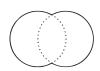


Afghanistan

Overview



Transparency:

 $\mathbf{0}$

(Open Budget Index score)



Public Participation:





Budget Oversight:



About the survey

Government budget decisions – what taxes to levy, what services to provide, and how much debt to take on – have important consequences for all people in society. When governments provide information and meaningful channels for the public to engage in these decisions, we can better ensure public money is spent on public interests.

The Open Budget Survey (OBS) is the world's only independent, comparative and fact-based research instrument that uses internationally accepted criteria to assess public access to central government budget information; formal opportunities for the public to participate in the national budget process; and the role of budget oversight institutions, such as legislatures and national audit offices, in the budget process.

The survey helps local civil society assess and confer with their government on the reporting and use of public funds. This 9th edition of the OBS covers 125 countries.

Visit www.internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey for more information, including the full OBS methodology, the 2023 Global Report, findings for all surveyed countries, and the Data Explorer.



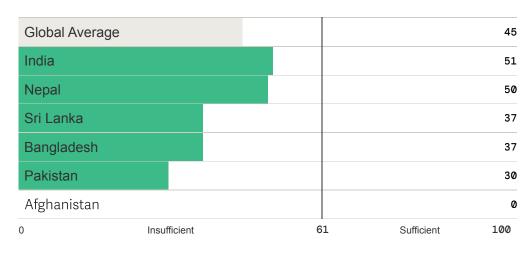
Transparency

This part of the OBS measures public access to information on how the central government raises and spends public resources. It assesses the **online** availability, timeliness, and comprehensiveness of eight key budget documents using 109 equally weighted indicators and scores each country on a scale of 0 to 100. A transparency score of 61 or above indicates a country is likely publishing enough material to support informed public debate on the budget.

Afghanistan has a transparency score of **0** (out of 100).

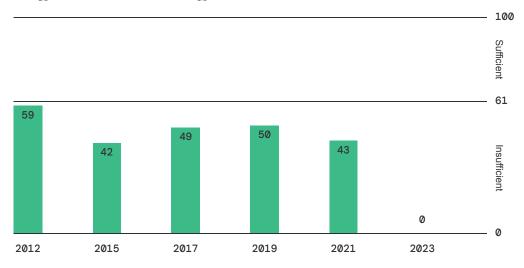
Transparency in Afghanistan compared to others



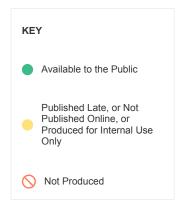




How has the transparency score for Afghanistan changed over time?



Public availability of budget documents in Afghanistan



Document	2012	2015	2017	2019	2021	2023
Pre-Budget Statement						\Diamond
Executive's Budget Proposal						\Diamond
Enacted Budget	•	•	•	•	•	•
Citizens Budget		•		•	•	\Diamond
In-Year Reports						\Diamond
Mid-Year Review		\Diamond	•			\Diamond
Year-End Report	•	•	•	•	•	\Diamond
Audit Report		•	•	•	•	



How comprehensive is the content of the key budget documents that Afghanistan makes available to the public?

KEY
61-100 / 100
<pre>41-60 / 100</pre>
1 -40 / 100

Key budget document	Document purpose and contents	Fiscal year assessed	Document content score
Pre-Budget Statement	Discloses the broad parameters of fiscal policies in advance of the Executive's Budget Proposal; outlines the government's economic forecast, anticipated revenue, expenditures, and debt.	2022-23	Not Produced
Executive's Budget Proposal	Submitted by the executive to the legislature for approval; details the sources of revenue, the allocations to ministries, proposed policy changes, and other information important for understanding the country's fiscal situation.	2022-23	Not Produced
Enacted Budget	The budget that has been approved by the legislature.	2022-23	Internal Use
Citizens Budget	A simpler and less technical version of the government's Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, designed to convey key information to the public.	2022-23	Not Produced
In-Year Reports	Include information on actual revenues collected, actual expenditures made, and debt incurred at different intervals; issued quarterly or monthly.	2021-22	Not Produced
Mid-Year Review	A comprehensive update on the implementation of the budget as of the middle of the fiscal year; includes a review of economic assumptions and an updated forecast of budget outcomes.	2021-22	Not Produced
Year-End Report	Describes the situation of the government's accounts at the end of the fiscal year and, ideally, an evaluation of the progress made toward achieving the budget's policy goals.	2021-22	Not Produced
Audit Report	Issued by the supreme audit institution, this document examines the soundness and completeness of the government's year-end accounts.	2020-21	Internal Use

Afghanistan's transparency score of **0** in the OBS 2023 is substantially lower than its score in 2021.

What changed in OBS 2023?

