### Niger

#### Overview



**Transparency:** 

**17** /100

(Open Budget Index score)



Public Participation:





**Budget Oversight:** 

43/100

## **About the survey**

Government budget decisions – what taxes to levy, what services to provide, and how much debt to take on – affect how equal a society is and the well-being of its people, including whether the most disadvantaged will have real opportunities for a better life. It is critical that governments inform and engage the public on these vital decisions that impact their lives.

The Open Budget Survey (OBS) is the world's only independent, comparative and fact-based research instrument that uses internationally accepted criteria to assess public access to central government budget information; formal opportunities for the public to participate in the national budget process; and the role of budget oversight institutions such as the legislature and auditor in the budget process.

The survey helps local civil society assess and confer with their government on the reporting and use of public funds. This 7th edition of the OBS covers 117 countries.

Visit www.internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey **⊅** for more information, including the full OBS methodology, the 2019 Global Report, findings for all surveyed countries, and the Data Explorer.



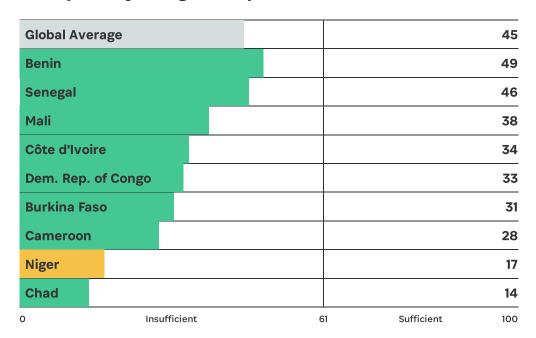
### **Transparency**

This part of the OBS measures public access to information on how the central government raises and spends public resources. It assesses the online availability, timeliness, and comprehensiveness of eight key budget documents using 109 equally weighted indicators and scores each country on a scale of 0 to 100. A transparency score of 61 or above indicates a country is likely publishing enough material to support informed public debate on the budget.

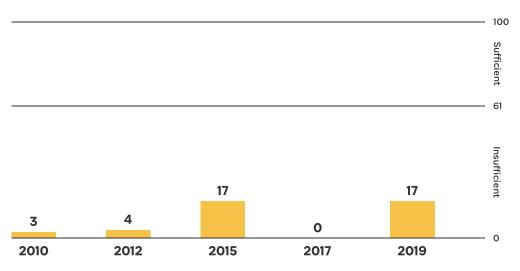
Niger has a transparency score of 17 (out of 100).

### **Transparency in Niger compared to others**





# How has the transparency score for Niger changed over time?



### Public availability of budget documents in Niger

Document	2010	2012	2015	2017	2019
Pre-Budget Statement	•	•	•		•
Executive's Budget Proposal	•		•		•
Enacted Budget	•	•			
Citizens Budget	0	0	0		•
In-Year Reports	•				•
Mid-Year Review	•	•	0	0	0
Year-End Report		•	•	•	•
Audit Report			0	0	

_				
	Available	to	the	Public

Published Late, or Not Published Online, or Produced for Internal Use Only

Not Produced

# How comprehensive is the content of the key budget documents that Niger makes available to the public?

61-100 / 100
41-60 / 100
1-40 / 100

Key budget document	Document purpose and contents	Fiscal year assessed	Document content score
Pre-Budget Statement	Discloses the broad parameters of fiscal policies in advance of the Executive's Budget Proposal; outlines the government's economic forecast, anticipated revenue, expenditures, and debt.	2019	67
Executive's Budget Proposal	Submitted by the executive to the legislature for approval; details the sources of revenue, the allocations to ministries, proposed policy changes, and other information important for understanding the country's fiscal situation.	2019	17
Enacted Budget	The budget that has been approved by the legislature.	2018	Published Late
Citizens Budget	A simpler and less technical version of the government's Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, designed to convey key information to the public.	2018	Published Late
In-Year Reports	Include information on actual revenues collected, actual expenditures made, and debt incurred at different intervals; issued quarterly or monthly.	2017 & 2018	67
Mid-Year Review	A comprehensive update on the implementation of the budget as of the middle of the fiscal year; includes a review of economic assumptions and an updated forecast of budget outcomes.	2018	Not Produced
Year-End Report	Describes the situation of the government's accounts at the end of the fiscal year and, ideally, an evaluation of the progress made toward achieving the budget's policy goals.	2017	Internal Use
Audit Report	Issued by the supreme audit institution, this document examines the soundness and completeness of the government's year-end accounts.	2016	Internal Use

Niger's transparency score of **17** in the OBS 2019 is substantially higher than its score in 2017.

