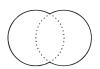
#### Argentina

Overview



**Transparency:** 

51/100

(Open Budget Index score)



Public Participation:

17/100



**Budget Oversight:** 

59/100

### About the survey

Government budget decisions – what taxes to levy, what services to provide, and how much debt to take on – have important consequences for all people in society. When governments provide information and meaningful channels for the public to engage in these decisions, we can better ensure public money is spent on public interests.

The Open Budget Survey (OBS) is the world's only independent, comparative and fact-based research instrument that uses internationally accepted criteria to assess public access to central government budget information; formal opportunities for the public to participate in the national budget process; and the role of budget oversight institutions, such as legislatures and national audit offices, in the budget process.

The survey helps local civil society assess and confer with their government on the reporting and use of public funds. This 9th edition of the OBS covers 125 countries.

Visit <a href="www.internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey">www.internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey</a> for more information, including the full OBS methodology, the 2023 Global Report, findings for all surveyed countries, and the Data Explorer.

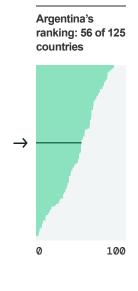


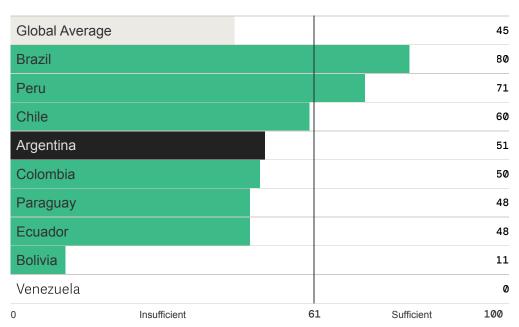
### Transparency

This part of the OBS measures public access to information on how the central government raises and spends public resources. It assesses the **online** availability, timeliness, and comprehensiveness of eight key budget documents using 109 equally weighted indicators and scores each country on a scale of 0 to 100. A transparency score of 61 or above indicates a country is likely publishing enough material to support informed public debate on the budget.

Argentina has a transparency score of 51 (out of 100).

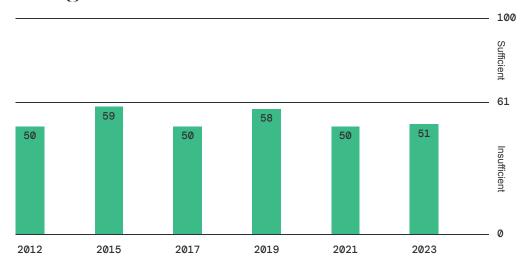
#### Transparency in Argentina compared to others



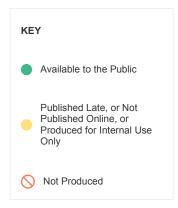




# How has the transparency score for Argentina changed over time?



# Public availability of budget documents in Argentina



Document	2012	2015	2017	2019	2021	2023
Pre-Budget Statement		•	•		•	•
Executive's Budget Proposal	•	•				
Enacted Budget	•	•				
Citizens Budget	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$			
In-Year Reports	•	•	•	•	•	•
Mid-Year Review	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$
Year-End Report	•	•	•		•	•
Audit Report	•	•	•			$\Diamond$



#### How comprehensive is the content of the key budget documents that Argentina makes available to the public?

KEY
61-100 / 100
<pre>41-60 / 100</pre>
<b>1</b> -40 / 100

Key budget document	Document purpose and contents	Fiscal year assessed	Document content score
Pre-Budget Statement	Discloses the broad parameters of fiscal policies in advance of the Executive's Budget Proposal; outlines the government's economic forecast, anticipated revenue, expenditures, and debt.	2023	28
Executive's Budget Proposal	Submitted by the executive to the legislature for approval; details the sources of revenue, the allocations to ministries, proposed policy changes, and other information important for understanding the country's fiscal situation.	2023	54
Enacted Budget	The budget that has been approved by the legislature.	2023	100
Citizens Budget	A simpler and less technical version of the government's Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, designed to convey key information to the public.	2023	50
In-Year Reports	Include information on actual revenues collected, actual expenditures made, and debt incurred at different intervals; issued quarterly or monthly.	2022	70
Mid-Year Review	A comprehensive update on the implementation of the budget as of the middle of the fiscal year; includes a review of economic assumptions and an updated forecast of budget outcomes.	2022	Not Produced
Year-End Report	Describes the situation of the government's accounts at the end of the fiscal year and, ideally, an evaluation of the progress made toward achieving the budget's policy goals.	2021	67
Audit Report	Issued by the supreme audit institution, this document examines the soundness and completeness of the government's year-end accounts.	2020	Not Produced

Argentina's transparency score of 51 in the OBS 2023 is near its score in 2021.