Afghanistan has decreased the availability of budget information by:



- Producing the Enacted Budget and Audit Report for internal use only.
- Failing to produce the Pre-Budget Statement, Executive's Budget Proposal,
 Citizens Budget, In-Year Reports and Year-End Report.

Recommendations

Afghanistan should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:

- Publish the annual national budget and the Audit Report through the online database of the Ministry of Finance in a timely manner.
- Produce and publish the Pre-Budget Statement, Executive's Budget
 Proposal, Citizens Budget, In-Year Reports, Mid-Year Review and Year-End
 Report through the online database of the Ministry of Finance (MoF) in a
 timely manner.

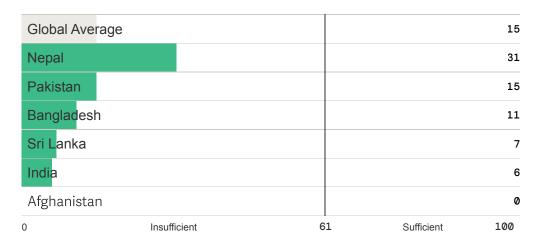


Public Participation

The OBS assesses the formal opportunities offered to the public for meaningful participation in the different stages of the budget process. It examines the practices of the central government's executive, the legislature, and the supreme audit institution (SAI) using 18 equally weighted indicators, aligned with the Global Initiative for Fiscal Transparency's Principles of Public Participation in Fiscal Policies, and scores each country on a scale from 0 to 100.

Afghanistan has a public participation score of **0** (out of 100).

Public participation in Afghanistan compared to others



For more information, see here for innovative public participation practices around the world.

Extent of opportunities for public participation in the budget process





Recommendations

To further strengthen public participation in the budget process, Afghanistan's Ministry of Finance should prioritize the following actions:

- Pilot mechanisms to engage the public during budget formulation and to monitor budget implementation.
- Actively engage with vulnerable and underrepresented communities, directly
 or through civil society organizations representing them.

Afghanistan's National Assembly should prioritize the following actions:

- Allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the budget proposal prior to its approval.
- Allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the Audit Report.

Afghanistan's Supreme Audit Office should prioritize the following actions to improve public participation in the budget process:

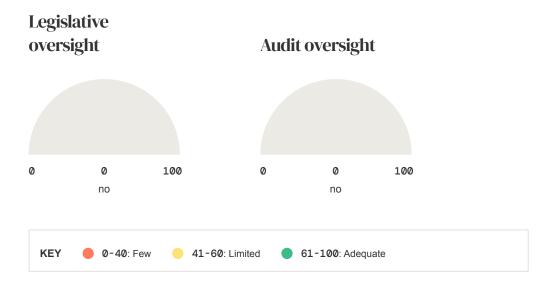
• Establish formal mechanisms for the public to assist in developing its audit program and to contribute to relevant audit investigations.



Budget Oversight

The OBS examines the role that legislatures and supreme audit institutions (SAIs) play in the budget process and the extent to which they provide oversight; each country is scored on a scale from 0 to 100 based on 18 equally weighted indicators. In addition, the survey collects supplementary information on independent fiscal institutions (see Box).

The legislature and supreme audit institution in Afghanistan, together, provide no oversight during the budget process, with a composite oversight score of **0** (out of 100). Taken individually, the extent of each institution's oversight is shown below:



Recommendations

Afghanistan's National Assembly was dissolved in August 2021. To improve oversight, the following actions should be prioritized:

- The National Assembly should be reinstated and Executive's Budget Proposal should be submitted to legislators at least two months before the start of the budget year.
- Legislative committees should examine the Executive's Budget Proposal and publish reports with their analysis online.
- The legislature should approve the Executive's Budget Proposal before the start of the budget year.
- A legislative committee should examine in-year budget implementation and publish reports with their findings online.



To strengthen independence and improve audit oversight by the Afghanistan Supreme Audit Office, the following actions are recommended:

- Require legislative or judicial approval to appoint and remove the head of the supreme audit institution.
- Grant the supreme audit institution full powers to undertake audits as it sees fit.
- Ensure the supreme audit institution has adequate funding to perform its duties, as determined by an independent body (e.g., the legislature or judiciary).

The emerging practice of establishing independent fiscal institutions

Afghanistan does not have an independent fiscal institution (IFI). IFIs are increasingly recognized as valuable independent and nonpartisan information providers to the Executive and/or Parliament during the budget process.

*These indicators are *not* scored in the Open Budget Survey.



Methodology

- Only documents published and events, activities, or developments that took place through 31 December 2022 were assessed in the OBS 2023.
- The survey is based on a questionnaire of available online documents from each country.

For inquiries please contact the International Budget Partnership

info@internationalbudget.org

To further strengthen the research, each country's draft questionnaire is also reviewed by an anonymous independent expert.