### What changed in OBS 2019?

Niger has increased the availability of budget information by:

 Publishing the Pre-Budget Statement, Executive's Budget Proposal and In-Year Reports online.

#### **Recommendations**

Niger should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:

- Publish the Enacted Budget, Citizens Budget, Year-End Report and Audit Report online in a timely manner.
- Produce and publish the Mid-Year Review online in a timely manner.
- Include additional expenditure and fiscal risk information in the Executive's Budget Proposal.



## **Public Participation**

Transparency alone is insufficient for improving governance. Inclusive public participation is crucial for realizing the positive outcomes associated with greater budget transparency.

The OBS also assesses the formal opportunities offered to the public for meaningful participation in the different stages of the budget process. It examines the practices of the central government's executive, the legislature, and the supreme audit institution (SAI) using 18 equally weighted indicators, aligned with the Global Initiative for Fiscal Transparency's Principles of Public Participation in Fiscal Policies 

¬, and scores each country on a scale from 0 to 100.

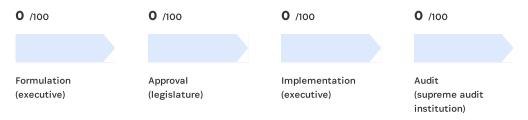
Niger has a public participation score of **0** (out of 100).

#### **Public participation in Niger compared to others**

Global Averag	ge			14
Dem. Rep. of	Congo			31
Benin				24
Cameroon				11
Côte d'Ivoire				7
Mali				4
Niger				0
Burkina Faso				0
Chad				0
Senegal				0
0	Insufficient	61	Sufficient	100

For more information, see here **→** for innovative public participation practices around the world.

# Extent of opportunities for public participation in the budget process



few: 0 - 40; limited: 41 - 60; adequate: 61 - 100

#### Recommendations

To further strengthen public participation in the budget process, Niger's Ministry of Finance should prioritize the following actions:

- Pilot mechanisms to engage the public during budget formulation and to monitor budget implementation.
- Actively engage with vulnerable and underrepresented communities, directly or through civil society organizations representing them.

Niger's National Assembly should prioritize the following actions:

- Allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the budget proposal prior to its approval.
- Allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the Audit Report.

Niger's Court of Accounts should prioritize the following actions to improve public participation in the budget process:

 Establish formal mechanisms for the public to assist in developing its audit program and to contribute to relevant audit investigations.



## **Budget Oversight**

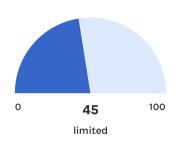
The OBS also examines the role that legislatures and supreme audit institutions (SAIs) play in the budget process and the extent to which they provide oversight; each country is scored on a scale from 0 to 100 based on 18 equally weighted indicators. In addition, the survey collects supplementary information on independent fiscal institutions (see Box).

The legislature and supreme audit institution in Niger, together, provide limited oversight during the budget process, with a composite oversight score of 43 (out of 100). Taken individually, the extent of each institution's oversight is shown below:

# Legislative oversight



#### **Audit oversight**



weak: 0 - 40; limited: 41 - 60; adequate: 61 - 100

#### Recommendations

Niger's National Assembly provides adequate oversight during the planning stage of the budget cycle and weak oversight during the implementation stage. To improve oversight, the following actions should be prioritized:

- Legislative committees should examine the Executive's Budget Proposal and publish reports with their analysis online.
- A legislative committee should examine in-year budget implementation and publish reports with their findings online.
- In practice, ensure the legislature is consulted before the executive shifts funds specified in the Enacted Budget between administrative units; spends any unanticipated revenue; or reduces spending due to revenue shortfalls during the budget year.

• A legislative committee should examine the Audit Report and publish a report with their findings online.

To strengthen independence and improve audit oversight by the Niger Court of Accounts, the following actions are recommended:

- Ensure the supreme audit institution has adequate funding to perform its duties, as determined by an independent body (e.g., the legislature or judiciary).
- Ensure audit processes are reviewed by an independent agency.

## The emerging practice of establishing independent fiscal institutions

Niger does not have an independent fiscal institution (IFI). IFIs are increasingly recognized as valuable independent and nonpartisan information providers to the Executive and/or Parliament during the budget process.

\*These indicators are \*not\* scored in the Open Budget Survey.

## Methodology

hassane.boukar@gmail.com

- Only documents published and events, activities, or developments that took place through 31 December 2018 were assessed in the OBS 2019.
- The survey is based on a questionnaire completed in each country by an independent budget expert:

Hassane Boukar Alternative Espaces Citoyens (AEC) 72 Rue Ci 47 Cite Poudrière, BP 10948 Niamey, Niger

• To further strengthen the research, each country's draft questionnaire is also reviewed by an anonymous independent expert.

