: Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration; Social spending policies; Public investment projects; and Public services.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

138. Does the legislature provide feedback to the public on how citizens' inputs have been used during legislative deliberations on the annual budget?

#### GUIDEL INES

This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the legislature provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received and how inputs were used during legislative deliberations (please note that these deliberations can refer to the pre-budget and approval phases). By "written record" in this question, we mean a document that is produced and released by the legislature.

Answer "a" applies when the legislature provides a written document with:

- The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) and
- A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how).

Answer "b" applies when the legislature provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) and
- A not-so-detailed report on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used in legislative deliberations on the annual budget (please note that these deliberations refer to the pre-budget and approval phases).

Answer "c" applies when the legislature makes available a video recording of the relevant legislative session or provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) or
- A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget.

## Answer

c. Yes, the legislature provides a written record which includes either the list of the inputs received or a report or summary on how they were used.

## Source

- (A) Croatian Parliament: Finance and Budget Committee Appointed Members, See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)
- (B) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za financije i državni proračun o Prijedlogu državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu, [Croatian Parliament: The report of the Finance and Central Budget Committee on the State Budget Proposal of the Republic of Croatia for 2023 and the Projections for 2024 and 2025], November 22, 2022. See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-

povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-finanacije-i-drzavni-proracun-o-prijedlogu-1)

#### Comment:

The legislature provides a written record which includes the list of the inputs - comments received (see source B " Izvješće Odbora za financije i državni proračun o Prijedlogu državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2023. godinu i projekcija za 2024. i 2025. godinu"). The input begins with "U raspravi na Odboru navedeno je ..."

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

139. Does the legislature hold public hearings and/or use other participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during its public deliberations on the Audit Report?

#### **GUIDELINES**

This question reflects the GIFT principle on "Sustainability," "Transparency," and "Complementarity" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the legislative are interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the legislature, rather than being limited to allowing the public to attend or hear public budget deliberations.

A key constitutional role of the legislature in almost all countries is to oversee the government's management of public resources. While the Supreme Audit Institution is responsible for checking the government's accounts and publishing the outcome of their audits, for accountability purposes it is essential that the legislature reviews and scrutinizes those reports, and checks on whether the executive is taking the appropriate corrective actions based on the Supreme Audit Institution's recommendations.

Holding public hearings to review audit findings allows the public to learn more about how the government has managed its resources for the budget years that have ended, and demand accountability in case of mismanagement and irregularities. Reviewing and discussing those reports in public is therefore a key responsibility of a legislature.

Please note that by "Audit Report" we refer to the same audit report assessed in the transparency section of this Survey, i.e., one of the eight key budget documents that all governments (in this case, the Supreme Audit Institution) must produce, according to best practice.

Please consider participation mechanisms that the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) have put in place and using to allow the public to participate in their deliberations on the Audit Report.

Mechanisms through which members of the public reach out to individual members of parliament as opposed to the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) or unofficial hearings organized by a subset of committee members should not be considered in answering this question.

To answer "a," the national legislature must hold public hearings where citizens are allowed to testify. This answer applies only if the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can testify (for example, participation takes place on a first-come-first-served basis).

Answer "b" should be selected if the following applies:

- The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;
- No testimony is allowed from the public; BUT
- There are other means used by the legislature to receive and collect views from citizens and CSOs on the budget, and the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can provide input. The researcher must provide evidence to support the presence of those alternative processes through which the legislature seeks inputs from citizens. For example, there should be a public record indicating that views from citizens and the public were sought.

Answer "c" should be selected if the following applies:

- The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;
- No testimony is allowed from the public;
- No other means are used by the legislature to receive and collect views/input from citizens and CSOs on the budget, BUT
- The legislature invites a few individuals/groups to provide input (through public hearings or elsewhere)

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the Audit Report.

