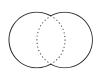


### **Vietnam**

#### Overview



#### **Transparency:**

51 /100

(Open Budget Index score)



## Public Participation:

19/100



#### **Budget Oversight:**

82/100

## About the survey

Government budget decisions – what taxes to levy, what services to provide, and how much debt to take on – have important consequences for all people in society. When governments provide information and meaningful channels for the public to engage in these decisions, we can better ensure public money is spent on public interests.

The Open Budget Survey (OBS) is the world's only independent, comparative and fact-based research instrument that uses internationally accepted criteria to assess public access to central government budget information; formal opportunities for the public to participate in the national budget process; and the role of budget oversight institutions, such as legislatures and national audit offices, in the budget process.

The survey helps local civil society assess and confer with their government on the reporting and use of public funds. This 9th edition of the OBS covers 125 countries.

Visit <a href="www.internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey">www.internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey</a> for more information, including the full OBS methodology, the 2023 Global Report, findings for all surveyed countries, and the Data Explorer.



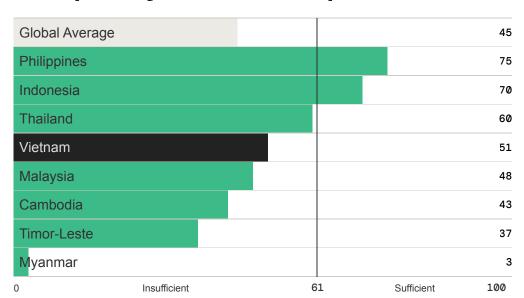
## **Transparency**

This part of the OBS measures public access to information on how the central government raises and spends public resources. It assesses the **online** availability, timeliness, and comprehensiveness of eight key budget documents using 109 equally weighted indicators and scores each country on a scale of 0 to 100. A transparency score of 61 or above indicates a country is likely publishing enough material to support informed public debate on the budget.

Vietnam has a transparency score of 51 (out of 100).

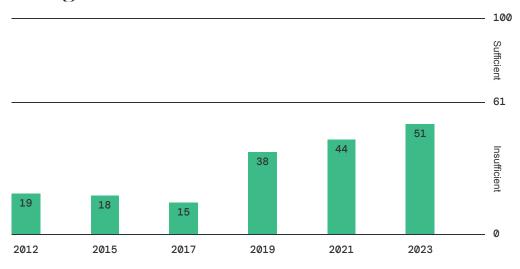
### Transparency in Vietnam compared to others







# How has the transparency score for Vietnam changed over time?



# Public availability of budget documents in Vietnam

KEY	
Available to the Public	
Published Late, or Not Published Online, or Produced for Internal Use Only	
Not Produced	

Document	2012	2015	2017	2019	2021	2023
Pre-Budget Statement					•	•
Executive's Budget Proposal				•	•	•
Enacted Budget	•	•	•	•	•	•
Citizens Budget	$\Diamond$					•
In-Year Reports	•			•	•	•
Mid-Year Review	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	0	$\Diamond$
Year-End Report	•				•	•
Audit Report	•			•	•	•



### How comprehensive is the content of the key budget documents that Vietnam makes available to the public?

KEY
61-100 / 100
<pre>41-60 / 100</pre>
1-40 / 100

Key budget document	Document purpose and contents	Fiscal year assessed	Document content score
Pre-Budget Statement	Discloses the broad parameters of fiscal policies in advance of the Executive's Budget Proposal; outlines the government's economic forecast, anticipated revenue, expenditures, and debt.	2023	28
Executive's Budget Proposal	Submitted by the executive to the legislature for approval; details the sources of revenue, the allocations to ministries, proposed policy changes, and other information important for understanding the country's fiscal situation.	2023	46
Enacted Budget	The budget that has been approved by the legislature.	2023	83
Citizens Budget	A simpler and less technical version of the government's Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, designed to convey key information to the public.	2023	100
In-Year Reports	Include information on actual revenues collected, actual expenditures made, and debt incurred at different intervals; issued quarterly or monthly.	2022	78
Mid-Year Review	A comprehensive update on the implementation of the budget as of the middle of the fiscal year; includes a review of economic assumptions and an updated forecast of budget outcomes.	2022	Not Produced
Year-End Report	Describes the situation of the government's accounts at the end of the fiscal year and, ideally, an evaluation of the progress made toward achieving the budget's policy goals.	2021	57
Audit Report	Issued by the supreme audit institution, this document examines the soundness and completeness of the government's year-end accounts.	2020	71

Vietnam's transparency score of **51** in the OBS 2023 is moderately higher than its score in 2021.

### What changed in OBS 2023?

Vietnam has increased the availability of budget information by:



Increasing the information provided in the Executive's Budget Proposal.

