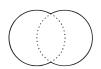


Tajikistan

Overview



Transparency:

33/100

(Open Budget Index score)



Public Participation:

7 /100



Budget Oversight:

43/100

About the survey

Government budget decisions – what taxes to levy, what services to provide, and how much debt to take on – have important consequences for all people in society. When governments provide information and meaningful channels for the public to engage in these decisions, we can better ensure public money is spent on public interests.

The Open Budget Survey (OBS) is the world's only independent, comparative and fact-based research instrument that uses internationally accepted criteria to assess public access to central government budget information; formal opportunities for the public to participate in the national budget process; and the role of budget oversight institutions, such as legislatures and national audit offices, in the budget process.

The survey helps local civil society assess and confer with their government on the reporting and use of public funds. This 9th edition of the OBS covers 125 countries.

Visit www.internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey for more information, including the full OBS methodology, the 2023 Global Report, findings for all surveyed countries, and the Data Explorer.

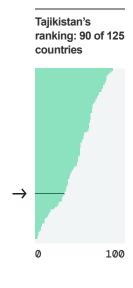


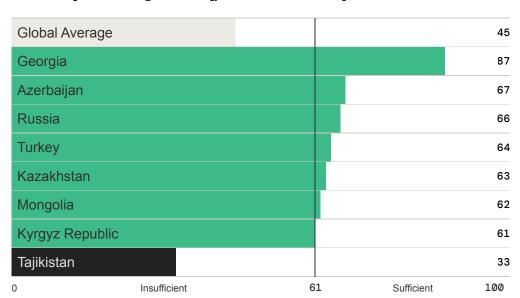
Transparency

This part of the OBS measures public access to information on how the central government raises and spends public resources. It assesses the **online availability, timeliness, and comprehensiveness** of eight key budget documents using 109 equally weighted indicators and scores each country on a scale of 0 to 100. **A transparency score of 61 or above indicates a country is likely publishing enough material to support informed public debate on the budget.**

Tajikistan has a transparency score of 33 (out of 100).

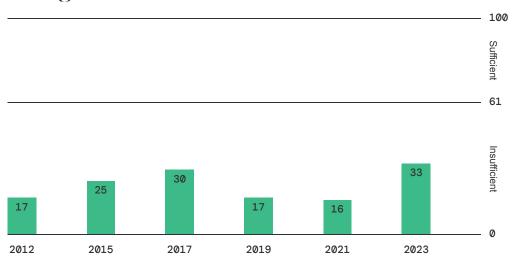
Transparency in Tajikistan compared to others







How has the transparency score for Tajikistan changed over time?



Public availability of budget documents in Tajikistan

KEY						
Available to the Public						
Published Late, or Not Published Online, or Produced for Internal Use Only						
Not Produced						

Document	2012	2015	2017	2019	2021	2023
Pre-Budget Statement			•			
Executive's Budget Proposal		•	•	•		•
Enacted Budget	•	•	•	•	•	•
Citizens Budget	0	•	•		•	•
In-Year Reports	•	•	•		•	
Mid-Year Review		0	0		0	\Diamond
Year-End Report	•		•	\Diamond		\Diamond
Audit Report						



How comprehensive is the content of the key budget documents that Tajikistan makes available to the public?

KEY
61-100 / 100
<u>41-60 / 100</u>
1-40 / 100

Key budget document	Document purpose and contents	Fiscal year assessed	Document content score
Pre-Budget Statement	Discloses the broad parameters of fiscal policies in advance of the Executive's Budget Proposal; outlines the government's economic forecast, anticipated revenue, expenditures, and debt.	2023	28
Executive's Budget Proposal	Submitted by the executive to the legislature for approval; details the sources of revenue, the allocations to ministries, proposed policy changes, and other information important for understanding the country's fiscal situation.	2023	38
Enacted Budget	The budget that has been approved by the legislature.	2023	67
Citizens Budget	A simpler and less technical version of the government's Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, designed to convey key information to the public.	2022	33
In-Year Reports	Include information on actual revenues collected, actual expenditures made, and debt incurred at different intervals; issued quarterly or monthly.	2022	56
Mid-Year Review	A comprehensive update on the implementation of the budget as of the middle of the fiscal year; includes a review of economic assumptions and an updated forecast of budget outcomes.	2022	Not Produced
Year-End Report	Describes the situation of the government's accounts at the end of the fiscal year and, ideally, an evaluation of the progress made toward achieving the budget's policy goals.	2021	Not Produced
Audit Report	Issued by the supreme audit institution, this document examines the soundness and completeness of the government's year-end accounts.	2021	43

Tajikistan's transparency score of **33** in the OBS 2023 is substantially higher than its score in 2021.

What changed in OBS 2023?

Tajikistan has increased the availability of budget information by:



- Publishing the Audit Report online.
- Publishing the Executive's Budget Proposal online in a timely manner.

However, Tajikistan has decreased the availability of budget information by:

· Reducing the information provided in the Pre-Budget Statement.