#### Answer:

c. Yes, public hearings on the Audit Report are held. No testimony from the public is provided during the hearings and there are no other mechanisms through which public contributions are received, but the legislature invites specific individuals or groups to testify or provide input (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

## Source:

- (A) Croatian Parliament: Description of duties of Finance and Central Budget Committee, See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/en/committees/finance-and-central-budget-committee-10-term)
- (B) Hrvatski sabor: Izvješće Odbora za financije i državni proračun s rasprave o Izvješću o obavljenoj reviziji Godišnjeg izvještaja o izvršenju Državnog proračuna Republike Hrvatske za 2021. godinu, 7. listopad 2022. (Croatian Parliament: The report of the Finance and Central Budget Committee on the Report on the conducted audit of the Annual Report on the Execution of the State Budget of the Republic of Croatia for 2021, October 7, 2022). See on the Internet: (https://www.sabor.hr/radna-tijela/odbori-i-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-financije-i-drzavni-proracun-obavljenoj-5)

### Comment:

Each year parliament and parliamentary committees discuss the Audit Report of the Execution of the State Budget for the previous budget year. As said before, some Parliamentary Committees members are appointed as representatives of the public and they are not MPs. During the Parliamentary Committee meetings, they are allowed to comment on issues presented at those meetings, but they do not have voting rights. The members of the press and citizens can also attend those meetings, but cannot testify.

# Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

## Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

### **IBP Comment**

Please find an updated link for point (B) below: https://web.archive.org/web/20230129021512/https://www.sabor.hr/radna-tijela/odbori-povjerenstva/izvjesce-odbora-za-financije-i-drzavni-proracun-o-obavljenoj-5

140. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can suggest issues/topics to include in the SAI's audit program (for example, by bringing ideas on agencies, programs, or projects that could be audited)?

## GUIDELINES:

This question assesses whether the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has established mechanisms through which the public can provide suggestions on issues/topics to be included in its audit program. When deciding its audit agenda, the SAI may undertake audits for a sample of agencies, projects, and programs in the country; and such a selection could be based on complaints and suggestions made by members of the public. To receive such suggestions, the SAI may create formal mechanisms, like setting up a website, hotline, or office (or assigning staff to liaise with the public).

Please note that formal mechanisms that do not explicitly seek the public's input in the audit program (such as general comment submission boxes on the SAI's website) should not be considered for this question.

## Answer:

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

## Source:

- (A) State Audit Office. See on the Internet: https://www.revizija.hr/
- (B) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023
- (C) Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act), See on the Internet:(https://www.revizija.hr/about-us/laws-and-regulations/act-on-the-state-audit-office/695)
- (D) The contacts on the State Audit Office web page. See on the Internet (https://www.revizija.hr/contacts/679)

## Comment:

In consultation with IBP, in the previous rounds of OBS research, it was concluded that the methodology guidelines were not met.

Ms. Josipa Marakovic replied c. Not applicable/other (please comment).

She commented that according to the provisions of Article 19, paragraph 1 of the State Audit Office Act, the State Audit Office plans and carries out an audit within the scope of the annual program and work plan, as well as according to the request of the Croatian Parliament if the Auditor General judges that the request is justified. According to the provisions of Article 16 of the same Act, the Auditor General, among other things, adopts the annual program and work plan of the State Audit Office. Furthermore, according to the provision of Article 23, paragraph 2 of the same Act, the State Audit Office verifies the implementation of orders and recommendations to the extent provided for in the annual program and work plan.

She also commented that pursuant to the provisions of Article 19, paragraph 3 of the State Audit Office Act, one of the criteria on the basis of which the scope of the annual program and work plan is determined is the information collected on the operations of the audited entities. Information about the operations of audited subjects is collected from petitions of legal and natural persons and from publications in the media (in which irregularities in the operations of entities for which the State Audit Office is competent to perform audits are indicated). There are no formal mechanisms that would serve exclusively for this purpose, however, according to the provisions of the Right to Access to Information Act (Official Gazette 25/13, 85/15, and 69/22), the contact information of the information officer is published on the website of the State Audit Office and communication channels for exercising the right to access information (by telephone, mail, and electronic mail) through which legal and natural persons exercise the right to access information. In addition to the fact that legal and natural persons send requests for exercising the right to access information through the channels provided, they also send the aforementioned petitions and documentation indicating possible irregularities in the entities for which the State Audit Office is competent to perform audits.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree

141. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) provide the public with feedback on how citizens' inputs have been used to determine its audit program?