#### Recommendations

Argentina should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:



- Produce and publish the Mid-Year Review and Audit Report online in a timely manner.
- Improve the comprehensiveness of the Executive's Budget Proposal by
  including data on: the financial position of the government, the
  macroeconomic forecast, the composition of debt and debt outcomes from
  prior years; and detailed, multi-year expenditure and revenue information for
  future and prior budget years. Additionally, ensuring the inclusion of
  information concerning cross-cutting policies addressing gender, climate,
  children and adolescents, and care for individuals with disabilities remains a
  priority.
- Improve the comprehensiveness of the Pre-Budget Statement by broadening
  the coverage of the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget
  projections are based, and by providing a discussion of policy priorities and a
  projection of total expenditures and revenues associated with these policies,
  for the upcoming budget year.
- Expand on the participatory nature of the Citizens Budget, for example by
  identifying the public's requirements for budget information prior to the
  release of the document, disseminating it via additional methods, and
  publishing simplified budget documents covering the approval and audit
  phases of the budget cycle.

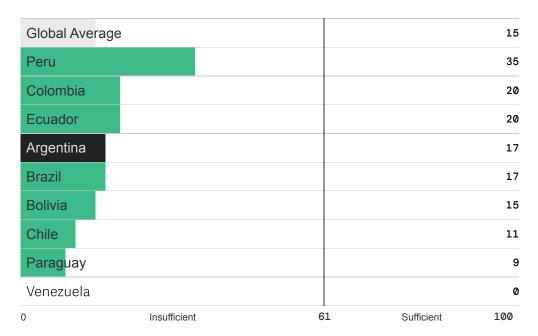


### **Public Participation**

The OBS assesses the formal opportunities offered to the public for meaningful participation in the different stages of the budget process. It examines the practices of the central government's executive, the legislature, and the supreme audit institution (SAI) using 18 equally weighted indicators, aligned with the Global Initiative for Fiscal Transparency's <a href="Principles of Public Participation in Fiscal Policies">Principles of Public Participation in Fiscal Policies</a>, and scores each country on a scale from 0 to 100.

Argentina has a public participation score of **17** (out of 100).

# Public participation in Argentina compared to others



For more information, see <a href="here">here</a> for innovative public participation practices around the world.



# Extent of opportunities for public participation in the budget process



#### Recommendations

To further strengthen public participation in the budget process, Argentina's Ministerio de Economía should prioritize the following actions:

- Pilot mechanisms to engage the public during budget formulation and to monitor budget implementation.
- Actively engage with vulnerable and underrepresented communities, directly
  or through civil society organizations representing them.

Argentina's Congreso de la Nación has held limited public meetings ("Budget and Treasury Commission of the Chamber of Deputies") related to the approval of the annual budget, but should also prioritize the following actions:

- Formalize the existing "Budget and Treasury Commission" public meetings to ensure public participation during legislative debates on the budget proposal prior to its approval.
- Provided that it is produced and published, the Legislature should allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the Audit Report.

Argentina's Auditoría General de la Nación has established mechanisms for the public to assist in developing its audit program. It should prioritize the following actions to improve public participation in the budget process:

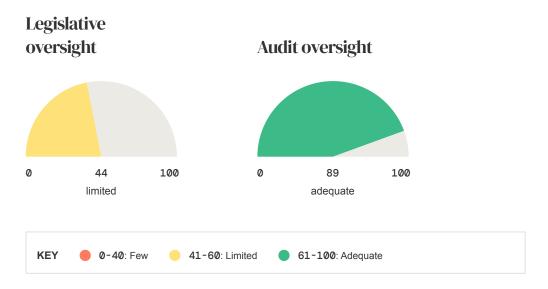
 Establish formal mechanisms for the public to contribute to relevant audit investigations.



### **Budget Oversight**

The OBS examines the role that legislatures and supreme audit institutions (SAIs) play in the budget process and the extent to which they provide oversight; each country is scored on a scale from 0 to 100 based on 18 equally weighted indicators. In addition, the survey collects supplementary information on independent fiscal institutions (see Box).

The legislature and supreme audit institution in Argentina, together, provide limited oversight during the budget process, with a composite oversight score of **59** (out of 100). Taken individually, the extent of each institution's oversight is shown below:



#### Recommendations

Argentina's Congreso de la Nación provides adequate oversight during the planning stage of the budget cycle and no oversight during the implementation stage. To improve oversight, the following actions should be prioritized:

- The legislature should debate budget policy before the Executive's Budget Proposal is tabled and approve recommendations for the upcoming budget.
- A legislative committee should examine in-year budget implementation and publish reports with their findings online.
- In practice, ensure the legislature is consulted before the executive shifts funds specified in the Enacted Budget between administrative units; spends any unanticipated revenue; or reduces spending due to revenue shortfalls during the budget year.



 Provided that it is produced and published, a legislative commission should examine the Audit Report and publish a report with their findings online.

## The emerging practice of establishing independent fiscal institutions

Argentina's independent fiscal institution (IFI) is the Oficina de Presupuesto del Congreso. Its independence is not set in law, and it reports to the legislature. It publishes an assessment of the official fiscal forecasts produced by the executive, and its own cost estimates of major new policy proposals.

The indicators on IFIs are not scored in the Open Budget Survey.



## Methodology

- Only documents published and events, activities, or developments that took place through 31 December 2022 were assessed in the OBS 2023.
- The survey is based on a questionnaire completed in each country by an independent budget expert:

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- To further strengthen the research, each country's draft questionnaire is also reviewed by an anonymous independent expert, and in Argentina by a representative of the Ministerio de Economía.