Recommendations

Tajikistan should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:

- Produce and publish the Mid-Year Review and Year-End Report online in a timely manner.
- Include in the Executive's Budget Proposal data on the financial position of the government and information on performance and policy.
- Make the process of producing the Citizen's Budget more inclusive by establishing a formal mechanism to identify the public's requirements for budget information in the Citizen's Budget.
- Improve the comprehensiveness of the Pre-Budget Statement by including a
 discussion with estimates on the key macroeconomic forecasts, including
 nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.
 Additionally, provide details on the government's expenditure and revenue
 policies, as well as its priorities for the upcoming budget.

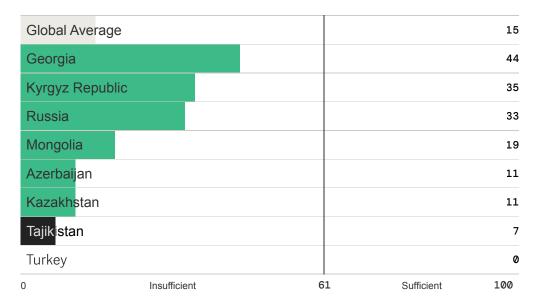


Public Participation

The OBS assesses the formal opportunities offered to the public for meaningful participation in the different stages of the budget process. It examines the practices of the central government's executive, the legislature, and the supreme audit institution (SAI) using 18 equally weighted indicators, aligned with the Global Initiative for Fiscal Transparency's Principles of Public Participation in Fiscal Policies, and scores each country on a scale from 0 to 100.

Tajikistan has a public participation score of **7** (out of 100).

Public participation in Tajikistan compared to others



For more information, see here for innovative public participation practices around the world.



Extent of opportunities for public participation in the budget process



Recommendations

Tajikistan's Ministry of Finance has established a council during budget implementation but, to further strengthen public participation in the budget process, should also prioritize the following actions:

- Pilot mechanisms to engage the public during budget formulation.
- Expand the executive's budget discussions throughout budget implementation to involve any civil society organization or individual interested in participating. Explore broadening the membership, meetings, and authority of the IWG to increase citizen engagement and influence in the budget process.
- Actively engage with vulnerable and underrepresented communities, directly
 or through civil society organizations representing them.

Tajikistan's Supreme Assembly (Majlisi Oli) should prioritize the following actions:

- Allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the budget proposal prior to its approval.
- Allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the Audit Report.

Tajikistan's Accounts Chamber should prioritize the following actions to improve public participation in the budget process:

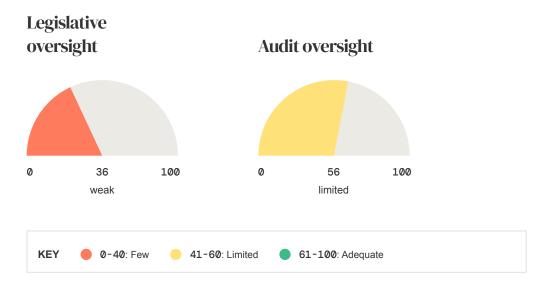
 Establish formal mechanisms for the public to assist in developing its audit program and to contribute to relevant audit investigations.



Budget Oversight

The OBS examines the role that legislatures and supreme audit institutions (SAIs) play in the budget process and the extent to which they provide oversight; each country is scored on a scale from 0 to 100 based on 18 equally weighted indicators. In addition, the survey collects supplementary information on independent fiscal institutions (see Box).

The legislature and supreme audit institution in Tajikistan, together, provide limited oversight during the budget process, with a composite oversight score of **43** (out of 100). Taken individually, the extent of each institution's oversight is shown below:



Recommendations

Tajikistan's Supreme Assembly (Majlisi Oli) provides weak oversight during the planning stage of the budget cycle and weak oversight during the implementation stage. To improve oversight, the following actions should be prioritized:

- The legislature should debate budget policy before the Executive's Budget
 Proposal is tabled and approve recommendations for the upcoming budget.
- The Executive's Budget Proposal should be submitted to legislators at least two months before the start of the budget year.
- Legislative committees should examine the Executive's Budget Proposal and publish reports with their analysis online.



- A legislative committee should examine in-year budget implementation and publish reports with their findings online.
- In practice, ensure the legislature is consulted before the executive spends any unanticipated revenue or reduces spending due to revenue shortfalls.
- A legislative committee should examine the Audit Report and publish a report with their findings online.

To strengthen independence and improve audit oversight by the Tajikistan Accounts Chamber, the following actions are recommended:

- Ensure the supreme audit institution has adequate funding to perform its duties, as determined by an independent body (e.g., the legislature or judiciary).
- Ensure audit processes are reviewed by an independent agency.

The emerging practice of establishing independent fiscal institutions

Tajikistan does not have an independent fiscal institution (IFI). IFIs are increasingly recognized as valuable independent and nonpartisan information providers to the Executive and/or Parliament during the budget process.

*These indicators are *not* scored in the Open Budget Survey.



Methodology

- Only documents published and events, activities, or developments that took place through 31 December 2022 were assessed in the OBS 2023.
- The survey is based on a questionnaire completed in each country by an independent budget expert:
 Uktam Dzhumaev
 CSO Jakhon
- To further strengthen the research, each country's draft questionnaire is also reviewed by an anonymous independent expert, and in Tajikistan by a representative of the Ministry of Finance.