GUIDELINES:

This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the Supreme Audit Institution provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received, which ones are used to determine the Supreme Audit Institution's audit program. By "written record" in this question, we mean a document that is produced and released by the Supreme Audit Institution.

Answer "a" applies when the Supreme Audit Institution provides a written document with:

- The inputs received from the public and
- A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how).

Answer "b" applies when the SAI provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs received from the public and
- A not-so-detailed report on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used to determine the SAI's annual audit program.

Answer "c" applies when the SAI provides a written document that includes:

- The received from the public or
- A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.

Answer "d" applies if requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can suggests issues/topics to include in the SAI's audit program.

## Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

#### Source:

- (A) State Audit Office. See on the Internet: https://www.reviziia.hr/
- (B) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023
- (C) Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act), See on the Internet:(https://www.revizija.hr/about-us/laws-and-regulations/act-on-the-state-audit-office/695)

### Comment:

In consultation with IBP, in the previous rounds of OBS research, it was concluded that the methodology guidelines were not met.

Ms. Josipa Marakovic replied e. Not applicable/other (please comment).

She commented that pursuant to Article 19, paragraph 1 of the State Audit Office Act, the State Audit Office plans and performs audits to the extent provided by the annual program and work plan, as well as at the request of the Croatian Parliament if the Auditor General considers that request justified. Pursuant to Article 16 of the same Act, the Auditor General adopts the annual program and work plan of the State Audit Office.

Peer Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer
Opinion: Agree

142. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can contribute to audit investigations (as respondents, witnesses, etc.)?

#### GUIDELINES:

This question mirrors question 140, but instead of covering public assistance in formulating the SAI's audit program, it focuses on whether the Supreme Audit Institution has established mechanisms through which the public can participate in audit investigations. In addition to seeking public input to determine its audit agenda, the SAI may wish to provide formal opportunities for the public and civil society organizations to participate in the actual audit investigations, as witnesses or respondents.

## Answer

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

## Source:

- (A) State Audit Office. See on the Internet: https://www.revizija.hr/
- (B) Email sent by Ms. Josipa Marakovic, who works as Deputy information officer in the State Audit Office, February 27, 2023
- (C) Zakon o Državnom uredu za reviziju (The State Audit Office Act), See on the Internet:(https://www.revizija.hr/about-us/laws-and-regulations/act-on-the-state-audit-office/695)
- (D) The contacts on the State Audit Office web page. See on the Internet (https://www.revizija.hr/contacts/679)

## Comment

In consultation with IBP, in the previous rounds of OBS research, it was concluded that the methodology requirements were not met.

Ms. Josipa Marakovic replied c. Not applicable/other (please comment).

She commented that pursuant to the provisions of Article 19, paragraph 3 of the State Audit Office Act, one of the criteria on the basis of which the scope of the annual program and work plan is determined is the information collected on the operations of the audited entities. Information about the operations of audited subjects is collected from petitions of legal and natural persons and from publications in the media (in which irregularities in the operations of entities for which the State Audit Office is competent to perform audits are indicated).

There are no formal mechanisms that would serve exclusively for this purpose, however, according to the provisions of the Right to Access to Information Act (Official Gazette 25/13, 85/15, and 69/22), the contact information of the information officer is published on the website of the State Audit Office and communication channels for exercising the right to access information (by telephone, mail, and electronic mail) through which legal and natural persons exercise the right to access information. In addition to the fact that legal and natural persons send requests for exercising the right to access information through the channels provided, they also send the aforementioned petitions and documentation indicating possible irregularities in the entities for which the State Audit Office is competent to perform audits.

## Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Government Reviewer Opinion: Agree