The Government of Honduras provides the public with limited budget information. Honduras’s score of 43 out of 100 is a little lower than the global average score of 45.

Drawing on internationally accepted criteria developed by multilateral organizations, the Open Budget Survey uses 109 indicators to measure budget transparency. These indicators are used to assess whether the central government makes eight key budget documents available to the public in a timely manner and whether the data contained in these documents are comprehensive and useful.

Each country is given a score out of 100 which determines its ranking on the Open Budget Index – the world’s only independent and comparative measure of budget transparency.

Honduras’s score of 43 out of 100 is a little lower than the global average score of 45.
The Availability of Budget Documents Over Time

Since 2012, the Government of Honduras has increased the availability of budget information by:
- Improving the comprehensiveness of the In-Year Reports.

However, the Government of Honduras has decreased the availability of budget information by:
- Reducing the comprehensiveness of the Executive’s Budget Proposal by only publishing the Budget Bill without any supporting budget document as was provided in the previous round.

Moreover, the Government of Honduras has failed to make progress in the following ways:
- Publishing In-Year Reports, an Audit Report, and a Citizens Budget that only contain minimal budget information.

Honduras’s score of 43 on the 2015 Open Budget Index is substantially lower than its score in 2012.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Evidence suggests that transparency alone is insufficient for improving governance, and that public participation in budgeting can maximize the positive outcomes associated with greater budget transparency.

To measure public participation, the Open Budget Survey assesses the degree to which the government provides opportunities for the public to engage in budget processes. Such opportunities should be provided throughout the budget cycle by the executive, the legislature, and the supreme audit institution.

Elements of Public Participation

Honduras’s score of 31 out of 100 indicates that the provision of opportunities for the public to engage in the budget process is weak. This is higher than the global average score of 25.
The Open Budget Survey examines the extent to which legislatures and supreme audit institutions are able to provide effective oversight of the budget. These institutions play a critical role – often enshrined in national constitutions – in planning budgets and overseeing their implementation.

**Oversight by the Legislature**

The legislature provides adequate oversight during the planning stage of the budget cycle and adequate oversight during the implementation stage of the budget cycle. However, the Executive’s Budget Proposal is not approved by legislators at least one month before the start of the budget year, and regular consultations on budget matters between the executive and the legislature do not take place.

**Oversight by the Supreme Audit Institution**

The supreme audit institution provides limited budget oversight. Under the law, it has full discretion to undertake audits as it sees fit. Moreover, the head of the institution cannot be removed without legislative or judicial approval, which bolsters its independence. Finally, the supreme audit institution is provided with insufficient resources to fulfill its mandate and has no quality assurance system in place.

**Recommendations**

**Improving Transparency**

Honduras should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:

- Increase the comprehensiveness of the Executive’s Budget Proposal by presenting more information on the classification of expenditures for the budget year and the classification of expenditures for future years.
- Increase the comprehensiveness of the Year-End Report by presenting more information on planned versus actual expenditures and on planned versus actual debt and interest.

**Improving Participation**

Honduras should prioritize the following actions to improve budget participation:

- Establish credible and effective mechanisms (i.e., public hearings, surveys, focus groups) for capturing a range of public perspectives on budget matters.
- Hold legislative hearings on the state of the economy that are attended by the executive and open to the public.
- Establish effective ways of communicating audit findings to the public.

**Improving Oversight**

Honduras should prioritize the following actions to strengthen budget oversight:

- Ensure the Executive’s Budget Proposal is approved by legislators at least one month before the start of the budget year.
- Ensure the supreme audit institution has adequate funding to perform its duties, as determined by an independent body (e.g., the legislature or judiciary).
The Open Budget Survey uses internationally accepted criteria developed by multilateral organizations such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), and the International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI). It is a fact-based research instrument that assesses what occurs in practice through readily observable phenomena. The entire research process took approximately 18 months between March 2014 and September 2015 and involved about 300 experts in 102 countries. The Survey was revised somewhat from the 2012 version to reflect emerging developments in accepted good practice and to strengthen individual questions. A full discussion of these changes can be found in a technical note on the comparability of the Open Budget Index over time (see below).

Survey responses are typically supported by citations and comments. This may include a reference to a public document, an official statement by the government, or comments from a face-to-face interview with a government official or other knowledgeable party.

The Survey is compiled from a questionnaire completed for each country by independent budget experts who are not associated with the national government. Each country’s questionnaire is then independently reviewed by an anonymous expert who also has no association to government. In addition, IBP invites national governments to comment on the draft results from the Survey and considers these comments before finalizing the Survey results.

The Government of Honduras provided comments on the draft Open Budget Questionnaire results.

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Further Information
Visit www.openbudgetsurvey.org for more information, including:
- The Open Budget Survey 2015: Global Report
- Individual datasets for each of the 102 countries surveyed.
- A technical note on the comparability of the Open Budget Index over time.