### Recommendations

Vietnam should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:

- Produce and publish the Mid-Year Review online in a timely manner.
- Include additional details in the Executive's Budget Proposal (EBP), such as
  on the financial position of the government, information on performance and
  policy, debt information, and information on social policies. Further, consider
  publishing information on debt available in the monthly public reports online
  and in the supporting EBP documents.
- Include in the Year-End Report detailed actual outcomes for expenditures, including estimates by individual program and administrative, classifications, and present comparisons between planned nonfinancial outcomes and actual outcomes.
- Improve the comprehensiveness of the Pre-Budget Statement by including information such as the macroeconomic forecast on which the budget projections are based, estimates pertaining to borrowing and debt, and total expenditures for a multi-year period.
- Vietnam's National Assembly or State Audit Office should release to the public a report that tracks the actions taken by the executive to address audit recommendations.

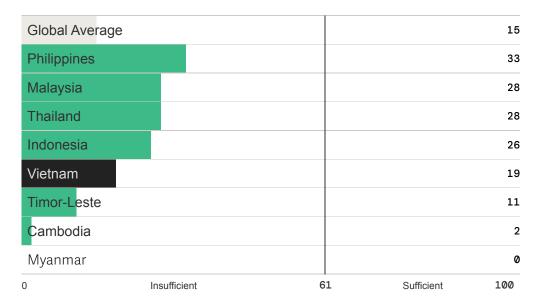


## **Public Participation**

The OBS assesses the formal opportunities offered to the public for meaningful participation in the different stages of the budget process. It examines the practices of the central government's executive, the legislature, and the supreme audit institution (SAI) using 18 equally weighted indicators, aligned with the Global Initiative for Fiscal Transparency's <a href="Principles of Public Participation in Fiscal Policies">Principles of Public Participation in Fiscal Policies</a>, and scores each country on a scale from 0 to 100.

Vietnam has a public participation score of **19** (out of 100).

# Public participation in Vietnam compared to others



For more information, see <a href="here">here</a> for innovative public participation practices around the world.



# Extent of opportunities for public participation in the budget process



#### Recommendations

Vietnam's Ministry of Finance has established consultations during budget formulation but, to further strengthen public participation in the budget process, should also prioritize the following actions:

- Pilot mechanisms to monitor budget implementation.
- Actively engage with vulnerable and underrepresented communities, directly
  or through civil society organizations representing them.
- Provide feedback on the opinions of constituencies on budget proposals and reports.

Vietnam's National Assembly has established public hearings related to the approval of the annual budget, but should also prioritize the following actions:

- Allow any member of the public or any civil society organization to testify during its hearings on the budget proposal prior to its approval.
- Allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the Audit Report.
- Provide feedback on the opinions of constituencies on budget proposals and reports.

Vietnam's State Audit Office should prioritize the following actions to improve public participation in the budget process:

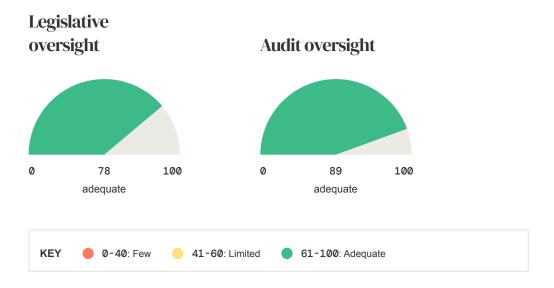
• Establish formal mechanisms for the public to assist in developing its audit program and to contribute to relevant audit investigations.



## **Budget Oversight**

The OBS examines the role that legislatures and supreme audit institutions (SAIs) play in the budget process and the extent to which they provide oversight; each country is scored on a scale from 0 to 100 based on 18 equally weighted indicators. In addition, the survey collects supplementary information on independent fiscal institutions (see Box).

The legislature and supreme audit institution in Vietnam, together, provide adequate oversight during the budget process, with a composite oversight score of **82** (out of 100). Taken individually, the extent of each institution's oversight is shown below:



To strengthen independence and improve audit oversight by the Vietnam State Audit Office, the following actions are recommended:

Ensure audit processes are reviewed by an independent agency.



# The emerging practice of establishing independent fiscal institutions

Vietnam does not have an independent fiscal institution (IFI). IFIs are increasingly recognized as valuable independent and nonpartisan information providers to the Executive and/or Parliament during the budget process.

\*These indicators are \*not\* scored in the Open Budget Survey.



## Methodology

- Only documents published and events, activities, or developments that took place through 31 December 2022 were assessed in the OBS 2023.
- The survey is based on a questionnaire completed in each country by an independent budget expert:

**Huong Ngo** 

Center for Development and Integration (CDI)

huong.ngo@cdivietnam.org; https://cdivietnam.org/

To further strengthen the research, each country's draft questionnaire is also reviewed by an anonymous independent expert, and in Vietnam by a representative of the Ministry of Finance.

